PAMELA:

OR.

VIRTUE Rewarded.

In a SERIES of.

FAMILIAR LETTERS

From a Beautiful

Young DAMSEL to her PARENTS:

And afterwards,

In her EXALTED CONDITION,

BETWEEN

HER, and Persons of Figure and Quality,

UPON THE MOST

Important and Entertaining Subjects,
In GENTEEL LIFE.

The THIRD and FOURTH VOLUMES.

Publish'd in order to cultivate the Principles of VIRTUE and RELIGION in the Minds of the YOUTH of BOTH SEXES.

By the Editor of the TWO FIRST.

VOL. III.

DUBLIN:

Printed for G. EWING, and W. SMITH, in Dame-Street, and G. FAULKNER, in Effex-Street, Bookfellers. M.DCC.XLII.

O.R. H. VIRTUE Roraded. As Chiasas il PAMELIAR SISTER Trees a Bose fiel Young Danasia to her Pateurs La Signification but ben marmon! Applies of the 1 11 1 Sentoro 7 Hrands back threat The water and the state of the LINO, ALL COLLABOR WASHINGS 28'763 Out 16 By the Eritor of the First Avanta VOL. III. STATE OF to a collection of the Property of the Collection of the Property of the Prope REMARKS M. P. C. MENT.

PREFACE

THE Two former Volumes of PAMELA; I or, VIRTUE REWARDED, met with a Success greatly exceeding the most sanguine Expectations: And the Editor bopes, that the Letters which compose these, will be found equally written to NATURE, avoiding all romantick Flights, improbable Surprizes, and irrational Machinery; and that the Paffions are touched, where requifite, and Rules, equally New and Practicable, inculcated throughout the Whole, for the General Conduct of Life : And, therefore be flatters bimself, that they may expect the good Fortune, which few Continuations have met with, to be judg'd not unworthy the First; nor disproportion'd to the more exalted Condition in which PAMELA was destin'd to shine, as an affectionate Wife, a faithful Friend, a polite and kind Neighbour, an indulgent Mother, and a beneficent Mistress; after baving in the Two former Volumes supported the Character of a dutiful Child, a spotless Virgin, and a modest and amiable Bride.

The Reader will eafily see, that, in so great a Choice of Materials, as must arise from a Multitude of important Subjects in a married Life, to such Genius's and Friendships as those of Mr. and Mrs. B. the Editor's greatest Difficulty was, how to bring them within the Compass which he was determined not to exceed. And it having been left to his own Choice, in what manner to digest and publish the Letters, and where to close the Work, he had intended, at first, in regard to his other Avocations, and some Designs of another Nature in which he was engaged, to have carry'd the Piece no farther than the Two former Volumes; as may be gather'd from the Conclusion of the First Five Editions.

It may be expected, therefore, that he should enter into an Explanation of the Reasons whereby he was provoked into a Necessity of altering his Intention. But he is willing to decline saying Any-thing upon so well-known a Subject; lest his Interest might appear more concern'd, than the Satisfaction of the Publick.

The Editor has been much press'd with Importunities and Conjectures in relation to the Person and Family of the incomparable Lady, who is the Subject of these Volumes: All that he thinks himself at Liberty to say, or is necessary to be said, is only to repeat what has been already hinted, That the Story has its Foundation in Truth: That the most material Incidents (as will be collected from several Passages in the Letters) happen'd between the Years 1717 and 1730: And that there was a Necessity, for obvious Reasons, to vary and disguise some Facts and Circumstances, as also the Names of Persons, Places, &c.

PAMELA;

when he that he countries of the courtes

to he thall spit, as the londer

ricty in his References, A Oa Parcy that will m

VIRTUE Rewarded.

In a Series of FAMILIAR LETTERS.

VOL. III.

LETITER Low born delle lo

with our Journey, and the Occasion of it. May God bless you both with long Life and Health, to enjoy your sweet Farm, and pretty Dwelling, which is just what I wished it to be. And don't make your grateful Hearts too uneasy in the Possession of it, by your modest Dissidence of your own Worthiness: For, at the same time that it is what will do Honour to the best of Gentlemen, it is not so very extraordinary, considering his Condition, as that it will give any one Cause to censure it as the Effect of a too partial and injudicious Kindness for the Parents of one whom he delighteth to bonour.

My dear Master (why should I not still call him so, bound to reverence him as I am, in every Light that he can shine in to the most obliged and sensible Heart?) holds his kind Purpose of sitting up the large Parlour and three Apartments in the commodious Dwelling

A 3

he calls yours, for his Entertainment and mine, when he shall permit me to pay my Duty to you both, for a few happy Days together; and he has actually given Orders for that Purpose; and that the three Apartments be so sitted up, as to be rather suitable to your Condition, than his own; for, he says, the plain simple Elegance which he will have to be observed in the Rooms as well as the Furniture, will be a Variety in his Retirement to this Place, that will make him return to his own with the greater Pleasure; and at the same time, when we are not there, will be of Use for the Reception of any of your Friends; and so he shall not, as he kindly says, rob the good Cou-

ple of any of their Accommodations.

The old Bow windows he will have preferv'd, but will not have them fash'd, nor the Woodbinds, Jessamines and Vines that run up against them, destroy'd; only he will have larger Panes of Glass, and convenienter Casements, to let in more of the fweet Air and Light, to make amends for that obstructed by the Shades of these fragrant Climbers. For he has mention'd three or four times, how gratefully they dispens'd their intermingled Odours to us, when, the last Evening, we stood at the Window in our Bed chamber, to hear the responsive Songs of two warbling Nightingales, one at a Diffance, the other near, which took up our delighted Attention for above two Hours, and charm'd us the more, as we thought their Season had been over. And when they had done, he made me fing him one, and called me for it, the sweetest of all Nightingales, faying, How greatly do the innocent Pleasures I now hourly taste, exceed the guiley Tumults that used formerly to agitate my unequal Mind! Never talk, my Pamela, as you frequently do, of Obligation to me: One fuch Hour as I now enjoy, is an ample Reward for all the Benefits I can confer on you and yours in my whole Life!

The Parlour indeed will be more elegant, the that is to be rather plain than rich, as well in its Wainfeet as Furniture, and to be new floor'd. The dear

Gen-

Gentleman has already given Orders about it, and you will foon have Workmen with you to put them in Execution. The Parlour Doors are to have Brais Hinges and Locks, and to flut as close, he tells them, as a Watch-case: For who knows, said he, my Dear, but we shall have still added Blessings, in two or three charming Boys and Girls, to place there in their Infancy, before they can be of Age to be benefited by your Lessons and Example? And besides, I make no doubt, but I shall entertain there some of my chosen Friends, in their Excursions, for a Day or so.

How am I, every Hour of my Life, overwhelm'd with Instances of God Almighty's Goodness and his!—O spare, blessed Father of Mercies, the precious Life of this excellent Gentleman! and increase my Thankfulness, and my Worthiness; and then—But what shall I say?—Only that then I may continue to be what I am; for more bless'd and more happy,

in my own Mind, furely I cannot be.

The Beds he will have of Cloth, because he thinks the Situation a little cold, especially when the Wind is Easterly, and because he purposes to be down in the early Spring Season now andthen, as well as in the latter Autumn; and the Window Curtains of the same, in one Room red, in the other green; but plain, lest you should be assaid to use them occasionally. The Carpets for them will come down with the other Furniture; for he will not alter the old Qaken Floors of the Bed-chamber, nor yet of the little Room he intends for my Use, to withdraw to, when I chuse not to join in such Company as may happen to fall in: Which, my Dear, says he, shall be as little as is possible, only particular Friends, who may be disposed once in a Year or two, to see, when I am there, how I live with my Panela, and her Parents, and how I pass my Time in my Retirement, as I shall call this: For otherwise, perhaps, they will be apt to think I am assamed of Company I shall always be pleased with.—Nor are you, my Dear, continued he, to take this as a Compliment to yourself, but a Piece of requisite Policy in

me; for who will offer to reproach me for marrying, as the World thinks, below me, when they shall fee, that fuch a Reproach, as they would intend it, is fo far from being so to me, that every Day of my Life, I not only pride myself in my Pamela, but take Pleasure in owning her Relations as mine, and visiting them, and receiving Vifits from them; and yet offer not to fet them up in such a glaring Light, as if I would have the World forget (who in that Cale would always take the more Pleasure in remembering) what they were? And how will it anticipate low Reflection, when they shall see, I can bend my Mind to partake with them the Pleasures of their humble, but decent Life? - Ay, continued he, and be rewarded for it too, with better Health, better Spirits, and a better Mind; fo that, my Dear, added he, I shall reap more Benefit by what I propose to do, than I shall confer.

In this generous manner does this best of Gentlemen endeavour to disclaim tho' I must be very ungrateful, if, with me, it did not inhance the proper Merit of a Beneficence that is natural to him; and which indeed, as I tell him, may be in one respect depreciated, inafmuch as (fo excellent is his Nature) he cannot help it, if he would. - O that it was in my Power to recomperfe him for it! But I am poor, as I have often faid, in every thing but Will - and that is aubolly his: - And what a Happiness is it to me, a Happiness I could not so early have hoped for, that I can fay so without Reserve; fince the dear Gentleman requires nothing of me, but what is confiftent, with my Duty to the fupreme Benefactor, the first Mover and Cause of all his own Happiness of my Happiness, and of that of my dear, my ever dear Parents!

But whither does the inchanting Subject lead me! I am running on to my usual Length, the I have not the same Excuse for it; for heretofore I had nothing to do but to write. Yet, I am sure, if I do exceed a little you will be pleased with it; and you have moreover a Right to rejoice with me in the Days of my Felicity.

after

after your indulgent Hearts had been so much pained by a long Succession of my Fears and my Dangers which only ought to be remember'd now, as Subject, of thankful Exultation, by

Your dutiful and bappy Daughter. od

LETTER III.

My dearest Daughter,

Need not repeat to you the Sense your good Mother and I have of our Happiness, and of our Obligitions to your honoured Spouse: You both were pleased Witnesses of it every Hour of the happy Fortnight you passed with us. But still, my Dear, we hardly know how to address ourselves even to You, much less to the 'Squire, with the Freedom he so often invited us to take: For, I don't know how it is, but tho' you are our Daughter, and are so far from being lifted up by your high Condition, that we fee no Difference in your Behaviour to us your poor Parents; yet, when we look upon you as the Lady of for fine a Gentleman, we cannot forbear having a kind of Respect, and - I don't know what to call it, that lays a little Restraint upon us! And yet we would not, methinks, let our Minds be run away with the Admiration of worldly Grandeur, fo, as to fet too much by it.

But your Merit, and your Prudence, my dear Daughter, is so much above all we could ever have any Notion of: — And to have Gentry come only to behold you, and admire you, not so much for your Genteelness and Amiableness neither, as for your Behaviour, and your Affability to Poor as well as Rich, and to hear every one calling you an Angel, and saying, you deserve to be what you are; makes us hardly know how to look upon you but as an Angel indeed! I am sure you have been a good Angel to us! — Since, for your sake, God Almighty has put it into your honour'd Husband's Heart, to make us the happiest Couple in the World: But little

AS

lefs, indeed, we should have been, had we only, in some far distant Land, heard of our dear Child's Happiness, and never partaken of the Benefits of it ourselves. But thus to be provided for! Thus kindly to be owned, and call'd Father and Mother by fuch a brave Gentleman, and thus to be placed, that we have nothing to do, but to bless God, and bless him, and bless you, and hourly pray for you both, is fuch a Providence, my dear Child, as is too mighty to be borne by us, with Equalness of Temper; and we kneel together every Morning, Noon and Night, and weep and rejoice, and rejoice and weep, to think how our Unworthiness is distinguished, and how God has provided for us in our latter Days, when all we had to fear, was, that as we grew older and more infirm, and worn out by hard Labour, we should be troublesome, where not our Pride, but our industrious Wills, would have made us wish not to be fo; --- but to be intitled to a happier Lot? For this would have grieved us the more, for the fake of you, my dear Child, and your unhappy Brother's Children; for it is well known, that, tho' we pretend not to boast of our Family, and indeed had no Reason, yet none of us were ever funk fo low as I was : --- To be fure, partly by my own Fault; for had it been for your poor aged Mother's fake only, I ought not to have done what I did for John and William; for, so unhappy were they, poor Lads, that what I could do, was but as a Drop of Water to a Bucket.

But yet the Issue has shewn, that (if I may presume to say so) what I did, was not displeasing to God; inasmuch as I have the Comfort to see, that my Reliance on Him, while I was doing what though some thought imprudent Things, yet not wrong Things, is so abundantly rewarded, beyond Expectation and Defert. Blessed be his holy Name for its

You command me—Let me, as writing to Mr. B.'s Lady, fay command, tho', as to my dear Daughter, I will only fay defire: And indeed I will not, as you will'd me not to do, let the one Condition, which

was accidental, put the other, which was natural, out of my Thought: You spoke it in better Words, but this was the Sense — But you have the Gift of Utterance; and Education is a fine thing, where it meets with such Talents to improve upon as God has given you. But let me not forget what I was going to fay - You command -or, if you pleaseyou defire me to write long Letters, and often- And how can I help it, if I would? For when here, in this happy Dwelling, and this well-flock'd Farm. in these rich Meadows, and well-cropt Acres, we look around us, and, which Way foever we turn our Heads, fee Bleffings upon Bleffings, and Plenty upon Plenty; fee Barns well-stor'd, Poultry increafing, the Kine lowing and crouding about us, and all fruitful; and are bid to call all these our own And then think, that all is the Reward of our Child's Virtue!—O my dear Daughter, who can bear these Things!— Excuse me—I must break off a little, for my Eyes are as full as my Heart; and I will retire to bles God and your honoured Hufband.

So-my dear Child-I now again take up my Pen -But reading what I had written, in order to carry on the Thread, I can hardly forbear again being in like fort affected.—But do you think I will call all Rentafree land Do you think I will live Rentafree land Do you think I would it Can the honoured Squire believe, that having such a generous Example before me, if I had no Gratitude in my Temper before, I could help being touched by fuch an one as he fets me i .- If his Goodness makes him know no Mean in giving, shall I be so greedy as to know none in receiving?—Come, come, my dear Child, your poor, father is not so fordid a Wretch neither. He will them the World, that all their Benefits are not thrown away upon one, who will difgrace you as much by his Temper, as by his Condition; What tho' I cannot be as worthy of all thefe Favours as I wish? I will be as worthy as I can. And et me tell you, my dear Child, if the King and his Royal

Royal Family (God bless em!) be not ashamed to receive Taxes and Duties from his Subjects; if Dukes and Earls, and all the top Gentry, cannot support their Bravery, without having their Rents paid; I hope I shall not affront the Squire, to pay to his Steward, what any other Person would pay for this noble Stock and improving Farm : And I will do it, an' it please God to bless me with Life and Health .-I should not be worthy to crawl on the Earth, if I did not. And what did I say to Mr. Longman, the faithful Mr. Longman? fure no Gentleman had ever a more worthy Steward than he: It was as we were walking over the Grounds together-and observing in what good Order every thing was; he was praifing some little Contrivances of my own, for the Improvement of the Farm, and faying how comfortably he hoped we might live upon it. Ay, Mr. Longman, faid I, comfortably indeed: But do you think I could be properly said to live, if I was not to pay as much Rent for it as another? - I can tell you, faid he, the 'Squire will not receive any thing from you, Goodman Andrews .- Why, Man, he has no Occasion for it: He's worth a Power of Money, befides a noble and clear Estate in Land, -Adsheartlikins, you must not affront him, I can tell you that: For he's as generous as a Prince where he takes; but he is hafty, and will have his own Way.—Why, for that Reason, Mr. Longman, faid I, I was thinking to make you my Friend.—Make me your Friend! You have not a better in the World, to my Power, I can tell you that ; nor your Dame neither; for I love such honest Hearts: I wish my own Brother would let me love him as well; but let that pais .- What I can do for you, I will, and here's my Hand upon it. 251 at snow work

Well then, faid I, it is this: Let me account to you at the Rent Farmer Dickins offered, and let me know what the Stock cost, and what the Crops are valued at; and pay the one as I can, and the other Quarterly; and not let the 'Squire know it till you can't chuse; and I shall be as happy as a Prince; for I doubt not, by God's Blessing, to make a comfortable Lavelihood

of it, besides.—Why, dost believe, Goodman Andrews, said he, I would do such a thing?—Would not his Honour think, if I hid one thing from him, I might hide another?—Go to, go to, honest Heart, I love thee dearly: But can the 'Squire do too much for his Lady, think'st thou? Come, come, (and he jeer'd me so, I could not tell what to say to him) I wish at Bottom there is not some Pride in this;—What I warrant you, you would not be too much be holden to his Honour, would you?—No, good Mr. Longman, said I,—it is not that, I'm sure. If I have any Pride, it is only in my dear Child—to whom, under God, all this is owing!—But some how or other it shall be so.

And fo, my dear Daughter, I resolve it shall; and it will be, over and above, one of the greatest Pleafures to me, to do the good 'Squire Service, as well as to be so much benefited and obliged by him.

Our eldest Grandson Thomas is very desirous to: come and live with us: The Boy is honeft, and, they tell me, industrious. And Coulin Burroughs wants me to employ his Son Roger, who understands the Business of a Farm very well. It is no wonder, that allone's Relations should wish to partake of our happy Lot; and if they can and will do their Bufiness as well as others, I fee not why Relationship should be an Objection : But yet, I think, one would not beleaguer, as one may fay, your honoured Husband with one's Relations. You, my best Child, will give me. always your Advice, as to my Carriage in this my new Lot; for I would not for the World be thought; an Incroacher. And I am fure you have so much Prudence, that there is nobody's Advice fitter to be followed than yours and as to hat hid been a terphilmstone

:

I

1

d

Our Bleffings (I am fure you have bleffed us!) attend you, my dearest Child; and may you be as happy as you have made us (I cannot wish you to be happier, because I have no Notion how it can be in this Life! concludes us.

Your ever loving Father and Mother,

May we not hope to be favour'd now and then with a Letter from you, my Idear Child, like fome of your former, to let us know how you go on? It would be a great Joy to us: Indeed it would.—But we know you'll have enough to do, without obliging us in this way. So must acquiesce.

LETTER III.

My dear Father and Mother,

I HAVE show'd your Letter to my Best-beloved,
—Don't be uneasy that I have;— for you need,
not be ashamed of it, since it is my Pride to have such
honest and grateful Parents: And I'll tell you what he
said to it, as the best Argument I can use why you
should not be uneasy, but enjoy without Pain or Anxie-

ty all the Benefits of your happy Lot.

Dear good Souls! faid he, how does every thing they fay, and every thing they write, manifest the Worthiness of their Hearts! No wonder, Pamela, you love and revere fuch honest Minds; for that you would do, were they not your Parents: And tell them, that I am fo far from having them believe that what I have done for them, is only the Effect of my Affection for their Daughter, that let 'em find out another Couple, as worthy as themselves, and I will do as much for them. Indeed I would not place them, continued the dear Obliger, in the fame Country, because I would wish savo Countries to be blest for their fakes. Tell them, my dear, that they have a Right to what they enjoy on the foot of their own proper Merit; and bid them enjoy it as their Patrimony . And if there can any thing else arise, that is more than they themselves can wish for, in the way? of Life they chuie to live, let them look round among their own Relations, where it may be acceptable, and communicate to them the like folid Reafons for rejoycing in the Situation they are pleased with : And do you, my dear, continued he, still futrher

further enable them, as you shall judge proper, to gratify their inlarged Hearts, for fear they should deny any Comfort to themselves, in order to do good to others.

I could only fly to his generous Bosom (for this is a Subject which most affects me) and, with my Eyes. fwimming in Tears of grateful Joy, and which overflowed as foon as my bold Lips touched his dear Face, bless God and him with my whole Heart; for speak I could not! - But, almost choaked with my Joy, fobb'd to him my grateful Acknowledgments. He clasped me in his Arms, and faid, How, my Dearest, do you overpay me for the little I have done for your Parents ! If it be thus to be bless'd for conferring Benefits fo infignificant to a Man of my Fortune, what Joys is it not in the Power of rich. Men to give themselves, whenever they please!-Foretastes, indeed, of those we are bid to hope for; which can furely only exceed these, as then we shall be all Intellect, and better fitted to receive them !---"Tis too much ! too much ! faid I, in broken Accents: - How am I oppressed with the Pleasure you give me ! - Oh, Sir bless me more gradually, and more cautiously -- for I cannot bear it! And indeed, my Heart went flutter, flutter, flutter, at his dear Breaft, as if it wanted to break its too narrow Prison, to mingle still more intimately with his own.

Surely, furely, my dear, my beloved Parents, no-body's Happiness is so great as mine!— If it proceeds thus from Degree to Degree, and is to be augmented by the Hope, the charming Hope, that the dear second Author of your Blessings and mine, be the Uniformly good as well as the partially kind Man to us, what a Felicity will this be! And if our Prayers shall be heard, and we shall have the Pleasure to think, that his Advances in Piety are owing not a little to them, and to the Example God shall give us Grace to set; then, indeed, may we take the Pride to think, we have repaid his Goodness to us, and that we have satisfied the Debt, which nothing less can discharge.

Thus,

Thus, then, do I set before you imperfectly, as I am forced to do, the Delight your grateful, your honest Hearts give us. I say, impersectly, and well I may; for Imight as easily paint Sound, as describe the noble, the fublime Pleasures that wind up my Affections to even a painful Height of Rapture, on fuch Occasions as this: And I defire, as he often bids me, that you will take to yourselves the Merit of thus delighting us both, and then think with less Uneafiness of the Obligation you are under to the best of Friends !- And indeed it is but doing Justice to his beneficent Temper, to think, that we have given him an Opportunity of exercifing it, in a way so agreeable to it; and I can tell by the Ardour of his Speech, by the additional Lustre that it lights up in his Eyes, naturally fo lively, and by the virtuous Endearments, refined on these Occasions above what Sense can know, that he has a Pleasure, a Joy, a Transport, in doing what he does of this fort, that is its own Reward; as every virtuous and noble Action must be to a Mind that can be delighted with Virtue for its own fake, and can find itself inlarged by the Power of doing Good to worthy Objects. Even I, my dear Parents, know this by Experience, when I can be an humble. Means to make an honest Creature happy, tho not related to myself; and yet I am but a Third-hand Dispenser, as I have "elsewhere faid, of these Comforts; and all the Light I can communicate, as I once before observed+, like that of the Moon, is but borrowed from his funny Radiance.

Forgive me, my dear, my worthy Parents, if my Style on this Subject be raifed above that natural Simplicity which is more fuited to my humble Talents. But how can I help it? For when the Mind is elevated, ought not the Sense we have of our Happiness, to make our Expressions soar equally? Can the Affections be so highly raised as mine are on these Occasions, and the Thoughts creep, groveling, like one's ordinary Self? No, in-

See Vol. II. p. 308. + See Yol. II. p. 194.

deed |- Call not this, therefore, the Gift of Utterance, if it should appear to you in a better Light than it deserves. It is the Gift of Gratitude! A Gift which makes you and me too, speak and write, as I hope it will make us all, above ourfelves !- And thus will our Gratitude be the Inspirer of Joy to our common Benefactor; and his Joy will heighten our Gratitude; and so we shall proceed, as Cause and Effect to each other's Happiness, to bless the dear Gentleman that bleffes us .- And will it be right then to fay, you are fo uneafy under fuch (atleast as to your Wills) returned and discharged Obligations? God Almighty requires only a thankful Heart for all the Mercies he heaps upon the Children of Men: My dear Mr. B. who, in these Particulars, imitates Divinity, defires no more: --- You bave this thankful Heart; - yes, you have; and that to fuch a high degree of Gratitude that no body can of fud ob or sminen our its exceed you.

But yet, my dear Parents, when your worthy Minds would be too much affected with your Gratitude, fo as to lay you under the Restraints you mention, to the dear Gentleman, and, for his fake, to your dependent Daughter; then let me humbly advise you, that you will at such Times, with more particular, more abstracted Aspirations, than at others, raife your Thoughts upwards, and confider who it is that gives bim the Opportunity; and pray for him, and for me; for him, that all his future Actions may be of a Piece with this noble Disposition of Mind; for me, that I may continue humble, and confider myself blest for your sakes, and in order that I may be, in some fort, a Rewarder in the Hands of Providence of this its dear excellent Agent; and then we shall look forward all of us with Pleasure indeed to that State, where there is no Diffinction of Degree, and where the humble Cottager shall be upon a Par with the proudest Monarch.

Posseripe, fay —-May we not be favoured now andthen with a Letter? Call me your Daughter, your

r

Pamela-

Pamela am no Lady to you. I have more Pleasure to be called your Comfort, and to be thought to act worthy of the Sentiments with which your Examples, Cautions and Instructions have inspired me, than in any one thing in this Life, my determined Duty to our common Benefactor, the best of Gentlemen, and Husbands excepted. And I am fure, God has bleffed me for your fakes, and has thus anfwered for me all your Prayers; nay, more than anfwered all you or I could have wished or hoped for. We only prayed, only hoped, that God would preferve you honest, and me virtuous: And fee, O fee, my excellent Parents I how we are crown'd with Bleffings upon Bleffings, till we are the Talk of all that know us You for your Honefty! I for my Humility and Virtuet that Virtue which God's Grace inspired, and your Examples and Lessons, with those of my dear good Lady, cultivated; and which now have left me nothing to do but to reap all the Rewards which this Life can afford; and if I walk bumbly, and improve my bleffed Opportunities, will heighten and perfect all in a ftill more joyful Futurity !-

Hence, my dear Parents, (I mean, from the Delight I have in writing to you, a Delight which transports me so much above my own Sphere) you'll see that I must write to you, and cannot help it, if I would. And will it be a great Joy to you!—And is there any thing that can add to your Joy, think you, that is in the power of your Panela, that she would not do—O that the Lives and Healths of my dearest Mr. B. and my dearest Parents, may be continued to me! And who then can be so bless as your Panela?

Occasion—And you augment my Joys, to think it is in my Power to add to your Comforts. Nor can you conceive the Pleasure I have in hoping, that this your new happy Lot, may, by relieving you from corroding Care, and the too wearing Effects of hard Labour, add, in these your advanced Years, to both your Days!—For so happy am I, I can have no Grief.

Grief, no Pain, in looking forward, but from such Thoughts as remind me, that one Day, either you from me, or I from you, must be separated.

But 'tis fit that we so comport ourselves, as that we should not imbitter our present Happiness with Prospects too gloomy — but bring our Minds to be chearfully thankful for the present, wisely to enjoy that present as we go along, — and at last, when all is to be wound up, lie down, and say, Not mine, but the Will be done?

But I have written a great deal; yet have much fill to fay, relating to other Parts of your kind, your acceptable Letter; and so will foon write again: For I must think every Opportunity happy, whereby I can affure you, how much I am, and will ever be without any Addition to my Name, if that will make you casier,

en india merceina do generation Lour dutiful Pametal

of TER IV.

My dearest Father and Mother,

their soo grateful Hearts nive

Now write again, as I told you I should in my last - But I am half afraid to look back on the Copy of it; for your worthy Hearts, fo visible in your Letter, and my best Beloved's kind Deportment upon shewing it to him, raised me into a Frame of Mind, that was bordering on Ecstacy: Yet I am fure, I wrote my Heart. But you must not, my dear Father, write to your poor Pamela fo affectingly. Your fleadier Mind could hardly bear your own moving strain, and you was forced to lay down your Pen, and retire: How then could I, who love you so dearly, if you had not, if I may so say, increased that Love by fresh and stronger Instances of your Worthiness, forbear being affected, and raised above myfelf?-But I will not again touch upon this Subject.

You must know then, that my dearest Spouse commands

commands me, with his kind Respects to tell you, that he has thought of a Method to make your worthy Heart; easy; those were his Words-And this is, faid he, by putting the whole Estate, with the new Purchase under your Father's Care, as I at first intended; * and he shall receive and pay, and order every thing as he pleases, and Longman, who grows in Years, shall be eased of the Burden Your Father writes, faid he, a very legible Hand, and he shall take what Assistants he pleases: And do you, Pamela, see to that, that this new Task may be made as eafy and pleasant to him as possible. He shall make up his Accounts only to you, my Dear, And there will be several Pleasures arise to me upon it, continued he: First, That it will be a Relief to honest Longman, who has Bufiness enough on his Hands befides. Next, It will make the good Couple easy, that they have an Opportunity of enjoying that as their Due, which now their too grateful Hearts give them fo many causeless Scruples about. Thirdly, it will employ your Father's Time, more fuitably to your Liking and mine, because with more Ease to himself; for you see his industrious Will cannot be fatisfied without doing fomething. In the fourth Place, the Management of this Estate will gain him more Respect and Reverence among the Tenants and his Neighbours; and yet be all in his own way-For, my Dear, added he, you'll fee, that it is always one Point in View with me, to endeavour to convince every one, that I esteem and value them for their own intrinsick Merit, and want not any body to diftinguish them in any other Light than that in which they have been accustomed to appear.

So, my dear Father, the Instrument will be drawn and brought you by honest Mr. Longman, who will be with you in a few Days, to put the last Hand to the new Purchase, and to give you Possession of your new Commission, if you please to accept it; as I hope you will; and the rather, for my dear B's third Reason; and because I know that this Trust

See Vol. I. p. 267.

will be discharged as worthily and as sufficiently, after you are used to it, as if Mr. Longman himself was in it.—And better it cannot be. Mr. Longman is very fond of this Relief, and longs to be down to settle every thing with you, as to the proper Powers, the Methods, &c.—And he says, in his usual way of Phrasing, that he'll make it as easy to you as a Glove.

If you do accept it, my best Beloved will leave every thing to you, as to Rent, where not already fixed, and likewise as to Acts of Kindness and Favour to be done where you think proper; and he is pleafed to fay, That, with all his bad Qualities, he was ever deemed a kind Landlord; and this I can confirm in fifty Instances to his Honour: So that the old Gentleman, faid he, need not be afraid of being put upon fevere or harsh Methods of Proceeding, where Things will do without; and he'll always have it in his Power to befriend an honest Man: So that the Province will be intirely fuch a one as fuits with his Inclination. If any thing difficult or perplexing arifes. continued he, or where a little Knowledge in Law matters is necessary, Longman shall do all that: And your Father will fee, that he will not have in those Points a Coadjutor that will be too hard-hearted for his Wish: For it was a Rule my Father fet me, and I have strictly fo lowed it, that tho' I have a Lawyer for my Steward, it was rather to know how to do right Things, than oppressive ones; and Longman has fo well answered this Intention, that he was always more noted for composing Differences, than promoting Law-fuits.

I dare say, my dear Father, this will be an acceptable Employment to you, on the several Accounts my dearest Mr. B. was pleased to mention: And what a charming Contrivance is here! — God forever bless his considerate Heart for it! — To make you useful to him, and easy to yourself; as well as respected by, and even a Benefactor to all around you! What can one say to all these Things?—But what signifies exulting in one's Gratitude for one Benefit! — Every Hour the dear Gentleman heaps

I

 \mathbf{ill}

new ones upon us, and we have hardly Time to thank him for one, but a second, and a third, and so on to countless Degrees, confound one, and throw back one's Words upon one's Heart before they are well formed, and oblige one to sit down under all with

profound Silence and Admiration.

As to what you mention of the Defire of Cousin Thomas, and Roger, to come to live with you, I endeavoured to found what our dear Benefactor's Opinion was. He was pleased to say, I have nothing to chuse in this Case, my Dear. Your Father is his own Master: He may employ whom he pleases; and, if they are not wanting in Respect to him and your Mother, I think, as he rightly observes, Relationship should rather have the Preserence; and as he can remedy Inconveniences, if he finds any, by all means let every Branch of your Family have Reason to rejoice with him.

But I have thought of this Matter a good deal, fince I had the Favour of your Letter; and I hope, fince you condescend to ask my Advice, you will excuse me, if I give it freely; yet intirely submitting all

to your own Liking.

In the first Place, then, I think it would be better to have any body than Relations; and that for these Reasons:

One is apt to expect more Regard from Relations, and they more Indulgence, than Strangers can have Reason for.

That where there is such a Difference in the Expectations of both, it is hardly possible but Uneasiness must arise.

That this will subject you to bear it, or to resent it, and to part with them. If you bear it, you will know no End of Impositions: If you dismiss them, it will occasion Ill-will. They will call you unkind; and you them ungrateful; and as, it may be, your prosperous Lot will raise you Enviers, such will be apt to believe them, rather than you.

Then the World will be inclined to think, that we are crouding upon a generous Gentleman, a nume-

be ever so deserving, yet it will be said, The Girl is filling every Place with her Relations, and beleaguering, as you fignificantly express it, a worthy Gentleman. And this will be said, perhaps, should one's Kindred behave ever so worthily; And so,

In the next Place, one would not, for their Sakes, that this should be done; who may live with le/s Reproach, and equal Benefit, any where else: For I would not with any one of them to be lifted out of his Station, and made independent, at Mr. B.'s Expence, if their industry will not do it; altho' I would never scruple to do any thing reasonable to promote or assist that Industry, in the way of their Callings.

Then it will possibly put others of our Relations upon the same Expectations, of living with you; and this may occasion Ill-will among them, if some be preferred to others in your Favour.

Then, my dear Father, I apprehend, that our beloved and honoured Benefactor would be under fome Difficulty, from his natural Politeness, and Regard for you and me.-You fee how kindly, on all Occasions, he treats you both, not only as the Father and Mother of his Pamela, but as if you were his own Father and Mother: And if you had any body as your Servants there, who called you Coufin, or Grandfather, or Uncle, he would not care, when he came down, to treat them on the Foot of common Servants, tho' they might nevertheless think themselves honoured (as they would be, and as I am fure I shall always think myfelf) with his Commands. And would it not, if they are medeft and worthy, be as great a Difficulty upon them, to be thus diffinguished, as it would be to bim, and to me, for bis fake? For otherwise, (believe me, I hope you will, my dear Father and Mother) I could fit down and rejoice with the meanest and remotest Relation I have. But tin the World's Eye, to every body but my best of Parents, I must, if I have ever so much Reluctance

ć-

G

t,

W

iff

nd

f-

to

ve.

ie-

ous

luctance to it, appear in a Light that may not give Discredit to his Choice.

Then again, as I hinted, you will have it in your Power, without the least Injury to our common Benefactor, to do kinder Things by any of our Relations, when not with you, than you can do.

if they live with you.

You may lend them a little Money, to put them in a way, if any thing offers that you think will be to their Advantage. You can fit out my She-Coufins to good reputable Places. ——The younger you can put to School, or, when fit, to Trades, according to their Talents, and so they will be of course in a way to get an honest and creditable Livelihood.

But, above all things, one would as much discourage as one could, such a proud and ambitious Spirit in any of them, as should want to raise itself by Favour instead of Merit; and this the rather, for that, undoubtedly, there are many more happy Persons in low than in high Life, take Number for Number, all the World over.

I am sure, altho' four or five Years of different Life had passed with me, I had so much Pride and Pleasure in the Thought of working for my Living with you, my dear Parents, if I could but get honest to you, that it made my Consinement the more grievous to me, and even, if possible, aggravated the Apprehen-

fions attending it, it sies to cowob eman sa nodw

But I must beg of you, not to harbour a Thought, that these my Reasons proceed from the bad Motives of a Heart tainted with Pride on its high Condition. Indeed there can be no Reason for it, to one who thinks after this manner: —The greatest Families on Earth have some among them who are unhappy, and low in Life; and shall such an one reproach me with having twenty low Relations, because they have, peradventure, not above Five? or with Ten, because they have but one, or two, or three?—Or should I, on the other hand, be assamid of Relations who had done nothing blame-worthy,

CI

and whose Poverty (a very necessary State in the Scale of Beings) was all their Crime; when there is hardly any great Family but has produced Instances of Persons guilty of bad Actions, really bad, which have reduced them to a Distress we never knew? Let the Person who would reproach me with low Birth, which is no Disgrace, and what I cannot help, give me no Cause to retort upon him low Actions, which are a Disgrace to any Station, the more so, the higher it is, and which he ean help; or else I shall smile with Contempt at his empty Reproach: And could I be half so proud with Cause, as he is without, glory in my Advantage over him.

Let us then, my dear Father and Mother, endeavour to judge of one another, as God, at the last Day, will judge of us all: And then the honest Peasant will stand fairer in our Esteem, than the

guilty Peer.

In short, this shall be my own Rule—-Every one who acts justly and honestly, I will look upon as my Relation, whether he be so or not, and the more he want my Assistance, the more intitled to it he shall be, as well as to my Esteem: While those who deserve it not, must expect nothing but Compassion from me, and my Prayers, were they my Brothers or Sisters. 'Tis true, had I not been poor and lowly, I might not have thought thus: But if it be a right way of Thinking, it is a Blessing that I was so; and that shall never be matter of Reproach to me, which one Day will be matter of Justification.

Upon the Whole then, I should think it adviseable, my dear Father and Mother, to make such kind Excuses to the offered Services of my Cousins, as your better Reason shall suggest to you; and to do any thing else for them of more Value, as their Circumstances may require, or Occasions offer to serve

them.

tee - Trd

But if the employing them, and having them about you, will add any one Comfort to your Lives, I give up intirely my own Opinion, and doubt not Vol. III.

every thing will be thought well of, that you shall think fit to do.

And fo I conclude with affuring you, that I am, my ever-dear Parents.

Your dutiful and bappy Daughter,

a

t

H

H

I

to

al

I

H

an

m

m

me

The Copy of this Letter I will keep to myfelf, till I have your Answer to it, that you may be under no Difficulty how to act in either of the Cases mentioned in it.

LETTER V.

My dearest Daughter,

How shall I do to answer, as they deserve, your two last Letters? Surely no happy Couple everhad such a Child as we have? But it is in vain to aim at Words like your Words; and equally in vain for us to offer to set forth the Thankfulness of our Hearts, on the kind Office your honoured Husband has given us; for no Reason but to savour us still more, and to quiet our Minds in the Notion of being useful to him. God grant I may be able to be so!—Happy shall I be if I can! But I see the generous Drift of his Proposal; it is only to make me more easy from the Nature of my Employment, and in my Mind too, overloaden, as I may say, with Benefits; and at the same time to make me more respected in my new Neighbourhood.

I can only fay, I most gratefully accept of this kind Offer; and fince it will ease the worthy Mr. Longman, shall with still greater Pleasure do all I can in it. But I doubt I shall be wanting in Ability; I doubt I shall: But I will be just and honest, however. That, by God's Grace, will be within my own Capacity;

and that, I hope, I may answer for.

It is kind, indeed, to put it in my Power to do good to those who shall deserve it: And I will take double Pains to find out the true Merit of such as I

shall recommend to Favour, and that their Circumstances be really fuch as I shall represent them.

But one thing, my dear Daughter, let me defire. that I may make up my Accounts to Mr. Longman. or to his Honour himself, when he shall make us so happy as to be here with us. I don't know how-but it will make me uneasy, if I am to make up my Accounts to you: For fo well known is your Love to us. that the' you would no more do an unjust thing. than, by God's Grace, we should defire you; yet this fame ill-willing World might think it was like

making up Accounts to one's felf.

e

0 n

r

d

ill

e-

se

us

re

ny

S;

in

nd

igit.

t I

at, y;

do

ike s I

hall

Do, my dearest Child, get me off of this Difficulty, and I can have no other; for already I am in Hopes I have hit upon a Contrivance to improve the Estate, and to better the Condition of the Tenants at the same time, at least, not to worst them, and which, I hope, will please every body: But I will acquaint Mr. Longman with this, and take his Advice: for I will not be too troublesome either to you. my dear Child, or to your Spouse. - If I could act fo for his Interest, as not to be a Burden, what happy Creatures should we both be in our own Minds! We find ourselves more and more respected by every one; and, fo far as shall be consistent with our new Truft, we will endeavour to deferve it, that we may interest as many as know us in our own good Wishes and Prayers for both your Happiness.

But let me fay, how much convinced I am by the Reasons you give for not taking to us any of our Relations. Every one of those Reasons has its Force with us. How happy are we to have fo prudent a Daughter to advise with! And I think myself obliged to promife this, that whatever I do for any of them above the Amount of forty Shillings at one Time. I will take your Direction in it, that your wife Hints of making every one continue their Industry. and not to rely upon Favour instead of Merit, may be followed. I am fure this is the way to make them bappier, as well as better Men and Women; for, as I have often thought, if one were to

B 2

have

have a hundred Pounds a Year in good Comingsin, it would not do without Industry; and with it,

one may do with a Quarter of it, and less.

In short, my dear Child, your Reasons are so good, that I wonder they came not into my Head before, and then I needed not to have troubled you about the Matter: But yet it ran in my own Thought, that I could not like to be an Incroacher: — For I hate a dirty thing; and in the midst of my Distresses, never could be guilty of one. Thank God for it.

You rejoice our Hearts beyond Expression at the Hope you give us of receiving Letters from you now-and-then: To be sure it will be the chief Comfort of our Lives, next to seeing you, as we are put in hope we sometimes shall. But yet, my dear Child, don't let us put you to Inconvenience neither. Pray don't! You'll have enough upon your Hands without — To be sure you will.

The Workmen have made a good Progress, and wish for Mr. Longman to come down; as we also do.

You need not be afraid we should think you proud, or lifted up with your Condition. You have weathered the first Dangers, and but for your fine Cloaths and Jewels, we should not see any Difference, indeed we should not, between our dear Pamela, and the much-respected Mrs. B. - But God has given you too much Sense to be proud or lifted up. I remember in your former Writings, a Saying of the Squire's, speaking of you, my dear Child, That it was for Persons who were not used to Praise, and did not deserve it, to be proud of it *: In like fort one may fay, it is for Persons of little Sense to be proud; but you, my dear Child, every one fees, are above it: And that methinks is a proud Word; is it not? If one was not I don't know how half-stupid, I believe — one would be raifed by your high Style of Writing. But I should be more than half-stupid, I'm fure, to aim at it.

^{*} See Vol. II. p. 90.

d

-

f

e

d

0.

1-

hs

d

1e

u

n-

s,

or

ot

ay

ut

t:

If

e-

of

id,

Every Day brings us Instances of the good Name his Honour and you, my dear Child, have left behind you in this Country. Here comes one, and here comes another, and a third and a fourth; and, Goodman Andrews, cries one, and, Goody Andrews, cries another - (and fome call us Mr. and Mrs. but we like the other full as well) When heard you from his Honour? How does his Lady do? - What a charming Couple are they! - How lovingly they live! - What an Example do they give to all about them! - Then one cries, God bless'em both; and another cries, Amen; and so says a third and a fourth; and all fay, But when do you expect them down again? - Such-a-one longs to fee 'em; - and fucha-one will ride a Day's Journey, to have but a Sight of 'em at Church. -- And then they fay, how this Gentleman praises them, and that Lady admires them. O my dear Child! what a Happiness is this! How do your poor Mother and I stand fixed to the Earth to hear both your Praises, our Tears trickling down our Cheeks, and our Hearts heaving as if they would burst with Joy, till we are forced to take Leave in half Words, and hand-in-hand go in together, to bless God, and bless you both. - O my Daughter, what a happy Couple have God and you made us!

Your poor Mother is very anxious about her dear Child. I will not touch upon a Matter fo very irksome to you to hear of. But, tho' the Time may be fome Months off, she every Hour prays for your Safety and Happiness, and for all the Increase of Felicity that his Honour's generous Heart can wish for. This is all we will fay at present: Only, that we are, with continued Prayers and Bleffings, my dearest Child,

Your Loving Father and Mother, I. and E. ANDREWS.

Yet one Word more! and that is, - Our Duty to your honoured Husband. We must say so new; tho' he forbad us so often before. B 3

You cannot, my dear Child, imagine how I was ashamed to have my poor Letter shewn to him. I hardly remember what I wrote; but it was from my Heart, I'm sure; so I needed not to keep a Copy; for an honest Mind must always be the same, in Cases that cannot admit of Change, such as those of my Thankfulness to God and to him. But don't shew him all I write; for I should be afraid of what I say, if I think any body but our Daughter sees it, who knows how to allow for her poor Parents Desects.

LETTER VI.

From Lady DAVERS to Mrs. B.

My dear Pamela,

HAD intended to have been with you before this; but my dear Lord has been a little indisposed with the Gout, and Jackey too has had an Intermittent Fever; but they are pretty well recovered, and it shall not be long before I see you, now I understand you are

return'd from your Kentish Expedition.

We have been exceedingly diverted with your Papers. You have given us, by their Means, many a delightful Hour, that otherwife would have hung heavy upon us; and we are all charm'd with you. Lady Betty, as well as her noble Mamma, has always been of our Party, whenever we have read your Accounts. She is a dear generous Lady, and has shed many a Tear over them, as indeed we all have; and my Lord has not been unmov'd, nor Jackey neither, at some of your Distresses and Resections. Indeed, Pamela, you are a charming Creature, and an Ornament to our Sex. We wanted to have had you among us an hundred times, as we read, that we might have lov'd, and kis'd, and thank'd you.

But after all, my Brother, generous and noble as he was, when your Trials were over, was a strange wicked young Fellow; and happy it was for you both, 13

e

d

ıt

*

11

.

that he was fo cleverly caught in the Trap he had

I can assure you, my Lord longs to see you, and will accompany me; for, he says, he has but a faint Idea of your Person. I tell him, and tell them all, that you are the finest Girl, and the most improved in Person and Mind, I ever beheld; and I am not assaid, altho' they should imagine all they can in your Favour, from my Account of you, that they will be disappointed when they see you, and converse with you. But one thing more you must do for us, and then we will love you still more; and that is, you must send us the rest of your Papers, down to your Marriage at least, and surther, if you have written surther; for we all long to see the rest, as you relate it, tho' we

know in general what has passed.

You leave off * with an Account of an angry Letter I wrote to my Brother, to persuade him to give you your Liberty, and a Sum of Money; not doubting but his Designs would end in your Ruin, and, I own it, not wishing he would marry you; for little did I know of your Merit and Excellence, nor could I, but for your Letters so lately sent me, have had any Notion of either. — I don't question but, if you have recited my passionate Behaviour to you, when I was at the Hall, I shall make a ridiculous Figure enough; but I will forgive all that, for the sake of the Pleasure you bave given me, and will still further give

Lady Betty says, it is the best Story she has heard, and the most instructive; and she longs to have the Conclusion of it in your own Words. She says nowand then, What a hopeful Brother you have, Lady Davers! — O these intriguing Gentlemen!—What Rogueries do they not commit! I should have had a fine Husband of him, had I receiv'd your Proposal! The dear Pamela would have run in his Head, and had I been the first Lady in the Kingdom, I should

me, if you comply with my Request.

- Sec Vol. Markety

presentate

[·] See Vol. II. p. 13 & 258.

have stood but a poor Chance in his Esteem; for,

you fee, his Defigns upon her began * early.

She says, you had a good Heart to go back again to him, when the violent Wretch had driven you from him on such a slight Occasion: But yet, she thinks, the Reasons you give † in your Relation, and your Love for him, (which then you began to discover was your Case) as well as the Event, shew'd you did right.

But we'll tell you all our Judgments, when we have read the rest of your Accounts. So pray send them, as soon as you can, to (I won't write myself Sister

till then)

Your affectionate, &c.

DAVERS.

LETTER VII.

My dear good Lady,

[70U have done me great Honour in the Letter your Ladyship has been pleased to send me; and it is a high Pleasure to me, now all is fo happily over, that my poor Papers were in the least diverting to you and to fuch honourable and worthy Persons as your Ladyship is pleased to mention. I could wish, my dear Lady, I might be favour'd with fuch Remarks on my Conduct, (fo nakedly fet forth, without any Imagination that they would ever appear in fuch an Affembly; as may be of Use to me in my future Life, and make me, by that means, more worthy than it is otherwise possible I can be, of the Honour to which I am raised. Do, dearest Lady, favour me fo far: I am prepared to receive Blame, and to benefit by it, and cannot expect Praise so much from my Actions as from my Intentions; for, indeed, these were always just and honourable: But why even for these do I talk of Praise, since, being

^{*} See Vol. I. p. 74. 1. 35. + See Vol. H. p. .7. prompted.

prompted by Impulses I could not refift, it can be no

Merit in me to have been govern'd by them?

As to the Papers following those in your Ladyship's Hands, when I say, that they must needs appear impertinent to such Judges, after what you know, I dare say your Ladyship will not insist upon them; yet I will not scruple briefly to mention what they contain.

All my Dangers and Trials were happily at an End; So that they only contain " the Conversations that " paffed between your Ladyship's generous Brother " and me; his kind Affurances of honourable Love " to me; my Acknowledgments of Unworthiness to " him ; Mrs. Jewkes's respectful Change of Beha-" viour towards me; Mr. B.'s Reconciliation to Mr. " Williams; his introducing me to the good Fami-" lies in the Neighbourhood, and avowing before " them his honourable Intentions. A Vifit from " my honest Father, who (not knowing what to " conclude from the Letter I wrote to him before " I returned to your honoured Brother, desiring my " Papers from him) came in great Anxiety of Heart " to know the worst, doubting I had at last been " caught by a Stratagem that had ended in my Ruin. " His joyful Surprize to find how happy I was likely " to be. All the hopes given me, answer'd, by the " private Celebration of our Nuptials - An Ho-" nour so much above all that my utmost Ambition " could make me aspire to, and which I never can " deserve! Your Ladyship's Arrival, and Anger, " not knowing I was actually marry'd, but sup-" posing me a vile wicked Creature; in which Case " I should have deserved the worst of Usage. Mr. " B.'s angry Lessons to me, for daring to interfere, " tho' I thought in the tenderest and most dutiful " Manner, between your Ladyship and himself. "The most acceptable Goodness and Favour of "your Ladyship afterwards to me, of which, as becomes me, I shall ever retain the most grateful " Sense. My Return to this sweet Mansion in a manner to different from my quitting it, where " I had B 5

" I had been so happy for four Years, in paying my " Duty to the best of Mistresses, your Ladyship's excellent Mother, to whose Goodness in taking " me from my poor honest Parents, and giving me " what Education I have, I owe, under God, my " Happiness. The Joy of good Mrs. Jerwes, Mr. "Langman, and all the Servants, on this Occasion. " Mr. B.'s acquainting me with Miss Godfrey's Af-" fair, and presenting to me the pretty Miss Good-" win, at the Dairy house. Our Appearance at " Church ; the Favour of the Gentry in the Neigh-" bourhood, who, knowing your Ladyship had not "disdain'd to look upon me, and to be favourable to me, came the more readily into a neighbourly " Intimacy with me, and ftill fo much the more " readily, as the continued Kindness of my dear " Benefactor, and his condescending Deportment to me before them, (as if I had been worthy of " the Honour done me) did Credit to his own ge-" nerous Act."

These, my Lady, down to my good Parents setting out to this Place, in order to be settled, by my honoured Benefactor's Bounty, in the Kentish Farm, are the most material Contents of my remaining Papers: And tho' they might be the most agreeable to those for whom only they were written, yet, as they were principally Matters of course, after what your Ladyship has with you; as the Joy of my fond. Heart can be better judg'd of by your Ladyship, than described by me; and as your Ladyship is acquainted with all the Particulars that can be worthy of any other Person's Notice but my dear Parents; I am sure your Ladyship will dispense with your Commands: and I make it my humble Request, that you will.

For, Madam, you must needs think, that when my Doubts were dispell'd; when I was consident all my Trials were over; when I had a Prospect before me of being so abundantly rewarded for what I had suffer'd; when every Hour rose upon me with new Delight, and fraught with fresh Instances of generous Kindness from such a dear Gentleman, my Master,

my Benefactor, the Son of my honoured Lady; your Ladyship must needs think, I say, that I must be too much affected, my Heart must be too much open'd; and especially as it then (reliev'd from its past Anxieties and Fears, which had kept down and damp'd the latent Flame) first discover'd to me Impressions of which before I hardly thought it susceptible .-So that it is scarce possible, that my Joy and my Prudence, if I were to be try'd by fuch Judges of Delicacy and Decorum, as Lord and Lady Dawers, the honoured Countels, and Lady Betty, could be fo intimately, fo laudubly coupled, as were to be wish'd: Altho' indeed the continued Sense of my Unworthinels, and the Difgrace the dear Gentleman would bring upon himself by his generous Goodness to me, always went hand-in-hand with that my Joy and my Prudence; and what these Considerations took from the former, being added to the latter, kept me steadier and more equal to myself than otherwise it was posfible fuch a young Creature as I could have been.

Wherefore, my dear good Lady, I hope I stand excus'd, and shall not bring upon myself the Cen-

fure of being disobedient to your Commands.

Besides, Madam, as you inform me, that my good Lord Davers will attend your Ladyship hither, I should never dare to look his Lordship in the Face, if all the Emotions of my Heart on such affecting Occasions, stood confess'd to his Lordship; and, indeed, if I am afhamed they hould to your Ladyship, and to the Countess, and Lady Betty, whose Goodness might induce you all there to think favourably, in such Circumstances, of one who is of your own Sex, how would it concern me, that the fame should appear before such Gentlemen as my Lord and his Nephew? - Indeed I could not look up to either of them, in the Sense of this .- And give me Leave to hope, that some of the Scenes, in the Letters your Ladyship had, were not read to Gentlemen: Your Ladyship must needs know which I mean. and will think of my two grand Trials of all .- For tho' I was the innocent Subject of wicked Attempts,

and so cannot, I hope, suffer in any one's Opinion, for what I could not help; yet, for your dear Brother's sake, as well as for the Decency of the Matter, one would not, when one shall have the Honour to appear before my Lord and his Nephew, be looked upon, methinks, with that Levity of Eye and Thought, which perhaps hard hearted Gentlemen may pass upon one, by reason of those very Scenes, which would move Pity and Concern, in a good hady's Breast, for a poor Creature so attempted.

So, my dear Lady, be pleased to let me know, if the Gentlemen bave heard all.—I hope they have not.—And be pleased also to point out to me such Parts of my Conduct as deserve Blame: Indeed, I will try to make a good Use of your Censure, and amsture I shall be thankful for it;—for it will make me hope to be more and more worthy of the Honour I have, of being exalted into such a distinguished Family, and the Right the best of Gentlemen has given

me to ftyle myfelf

von tent

Your Ladysbip's most bumble

and most obliged Servant,

avoided, quarries being the way of brode koop

LETTER VIII.

From Lady DAVERS, in Reply.

My dear Pamela,

Your Papers. I was a little out of Humour with you at first; —I must own I was: —For I cannot bear Denial, when my Heart is set upon any thing. But Lady Betty became your Advocate, and said, She thought you very excusable; since, no doubt, there might be many tender Things, circumstanced as you was, which might be well enough for your Parents to see, but for nobody else; and Relations of our Side least of all, whose future Intimacy and frequent Visits, might give Occasions for Raillery and Re-

Remarks that might not be always agreeable. I regarded her Apology for you the more, because I knew it was a great Balk to her, that you did not comply with my Request. But now, Child, when you know me more, you'll find, that if I am oblig'd to give up one Point, I always insist upon another, as near it as I can, in order to see if it be only one thing I am to be refused, or every thing; in which last Case I know how to take my Measures, and resent.

Now then, this is what I infift on; That you correspond with me in the same manner you did with your Parents, and acquaint me with every Paffage that is of Concern to you; beginning with your Accounts how you fpent your Time, both of you, when you were in Kent; for, you must know, we are all taken with your Duty to your Parents, and the Discretion of the good Couple, and think you have given a very edifying Example of filial Piety to all who shall hear your Story; for if so much Duty is owing to Parents, where nothing can be done for one, how much more is it to be expected, where there is a Power to add to the natural Obligation, all the Comforts and Conveniencies of Life? We People in upper Life, you must know, love to hear how Gratitude and unexpected Benefits operate upon honest Minds, who have little more than plain artless Nature for their Guide; and we flatter ourselves with the Hopes of many a delightful Hour, by your Means, in this our solitary Situation, as it will be, if we are obliged to pass the next Winter in it, as my Lord and the Earl threaten me, and the Countefs, and Lady Betty, that we shall. Then let us hear of every thing that gives you loy and Trouble : And if my Brother carries you to Town, for the Winter, while he attends Parliament, the Advices you will be able to give us of what passes in London, and of the public Entertainments and Diversions he will take you to, as you will relate them from your own artless and natural Observations, will be as diverting to us, as if we were at them ourselves. For a young Creature, of your good Understanding, to whom all thefe

these things will be quite new, will give us, perhaps, a better Taste of them, their Beauties and Defects, than we might have before. For we People of Quality go to those Places, dress'd out and adorn'd, in such manner outvying one another, as if we considered ourselves as so many Parts of the public Entertainment, and are too much pleased with ourselves to be able so to attend to what we see, as to form a right Judgment of it: And, indeed, we, some of us, behave with so much Indifference to the Entertainment, as if we thought ourselves above being diverted by what we come to see, and as if our View was rather to triste away our Time, than to improve ourselves, by attending to the Story or the Action.

See, Pamela, I shall not make an unworthy Correspondent altogether; for I can get into thy grave Way, and moralize a little now-and then: And if you'll promise to oblige me by your constant Correspondence in this way, and divest yourself of all Restraint, as if you was writing to your Parents, (and I can tell you, you'll write to one who will be as candid and as favourable to you as they can be) then I amfure we shall have Truth and Nature from you; and these are Things which we are generally so much listed above, by our Conditions, that we hardly know

what they are.

But I have written enough for one Letter: And yet, having more to fay, I will, after this, fend another, without waiting for your Answer, which you may give to both together; and am, mean time,

Yours, &c. DAVERS.

LETTER IX.

Dear Pamela,

AM very glad thy honest Man has let thee into the Affair of Sally Godfrey. But pr'ythee, Pamela, give us an Account of the Manner in which he did it, and of thy Thoughts upon it; for that is a critical Case; and according as he has represented it, so shall

shall I know what to fay of it before you and him, For I would not make Mischief between you for the World.

This, let me tell you, will be a trying Part of your Conduct. For he loves the Child; and will judge of you by your Conduct towards it. He dearly loved her Mother; and, notwithstanding her Fault. she well deserved it: For she was a sensible, ay, and a modest Lady, and of an ancient and genteel Family. But he was Heir to a noble Estate, was of a bold and enterprising Spirit, fond of Intrigue .- Don't let this concern you. - You'll have the greater Happiness and Merit too, if you can hold him --- And 'tis my Opinion, if any body can, you will.—Then he did not like the young Lady's Mother, who fought artfully to intrap him. So that the poor Girl, divided between her Inclination for him, and her Duty to her defigning Mother, gave into the Plot upon him; and he thought himself, vile Wretch as he was, for all that !- at Liberty to fet up Plot against Plot, and the poor Lady's Honour was the Sacrifice.

I hope you fpoke well of her to him. I hope you received the Child kindly.—I hope you had Presence of Mind to do this.—For it was a nice Part to act; and all his Observations were up, I dare say, on the Occafion.—Do, let me hear how it was. There's my good Pamela, do, and write, I charge you, freely and without Restraint; for altho' I am not your Mother, yet am I bis elder Sister, you know.—and, as such—come, I will say so, in hopes you'll oblige me—your Sister, and so intitled to expect a Compliance with my Request: For is there not a Duty, in degree, to elder

Sifters from younger ?

As to our Remarks upon your Behaviour, they have been very much to your Credit, I can tell you that: But, nevertheless, I will, to encourage you to enter into this requested Correspondence with me, confult Lady Betty, and will go over your Papers again, and try to find Fault with your Conduct; and if we can see any thing censurable, will freely let you know our Minds.

But, before hand, I can tell you, we shall be agreed in one Opinion; and that is, that we know not who would have acted as you have done, upon the Whole.

So, Pamela, you see I put myself upon the same Foot of Correspondence with you: -- Not that I will promise an Answer to every Letter: No, you must not expect that. - Your Part will be a kind of Narrative purposely designed to entertain us here; and I hope to receive fix, feven, eight or ten Letters, as it may happen, before I return one: But fuch a Part. I will bear in it, as shall let you know our Opinion. of your Proceedings, and Relations of Things .- -And as you wish to be found fault with, as you fay, you shall freely have it, (tho' not in a splenetic or illnatur'd way) as often as you give Occasion. Now, you must know, Pamela, I have two Views in this: One is, to fee how a Man of my Brother's Spirit, who has not deny'd himself any genteel Liberties, (for, it must be own'd, he never was a common Town Rake, and had always Dignity in his Roguery) will behave himself to you, and in Wedlock, which used to be very freely fneered by him: The next, that I may love you more and more, which will be enough to make me do, I dare fay, as by your Letters I shall be more and more acquainted with you, as well as by Conversation; so that you can't be off, if you would.

I know, however, you will have one Objection to this; and that is, that your Family Affairs will require your Attention, and not give you the time you used to have for this Employment. But consider, Child, the Station you are raised to, does not require you to be quite a domestic Animal. You are listed up to the Rank of a Lady, and you must act up to it, and not think of setting such an Example, as will derive upon you the Ill-will and Censure of other Ladies.——For will any of our Sex visit one who is continually employing herself in such Works as either must be a Reproach to herself or to them?— You'll have nothing to do but to give Orders. You will consider yourself

have

as the Task-mistress, and the common Herd of Female Servants as fo many Negroes directing themselves by your Nod; or yourfelf as the Master-wheel, some beautiful Piece of Mechanism, whose dignify'd grave Motion is to fet a-going all the Under-wheels, with a Velocity suitable to their respective Parts.-Let your Servants, under your Direction, do all that relates to Houshold Oeconomy: They cannot write to entertain and instruct as you can. So what will your have to do? - I'll answer my own Question: In the first Place, endeavour to please your Sovereign Lord and Master; and, let me tell you, any other Woman in England, be her Quality ever so high, would have found enough to do to succeed in that. Secondly, To receive and pay Visits, in order, for his Credit as well as your own, to make your fashionable Neighbours fond of you. Then, thirdly, you will have Time upon your Hands (as your Monarch himself rises early, and is tolerably regular for fuch a Brazenface as he has been) to write to me in the manner I have mentioned, and expect; and I see plainly, by your Style, that nothing can be easier for you, than to do this.

And thus, and with Reading, may your Time be filled up with Reputation to yourfelf, and Delight to others, till a fourth Employment puts itself upon you; and that is (shall I tell you in one Word, without mincing the Matter?) a Succession of brave Boys, to perpetuate a Family that has for many hundred Years been esteemed worthy and eminent, and which, being now reduced, in the direct Line, to him and me, expests it from you; or else, let me tell you, (nor will I balk it) my Brother, by descending to the wholsome Cot—Excuse me, Pamela, — will want one Apology for his Conduct, be as excellent as you may.

I say this, Child, not to reflect upon you, since the thing is done; for I love you dearly, and will love you more and more—but to let you know what is expected from you, and to encourage you in the Prospect that is already opening to you both, and to me, who

have the Welfare of the Family I fprung from so much at Heart, altho' I know this will be attended with some Anxieties to a Mind so thoughtful and apprehen-

five as yours feems to be.

O but this puts me in mind of your Solicitude for fear the Gentlemen should have seen every thing contained in your Letters.—But this I will particularly speak to in a third Letter, having fill'd my Paper on all Sides: And am

Tours, &c. DAVERS.

You see, and I hope will take it as a Favour, that I break the Ice, and begin first in the indispensably expected Correspondence between us.

LETTER X.

From the Same.

A ND so, Pamela, you are very solicitous to know if the Gentlemen have seen every Part of your Papers. I can't say but they have. Nor, except in regard to the Reputation of your saucy Man, do I see why the Parts you hint at, might not be read by those

to whom the rest might be shewn.

I can tell you, Lady Betty, who is a very nice and delicate Lady, had no Objections to any Part, tho' read before Men: Only now and then crying out-O the vile Man! - See, Lord Davers, what Wretches you Men are! - And, commiterating you, Ah! the poor Panela! - And expressing her Impatience to hear on, how you escaped at this time, and at that, and rejoycing in your Escape. - And now-and-then, Q Lady Davers ! what a vile Brother you have ! - I hate him perfectly. — The poor Girl cannot be made amends for all this, tho' he has marry'd her. Who, that knows thefe Things of him, would wish him to be hers, with all his Advantages of Person, Mind and Fortune? -And fuch-like Expressions in your Praise, and condemning him and his wicked Attempts. But

But I can tell you this, that except one had heard every Tittle of your Danger; how near you were to Ruin, and how little he stood upon taking any Measures to effect his vile Purposes, even daring to attempt you in the Presence of a good Woman, which was a Wickedness that every wicked Man could not be guilty of;—I say, except one had known these things, one should not have been able to judge of the Merit of your Resistance, and how shocking those Attempts were to your Virtue, insomuch that Life itself was endanger'd by them: Nor, let me tell you, could I in particular, have so well justify'd him for marrying you (I mean with respect to his own proud and haughty Temper of Mind) if there had been Room to think he could have had you upon easier Terms.

It was necessary, Child, on twenty Accounts, that we, your and his Well-wishers and Relations, should know that he had try'd every Stratagem, and made use of every Contrivance, to subdue you to his Purpose, before he marry'd you. And how would it have answer'd to his intrepid Character, and Pride of Heart, had we not been particularly let into the Nature of those Attempts, which you so nobly resisted, as to convince us all, that you have deserved the good Fortune you have met with, as well as all the kind and respectful Treatment he can possibly shew

you ?

Nor ought you to be concern'd who sees any the most tender Parts of your Story, except, as I said, for bis sake; for it must be a very unvirtuous Mind, that can form any other Ideas from what you relate, than those of Terror and Pity for you. Your Expressions are too delicate to give the nicest Ear Offence, except at him.—You paint no Scenes but such as make his Wickedness odious; and that Gentleman, much more Lady, must have a very corrupt Heart, who could, from such Circumstances of Distress, make any Reslections but what should be to your Honour, and in Abhorrence of such Actions, Indeed, Child, I am so convinced of this, that by this Rule I would judge of any Man's Heart in the

the World, better than by a thousand Declarations and Protestations. I do assure you, rakish as Jacky is, and freely as I doubt not that Lord Davers has formerly lived, (for he has been a Man of Pleasure), they gave me, by their Behaviour on these tenderer Occasions, Reason to think they had more Virtue than not to be very apprehensive for your Safety; and my Lord several times exclaim'd, that he could not have thought his Brother such a Libertine neither.

Befides, Child, were not these things written in Confidence to your Mother? And as bad as his Actions were to you, if you had not recited all you could recite, would there not have been Room for any one who should have seen what you writ, to imagine they had been still worse?—And how could the Terror be supposed to have had such Effects upon you, as to indanger your Life, without imagining you had undergone the worst that a vile Man could offer, unless you had told us, what that was which he did offer, and so put a Bound, as it were, to one's apprehensive Imaginations of what you suffered, which otherwise must have been injurious to your Purity, tho' you could not help it?

Moreover, Pamela, it was but doing. Justice to the Libertine himself, totell your Mother the whole Truth, that she might know he was not so very abandoned, but he could stop short of the Execution of his wicked Purposes, which, he apprehended, if pursu'd, would destroy the Life, that of all Lives, he would chuse to preserve; and you ow'd all thus much to your Parents Peace of Mind, that after all their distracting Fears for you, they might see, they had Reason to rejoice in an uncontaminated Daughter. And one cannot but reseet, now all is over, and he has made you his Wise, that it must be a Satisfaction to the wicked Man, as well as to yourself, that he was not more guilty than he was, and that he took no more Liber-

ties than he did.

For my own Part, I must say, that I could not have accounted for your Fits, by any Description short of those you give; and had you been less parti-

cular in the Circumstances, I should have judg'd he had been still worse, and your Person, tho' not your Mind, less pure, than his Pride would expect from the Woman he should marry: For this is the Case of all Rakes, that tho' they indulge in all manner of Libertinism themselves, there is no Class of Men who exact greater Delicacy than they, from the Persons they marry; tho' they care not how bad they make the Wives, the Sisters, and Daughters of others.

I have run into Length again; fo will only add, (and fend all my three Letters together) that we all blame you in some degree for bearing the wicked Jewkes in your Sight, after the most impudent Afsistance she gave to his lew'd Attempt; much less, we think, ought you to have lest her in her Place, and rewarded her for her Vileness, which could hardly be equalled by the worst Actions of the most abandoned Procuress.

I know the Difficulties you lay under, in his arbitrary Will, and in his Intercession for her: But Lady Betty rightly observes, that he knew what a vile Woman she was, when he put you into her Power, and no doubt employed her, because he was sure she would answer all his Purposes; and that therefore she should have had very little Opinion of the Sincerity of his Reformation, while he was so solicitous in keeping her there, and in having her put upon a foot, in the Present on your Nuptials with honest Jervis.

She would, she says, had she been in your Case, have had one Struggle for her Dismission, let it have been taken as it would and he that was so well pleased with your Virtue must have thought this a natural Consequence of it, if he was in earnest to reclaim.

I know not whether you shew him all I write, or not: But I have written this last Part in the Cover, as well for want of Room, as that you may keep it from him if you please. Tho' if you think it will serve any good End, I am not against shewing to him all I write. For I must ever speak my Mind, tho' I were to smart for it; and that nobody can, or has

the Heart to make me do, but my bold Brother. So, Pamela, for this time, Adieu.

LETTER XL

My good Lady,

AM honoured with your Ladyship's Three Letters, the Contents of which are highly obliging, to me: And I should be inexcusable if I did not comply with your Injunctions, and be very proud and thankful for your Ladyship's Condescensiou in accepting of my poor Scribble, and promising me such a rich and invaluable Return; of which you have given me already fuch ample and fuch delightful Instances. I will not plead my Defects to excuse my Obedience, I only fear that the Awe which will be always upon me, when I write to your Ladyship, will lay me under fo great a Restraint, that I shall fall short even of the Merit my Papers have already made for me, thro' your kind Indulgence. But nevertheless, sheltering myself under your Goodness, I will chearfully comply with every thing your Ladythip expects from me, that is in my Power to do.

You will give me Leave, Madam, to put into fome little Method, the Particulars of what you defire of me; that I may speak to them all: For since you are so good as to excuse me from sending the rest of my Papers, (which indeed would not bear in many Places) I will omit nothing that shall tend to convince you of my Readiness, to obey you in every

thing elfe.

First then, your Ladyship, would have the Particulars of the happy Fortnight we passed in Kent, on one of the most agreeable Occasions that could

befal me-

Secondly, an Account of the Manner in which your dear Brother acquainted me with the affecting Story of Miss Godfrey, and my Behaviour upon it.

And, thirdly, I presume your Ladyship, and Lady
Betty, expect that I should say something upon your
welcome

welcome Remarks on my Conduct towards Mrs.

Towkes.

The other Particulars contained in your Ladyship's kind Letters will naturally fall under one or other of these three Heads.—But expect not, my Lady, tho' I Begin in Method thus, that I shall keep up to it; If your Ladyship will not allow for me, and keep in View the poor Pamela Andrews in all I write, but will have Mrs. B. in your Eye, what will become of me?—But, indeed, I promise myself so much Improvement from this Correspondence, that I enter upon it with a greater Delight than I can express, notwithstanding the mingled Awe and Dissidence that will accompany me, in every Part of the agreeable Task.

To begin with the first Article;

Your dear Brother, and my honest Parents—

[I know your Ladyship will expect from me, that on all Occasions I should speak of them with the Duty that becomes a good Child)—I say then, your dear Brother, and they, and myself, set out on the Monday Morning for Kent, passing through St. Albans to London, at both which Places we stopp'd a Night; for our dear Benefactor would make us take easy Journeys; and on Wednesday Evening we arrived at the sweet Place allotted for the good Couple. We were attended only by Abraham and John, on Horseback; for Mr. Colbrand; having sprain'd his Foot, was in the Travelling Coach with the Cook and HouseMaidand Polly Barlow, a genteel new Servant, whom Mrs. Brooks recommended to wait on me.

Mr. Longman had been down there for a Fortnight imploy'd in fettling the Terms of an additional Purchace to this pretty well-wooded and well water'd Estate; and the Account he gave of his Proceedings was very satisfactory to his honour'd Principal. He told us he had much ado to dissuade the Tenants from pursuing a form'd Resolution of meeting their Landlord on Horseback, at some Miles Distance: for he had informed them when he expected us: But knowing how desirous Mr. B. was of being retired

w hile

while he staid here this time, he had ventured to assure them, that when every thing was settled, and the new Purchase actually enter'd upon, they would have his Presence among them now-and then; and that he would introduce them all at different times to their

worthy Landlord, before we left the Country.

The House, my good Lady, is large and very commodious; and we found every thing about it, and in it, exceeding neat and convenient; which was owing to the worthy Mr. Langman's Care and Direction. The Ground is well stock'd, the Barns and Out-houses in excellent Repair, and my poor Father and Mother have only to wish, that they and I may be deserving of half the Goodness we experience from the boun-

tiful Mind of your good Brother.

But indeed, my Lady, I have the Pleasure of difcovering every Day more and more, that there is not a better dispos'd and more generous Gentleman in the World than himself, insomuch that, I verily think, he has not been so careful to conceal his bad Actions as his good ones. His Heart is naturally beneficent, and his Beneficence is the Gift of God to him, as I have been so free as to tell him, to serve for excellent Purposes, even for a Foundation to the nobleft Superstructure, whenever the Rubbish of Sense shall be clear'd from it, and the Divine Workmen be properly employed to build a Temple for the Deity to refide in .- Pardon me, my dear Lady; I wish I may not be impertinently grave : But I find a great many Instances of his considerate Charity, which hardly any Body knew of, and which, fince I have been his Almoner, could not avoid coming to my Knowledge. - But this, possibly, is no News to your Ladyship. Every body knows the generous Goodness of your own Heart: Every one that wanted Relief tafted the Bounty of your excellent Mother, my late honour'd Lady: So that 'tis a Family Grace, and I have no need to speak of it to you, Madam.

This cannot, my dear Lady, I hope, be construed as if I would hereby suppose ourselves less oblig'd.

Indeed

Indeed I know nothing so God-like in Human Nature as this Disposition to do Good to our Fellow-Creatures; for it is not following immediately the Example of that gracious Providence which every Minute is conferring Blessings on us all, and by giving Power to the Rich, makes them but the Dispensers of its Benefits to those that want them? But yet, as there are but too many Objects of Compassion, and as the most beneficent Mind in the World cannot, like Omnipotence, do Good to all, how much are they oblig'd who are distinguished from others? And this, kept in Mind, will always contribute to make the Benefited receive as they ought the Favours

of the Obliger. I know not if I write to be understood in all I mean; but my grateful Heart is so over-fill'd when it is employ'd on this Subject, that methinks I want to fay a great deal more, at the fame time that I am apprehensive I say too much. - Yet, perhaps, the Copies of the Letters I here inclose to your Ladyship, (that mark'd [I.] written by me to my Father and Mother, on our Return hither from Kent; that mark'd [11.] from my dear Father in Answer to it, and that mark'd [III.] mine in reply to his *) will, (at the fame time that they may convince your Ladyship, that I will conceal nothing from you, in the Course of this Correspondence, that may in the least amuse and divert you, or that may better explain our grateful Sentiments) in a great measure, answer what your Ladyship expects from me, as to the happy Fort-

And here I will conclude this Letter, chusing to suspend the Correspondence, till I know from your Ladyship, whether it will not be too low, too idle for your Attention; whether you will not dispense with your own Commands for my writing to you, when you see it is so little likely to answer what you may possibly expect from me; or whether, if you insist upon my scribbling, you would have me

night we pass'd in Kent.

^{*} See Letters 1, 2, 3, of this Volume. Vol. III, C

write in any other Way, be less tedious, less serious—in short, less or more any thing. For all that is in my Power, your Ladyship may command from,

Madam.

Your obliged and faithful Servant.
P. 1

Your dearest Brother, from whose Knowledge I would not keep any thing that shall take up any considerable Portion of my Time, gives me Leave to proceed in this Correspondence, if you command it; and is pleas'd to say, He will content himself to see such Parts of it, and only such Parts, as I shall shew him, or read to him.—

Is not this very good, Madam?—O my Lady, you don't know how happy I am!

LETTER XII.

My dear Pamela,

TOU very much oblige me by your chearful Compliance with my Request. I leave it intirely to you to write in what Manner you please, and so you shall be in the Humour to write, when you take up your Pen; for then I shall have you write with less Restraint: For, you must know, that what we admire in you, are Truth and Nature, and not Rudied or elaborate Sentiments. We can hear at Church, or we can read in our Closets, fifty good Things that we expect not from you; but we cannot receive from any body else the Pleasure of Sentiments flowing with that artless Ease, which so much affects us when we read your Letters. Then, my fwest Girl, your Gratitude, your Prudence, your Integrity of Heart, your Humility, shine so much in all your Letters and Sentiments, that no Wonder my Brother loves you as he does: But I hall make you proud, I doubt, and so by Praise ruin those Graces which we admire, and, but for that, cannot praise too much. -In my Conscience, if thou canst hold as thou hast begun,

begun, I believe thou wilt have him all to thyfelf, and that was once, more than I thought ever any Woman on this Side the Seventieth Year of his Agewould ever be able to fay. The Letters to and from your Parents we are charm'd with, and the communicating of them to me, I take to be as great an Instance of your Confidence in me, as it is of your Judgment and Prudence; for you cannot but think, that we his Relations are a little watchful over your Conduct, and have our Eyes upon you, to obferve what Use you are likely to make of the Power you have over your Man, with respect to your own Relations.

Hitherto all is unexampled Prudence, and you take the right Method to reconcile even the proudest of us to your Marriage, and make us not only love you, but respect your Parents, because their Honesty will, I perceive, be their distinguishing-Character, and they will not forget themselves, nor their former

Condition.

d

u

e

ut

ot

ıt

d

ot

ts

ts

et

ty

ur

er

I

Ne

aft

an,

I can tell you, you are exactly right; for if you were to be an *Incroacher*, as the good old Man calls it, my Brother would be one of the first to see it and he would gradually think less and less of you, till possibly he might come to despite you, and to repent of his Choice: For the least Shadow of an Imposition, or low Cunning, or mean Selsishness, he cannot bear.

In fhort, you're a charming Girl; and Lady Betty fays fo too; and, moreover, adds, That if he makes you not the best and faithfullest of Husbands, he cannot deserve you, for all his Fortune and Birth,—

And, in my Heart, I begin to think fo too.

But won't you oblige me with the Sequel of your Letter to your Father? for you promise, my dear charming Scribbler, in that you sent to me, to write again to his Letter; and I long to see how you answer the latter Part of it, about your Relations desiring already to come and live with him. I know what I expect from you. But, let it be what it will, send it to me, exactly as you wrote it; and I shall see whether

whether I have Reason to praise or to reprove you. For surely, Pamela, you must leave one Room to blame you for something. Indeed I can hardly bear the Thought, that you should so much excel as you do, and have more Prudence by Intuition, as it were, than the best of us have in a Series of the genteelest Education, and with sifty Advantages at least in Conversation that you could not have, by reason of my Mother's retired Life, while you were with

her, and your close Attendance on her Person.

But I'll tell you what has been a great Improvement to you: It is your own Writings. This Itch of Scribbling has been a charming Help to you. For here, having a natural Fund of good Sense, and a Prudence above your Years, you have, with the Observations those Advantages have inabled you to make, been Flint and Steel too, as I may fay, to yourfelf: So that you have struck Fire when you pleas'd, wanting nothing but a few dry'd Leaves, like the first Pair in old Du Bartus, to serve as Tinder to catch your animating Sparks. So that reading constantly, and thus using yourself to write, which impres'd you more than Reading could, and enjoying befides the Benefit of a good Memory, every thing you heard or read became your own; and not only fo, but improved by paffing thro' more falubrious Ducts and Vehicles; like some fine Fruit grafted upon a common Free-stock, whose more exuberant Juices ferve to bring to quicker and greater Perfection the downy Peach, or the smooth Nectarine with its crimfon Blufh.

Really, Pamela, I believe I, too, shall improve by writing to you. — Why, you dear Saucy-face, at this Rate, you'll make every one that converses with you, better, and wifer, and wittier too, as far as I know, than they ever before thought there was Room for 'em to be.

As to my own Part, I begin to like what I have written myself, I think; and your Correspondence will possibly make me resume the poetical Ideas that used to be strong upon me, before I entered into the drowsy

drowfy married Life; for my good Lord Daners's Turn happens not to be to Books; and fo, by Degrees, my Imagination was in a manner quench'd. and I, as a dutiful Wife should, endeavour'd to form

my Tafte by that of the Man I chose.

But after all, Pamela, you are not to be a little proud (I can tell you that) of my Correspondence; and I could not have thought it e'er would have come to this: But you'll have the Penetration to observe, that I am the more free and unreserved, to encourage you to write without Restraint: For already you have made us a Family of Writers and Readers; fo that Lord Davers himself is become inamour'd of your Letters, and desires of all things he may hear read every one that passes between us. Nay, Jackeyfor that matter, who was the most thoughtless, whistling, fauntering Fellow you ever knew, and whose Delight in a Book ran no higher than a Song or a Catch, now comes in with an inquiring Face, and vows he'll fet Pen to Paper, and turn Letterwriter himself; and intends (if my Brother won't take it amis, he says) to begin to you, provided he could be fure of an Answer.

I have twenty Things still to say; for you have unlocked all our Bosoms: And yet I intended not to write above ten or a dozen Lines when I began; only to tell you, that I would have you take your own Way, in your Subjects, and in your Style. - And if you will but give me Hope, that you are in the Way I fo much wish to have you in, I will then call myself your affectionate Sister; but, till then, it shall only

barely be

S

S

t h

I 71

e e

it

Your Correspondent,

yd Johnsque and to 10 ton Bus ook a gra DAVERS.

You'll proceed with the Account of your Kentiffe Affair, I doubt not.

or entired decreases room readily

Suprany sunt canti altres to carry ar

LETTER XIII.

My dear good Lady,

WHAT kind, what generous things, are you pleafed to fay of your happy Correspondent! And what Reason have I to value myself on such an Advantage as is now before me, if I am capable of improving it as I ought, from a Correspondence with so noble and so admired a Lady! I wish I be not now proud indeed!—To be praised by such a Genius, and by the noble Sister of my honoured Benefactor, whose Favour, next to his own, it was always my chief Ambition to obtain, is what would be enough to fill with Vanity a steadier and a more equal Mind than mine.

I have heard from my late honoured Lady, what a fine Pen her beloved Daughter was Miftress of, when she pleased to take it up: But I never could have had the Presumption, but from your Ladyship's own Motion, to hope to be in any manner the Subject of it, much less to be called your Correspondent.

Indeed, Madam, I am proud, very proud of this Honour, and confider it as such a Heightening to my Pleasures, as only that could give; and I will set about obeying your Ladyship without Reserve.

But permit me, in the first Place, to disclaim any Merit, from my own poor Writings, to that Improvement which your Goodness imputes to me. What I have to boast of that Sort, is owing principally, if it deserves Commendation, to my late excellent Lady. It is hardly to be imagined what Pains her Ladyship took with her poor Servant. Besides making me keep a Book of her Charities dispensed by my Hands, she caused me always to set down, in my Way, the Cases of the Distressed, their Griefs from their Missortunes, and their Joys in her bountiful Relief; and so I was enter'd early into the various Turns that affected worthy Hearts, and was taught the better to regulate my own, especially by the Help of the fine

fine Observations which my good Lady used to make to me, when I read to her what I wrote. For many a time has her worthy Heart run over with Pleasure at my Remarks, and with Praises; and I was her good Girl, her dear Pamela, her hopeful Maiden; and she would sometimes snatch my Hand with Transport, and draw me to her, and vouchfase to kiss me; and always was saying, what she would do for me, if God spared her, and I continued to be deserving.

O my dear Lady! you cannot think what an Encouragement this condescending Behaviour and Goodness was to me. Indeed, Madam, you cannot

think it.

a-

nd

n-

19

le

nd

by

fe

ef

FII

an

at

of,

ild

p's

b-

.

nis

to

fet

ny

re-

nat

if

ent

ner

k-

ny

ny

om

le-

rns

ter

the

ine

I used to throw myself at her Feet, and embrace her Knees; and, my Eyes streaming with Tears of Joy, would often cry, O continue to me, my dearest Lady, the Blessing of your Favour and kind Instructions, and it is all your happy, happy Pamela can wish for!

But I will proceed to obey your Ladyship, and write with as much Freedom as I possibly can: For you must not expect, that I can be intirely divested of that Awe, which will lay me under more Restraint, than if I was writing to my Father and Mother, whose Partiality for their Daughter made me in a

manner fecure of their good Opinions.

And now, that I may shorten the Work before me, in the Account I am to give of the sweet Fortnight that we passed in Kent, I inclose not only the Copy of the Letter your Ladyship desired me to fend you, but my Father's Answer to it, which, with those you have already, will set before your Ladyship all you want to fee in relation to the Defire fome of my Kindred had to live with my Father, and my own Advice on the Occasion. And I am humbly confident you will join in Sentiment with me: For Persons are less doubtful of Approbation, when their Minds are incapable of dark Reserves, or such Views as they would be afraid should be detected by the most watchful Observer of their Conduct: And your your Ladyship gives me double Pleasure, that you are pleased to have an Eye upon mine; first, Because I hope it will be such as will, generally, bear the strictest Scrutiny; and next, Because, when my Actions fall short of my Intentions, I presume to hope your Ladyship will be as kind a Monitor to me, as you are a Correspondent; and then I shall have an Opportunity to correct myself, and be, as near as my slender Talents will permit, what your Ladyship would have me to be.

As the Letters I fent before, and those I now send, will let your Ladyship into several Particulars, such as a brief Description of the House and Farm, and your honoured Brother's Intentions of retiring thither now and then; of the Happiness and Gratitude of my dear Parents, and their Wishes to be able to deferve the Comforts his Goodness has heaped upon them; and that in stronger Lights than I am able to set them; I will only, in a summary manner, men-

tion the rest: And, particularly,

That the Behaviour of my dear Benefactor to me, to my Parents, to Mr. Longman, and to the Tenants, was one continued Series of Benignity and Condescension. He endeavoured, in every kind and generous way, to encourage the good Couple to be free and chearful with him; and feeing them unable to get over that Awe and Respect which they owe him above all Mankind, and which they fought to pay him on all Occasions, he would take their Hands, and more than once called them by the nearest and dearest Names of Relationship, as if they were his own Parents; and I believe would have distinguish'd them oftner in this manner, but that he saw them too much affected with his Goodness to bear the Honour (as my dear Father fays in his first Letter) with Equalness of Temper; and he seemed always to delight in being particularly kind to them before Strangers, and before the Tenants, and before Mr. Sorby, and Mr. Bennet, and Mr. Shepherd, three of the principal Gentlemen in the Neighbourhood, who, with their Ladies, came to vifit us, and whose Vifits

Visits we all returned; for your dear Brother would not permit my Father and Mother to decline the In-

vitation of those worthy Families.

Judge you, my dear Lady, with what a Joy these kind Distinctions, and this sweet Behaviour, must fill their honest Hearts: Judge of my grateful Sentiments and Acknowledgments on these hourly Instances of his Goodness; and judge of the Respect and Esteem with which this must inspire every one to the good Couple. And when once Mrs. Bennet had like to have faid fomething of their former Condition, which the would have recalled in some Confusion, and when the could not, apologized for it, the dear Gentleman faid, -All is well, Mrs. Bennet: No Apologies are necessary; and to shew you they are not, I'll tell you myself what you cannot have heard fo particularly from others, and which were I to endeavour to conceal, would be a Piece of Pride as flupid as despicable: So, in a concise manner, he gave them an Account of my Story, fo much to my Advantage, and fo little to his own, in the ingenuous Relation of his Attempts upon me, that you can't imagine, Madam, how much the Gentry were affected by it, and how much, in particular, they applauded him for the Generofity of his Actions to me and to my dear Parents. And, your Ladyship will permit me to observe, that fince the Matter is circumflanced as it is, Policy, as well as Nobleness of Mind, obliged from the dear Gentleman this Franknels and Acknowledgement; for having faid worfe of himself, and as mean of our Fortunes, as they could think, what remained for the Hearers but to applaul, when he had left them no Room to reproach, not fo much as in Thought?

Every Day he rode out, or walked a little about the Grounds; and while we were there, he employ'd Hands to cut a Vista thro' a Coppice, as they call it, but rather a little Wood to a rising Ground, which fronting an old fashioned Balcony in the Middle of the House, he order'd it to be planted like a Grove, and a little Building to be erected on its Summit, in the Fashion of an antient Greek Temple, of which he has sent them a Draught, drawn by his own Hand, from one he had seen Abroad; and this, and a few other Alterations mentioned in my Letter to my Father, are to be finished against we go down next.

The dear Gentleman was every Hour preffing me, while there, to take one Diversion or other, frequently uphraiding me, that I seemed not to chuse any thing; urging me to propose sometimes what I could wish he should oblige me in, and not always to leave it to him to chuse for me; saying he was half asraid, that my constant Compliance with every thing he proposed, said me sometimes under a Restraint; and he would have me have a Will of my own, since it was impossible that it could be such as he should not take a Delight in conforming to it.

But, when (as I told him) his Favour for me made him rather study what was obliging to me, than himfelf, and that he prevented all my Wishes by his Goodness, how was it possible for me not to receive with Pleasure and Gratitude every Intimation from him, in such a manner, as that the it might seem to be the Effect of an implicit Obedience to his Will, yet was it (nor could it be otherwise) intirely my

own?

a man S

I will not trouble your Ladyship with any further Particulars relating to this happy Fortnight, which was made up of white and unclouded Days, to the very last; and your Ladyship will judge, better than I can describe, what a Parting there was between my dear Parents, and their honoured Benefactor, and me.

We set out attended with the good Wishes of Crouds of Persons of all Degrees; for your dear Brother lest behind him noble Instances of his Bounty; it being the first Time, as he bid Mr. Longman say, that he had been down among them since that Estate had been in his Hands.

But permit me, Madam, to observe, that I could not forbear often, very often, in this happy Period, thanking God in private, for the blessed Terms upon which I was there, to what I should have been, had I gracelesly accepted of those which once were tender'd to me; for your Ladyship will remember, that the Kentille Estate was to be Part of the Purchase of my

Infamy ..

We returned through London again, by the like easy Journeys, but tarryed not to see any thing of that wast Metropolis, any more than we did in going through it before; your beloved Brother only stopping at his Banker's and desiring him to look out for a handsome House, which he purposes to take for his Winter Residence: He chuses it to be about Sobo Square, or the new Buildings called Hanover-Square; and he left Mr. Longman there, to see one, which his Banker believed would be fit for him.

And thus, my dear good Lady, I have answer'd your first Commands, by the Help of the Letters which passed between my dear Parents and me; and conclude this, with the Assurance, that I am, with

high Respect,

Your Ladybip'smost obliged and faithful Servant,

P. B.

LETTER XIV.

My dearest Lady,

I Now fet myself to obey your Ladyship's second Command, which is this, To give an Account in what manner your dear Brother broke to me the Affair of the unfortunate Miss Godfrey, with my Behaviour upon it: And this I cannot do better, than by transcribing the Relation I gave at the Time, in those Letters to my dear Parents which your Ladyship has not feen, in these very Words.

* See Vol. I. p. 223

(See Vol. II. p. 283. beginning My dear Mr. B. down to p. 296. Line 18)

Thus

Thus far, my dear Lady, the Relation I gave to my Parents, at the Time of my being first acquainted

with this melancholy Affair.

It is a great Pleafure to me, that I can already flatter myfelf, from the Hints you kindly give me, that I behaved as you wished I should behave. Indeed, Madam, I could not help it; for I pitied most fincerely the unhappy Lady; and tho' I could not but rejoice, that I had the Grace to escape the dangerous Attempts of the dear Intriguer, yet never did the Story of any unfortunate Lady make such an Impression upon me as hers did: She loved bim, and believed, no doubt, he loved ber too well to take ungenerous Advantages of her foft Passion for him; and so by Degrees, put herself in his Power; and too feldom, alas! have the noblest-minded of the feducing Sex the Mercy or the Goodness to spare the poor Creatures that do! - And then this Love, to be fure, is a fad Thing, when once it is fuffer'd to reign! -A perfect Tyrant! - requiring an unconditional Obedience to its arbitrary Dictates, and deeming every Instance of Discretion, and Prudence, and Virtue itfelf, too often, but as so many Acts of Rebellion to its usurped Authority.

And then, how do even Blemishes become Perfections in those we love? Crimes themselves too often, to considerate Minds, appear but as human Failings; and human Failings are a common Cause.

and always pardonable by human Frailty.

Then 'tis another Misfortune of People in Love, they always think highly of the beloved Object, and lowly of themselves; such a dismal Mortiser is Love!

I say not this, Madam, to excuse the poor Lady's Fall: Nothing can do that; because Virtue is, and ought to be, preserable to all Considerations, and to Life itself. But methinks I love this dear Lady so well, for the sake of her edifying Penitence. that I would fain extenuate her Crime, if I could; and the rather, as, in all Probability, it was a first Love on both Sides;

Sides; and so he could not appear to her as a pradifed

Deceiver.

Your Ladyship will see by what I have transcribed, how I behaved myself to the dear Miss Goodwin; and I am so fond of the little Charmer, as well for the sake of her unhappy Mother, tho' personally unknown to me, as for the Relation she bears to the dear Gentleman whom I am bound to love and honour, that I must beg your Ladyship's Interest to procure her to be given up to my Care, when it shall be thought proper. I am sure I shall act by her as tenderly, as if I was her own Mother. And glad I am, that the poor unfaulty Baby is so justly beloved by Mr. B. But I will here conclude this Letter, with assuring your Ladyship, that I am,

Your obliged and bumble Servant,

P. B.

LETTER XV.

My good Lady,

Now come to your Ladyship's Remarks on my Conduct to Mrs. Jewkes; which you are pleased to think too kind and forgiving, considering the poor Woman's Baseness.

Your Ladyship says, "That I ought not to have borne her in my Sight, after the impudent Assistance she gave to his lewd Attempts; much seles to have left her in her Place, and rewarded her for her Vileness." Alas! my dear Lady, what could I do; a poor Prisoner, as I was made, for Weeks together, in Breach of all the Laws of Civil Society; not a Soul who durst be my Friend; and every Day expecting to be ruin'd and undone, by one of the haughtiest and most determin'd Spirits in England?—And when it pleased Go n to turn his Heart, and incline him to abandon his wicked Attempts, and to profess honourable Love to me, his poor Servant, can it be thought I was to insist upon Conditions with such a Gentleman, who had

me in his Power, and who, if I had provoked him, might have refumed all his wicked Purpofes

against me?

Indeed, I was too much overjoy'd, after all my Dangers past, (which were so great, that I could not go to Reft, nor rife, but with such Apprehenfions, that I wish'd for Death rather than Life) to think of refufing any Terms that I could yield to, and

keep my Honour.

And the fuch noble Ladies, as your Ladyship and Lady Betty, who are born to Independency, and are hereditarily, as I may fay, on a Foot with the highest-descended Gentleman in the Land, might have exerted Spirit, and would have had a Right to pick and chuse your own Servants, and distribute Rewards and Punishments to the Deserving and Undeserving, at your own good Pleasure; yet what had I, a poor Girl, who ow'd my Title even to common Notice, to the Bounty of my late good Lady, and a kind of imputed Sightliness of Person, which had made me only the Subject of vile Attempts; who from a Situation of Terror and Apprehension was lifted up to a Hope, beyond my highest Ambition, and was bid to pardon the bad Woman, as an Inflance, that I could forgive his own hard Usage of me; who had experienced fo often the Violence and Impetuofity of his Temper, which even his beloved Mother never refifted till it fub. fided; and then indeed he was all Goodness and Acknowledgement, (of which I could give your Ladyship more than one Instance) what, I say, had I to do, to take upon me Lady-Airs, and refent?

But, my dear Ladies, flet me, in this Inflance, befocak both your Ladyships Attention) I should be inexentable, if I did not tell you all the Truth; and that is, that I not only forgave the poor Wretch, in regard to his Commands, but from my own In-

If I am wrong in faying this, I must submit it to your Ladyships; and, as I pretend not to Perfection, am ready to take the Blame I shall be found to deferve in your Ladyships Judgment; but indeed, were it to do again, I verily think, I could not help forgiving her. And were I not able to say this, I should be thought to have made a mean Court to my Master's Passions, and to have done a wrong thing with my Eyes open: Which, I humbly conceive, no one should do.

When this poor Creature was put into my Power, (seemingly at least, tho' it might possibly have been resum'd, and I might have been re-committed to hers, had I given him Reason to think I made an arrogant Use of it) you cannot imagine what a Triumph I had in my Mind on the mortify'd Guilt, which (from the highest Degree of Insolence and Imperiousness, that before harden'd her masculine Features) appear'd in her Countenance, when she found the Tables likely to be soon turn'd upon her.

This Change of Behaviour, which at first operated in sullen Awe, and afterwards in a kind of silent Respect, shew'd me, what an Instuence Power had over her; and that when she could treat her late Prisoner, when taken into Favour, so obsequiously, it was the less Wonder the bad Woman could think it her Duty to obey Commands so unjust, when her Obedience to them was required from her Master.

To be fure, if a Look could have killed her, after fome of her bad Treatment, she had been slain over and over, as I may say: But to me, who always was taught to distinguish between the Person and the Action, I could not hold my Resentment against the poor passive Machine of Mischief, one Day together, the her Actions were so odious to me.

I should indeed except that Time of my grand Trial, when she appeared so much a Wretch to me, that I saw her not seven after two Days that she was kept from my Sight) without great Flutter and Emotion of Heart; and I had represented to your Brother before, how hard a Condition it was for me to sorgive so much unwomanly Wickedness +.

^{244. +} Ibid. p. 246.

But, my dear Ladies, when I confider'd the Matter in one particular Light, I could the more easily forgive her; and baving forgiven her, bear ber in my Sight, and act by her (as a Consequence of that Forgiveness) as if she had not so horridly offended.—Else, how would it have been Forgiveness? Especially as she was ashamed of her Crime, and there

was no Fear of a Repetition of it.

Thus then I thought on the Occasion: Poor wretched Agent, for Purposes little less than infernal! I will forgive thee, fince the Master and my Master will have it so. And indeed thou art beneath the Resentment even of such a poor Girl as I. I will pity thee, base and abject, as thou art. And the who is the Object of my Pity, is furely beneath my Anger. My Eye, that used to quiver and tremble at thy haughty Eye, shall now, with conscious Worthiness, take a superior Steadiness, and look down thy fcouling guilty one into Self-Condemnation, the State thou could never cast mine into, nor from it wilt be able to raise thine own! Bear the Reproach of thy own wicked Heart, low, vile Woman, unworthy as thou art of the Name, and chosen, as it should seem, for a Foil to the Innocent, and to make Purity shine forth the brighter, the only good Use such Wretches as thou can be of to others (except for Examples of Penitence and Mercy:) This will be Punishment enough for thee, without my exposing myself to the Imputation of descending so near to a Level with thee, as to refent thy Baseness, when thou hast no Power to hurt me! -

Such were then my Thoughts, my proud Thoughts, fo far was I in my Heart, and, I hoped, in the very Act that proceeded from that Heart, from intentional Meannels in forgiving, at Mr. B.'s Interpofition, the poor, low, creeping, abject, Self-mortify'd, and Master-mortify'd Mrs. Jewkes !—

fy'd, and Master-mortify'd Mrs. Jewkes!—
And do you think, Ladies, when you revolve in your Thoughts, who I was, and what I was, and what I was, and what I was, designed to be; when you revolve the

amazing

amazing Turn in my Favour, and the Profpects before me (Prospects so much above my Hopes, that I left them intirely to Providence to direct for me, as it pleased, without daring to look forward to what those Prospects seemed naturally to tend); when I could fee my haughty Perfecutor become my repentant Protector; the lofty Spirit that used to make me tremble, and to which I never could look up without Awe, except in those animating Cases, where his Guilt, and my Innocence, gave me a Courage, more than natural to my otherwife daftardly Heart: When this impetuous Spirit could stoop to request one whom he had funk beneath even her usual low Character of his Servant, and was his Prisoner, under Sentence of a Ruin worse than Death, as he had intended it, and had feized her for that very Purpose, could stoop to acknowledge the Vileness of those Purposes: Could say, at one time, "That my Forgiveness of Mrs. Jewkes " should stand me in greater Stead than I was aware " of: " Could tell her, before me, " That she " must for the future shew me all the Respect that " was due to one he must love ": " At another, acknowledge before her, " That he had been flark " naught, and that I was very forgiving +: " Again t, to Mrs. Jewkes, putting himself on a Level with her, as to Guilt, "We are both in generous Hands: " and indeed, if Pamela did not pardon you, I " should think she but half forgave me, because you " acted by my Instructions: " Another time to the fame &, "We have been both Sinners, and must " be both included in one Act of Grace:"

When I say, I was thus listed up to the State of a sovereign Forgiver, and my lordly Master became a Petitioner for himself, and for the guilty Creature, whom he put under my Feet; what a Triumph was here for the poor Pamela! And could I have been guilty of so mean a Pride, as to trample upon the poor abject Creature, when I sound her thus

See Vol. I. p 246. + Vol. II. p. 34. 1 lbid. 1 lowly.

lowly, thus mortify'd, and so much in my Power? For so she actually was, while I seemed to think so: And would it have been good Manners with regard to my Master, or Policy with respect to my self, to doubt

it, after he had fo declared ?-

Then, my dear Ladies, while I was enjoying the Soul-charming Fruits of that Innocence which the Divine Grace had enabled me to preserve, in spite of fo many Plots and Contrivances on my Mafter's Side, and fuch wicked Infligations, and Affiftances on hers, and all my Prospects were improving upon me beyond my Wishes; when all was Sunshine, unclouded Sunthine, and I possessed my Mind in Peace, and had nothing to do but to be thankful to Providence, which had been fo gracious to my Unworthiness; when I saw, as I said above, my Perfecutor become my Protector, my active Enemy, no longer my Enemy, but creeping with flow, doubtful Feet, and speaking to me with awful hesitating Doubt of my Acceptation; a Stamp of an infolent Foot, turned into court'sving half-bent Knees; threatening Hands into supplicating Folds; and the Eye unpitying to Innocence, running over with the Sense of her own Guilt, a faltering Accent on her late menacing Tongue, and uplifted Handkerchief, - " I fee she will be my Lady: And then I know how it will go with me *;-Was not this, my Ladies, a Triumph of Triumphs to the late miserable, now exalted Pamela ? -- Could I do less than pardon her? And having declared that I did fo, was I not to shew the Sincerity of my Declaration.?

Indeed, indeed, my dear good Ladies, I found fuch a Subject for Exultation in this providential Change of my Condition, that I had much ado to fubdue my rifing Pride, and thought there was more Danger of being lifted up, (every Moment, to see such improving Contrition on the poor Creature's Part) than to be supposed guilty of a Meanness of

^{*} See Vol. 1. p. 252.

Heart, in flooping (yes, Madam, that was then the proudly proper Word, in the Elevation wherein I found myself) to forgive her! ——And, what! should I not forgive a Creature for that very Baseness, which, happily withstood, had so largely contributed to exalt me? Indeed, my dear good Ladies, permit me to repeat, I could not chuse but to forgive her!— How could I? —— And would it not have been out of Character in me, and against all Expectation of my high-soul'd (tho' sometimes, as in my Case, for a great while together, meanly acting) Master, if I had not?—

Would it not have flewn him, that the low born Pamela was incapable of a generous Action, had the refused the only Request her humble Condition had given her the Opportunity of granting, at that time, with Innocence? Would he not have thought the humble Cottager as capable of Infolence, and Vengeance too, in her Turn, as the better-born? And that the wanted but the Power, to thew that unrelenting Temper by which the had to grievously fuffer'd? - And might not this have given him Room to think me (and to have refumed and profecuted his Purposes accordingly) facer for an arrogant kept Miftreis, than an humble and obliging Wife I way Indian F Vm committee Part of &

I see, (might he not have said?) the Girl has strong Passions and Resentments; and she that has, will be assed, and sometimes govern'd by them.—I wil improve upon the Hint she herself has now given me, by her inexorable Temper:—I will gratify her Revenge, till I turn it upon herself: I will indulge her Pride, till I make it administer to her Fall: For a Wife I cannot think of, in the low-born Cottager; especially when she has lurking in her all the Pride and Arrogance (you know, my Ladies, his haughty way of speaking of our Sex) of the better descended.— And by a little Perseverance, and watching her unguarded Hours, and applying Temptations to her Passions, I shall first discover them, and then make my Advantage of them.—

Might not this have been the Language, and this the Resolution, of such a dear wicked Intriguer ;-For, my Lady, you can hardly conceive the Struggles he apparently had to bring down his high Spirit to fo humble a Level. And tho', I hope, all would have been, even in this worft Case, ineffectual, thro' Divine Grace, yet how do I know what lurking Vileness might have appeared by Degrees in this frail Heart, to have incouraged his Defigns, and to have augmented my Trials and my Dangers? And perhaps downright Violence might have been used, if he could not on one Hand have subdued his Passion, nor on the other, have overcome his Pride. A Pride, that every one, reflecting upon the Disparity of Birth and Condition between us, would have dignify'd with the Name of Decency; a Pride that was become fuch an effential Part of the dear Gentleman's Character, in this Instance of a Wife, that altho' he knew he could not keep it up, if he made me happy, yet it was no small Motive in his chusing me, in one respect, because he expected from me more Humility, more Submission, than he thought he had Rea-Son to flatter himself would be paid him, by a Lady, equally born and educated: And of this I will fend your Ladyship an Instance, in a Transcription from that Part of * my Journal you have not feen, of his Lessons to me, on the Occasion your Ladyship so well remembers, of my incurring his Displeasure by interposing between yourself and him t, in your Misunderstanding at the Hall; for, Madam, I intend to fend, at times, any thing I think worthy of your : Ladyship's Attention, out of those Papers you were so kind as to excuse me from fending you in the Lump, and many of which must needs have appeared very impertinent to such Judges.

Thus, could your Ladyship have thought it?——have I ventur'd upon a strange Paradox, that even

[†] Ibid p. 245.

this strongest Instance of his Debasing himself, is not the weakest Instance of his Pride; and he ventured once at Sir Simon Darnford's to fay, in your Ladyship's Hearing, as you may remember, that in his Conscience he thought he should hardly have made a tolerable Husband to any body but Pamela *: And why? For the Reasons you will see in the inclosed Papers, which give an Account of the noblest and earliest Curtain - lecture that ever Girl had : One of which is, That he expects to be borne with, (comply'd with, he meant) even when in the wrong: Another, That a Wife should never so much as expostulate with him, tho' he was in the wrong, till by complying with all he infifted upon, she should have shewn him, she designed rather to convince him for his own sake, than for Contradiction's fake: And then, another time, perhaps he might take better Resolutions +.

I hope, from what I have said, it will appear to your Ladyship, and to Lady Betty too, that I am justify'd, or at least excusable, in pardoning Mrs. Jewkes: And I have yet another Reason behind, for doing so, had she been as absolutely in my Power, as the Wish of the most resenting Person in the World could have made her; and that is, the Hope I had, that the poor Creature, by being continued in a Family where the Gentleman gave Hopes of so desireable a Resormation, and where the Example of the Person he was about to honour in so eminent a Degree, beyond all that could have been hoped for by her a few Days before, might, possibly contribute to make her change her Manner of Thinking, as well as Acting.

I looked upon the poor Wretch, in all her Deportment to me, in my Days of Trial, as one devoted to Perdition, by her own Act and Deed; as one who had no Regard to a future State, and who, while she could live in Ease and Plenty for a wretched poor

Term of Years, the Remainder of an ill-spent Life,

cared not what the did, and was ready to undertake any thing which Persons of Power and Riches would put her upon: That even were she to be turned off difgracefully, at my Defire, besides shewing myself to be of an implacable Spirit, which some People would have imputed to right, some to wrong Motives, as they favoured me or not, she might be entertained by some profligate Persons, to whose Baseness such a Woman might be useful; and that then her Power to do Mischief might be augmented, and the might go on more successfully to do the Devil's Work, and several innocent Creatures might be intangled, like so many thoughtless Flies, in the infnaring Web of this venemous-hearted Spider, which I had so happily escaped. Is it not better then, thought I, if I can impress Conviction upon the poor Wretch, who its hopeful Forerunner Shame had already taken hold of, and add the delightful Hope of Mischiefs prevented, to that of a Soul reclaim'd? And may not I, who have been so hardly used by her, for that very Reason have more Influence upon her, than any other Person, even the best of Divines, could have ?--When I talk to her in a virtuous Way, will she not fee, that I talk for Example, (pardon my Presumption, Madam, in faying fo) as well as Precept? Will she not fee, that Those Principles must proceed from a right Direction, a Direction everthy of being followed, which could make a Sufferer by her, forgive as readily as the could err; and in Hopes of reclaiming her to the Paths of Virtue, forget that the was either her Enemy or her Superior, tho' the one she had Reason to apprehend, and the other she saw I was become?

Nay, would not this Behaviour of mine, very probably, operate on a much higher and nobler Subject, her dear naughty Master, and let bim see the Force and Amiable. So of a virtuous Habit i that there must be something in those Laws, that could make so young a Creature pursue than, in an Instance so difficult to some Minds, (and especially to the passionate and High-born) that of forgiving Insures, when

in one's Power to refent, and of returning Good for Evil?

And then, when no fullen Behaviour to the poor Wretch, on my Side, took Place; no distant Aira were affected, no angry Brow put on, nor Sharpness of Speech, to one who might expect all these from me; would it not show him, that I was sincere in my Forgiveness? that I was not able to bear Malice? was a Stranger to Revenge? had truly that Sostness of Nature, and Placableness of Disposition, which he would wish for in a Person he thought to honour; which he holds to be the greatest Merit in our Sex; and which, I dare say, your Ladyship will join with me in Opinion, is indispensably necessary for a happy Life in the Person who is his Wife?

Then I have no Notion of that slight Distinction I have so often heard, between forgive and forget, when Persons have a Mind to split Hairs, and to distinguish away their Christian Duties by a Word, and say, I must forgive such an Astion, but I will nover forget it: When I would rather say, I will remember such an Astion, in order for my suture Guard; but I will forgive it as often as I remember it, or else I will try to forget it for ever, if it will occasion a Breach in my Christian Charity.

After what I have faid, I will not name leffer Confiderations, such as that of my being forced to accompany with the poor Woman, and my being destitute of the Company of my own Sex, but of such as were too inferior and stupid for me to take Notice of, in the

Prospect before me.

But one thing I may mention further: Might it not, Ladies, be right, that by keeping her, I should make the World think, that Mr. B. had not gone such very wicked Lengths, as would have been imagin'd, if she had not been supportable to me in the same House? Which, moreover, those Persons, who might not know those Reasons which it was not to your dear Brother's Credit to give, might have imputed to me as Arrogance, or Revenge; and so brought still greater Disgrace upon the Choice he had made of me,

as if I would take as much upon me, as the I were to be the Obliger instead of the Obliged; and who knows, besides, what she might have reported of both, had

the been difmiffed?

How then, dearest Ladies, if these Considerations have any Weight, could I act otherwise than I did, either with respect to your honoured Brother, myself, or the poor Woman? And when I told your Ladyship, that I have all the Reason in the World to be pleased with this Manner of Acting, in the Considence it has given me with Mr. B. and his good Opinion of the Sincerity of my Charity, and (in what I was very defirous of) its Effects upon the poor Woman, I dare say, both your Ladyships Opinions will be in my Favour on this Head.

But your dear Brother has just fent me Word, that Supper waits for me; and the Post, moreover, being going off, I defer till the next Opportunity what I have to say as to these good Effects, and am, mean

time,

Your Ladyship's most obliged and faithful Servant,

P. B.

LETTER XVI.

My dear Lady,

I WILL now acquaint you with the good Effect my Behaviour to Mrs. Jewkes has had upon her, as a further Justification of my Conduct towards the poor Woman.

That she began to be affected as I wish'd, appeared to me before I lest the Hall, not only in the Conversation I had with her after my Happiness was compleated; but it still appears in her general Demeanor to the Servants, to the Neighbours, and in her devout Behaviour at Church; but still more particularly in a Letter I have received from Miss Dariford. I dare say, your Ladyship will be pleased with the Perusal of the whole Letter, altho' a Part of it would

would answer my present Design: And in Considence that you will excuse, for the sake of its other Beauties, the high and undeserved Praises which Miss's Goodness makes her so lavishly to bestow upon me, I will transcribe it all.

From Mifs Darnford to Mrs. B.

My dear Neighbour that was.

I Must depend upon your known Goodness, to excuse me for not writing before now, in Answer to your Letter of Compliment to us, for the Civilities and Favours, as you call them, which you received from us in Lincolnsbire, where we were in-

finitely more obliged to you, than you to us. ' The Truth is, my Papa has been much difordered with a kind of rambling Rheumatism, to which the Physicians, learnedly speaking, give the Name of Arthritica vaga, or the Flying Gout; and when he ails ever so little, (It fignifies nothing concealing his Infirmities, where they are so well known, and when he cares not who knows them) he is fo peevish, and wants so much Attendance, that my Mamma, and her two Girls, (one of which is as waspish as her Papa; you may be fure I don't mean myself) have much ado to make his Worfhip keep the Peace: And I being his Favourite. when he is indisposed, because I have most Patience, if I may give myself a good Word, he calls upon me continually, to read to him when he is grave, which is not often indeed, and to tell him Stories, and fing to him, when he is merry; and ' to I have been imploy'd as a principal Person about him, till I have frequently become fad to make him chearful, and happy when I could do it at any Rate. For once, in a Pet, he flung a Book at my · Head, because I had not attended him for Two ' Hours, and he could not bear to be flighted by ' little Bastards, that was his Word, that were father'd upon him for his Vexation !- Ah !- thought I, but I durft not fay it-if thy Lady had been half VOL, III.

as lively as thou half been in thy Day, my worthy Vather, thou mightest have had some Reasons for

the Epithet!

Forgive me, dear Friend; you know I'm a bold Girl: But I love him dearly for all that, and honour him too; and he knows I do; -and, what's ftrange, if he did not love me again, would not have flung his Book at my Head.—O these Men! Fathers or Husbands, much alike! the one tyrannical, the other infolent; fo that, between one and t'other, a poor Girl has nothing for it, but a few Weeks Courtship, and perhaps a first Month's Bridalry, if that; and then she's as much a Slave to a Husband, as she was a Vassal to her Father-I mean, if the Father be a Sir Simon Darnford, and the Spouse a Mr. B.

' But I will be a little more grave, for a graver Occasion calls for it; and yet an Occasion that will give you real Pleasure. It is the very great Change that the Example you have left behind you

has had upon your Housekeeper.

thy Lady had been that

' You defired her to keep up as much Regularity as she could among the Servants there; and she is next to exemplary in it; fo that she has every one's good Word. She speaks of her Lady not only with Respect, but Reverence, and calls it a blessed Day for all the Family, and particularly for herfelf, that you came into Lincolnsbire. She reads Prayers, or makes one of the Servants read them, every Sunday Night, and never misses being at Church, Morning and Afternoon, and is preparing herself by Mr. Peters's Advice and Direction, for receiving the Sacrament, which the earnestly longs to receive, and fays it will be the Seal of her Reformation.

' formation.
' Mr. Peters gives us this Account of her, and fays the is full of Contrition for her past mis-pent Life, and is often asking him, if such and such Sins can be forgiven? and among them names her vile Behaviour to her Angel-Lady, as she calls you.

i-i yat sout imb I and , It

It feems, she has written a Letter to you, which passed Mr. Peters's Revisal before she had the Courage to send it; and prides herself, that you have favoured her with an Answer to it, which, she says, when she is dead, will be found in a Cover of black Silk next her Heart; for any thing from your Hand, she is sure, will be efficacious to her to make her keep her good Purposes; and for that Reason she places it there: and when she has any bad Thoughts, or is guilty of any faulty Word or passionate Expression, she recollects her Lady's Letter, and that recovers her to a Calm, and puts her again into a better Frame.

'As she has written to you, 'tis possible I might have spar'd you the Trouble of reading this Account of her; but yet you will not be displeased, 'that so free a Liver and Speaker, should have some 'Testimonial besides her own Assurances, to youch

' for the Sincerity of her Reformation.

'What a happy Lady are you, that Perfuasion dwells upon your Tongue, and Reformation follows your Example! We all hear continually of your Excellencies. Every body is proud of speaking of you, and of having something to say of what they observe in you. This makes us long more and more to see you here again. My Papa tother Day said, he wish'd you'd undertake him.

'This is not the least of what is admirable in you, that profess'd Rakes and Libertines, who take upon themselves to ridicule Seriousness in every body else, speak of you with Reverence; and while they attribute Pharisaical Pride, or Affectation, or Hypocrify, to other good Persons, they say you are a Credit to Religion, and that adorns you, and you that.

'Happy, thrice happy Mrs. B.! May you long 'live the Ornament of your Sex, and a Credit to all 'your Acquaintance! Such Examples as you fet, 'how are they wanted in an Age so depraved! I fear not making you proud, since Praise but puts 'the Worthy upon inlarging their Deservings: For

It

who, as I heard you once fay, can fit down eafy under imputed Attributes they do not deferve?

If they will not disclaim Praise they have not merited, when apply'd to their Conduct, they give an

Earnest, by receiving it, that they will endeavour to do it, and ought never to rest till they have made

themselves a Title to it.

'Happy Mr. B.!—But why fay I so; since, with more Propriety, I may say, Happy Every one who sees, who knows, who converses with Mrs. B. not more the Glory of the humble Cot, than she is

capable of adorning the princely Palace!

If you knew how I love you, you would favour me with your Presence and Conversation, if it was in your own Power to do so; and then I would rank myself among the Happies, and call myself, The Happy Polly Darnford.

Your Ladyship will, as I said, forgive me what may appear like Vanity in this Communication. Miss Darnford is a charming young Lady. I always admir'd her; but her Letters are the sweetest, kindest!—But I am too much the Subject of their Encomiums, and so will say no more; but add here the Copy of the poor Woman's Letter to me; and your Ladyship will see what an ample Correspondence you have open'd to yourself, if you go on to countenance it.

4 Honoured Madam,

Have been long labouring under two Difficulties; the Defire I had to write to you, and
the Fear of being thought presumptuous, if I did.
But I will depend on your Goodness, so often try'd;
and put Pen to Paper, in that very Closet, and on
that very Desk, which once were so much used by
your dear Self, when I was acting a Part, that now
cuts me to the Heart, to think of. But you forgave me, Madam, and shew'd me you had too
much Goodness to revoke your Forgiveness. And
aould I have silenc'd the Reproaches of my own
Heart,

Heart, I should have had no Cause to think I had ever offended.

But, oh! Madam, how has your Goodness to me, which once filled me with fo much Gladness, now, on Reflection, made me forrowful, and at times miserable !- To think I should act so barbaroufly as I did, by fo much Sweetness, and fo much Forgiveness! Every Place that I remember to have used you hardly in, how does it now fill me with Sadness, and makes me often smite my Breast, and fit down with Tears and Groans, bemoaning my vile Actions, and my hard Heart; How many Places are there in this melancholy fine House, that call one thing or other to my Remembrance, that gives me Remorfe! But the Pond, and the Woodhouse, whence I dragged you so mercilesly, after I had driven you to Defpair almost, what Thoughts do they bring to my Remembrance !--- Then my wicked Infligations-What an odious Wretch was I!

'Had his Honour been as abandoned as myfelf, what a Virtue had been destroy'd between his Orders, and my too rigorous Execution of them; nay, stretching them, to shew my wicked Zeal, to serve a Master, that tho' I honour'd, I should not, (as you more than once hinted to me, but with no Effect at all, so impenetrably wicked was my Heart) have so well obey'd in his unlawful Purposes.

'His Honour has made you Amends, has done Justice to your Merits, and so aton'd his Fault. But as for me, it is out of my Power ever to make Reparation! All that is left me, is, to let your Ladyship see, that your pious Example has made such an Impression upon me, that I am miserable now in the Resection upon my past

1-

nd

d.

1;

on

by

WC

or-

00

nd

wn

III,

Guilt!—
'You have forgiven me, and GOD will, I hope;
for the Creature cannot be more merciful than
the Creator; that is all my Hope!——Yet fometimes; I dread that I am forgiven here, at least not
D 3

punish'd,

punish'd, in order to be punish'd the more hereafter ! - What will then become of the unhappy Wretch, that has thus lived in a State of Sin, and had so qualify'd herself by a Course of Wickednefs, as to be thought a proper Instrument for the worst Purposes that any one could be imploy'd ' in ?

' Good your Ladyship, let not my honour'd Master fee this Letter. He will think I have the Boldnefs to reflect upon him; when, God knows my Heart, I only write to condemn myfelf, and my unavomanly Actions, as you were pleased often most

justly to call them.

But I might go on thus for ever accusing my-" felf, not confidering who I am writing to; and whose precious Time I am taking up.—But what I chiefly write for, I am not come to yet; that is, to beg your Ladyship's Prayers for me. For oh, Madam, I fear I shall else be for ever miserable! We every Week hear of the Good you do, and the Charity you extend to the Bodies of the Miserable. Extend, I beseech you, good Madam, to the unhappy Jewkes, the Mercy of your Prayers, and tell me, if you think I have not finned beyond Hope of Pardon; for there is a Woe denounced against the presumptuous Sinner.

' Your Ladyship affured me, at your Departure, on the Confession of my Remorfe for my Misdoings, and my Promise of Amendment, that you would take it for a Proof of my being in Earnest, if I would endeavour to keep up a Regularity among the Servants here; if I would subdue them with Kindness, as I had owned myself subdued; and if I would endeavour to make every one think, that the best Security they could give of their doing their Duty to their Master in his Absence, was by doing it to God Almighty, whose Omniscience made him always present. This, I remember, your Ladyship told me, was the best Test of Fidelity and Duty, that any Servants " could

could shew; fince it was impossible without Religion, but that worldly Convenience, or Self-Interest, must be the main Tye; and when that failed, the worst Actions might succeed, if Servants thought they should find their fordid Advantage in facrificing their Duty.

'So well am I convinced of this Truth, that I hope I have begun the Example to good Effect; and as no one in the Family was fo wicked as I, and so they had less Pains to take to be reformed, you will take Pleasure to know, that you have now Servants here, whom you need not be ashamed to call yours.

'Tis true, I found it a little difficult at first to keep them within Sight of their Duty, after your Ladyship departed: But when they saw I was in Earnest, and used them courteously, as you advised, and as your Usage of me convinced me was the rightest Usage; when they were told I had your Commands to acquaint you, how they conformed to your Injunctions; the Task became easy; and I hope we shall all be still more and more worthy of the Favour of so good a Lady, and so bountiful a Master.

'I dare not presume upon the Honour of a Line
to your unworthy Servant. Yet it would pride me
much, if I could have it. But I shall ever pray
for your Ladyship's and his Honour's Felicity, as
becomes

Your undeserving Servant, 'K. JEWKES.'

I have already, with these transcribed Letters of Miss Darnsford and Mrs. Jewkes, written a great deal: but nevertheless, as there yet remains one Passage in your Ladyship's Letter, relating to Mrs. Jewkes, that seems to require an Answer, I will take Notice of it, if I shall not quite tire your Patience.

That Passage is this; "Lady Betty rightly ob-"ferves, says your Ladyship, That he knew wha D 4 "at a vile Woman she [Mrs. Jewkes] was, when he put you into her Power; and, no doubt, imploy'd her, because he was sure, she would answer all his Purposes: And that therefore she should have had very little Opinion of the Sincerity of his Reformation, while he was so solicitous in

" keeping her there."

I make no doubt, Madam, that Mrs. Jewkes was placed there, as one who would be subservient to every bad Design; and that this was the Reason of Mr. B.'s causing me to be carried off to that House: But then this was a Proof too of my hopeless Condition, and of my want of Power to make his Resor-

mation any Part of my Terms.

Alas! Madam, I was to take him as I found him, as I have already hinted, glad of my own Safety; and had only to hope, that God (and HE only could do it; for neither Law nor Justice had stood in the naughty Gentleman's Way) would perfect the good Work already begun in him; and having first made him refrain from what he had absolutely determin'd upon, would next let him see his Error, and at last give him Grace to reform.

But Lady Betty adds, "That had she been in my Case, she would have had one Struggle for Mrs. Jewkes's Dismission, let it have been taken as it would; and he that was so well pleased with my Virtue, must have thought this a natural Consequence of it, if he was in earnest to resclaim."

But, alas! Madam, he was not so well pleased with my Virtue for Sake's sake, as Lady Betty thinks he was. He would have been glad, at that very Time, to have found me less resolved on that score. He did not so much as pretend to be in earnest to reclaim: No, not he!

He had entertained, as it proved, a strong Pasfion for me. This Passion had been heighten'd by my resisting of it. His Pride, and the Advantages he had both of Person and Fortune, would not let

him brook Controul; and when he could not have me upon his own Terms, God turn'd his evil Purposes to good ones, and he resolved to submit to my own, or rather to fuch as he found I would not yield to him without. For all this time, I had no Terms to propose. Neither my low Fortunes, my unjust Captivity, nor my Sex, nor unexperienc'd Youth, (not a Soul near me, whom I could call my Friend, or whose Advice I could ask) permitted me to offer at making Terms with him, had I been difposed to have disputed his Will, or his Intercession for the Woman; which, as I have faid, I was not. I had but one steady Purpose to adhere to, and having Grace given me to adhere to that, he refolved, fince he could not conquer his Passion for me, to make me his with Honour. But still, I doubt, as I said, this was not for the Love of Virtue at that time. came afterwards, and I hope will be always his governing Motive, in his future Actions; and then I shall be happy indeed!

But Lady Betty thinks, "I was to blame to put "Mrs. Jewkes upon a Foot, in the Present I made "on my Nuptials, with Mrs. Jervis." But the Case was rather this, That I put Mrs. Jervis on a Foot with Mrs. Jewkes; for the dear Gentleman had named the Sum he would have me give Mrs. Jewkes "; and I would not give Mrs. Jervis less, because I loved her better; nor more could I give her, on that Occasion, without making such a Difference between two Persons equal in Station, on a Solemnity too where one was present and assisting, the other not, as would have shewn such a Partiality, as might have induced their Master to conclude, I was not so sincere in my Forgiveness as he hoped from me, and as I really.

was.

But a stronger Reason still was behind; that I could, in a much more agreeable manner, both to Mrs. Jervis and myself, shew my Love and my Gratitude to the dear good Woman: And this I.

^{*} See Vol. II. p. 133.

have taken care to do, in the manner I will submit to your Ladyship; at the Tribunal of whose Judgment I am willing all my Actions, respecting your dear Brother, shall be try'd: And I hope, your Ladyship will not think me a too profuse or lavish Creature; I hope you won't have Reason for it; Yet if you think you have, pray, my dear Lady, don't spare me; for if you shall judge me profuse in one article, I will endeavour to save it in another.

But I will make what I have to fay on this Head the Subject of a Letter by itself. And am, mean time,

> Your Ladysbip's most obliged, and obedient Servant.

> > P. B.

LETTER XVII.

My dear Lady,

It is needful, in order to let you more intelligibly into the Subject where I left off in my last, that your Ladyship should know, that your generous Brother has made me his Almoner, as I was my late dear Lady's; and has ordered Mr. Longman to pay me 50%. Quarterly, for Purposes of which he requires no Account, tho' I have one always † ready to produce; and he has given me other Sums to inable me to do all the Good I can to distressed Objects, at my first setting out. Thus inabled, your Ladyship knows not how many honest Hearts I have made glad already, and how many I hope to rejoice before a Year is at an End, and yet come within my Limits.

Now, Madam, as I knew Mrs. Jervis was far from being easy in her Circumstances, thinking her-felf obliged to pay old ‡ Debts for two extrava-

gant

. that . II hove a s

^{*} See Vol. II. p. 276. + Ibid. p. 268. ‡ Vol. I. p. 81.

tiness

gant Children who are both dead; and maintaining in Schooling and Cloaths three of their Children, which always keeps her bare; I took upon me one Day, as she and I sat together, at our Needles, to say to her, (as we are always running over old Stories, when we are alone) My good Mrs. Jervis, will you allow me to ask you after your own private affairs, and if you are tolerably easy in them?

You are very good, Madam, faid she, to concern yourself about my poor Matters, so much as you have to imploy your Thoughts about, and so much as every Moment of your Time is taken up from the Hour you rise, to the Time of your Rest. But I can with great Pleasure attribute it to your Bounty, and that of my honoured Master, that I am easier and

But tell me, my dear Mrs. Jervis, faid I, how your Matters particularly stand. I love to mingle Concerns with my Friends, and as I hide nothing from you, I hope you'll treat me with equal Freedom; for I always loved you, and always will; and

nothing but Death shall divide our Friendship.

She had Tears of Gratitude in her Eyes, and taking off her Spectacles, I cannot bear, said she, so much Goodness!—Oh! my Lady!—

Oh! my Pamela, fay, reply'd I!—How often must I chide you for calling me any thing but your Pamela, when we are alone together?—

My Heart, faid the, will burst with your Goodness !

—I cannot bear it!—

But you must bear it, and bear still worse Exercises to your grateful Heart, I can tell you that: A pretty thing, truly! Here, I a poor helpless Girl, raised from Poverty and Distress, by the Generosity of the best of Gentlemen, only because I was young and sightly, shall put on Lady-airs to a Gentlewoman born, the Wisdom of whose Years, and her faithful Services, and good Management, make her a much greater Merit in this Family, than I can pretend to have!——And return, shall I? in the Day of my Power, Insult and Haugh-

tiness for the Kindness and Benevolence I received from her in that of my Indigence! - Indeed, I won't forgive you my dear Mrs. Jerwis, if I think you capable of looking upon me in any other Light than as your Daughter; for you have been a Mother to me, when the Absence of my own could not afford me the Comfort, and good Counsel, I received

every Day from you.-

Then moving my Chair nearer her, and taking her Hand, and wiping, with my Handkerchief in my other, her reverend Cheek, Come, come, my dear fecond Mother, faid I, call me your Daughter, your Pamela: I have passed many sweet Hours with you under that Name: And as I have but too feldom fuch an Opportunity as this, open to me your worthy heart, and let me know, if I cannot make my fecond Mother as easy and happy as our dear Master has made my first?-

She hung her Head on her Shoulder, and I waited till the Discharge of her Tears gave Time for Utterance to her Words; provoking only her Speech, by faying, You used to have Three Grandchildren to provide for in Cloaths and Schooling. They are all

living, I hope?

Yes, Madam, they are living: And your last Bounty (Twenty Guineas was a great Sum, and all at once!) made me very easy, and very happy!-

How easy, and how happy, Mrs. Jervis?

Why, my dear Lady, I paid Five to one old Creditor of my unhappy Sons; Five to a fecond; and Two-and-an-half to two others, in Proportion to their respective Demands; and with the other Five I paid off all Arrears of the poor Childrens Schooling and Maintenance, and every one is fatisfy'd and eafy, and all declare they will never do harsh Things by me, if hey are paid no more.

But, tell me, Mrs. Jervis, what you owe in the World, put all together; and you and I will contrive, with Justice to our best Friend, to do all we can, to make you quite easy; for, at your Time of Life, I cannot bear, that you shall have any thing to disturb

you, which I can remove; and fo my dear Mrs. Jer-

wis. let me know all.

Come, I know your Debts, (dear, just, good Woman, as you are!) like David's Sins are ever before you: So come, putting my Hand in her Pocket, let me be a friendly Pick-pocket: Let me take out your Memorandum-Book, and we will see how all Matters stand, and what can be done. Come, I see you are too much moved; your worthy Heart is too much affected (pulling out her Book, which she always has about her): I will go to my Closet, and return presently.

So I left her to recover her Spirits, and retir'd

with the good Woman's Book to my Clofet.

Your dear Brother stepping into the Parlour just after I had gone out, Where's your Lady, Mrs. Jerwis? said he; and being told, came up to me, What ails the good Woman below, my Dear? said he: I

hope you and she have had no Words!

No, indeed, Sir, answer'd I.—If we had, I am fure it would have been my Fault: But I have picked her Pocket of her Memorandum-Book, in order to look into her private Affairs, to see if I cannot, with Justice to our common Benefactor, make her as easy as you, Sir, have made my other dear Parents.

A Bleffing faid the dear Gentleman, upon my Charmer's benevolent Heart!—I will leave every thing to your Discretion, my Dear!—Do all the

Good you prudently can to your Mrs. Jervis.

I clasped my bold Arms about him, the starting Tear testifying my Gratitude: Dearest, dear Sir, said I, you affect me as much, as I did Mrs. Jervis: And if any one but you had a Right to ask, What ails your Pamela? as you do, What ails Mrs. Jervis? I must say, I am hourly so much oppress'd by your Goodness, that there is hardly any bearing one's own Joy.

He faluted me, and faid, I was a dear obliging Creature. But, faid he, I came to tell you, that after we have din'd, we'll take a Turn, if you pleafe, to Lady Arthur's: She has a Family of London Friends for her Guests, and begs I will prevail upon you to give her your Company, and attend you myself, only to drink Tea with her; for I have told her, we are to have Friends to sup with us.

I will attend you, Sir, reply'd I, most willingly;

altho' I doubt I am to be made a Shew of.

Something like it, faid he—For she has promis'd them this Favour.

I need not dress otherwise than I am?

No, he was pleased to say, I was always what he wished me to be.

So he left me to my good Works, (those were his kind Words) and I ran over Mrs. Jervis's Accounts, and found a Balance drawn of all her Matters, in one Leaf, in a very clear manner, and a thankful Acknowledgment to God, for her Master's last Bounty, "which had inabled her to give Satisfaction to others, and do herself great Pleasure," as she had written underneath.

The Balance of all was 35 l. 11 s. and odd Pence; and I went to my Escritoire, and took out 40 l. and down I hasted to my good Mrs. Fervis. And I said, to her, Here, my dear good Friend, is your Pocket-Book; but are 35 or 36 l. all you owe or are bound for in the World?

It is, Madam, faid she, and enough too. It is a great Sum; but 'tis in Four Hands, and they are all in pretty good Circumstances; and so convinced of my Honesty, that they will never trouble me for it; for I have reduced the Debt every Year something, since I have been in my Master's Service.

Nor shall it ever be in any Body's Power, said I, to trouble you. I'll tell you how we'll order it.

So I fat down and made her fit down by me, Here, my dear Mrs. Jervis, is 40 l. It is not fo much to me now, as the * Two Guineas were to you, that you would have given me, if I would have accepted

Dear

accepted of them, at my going away from this House, to my Father's as I thought. But I will not give it you neither, at least at present, as you shall hear: Indeed I won't make you so uneasy as that comes to. But here take this, and pay the Thirtyfive Pounds odd Money to the utmost Farthing; and the remaining Four Pounds odd will be a little Fund in Advance towards the Childrens Schooling. And thus you shall repay it. I always defigned, as our dear Master added Five Guineas per Annum to your Salary, in Acknowledgment of the Pleasure he took in your Services, when I was Pamela Andrews, to add Five Pounds per Annum to it from the Time I became But from that time, for so many Years to come, you shall receive no more than you did, till the whole Forty Pounds be repaid. And fo, my dear Mrs. Jervis, you won't have any Obligation to me, you know, but for the Advance; and that is a poor Matter, not to be spoken of: And I will have Leave for it, for fear I should die.

Had your Ladyship seen the good dear Woman's Behaviour on this Occasion, you would never have forgot it. She could not speak: Tears ran down her Cheeks in plentiful Currents: her modest Hand put gently from her my offering Hand, and her Bosom heav'd, and she sobb'd with the painful Tumult that seem'd to struggle within her, and, which for some few Moments, made her incapable of speaking.

At last, I rising, and putting my Arm round her Neck, and wiping her Eyes, and kissing her Cheek, she cry'd, My dear, my excellent Lady! 'tis too much! too much! I cannot bear all this—And then she threw herself at my Feet; for I was not strong enough to hinder it, and with uplisted Hands, May God Almighty, said she—I kneeled by her, and clasping her Hands in mine, both uplisted together—May God Almighty, said I, drowning her Voice with my louder Voice bless us both together, for many happy Years! and may He bless and reward the dear Gentleman who has thus inabled me to make the Widow's Heart to sing for Joy!

Dear, good Woman, faid I, rifing, and raifing her, Do you think you shall outdo me in Prayers and Praises to the Fountain of all our Mercies?—Do you think you shall?—And while I am impower'd to do Good to so many worthy Objects abroad, shall I forget to make my dear Mrs. Jervis happy at bome?

And thus, my Lady, did I force upon the good

Woman's Acceptance the Forty Pounds.

Permit me, Madam, to close this Letter here, and to resume the Subject in my next; till when I have the Honour to be,

Your Ladyship's most obliged and faithful Servant,

P. B.

LETTER XVIII.

My dear Lady,

I NOW resume my last Subject where I lest off, that your Ladyship may have the Whole before

you at one View.

I went after Dinner, with my dear Benefactor, to Lady Arthur's; and met with fresh Calls upon me for Humility, having the too natural Effects of the Praises and professed Admiration of that Lady's Guests, as well as my dear Mr. B.'s, and those of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur, to guard myself against: And your good Brother was pleased to entertain me in the Chariot, going and coming, with an Account of the Orders he had given in relation to the London House, which is actually taken, and the Furniture he should direct for it; so that I had no Opportunity to tell him what I had done in relation to Mrs. Jervis.

But after Supper, retiring from Company to my Closet, when his Friends were gone, he came up to me about our usual Bed-time: He inquired kindly after my Imployment, which was trying to read in the French Telemachus: For, my Lady, I am learn-

ing French, I'll affure you! And who, do you think, is my Mafter?—Why, the best I could have in the World, your dearest Brother, who is pleased to say I am no Dunce: How inexcusable should I be, if I was, with such a Master, who teaches me on his Knee, and rewards me with a Kiss whenever I do well, and says, I have already nearly master'd the Accent and Pronunciation, which he tells me is a great Difficulty got over.

I requested him to render for me into English two or three Places that were beyond my Reach; and when he had done it, he asked me, in French, What

I had done for Mrs. Fervis?

I said, Permit me, Sir, (for I am not Proficient enough to answer you in my new Tongue in English, to say, I have made the good Woman quite happy; and if I have your Approbation, I shall be as much so myself in this Instance, as I am in all others.

I dare answer for your Prudence, my Dear, he was pleased to say; but this is your Favourite: Let me know, when you have so bountiful a Heart to

Strangers, what you do for your Favourites?

I then faid, Permit my bold Eye, Sir, to watch yours, as I obey you; and you know you must turn from me then, or else how shall I look you in the Face? how see, as I proceed, whether you are displeased? for you will not chide me in Words, so partial have you the Goodness to be to all my Foibles.

He put his Arm round my Waist, and looked down now-and-then, as I desired; for, O Madam, he is all Condescension and Goodness to his unworthy yet grateful Pamela! And I told him all I have written to your Ladyship about the Forty Pounds,—And now, dear Sir, said I, half hiding my Face on his Bosom, you have heard what I have done, chide or beat your Pamela, if you please: It shall be all kind from you, and Matter of suture Direction and Caution.

the time of not hold his ai jem are it traces

He raised my Head, and kissed me two or three times, saying, Thus then I chide, I beat, my Angel!—And yet I have one Fault to find with you; and let Mrs. Jervis, if not in Bed, come up to us, and hear what it is; for I will expose you as you deserve before her. My Polly being in Hearing, attending to know if I wanted her Assistance to undress, I bad her call Mrs. Jervis. And tho' I thought from his kind Looks, and kind Words, as well as tender Behaviour, that I had not much to sear, yet I was impatient to know what my Fault was, for which I was so to be exposed.

The good Woman came, and as she enter'd with all that Modesty which is so graceful in her, he moved his Chair further from me, and, with a set Aspect, but not unpleasant, said,—Step in, Mrs. Jervis: Your Lady (for so, Madam, he will always call me to Mrs. Jervis and the Servants) has incurred my Cenfure, and I would not tell her in what, till I had you

Face to Face.

She look'd furpris'd—now on me, now on her dear Master; and I, not knowing what he would say, looked a little attentive.—I am forry—I am very forry for it, Sir! said she, court'sying low.—But should be more forry, if I were the unhappy Occasion.

Why, Mrs. Jervis, I can't say but it is on your

Account that I must blame her.

This gave us both Confusion, but especially the good Woman; for still I hoped much from his kind Behaviour to me just before.—And she said, Indeed Sir, I could never deserve—

He interrupted her, My Charge against you, Pamela, said he, is that of Niggardliness, and no other; for I will put you both out of your Pain: You ought not to have found out the Method of Repayment.

The dear Creature, faid he, to Mrs. Jervis, feldom does any Thing that can be mended; but, I think, when your good Conduct deserved an annual Acknowledgment from me, in Addition to your Sa-

lary, the Lady should have shewed herself no less pleased with your Service, than the Gentleman.— Had it been for old Acquaintance-sake, for Sex-sake, she should not have given me Cause to upbraid her on this Head.—But I will tell you, that you must look upon the Forty Pounds you have, as the Effect of a just Distinction on many Accounts; and your Salary from last Quarter-day shall be advanced, as the dear Niggard intended it some Years hence; and let me only add, that when my Pamela first begins to shew a Coldness to her Mrs. Jervis, I shall then suspect she is beginning to decline in that humble Virtue which is now peculiar to herself, and makes her the Delight of all who converse with her.

This was what he was pleased to fay: Thus with the most graceful Generosity, and a Noblemes of Mind truly peculiar to himself, was he pleased to ad: And what, does your Ladyship think, could Mrs. Jervis or I say to him?—Why indeed nothing at all!—We could only look upon one another, with our Eyes sull, and our Hearts sull, of a Gratitude that would not permit either of us to speak, but which express'd itself at last in a Manner he was pleased to call more elegant than Words, and that was, with uplisted solded Hands, and Tears of Joy.

Oh my dear Lady! how many Opportunities have the beneficent Rich to make themselves, as well as their Fellow-creatures, happy! All that I could think, or say, or act, was but my Duty before; what a Sense of Obligation then must I lie under to this

most generous of Men!

But here let me put an End to this tedious Subject; the principal Part of which can have no Excuse, if it may not serve as a Proof of my chearful Compliance with your Ladyship's Commands, That I recite every Thing that is of Concern to me, and with the same Freedom as I was wont to do to my dear Parents.

I have done it, and at the same time have offer'd what I had to plead in Behalf of my Conduct to the

two Housekeepers, which you expected from me; and I shall therefore close this my humble Defence, if I may so call it, with the Assurance that I am,

My dearest Lady, Your obliged and faithful Servant,

P. B.

LETTER XIX.

From Lady Davers to Mrs. B. In Answer to the Six last Letters.

"WHERE she had it, I can't tell; but I think I never met with the Fellow of her in my Life, at any Age;" are, as I remember, my Brother's Words, speaking of his Pamela, in the early Part of your Papers. In Truth, thou'rt a surprising Creature; and every Letter we have from you, we have new Subjects to admire you for.—Do you think, Lady Betty, said I, when I had read to the End of the Subject about Mrs. Jervis, I will not soon set out to hit this charming Girl a Box of the Ear or two?

For what, Lady Davers? faid she.

For what! reply'd I.—Why, don't you fee how many Slaps of the Face the bold Slut hits me?—I'll LADY-AIRS her! I will!—Filt teach her to reproach me, and so many of her Betters, with her Cottage Excellencies, and Improvements that shame our Education.

Why, you dear charming Pamela, did you only exceed me in Words, I could forgive you; for there may be a Knack, and a Volubility, as to Words, that a natural Talent may supply; but to be thus outdone in Thought and in Deed, who can bear it? and in so young an Insulter too!

Well, Pamela, look to it, when I fee you: You shall feel the Weight of my Hand, or—the Pressure

of my Lip, one or t'other, depend on it, very quickly: For here, instead of my stooping, as I had thought it would be, to call you Sister, I shall be forced to think in a little while, that you ought not to own me as yours, till I am nearer your Standard.

But to come to Business. I will summarily take Notice of the following Particulars in all your obliging Letters, in order to convince you of my Friendship, by the Freedom of my Observations

on the Subjects you touch upon.

First, then, I am highly pleased with what you write of the Advantages you received from the Favour of my dear Mother; and as you know many Things of her by your Attendance upon her, in the last three or four Years of her Life, I must desire you will give me, as Opportunity shall offer, all you can recollect in relation to the honoured Lady, and of her Behaviour and Kindness to you, and with a Retrospect to your own early Beginnings, the Dawnings of this your bright Day of Excellence: And this not only I, but the Countess, and Lady Betty, (her Sister Lady Jenny too) with whom I am going over your

Papers again, request of you.

2. I am much pleased with your Kentish Account; tho' we wished you had been more particular in some Parts of it; for we are greatly taken with your Descriptions, and your Conversation Pieces: Yet I own, your honest Father's Letters, and yours, a good deal supply that Defect, as our Pleasure in reading your Relations makes us call it. Your Parents are honest, discreet Folks, I see that : I have a Value for them. And you're the prudentest Creature I ever knew, in all your Ways; particularly in the Advice you give them about your more distant Relations, and to aim at nothing beyond their natural Sphere. - Every Tittle is right, and as it should be. On these Accounts it is, that all the World will allow, that you, and your Parents too, merit the Fortune you have met with,

3. I am highly delighted with the Account you give me of my Brother's breaking to you the Affair of Sally Godfrey, and your Conduct upon it. 'Tis a fweet Story, as he brought it on, and as you relate it. The Wretch has been very just in his Account of it. But don't you think he was a sad young Fellow! Well may you be thankful for your Escape; well may you!—Your Behaviour was what I admire; and so we do all; but none of us think we could have imitated it in all its Parts. We are in Love with your charitable Reslections in favour of the poor Lady; and the more, as she certainly deserved them; and a better Mother too than she had, and a faithfuller

Lover, than she met with.

4. You have exactly hit his Temper, in your declared Love of Miss. I see, Child, you know your Man; and never fear but you'll hold him, if you can go on thus to act, and outdo your Sex. But I should think you might as well not insist upon having Miss with you; for the Girl may be pert, perhaps insolent (you know who is her Father); you'd not care to check her, for several Reasons, and this may make you uneasy; for, if you did, he might take it amiss, let your Motives be ever so good: So I think you'd better see her now and-then at the Dairy-house, or at School, than have her with you.—But this I leave to your own Discretion, and his good Pleasure, to determine upon; for in the latter it must rest, let you, or me, or any body, say what we will.

fwer'd our Objections to your Behaviour to Mrs. Fewkes. We had not confidered your Circumstances quite so thoroughly as we ought to have done. You are a charming Girl, and all your Motives are so just, that we shall be a little more cautious for the suture how we censure you. We are particularly pleased with the Triumphs of your Innocence over his and her Guilt; and agree, that they are the rightest and best-to-be-defended Motives for

Pride that ever were fet before us.

In fhort, I say with the Countess, This good Girl is not without her Pride; but it is the Pride that becomes, and can only attend, the innocent Heart; and I'll warrant, said her Ladyship, nobody will become her Station so well as one who is capable of so

worthy a Pride as this.

But what a Curtain-Lecture hadft thou, Pamela! A noble one, doft thou call it!—Why, what aWretch haft thou got, to expect thou fhould'st never expostulate against his lordly Will, even when in the Wrong, till thou hast obey'd it, and of consequence join'd in the Evil he imposes! He says, indeed, in fmall Points! but I suppose he is to judge which are and which are not small.

Thus, I remember, my Brother himself took Notice once of a Proposal in the House of Commons, to grant the Crown a very great Sum to answer Civil-List Desiciencies, which being opposed by the Minority, the Minister sound out an Expedient, that they would give the Money first, and examine into the Merits of the Demand afterwards. So we read, that in some Countries, an accused Person is put to Death, and try'd afterwards, and all he has to hope for while he lives, is, that his Relations, and his own Family, will be released from Obloquy, if an Acquittal ensues.

Much good may do you with such an Husband, says Lady Betty!—Every body will admire you, but no one will have Reason to envy you upon those Principles. Yet, I don't know how it is, but this is evident, that at present there is not a happier Couple in the

World than you two are.

6. I am pleased with your Promise of sending me what you think I shall like to see, out of those Papers you chuse not to shew me collectedly; This is very obliging. You're a good Girl, and I love you dearly.

7. We have all smiled at your Paradox, Pamela, that his marrying you was an Instance of his Pride. The Thought, tho, is pretty enough, and ingenious:

the contour lights in appropring, reprove

But whether it will hold or not, I won't just now examine.

8. Your Observation on the Forget and Forgive we are much pleased with, and think you have di-

stinguished well on that Head.

9. You are a very good Girl for fending me a Copy of Miss Darnford's Letter. She is a charming young Lady. I always had a great Opinion of her Merit; her Letter abundantly confirms me in it. I hope you'll communicate to me every Letter that passes between you; and pray send me in your next a Copy of your Answer to her Letter: I must insist upon it, I think.

Jo. I am glad with all my Heart to hear of poor fewkes's Reformation. Your Example carries all before it. But pray oblige me with your Answer to her Letter. Don't think me unreasonable: 'Tis all for your sake. You must needs know that, or you know nothing. For I think you deserve all Miss Darnford says of you; and that's a great deal too.

Pray have you shewn Jewkes's Letter to your good Friend ?- Lady Betty wants to know (if you have) what he could fay to it? for, the fays, it cuts him to the Quick; and I think fo too, if he takes it as he ought: But, as you fay, he's above loving Virtue for Virtue's fake, I warrant him. He likes it in a Wife, because 'tis a Husband's Security against the Lex Talionis. There's a great deal in that, I can tell you. I once heard the Wretch hold an Argument, that Women had no Souls. I asked him, If he was to marry, whether he'd have his Wife all as if the believ'd this Doctrine to be good? That was another thing he faid: He was for having his Wife think she had, he must own: Such a Belief could do her no Harm. Ah! Pamela, Theory and Practice, never was fuch a Rake, for one not quite a Town Debauchee!

h

0

11

11. Your Manner of Acting by Mrs. Jervis, with fo handsome a Regard to my Brother's Interest, her Behaviour upon it, and your Relation of the Whole, and of his generous Spirit in approving, reproving,

and improving your prudent Generofity, make no inconfiderable Figure in your Papers. And Lady Betty fays, Hang him, he has fome excellent Qualities too !- It is impossible not to think well of him; and his good Actions go a great way towards atoneing for his bad. But you, Pamela, have the Glory of all! We defire particularly, that you will never omit any of those moving Scenes, which you so well describe, be the Occasion what it will: For they are Nature, and that's your Excellence. Keep to that; for one more learned, I verily think, could not write as you do, nor instruct, and delight, and move, all at once, fo very ingagingly.

I am glad you are learning French: Thou art & happy Girl in thy Teacher, and he is a happy Man in his Scholar. We are pleased with the pretty Account you give us of his Method of Instructing and Rewarding. 'Twould be strange, if you did not learn any Language quickly under such Methods, and with fuch Encouragements, from the Man you love. were your Genius less apt than it is. But we wish'd you had inlarged on that Subject: For fuch Fondness of Men to their Wives, who have been any time marry'd, is fo rare and fo unexpected from my Brother, that we thought you should have written

a Side upon that Subject at least. What a bewitching Girl art thou! What an Exemplar to Wives now, as well as thou wast before to Maidens! Thou canst tame Lions, I dare fay, if thou'dft try !- Reclaim a Rake in the Meridian of his Libertinism, and make such an one as my Brother not only marry thee, but love thee better at feveral Months End, than he did the first Day, if possible! Wonderful Girl! Yet usest thou no Arts but honest ones, fuch as Prudence directs, Nature points out, and fuch as make Duty delightful, even commanding most, when thou seemest most to submit.

It must be owned indeed, that thou hast no brutal Mind to deal with: Bad as he is, it must be said, that thou hast a sensible and a generous Heart to work upon; one who takes no Glory in the blind Submiffion of a Slave; but like a true British Monarch, delights to reign in a free, rather than in an abject Mind. Yet is he jealous as a Tyrant of his Prerogative: but you have found the way to lay that watchful Dragon asleep, and so possess the golden Fruits of Content and true Pleasure, the due Reward

of your matchless Conduct:

Now, my dear Pamela, I think I have taken Notice of the most material Articles in your Letters, and have no more to say to you; but Write on, and oblige us; and mind to send me the Copy of your Letter to Miss Darnford, of that you wrote to poor penitent Jewkes, and every Article I have written about, and all that comes into your Head, or that passes, and you'll oblige

Yours, &c.

B. DAVERS.

4.1

· F

is

W W

' in

ta D

LETTER XX.

My dear Lady,

Read with Pleasure your Commands, in your last kind and obliging Letter, and you may be fure of a ready Obedience in every one of them that

is in my Power.

That which I can most easily do, I will first do; and that is, to transcribe the Answer I sent to Miss Darnsford, and that to Mrs. Jewkes, the former of which (and a long one it is) is as follows ::

Dear Mis,

Begin now to be afraid I shall not have the Pleasure and Benefit I promised myself, of pas.

fing a Fortnight or three Weeks at the Hall, in your fweet Conversation, and that of your worthy Fa-

mily, as well as those others in your agreeable Neighbourhood, whom I must always remember

with equal Honour and Delight.

'The

^{*} See Miss Darnford's Letter, p. 73. of this Volume.

'The Occasion will be principally, that we expect very foon a Visit from Lord and Lady Dawers, who propose to tarry here a Fortnight at least; and after that, the advanc'd Season will carry us to London, where Mr. B. has taken a House for his Winter Residence, and in order to attend Parlia-' ment : A Service, he fays, which he has been more deficient in hitherto, than he can either answer to his Constituents, or to his own Conscience; for ' tho', he fays, he is but One, yet if any good Mo-'tion should be lost by one, every absent Member, who is independent, has it to reproach himself with ' the Consequences that may follow, on the Loss of that Good which might otherwise redound to the 'Commonwealth. And besides, he says, such Ex-' cuses as be could make, every one might plead, 'and then publick Affairs might as well be left to the Administration, and no Parliament be chosen.

'He observed further on this Subject, that every 'absent Member, in such Cases, indirectly abets the Minister, be he who he will, in all his Designs, be they what they will, and has even less Excuse to ' his Country, than the Man, who, for a transitory Benefit to his private Family, takes a Pension or 'Reward for his Vote; fince the Difference is only, ' that the one passively ruins his Country by Neglect and Indolence, which can do nobody good, and the other more actively by Corruption, which, 'tho' ruinous in the End to the whole Publick, in 'which his own Private is included, yet ferves to answer some present Turn or Benefit to himself or ' Family.

' See, you, my dear Miss, from the humble Cot-' tager, what a publick Person your favour'd Friend 'is grown! And behold how easy it is for a bold 'Mind to look forward, and, perhaps, forgetting 'what she was, now she imagines she has a Stake 'in the Country, takes upon herfelf, to be as important, as fignificant, as if, like my dear Mils Darnford, she had been born to it ! But if, never-

theless, I am censur'd for troubling my Head with · Politicks.

Politicks, let me answer, That I am at Liberty, I hope, to tell you Mr. B's Sentiments of these high

' Matters, and that is all I have done.

Well, but, my dearest Miss, may I not prefume to ask, Whether, if the Mountain cannot come to Mahomet, Mahomet will not come to the Mountain? Since Lady Daver's Visit is so uncertain as to its Beginning and Duration, and fo great a Favour, as I am to look upon it, and

really shall, it being her first Visit to me;——and fince we must go and take Possession of our Lon-

don Refidence; why can't Sir Simon spare to us the dear Lady, whom he could use so hard; and

"whose Attendance (tho' he is indeed intitled to all her Duty, he did not, just in that Instance, quite so

' much deserve ?

"Well, but, after all, Sir Simon," would I fay, if I had been in Presence at his peevish Hour, you are a fine Gentleman, are you not? to shew your good Daughter, that because she did not come foon enough to you, she came too foon! And did ever Papa, before you, put a good Book (for such I doubt not it was, because you were in Affliction, tho' so little affected by its Precepts) to such a bad Use? As Parents Examples are so prevalent, fuppose Miss had taken this very Book, and slung it at her Sister; Miss Nanny at her Waiting-Maid; and so it had gone thro' the Family; would it not have been an Excuse for every one, to say, that the Father and Head of the Family had set the

"Example?

"But again, Sir Simon, Suppose you had hurt the

"sweet Dove-like Eyes of my dear Miss Darn
"sford — Suppose you had bruis'd or broken the

since Skin of any Part of that fine Face, which

" gives, at first Sight, so bright a Promise of her fill finer Mind, what, let me ask you, Sir, could you have said for yourself? How would the dear

" Miss's Appearance, with one sweet Eye, perhaps, " muffled up, with a plaister'd Forehead, or a veiled

"Cheek, hiding herself from every body else but

"you, and her grieved Mamma, and pitying Sister, "reproach'd you for so rash an Act? — nay, reproach'd you the more, by her unreproaching

Obligingness, and chearful Duty, than if (were
she capable of it) she could have spoken in sharp

Complaints, and expostulatory Wailings?

" You almost wish, my dear Miss tells me, that " I would undertake you! - This is very good of " you, Sir Simon," ' might I (would his indulgent Patience suffer me to run on thus) have added " But I hope, (fince you are fo fenfible, that you " want to be undertaken, and fince this peevilh "Rashness convinces me, that you dod that you " will undertake yourself that you will not, when "your Indisposition makes the Attendance and "Duty of my dear Lady and Miss's necessary, " make it more uncomfortable to them, by adding " a Difficulty of being pleas'd, and an Impatience of " Spirit, to the Concern their Duty and Affection " make them have for you; and, at least, resolve " never to take a Book into your Hand again, if you " cannot make a better Use of it, than you did then." Pray, my dear Miss, tell your Papa, that I beg

Pray, my dear Miss, tell your Papa, that I beg the Favour of him, to present me this Book, and I will put a Mark upon it, and it shall never more either give or receive such Disgrace, I warrant it ! Be it what it will, I will present him with as good

a one.

'I will write in it, "Memorandum, This Book, "reverfing the Author's good Intention, had like to have done Mischief next to unpardonable!"—'Or, "This Book, instead of subduing the Reader's Passions, (I take it for granted, you see, Miss, it was Seneca's Morals, or some such good Book) had like to have been the Cause of a violent and peevish Evil. — Henceforth, be thou condemned, unavailing Teacher, to stand by thyself, on a lone Shelf, in my Closet; a Shelf most out of mine or any other Person's Reach, for pretending to prescribe Rules for subduing the Passions in so inessicacious a Manner! And, consign'd to

E 3

"Dust and Cobwebs, not once presume (in hope to hide thy conscious Guilt) to squeeze thyself into Rank with better, or, at least with more convincing "Teachers!"

" Teachers !" But do you think, my dear Miss, Sir Simon would be angry, if Opportunity had offer'd, and I had been thus bold? If you think fo, don't let him fee I had fuch Thoughts in my Head. But after all, if he were to have been thus freely treated by me, and if he should have blush'd with Anger at my Freedom, 'tis but what he ought to bear from me; for, more than once has he made me bluft for Shame, at much greater on his Part; nay, and that too, in Presence of his virtuous Daughters: So, that I have but half my Revenge upon him yet. - And will you bear " Malice, will he fay, Mrs. B.? - Yes, Sir Simon, I will; and nothing but your amending the Evil can make me forgive a Gentleman, that is really a Gentleman, who can fo fadly forego his Character, and, before any Company, not scruple to expose a modest Virgin to the forward Leer, and loud Laugh of younger Gentlemen, who durft not take fuch Liberties of Speech, as they would faucily

chuckle at, from those taken by one of Sir Simon's authenticating, but better promising Time of Life.

But Sir Simon will fay, I have already under-

Darnford once begg'd I would give him a Hint or two on this Subject, which she was pleased to fay, would be better received from me than from any body: And if it be a little too severe, it is but a just Reprisal from one, whose Ears if he had not cruelly wounded, more than once, or twice, or three times, besides what he calls his innocent double Entendres, — she must have been believed by him, to be neither more nor less than an Hypocrite.—There's for you, Sir Simon, and so here

ends all my Malice; for now I have spoken my
Mind.

Yet I hope, your dear Papa will not be so angry with me neither, as to deny me, for this my Freedom, the Request I make to him, to your honoured Mamma, and to your dear Self, for your beloved Company, for a Month or two, in Bedfordhire, and at London: And if you might be permitted to winter with us at the latter, how happy should I be! It will be half done, the Moment you desire it. Sir Simon loves you too well to refuse you, if you are earnest in it. Your honoured Mamma is always indulgent to your Requests: And Mr. B. as well in Kindness to me, as for the great Respect he bears you, joins with me to beg this Favour of you, and of Sir Simon, and my Lady.

'If it can be obtain'd, what Pleasure and Improvement may I not propose to myself, with so polite a Companion, when we are carried by Mr. B. to the Play, to the Opera, and other of the Town Diversions! We will work together, visit together, read together, sing together; and improve one another; you me, in every Word you shall speak, in every Thing you shall do; I you, by my Questions, and Desire of Information, which will make you open all your Breast to me; and so, unlocking that dear Storehouse of virtuous Knowledge, improve your own Ideas the more for communicating them. O my dear Miss Darnford! how happy is

it in your Power to make me!

I am much affected with the Account you give me of Mrs. Jewkes's Reformation. I could have wished, had I not other and stronger Inducements, (in the Pleasure of so agreeable a Neighbourhood, and so sweet a Companion) that on her Account, I could have been down at the Hall, in hope to have confirm'd the poor Woman in her newly-assum'd Penitence. God give her Grace to persevere in it!—To be an humble Means of saving a Soul from Perdition! O my dear Miss Darnford, let me enjoy the Heart-ravishing Hope!—To pluck such a Brand as this out of the Fire, and to assist

to quench its flaming Susceptibility for Mischieß and make it useful to edifying Purposes! what a Pleasure does this afford one! How does it incourage one to proceed in the Way one has been guided to pursue! How does it make me hope that I am raised to my present Condition, in order to be an humble Instrument in the Hand of Providence to communicate great Good to others, and so extend to many, those Benefits I have receiv'd, which were they to go no surther than myself, what a vile, what an ingrateful Creature should I be!

I see, my dearest Miss Darnford, how useful in every Condition of Life a virtuous and a serious

Turn of Mind may be!

' How have I feen some Ladies in upper Life behave as if they thought good Actions, and a pious Turn of Thought, would be fo unfashionable, as to make them the Subjects of Ridicule to the lighter-dispos'd World, and so they are shamed out of their Duty. But let me make it my Boaft, that here is fuch a poor Girl as I, raised from the Cottage to the Palace, as I may fay, persevering in the good Purpoles which had been instilled into her, by worthy, tho' poor Parents, and the best of Ladies, her Mistress, and resolving to be obstinate in Goodness, having stood the Tests of Libertinism; has brought the World to expect good Actions from her, to respect her for doing them, and has even found her Example efficacious, thro' Divine Grace, to bring over to Penitence and Imitation a poor Creature, who used to ridicule her for nothing fo much as her Innocence and Virtue, which, Word and Thing, were the conflant Subjects of her Scorn, as well as the Cause of her Perfecution. But let me not too much dwell upon the dear

Thought, left I fall into the Snare that, of all others,
Persons meaning well, have Reason to dread; that
of Spiritual Pride, the most dangerous of all Pride.

In hopes of feeing you with us, I will not in-' large on feveral agreeable Subjects, that I could touch upon with Pleasure, besides what I gave you in my former (of my Reception here, and of the ' Kindness of our genteel Neighbours; such, particularly, as the Arrival here of my dear Father and ' Mother, and the kind, the generous Entertainment they met with from my best Friend: His Condescension in not only permitting me to attend them to " Kent, but accompanying us thither, and fettling them in a most happy Manner, beyond their Wishes and my own; but yet fo much in Character, as I may fay, that every one must approve his judicious Benevolence: The Favours of my good Lady Davers to me, who, pleas'd with my Letters has ' vouchfaf'd to become my Correspondent; and a ' thousand, thousand Things, that I want personally to communicate to my dear Miss Darnford.

Be pleased to present my humble Respects to Lady Darnford, and to Miss Nanny; to good Madam Jones, and to your kind Friends at Stamfford; to Mr. and Mrs. Peters likewise, and their Kinswoman: And beg of that good Gentleman from me, to incourage his new Proselyte all he can; and I doubt not, she will do Credit, poor Woman! to the Pains he shall take with her. In hopes of your kind Compliance with my Wishes,

' for your Company, I remain,

Your faithful and obliged Friend and Servant,

P. B.

This, my good Lady Davers, is the long Letter I fent to Miss Darnford, who, at parting, ingag d me to keep up a Correspondence with her, and put me in hopes of passing a Month or two with us, at the Hall, if we came down, and she could persuade Sir Simon and her Mamma to spare her to my Wishes. Your Ladyship will excuse me for so faintly mentioning the Honours you confer upon

me; but I would not either add or diminish in the Communications I make to you.

The following is the Copy of what I wrote to

Mrs. Fewkes.

YOU give me, Mrs. Jewkes, very great Pleafure, to find that at length God Almighty has touch'd your Heart, and let you fee, while Health and Strength lasted, the Error of your Ways.—— Many an unhappy one has not been so graciously touched, till they have smarted under some heavy Afflictions, or till they have been confin'd to the Bed of Sickness, when, perhaps, they have made Vows and Resolutions, that have held them no longer than the Discipline lasted: But you give me much better Hopes of the Sincerity of your Conversion; as you are so well convinced, before some fore Evil has overtaken you: And it ought to be an Earnest to you of the Divine Favour, and should keep you from Despondency.

'As for me, it became me to forgive you, as I most cordially did, since your Usage of me, as it prov'd, was but a necessary Means in the Hand of Providence, to exalt me to that State of Happiness, in which I have every Day more and more Cause given me to rejoice, by the kindest

and most generous of Gentlemen.

As I have often pray'd for you, even when you used me the most unkindly, I now praise God for having heard my Prayers, and with high Delight look upon you as a reclaimed Soul given to my Supplications. May the Divine Goodness inable you to persevere in the Course you have entered upon! And when you can taste the all-surpassing Pleasure that fills the worthy Breast, at the being placed in such a Station, where your Example may be of Advantage to the Souls of others, as well as to your own Soul; a Pleasure that every good Mind glories in, and none else can worthily taste; then may you be assured, that nothing but your Perseverance, and the consequential Improvement

ment resulting from it, is wanted, to convince you that you are in a right Way, and that the Woe, that is pronounced against the presumptuous Sinner,

belongs not to you.

But, dear Mrs. Jewkes, (for now indeed you are dear to me) let me caution you against two Things; the one, that you return not to your former Ways, ' and wilfully err after this Repentance; for, in this Case, the Divine Goodness will look upon itself as mocked by you, and will withdraw itself from you, and more fearful will your State then be, than if you had never repented: The other, that you don't despair of the Divine Mercy, which has so evidently manifested itself in your Favour, and has awakened you out of your deplorable Lethargy, without those sharp Medicines, and Operations that others, and perhaps not more faulty Persons, have fuffer'd. But go on chearfully in the happy Path which you have begun to tread. Depend upon it, ' you are now in the right Way, and turn not either to the Right-hand or to the Left: For the Reward is before you, in Reputation and a good Fame in ' this Life, and everlafting Felicity beyond it.

'Your Letter is that of a fensible Woman, as I always thought you, and of a truly contrite one, as I hope you will approve yourself to be; and I the rather hope it, because I shall be always desirous then of taking every Opportunity that offers to me of doing you real Service, as well with regard to your present as suture Life; and pleased shall I be, to contribute to the one, and happy to advance the other: For I am, good Mrs. Jewkes, as I now

hope I may call you,

' Your lowing Friend to ferve you,

P. B.

Whatever good Books the worthy Mr. Peters
 will be fo kind to recommend to you, and for

those under your Direction, send for them

as you can get them, and place them to my Account: And may they be the efficacious

Means of confirming you and them in the worthy Way you are in! I have done as much

for all here before; and I hope to no bad Effect: For I shall now tell them by Mrs.

• Jervis, if there be Occasion, that I hope they
• will not let me be outdone in Bedfordshire by

Mrs. Jewkes in Lincolnshire; but that the Servants of both Houses may do Credit to the best of Masters. Adieu, good Woman! as

once more I take Pleasure to style you.'

Thus, my good Lady, have I obey'd you, in tranfcribing these two Letters. I will now proceed to your Ladyship's twelve Articles. As to the

1. I will oblige your Ladyship, as I have Opportunity, in my future Letters, with such Accounts of my dear Lady's Favour and Goodness to me, as I think will be acceptable to you, and the noble Ladies

you mention.

2. If am extremely delighted, that your Ladyship thinks so well of my dear honest Parents: Indeed they are good People, and ever had Minds that set them above low and fordid Actions? and God and your good Brother has rewarded them most amply in this World, which is more than they ever expected, after a Series of Unprosperousness in all they undertook.

Your Ladyship is pleased to say, that People in upper Life love to see how plain Nature operates in honest Minds, who have hardly any Thing else for their Guide; and if I might not be thought to descend too low for your Ladyship's Attention, (for as to myself, I shall, I hope, always look back with Pleasure to what I was, in order to increase my Thankfulness for what I am) I would give you a Scene of Relignation, and contented Poverty, of which otherwise your Ladyship can hardly have a Notion. I will give it, because it will be a Scene of Nature, however

" good

however low, which your Ladyship loves, and it shall

not tire you by its Length.

It was upon Occasion of a great Loss and Disappointment which happened to my dear Parents (for tho' they were never high in Life, yet were they not always fo low as my honoured Lady found them. when the took me): My poor Father came home; and as the Loss was of such a Nature, as that he could not keep it from my Mother, he took her Hand, I remember well, and faid, after he had acquainted her with it, " Come, my Dear, let us take Comfort " that we did for the best. We lest the Issue to "Providence, as we ought, and that has turned it " as it pleased; and we must be content, tho' not " favoured as we wished. All the Business is, our Lot " is not cast for this Life. Let us resign ourselves. " to the Divine Will, and continue to do our Duty, " and this short Life will soon be past. Our "Troubles will be quickly overblown; and we shall

" be happy in a better, I make no Doubt."

Then my dear Mother threw her kind Arms about his Neek, and faid with Tears, " God's Will be "done, my dear Love!—All cannot be rich and happy. I am contented; and had rather fay, I have a poor honest Husband, than a guilty rich " one. What fignifies repining? Let the World go " as it will, we shall have our Length and our Breadth " at last. And Providence, I make no Doubt, will " be a better Friend to our good Girl here, because " she is good, than we could be if this had not hap-" pened,"-pointing to me, who, then about Eleven Years old, (for it was before my Lady took me) fat weeping in the Chimney Corner, over a few dying Embers of a Fire, at their moving Expressions.

I arose, and kissing both their Hands, and blessing them, faid, "And this Length and Breadth, my dear " Parents, will be, one Day, all the Rich and the "Great can possess; and, it may be, their ungracious "Heirs will trample upon their Ashes, and rejoice "they are gone: While fuch a poor Girl as I, am honouring the Memories of mine, who in their

" good Names, and good Lessons, will have left me the best of Portions."

And then they both hugg'd their prating Girl to their fond Bosoms, by Turns; and all three were so filled with Comfort in one another, that after joining in a grateful Hymn, we went to Bed (what the supperless, perhaps?) with such true Joy, that very few of the Rich and Great can have any Idea of it; I to my Lost, and they to their Rush-sloor'd cleanly Bed-Room. And we have had sweet Sleep, and Dreams so pleasant, that we have reaped greater Pleasures, in repeating them to one another, at our next Leisure-Hour, than possibly, we should have received, had we injoy'd the Comforts we wanted.

And, truly, my Lady, I must needs say, that while the virtuous Poor can be bless'd with such sweet Injoyments as these, in contented Minds all Day, and in Dreams and Visions at Night, I don't know whether they have not more, even of this World's Pleasures, than the abounding Rich: And while the Hours of Night bear so near a Proportion to those of the Day, may not such be said, even at the worst, to pass at least half their Lives with more Comfort than many times the distemper'd Great can pretend

to know?

For a further Instance, that honest Poverty is not such a deplorable State, let me ask, What Pleasure can those over-happy People taste, who never knew that of Hunger or Thirst? Like the Eastern Monarch I have read of, who marching at the Head of a vast Army, thro' a desert Place, where was no Water, nor any Thing to quench his craving Thirst, at last one of his Soldiers bringing him in his nasty Helmet a little dirty Water, he greedily swallowed it, and cry'd out, That he never in all his Life had tasted so sweet a Draught! Having always before eaten before he was hungry, and drank before he was thirsty.

But when I talk or write of my dear worthy Parents, how I run on !—Excuse me, my good Lady; and don't think me, in this respect, too much like

the .

the Cat in the * Fable, turn'd into a fine Lady; for, methinks, tho' I would never forget what I was, yet I would be thought to know bow, gratefully to injoy my present Happiness, as well with regard to my Obligations to God, as to your dear Brother. But let me proceed to your Ladyship's third Particular.

3. And you cannot imagine, Madam, how much you have set my Heart at Rest when you tell me, that my dear Mr. B. gave me a just Narrative of his Assair with Miss Godfrey: For, when your Ladyship desir'd to know, how he had recounted that Story, lest you should make a Misunderstanding between us unawares, I did not know what to think. I was asraid some Blood had been shed on the Occasion by the dear Gentleman: For Miss was ruin'd, and, as to her, nothing could have happened worse. And the Regard I have for his suture Happiness, which costs me, in my constant Supplications for him in private, many a Tear, gave me great Apprehensions, and not a little Uneasiness. But as your Ladyship tells me, that he gave me a just Account, I am very happy again.

What makes one, my dear Lady, in our most prosperous Condition, be always intermingling one's Fears and one's Anxieties of what may be; and by that Means rob one's felf of the Prime of one's best worldly Injoyments?—Is this Apprehensiveness, does your Ladyship think, implanted in our Natures (for I know I am not vapourish, nor the only Person who is thus constituted) for wife and good Ends, that we may not think ourselves so happy here, as to make us forget, that there is a better and more perfectly happy State, which we ought to aspire after? I believe it is: And if so, what an useful Monitor do we carry about us, that shall make us consider and reflect, when in Prosperity; and in Adversity teach us to bear up to Hopes of a happier Lot! Thus is it prettily faid by a Translator of one of Horace's Odes,

See the New Æsop's Fables, fold by J. Osborn, in Pater-

Be Life and Spirit when Fortune proves unkind, And summon up the Vigour of thy Mind; But when thou'rt driw'n by too officious Gales, Be wise, and gather in the swelling Sails.

I now come to your Ladyship's fourth Particular.

And highly delighted I am for having obtained your Approbation of my Conduct to the Child, as well as of my Behaviour to the dear Gentleman on the unhappy Lady's Score. Your Ladyship's wise Intimations about having the Child with me, make due Impression upon me; and I see in them, with grateful Pleasure, your kind and unmerited Consideration for me. Yet I don't know how it is, but I have conceived a strange Passion for this dear Baby: I cannot but look upon her poor Mamma as my Sister in point of Trial: And shall not the prosperous Sister pity and love the poor dear Sister, that, in so slippery a Path, has fallen, while see had the Happiness to keep her Feet?

No doubt, Miss Godfrey loved Virtue, and preferred it to all Considerations: 'Tis plain she did even after her Fall—when, as I have observed in the Papers * I sent your Ladyship, she could leave Country, Parents, Friends, and the Man of all others she loved best, and seek a new Fortune, run the Danger of the Seas, and perhaps the Hazards of meeting with worse Men, rather than trust to her own Strength, where it had once so unhappily failed her.—What a Love of Virtue for Virtue's Sake is this? I know not who could have acted up to this Part of her

Character.

The rest of your Ladyship's Articles give me the greatest Pleasure and Satisfaction; and if I can but continue myself in Favour of your dear Brother, and improve in that of his noble Sister, how happy shall

^{*} See Vol. II. p. 290, 291.

shall I be! I will do all I can to deserve both. And I hope your Ladyship will take as an Instance that I would, the chearful Obedience which I pay to your Commands, in writing to so fine a Judge, such crude and indigested Stuff, as otherwise I ought to be a-

shamed to lay before you.

I am impatient for the Honour, which your Ladyship makes me hope for, of your Presence here: And yet I perplex myself with the Fear of appearing so unworthy in your Eyes, when near you, as to suffer in your Opinion; but I promise myself, that however this may be the Case on your first Visit, I shall be so much improved by the Benefits I shall reap from your Lessons and good Example, that whenever I shall be favoured with a Second, you shall have less Faults to find with me; till, as I shall be more and more savoured, I shall in time be just what your Ladyship will wish me to be, and of Consequence more worthy than I am of the Honour of styling myself,

Your Ladyship's most bumble

and obedient Servant,

PR

LETTER XXI.

From Miss Darnford In Answer to Mrs. B's, p. 98.

My dear Mrs. B.

YOU are highly obliging to me in expressing so warmly your Wishes to have me with you. I know not any body in this World, out of our own Family, in whose Company I should be happier: But my Papa won't part with me, I think; tho' I had secur'd my Mamma in my Interest; and I know Nancy would be glad of my Absence, because the dear perversly Envious thinks me more valued than she is; and yet, soolish Girl, she don't consider, that if her Envy be well grounded, I should return with

with more than double Advantages to what I now have, improv'd by your charming Example and Con-

versation.

My Papa affects to be in a fearful Pet at your lecturing of him so justly; for my Mamma would shew it him; and he says he will positively demand Satisfaction of Mr. B. for your treating him so freely. And yet he shall hardly think him, he says, on a Rank with him, unless Mr. B. will, on Occasion of the new Commission, take out his Dedimus: And then is he will bring you down to Lincolnshire, and join with him to commit you Prisoner for a Month at the Hall, all shall be well.

It is very obliging in Mr. B. to join in your kind Invitation: But—yet I am loth to fay it to you—But the Character of your worthy Gentleman, I doubt, stands a little in the Way with my Papa: For he will have it, that he is just such a Rake as is to be liked by a Lady; one that saves common Appearances, and that's all; and is too handsome, too witty, and too enterprizing, for any bonest Man, that's Sir Simon's

Phrase, to trust his Daughter with.

My Mamma pleaded his being marry'd.—Adsdines, Madam, said he, what of all that! What married Man, when a pretty Girl's in the Way, minds his Wife, except she has made him stand in Fear of her? and that's far from the Case here. Why I tell you, added his peevish Highness, if our Polly should happen to slip, (I thank him for his Supposition) he'd make his Lady nurse both ber and the Bastard, (another of his polite Expressions) if he had a mind to it, and she durst not refuse him. And would you trust such a sprittly Girl as Polly, in the House with such a Fellow as that?

These, it seems, were his Words and Reasonings: I thank him for his Opinion of his Daughter. It becomes not me to say, by what Rules my Papa judges of Mankind; Rules, however, that are not much to the Credit of his Sex?—But it made me put on very grave Airs when I came to Supper, (for after this Repulse, and the Reasons given for it, I pretended

This

tended Indisposition, not to dine with my Papa, being half-vex'd, and half-afraid of his Raillery) and he said, Why, how now, Polly! What! in the Sullens, Girl? I said, I should have hoped, that I never gave my Papa Cause to suspect my Conduct, and that he would have had a better Opinion of the Force which the Example and Precepts of my good Mamma had upon me.

Not your Papa's Example then ---- Very well,

Saucebox: I understand you.

But, Sir, faid I, I hope, if I may not go to Bedfordshire, you'll permit me to go to London when Mrs. B. goes.

No, faid he, positively no !

Well, Sir, I have done. I could hope, however, you would inable me to give a better Reason to good Mrs. B. why I am not permitted to accept of her kind Invitation, than that which I understand you have

been pleased to assign.

He stuck his Hands in his Sides, with his usual humorous Positiveness, Why then tell her, she is a very saucy Lady, for her last Letter to you; and that her Lord and Master is not to be trusted; and it is my absolute Will and Pleasure, that you ask me no more Questions about it.

I will very faithfully make this Report, Sir. Do fo.—And fo I have.—And your poor Polly Darnford is disappointed of one of the greatest Pleasures

she could have had.

I can't help it.—And if you truly pity me, I can put you in a Way to make me easier under the Disappointment, than otherwise I can possibly be; and that is, to favour me with an Epistolary Conversation, since I am deny'd a Personal one; and this my Mamma joins to request of you; and particularly, to let us know how Lady Davers's first Visit passes; which Mrs. Peters and Mrs. Jones, who know my Lady so well, likewise long to hear: And this will make us the best Amends in your Power for the Loss of your good Neighbourhood, which we had all promis'd to ourselves.

This Denial of my Papa comes out, fince I wrote the above, to be principally owing to a Proposal made him of an humble Servant to one of his Daughters: He won't say which, he tells us in his usual humourous Way, lest we should fall out about it.

I suppose, I tell him, the young Gentleman is to pick and chuse which of the two he likes best. But be he a Duke, 'tis all one to Polly, if he is not something above our common Lincolnshire Class of Fox-

hunters.

I have shewn Mr. and Mrs. Peters your Letter. They admire you beyond Expression; and Mr. Peters says, He does not know that ever he did any thing in all his Life, that ever gave him so much inward Reproach, as his denying you the Protection of his Family, which Mr. Williams fought to move him to afford you, when you were consined at the Hall, before Mr. B. came down to you, with his Heart bent on Mischief; and all he comforts himself with is, that that very Denial, as well as the other Hardships you met with, were necessary to bring about that Work of Providence which was to reward your unexampled Virtue.

Yet, he fays, he doubts he shall not be thought excusable by you, who are so exact in your own Duty, as he had the Unhappiness to lose such an Opportunity to have done Honour to his Function, had he had the Fortitude to have done bis; and he begg'd of me, some how or other, and at some time or other, to hint his Concern to you on this Head; and to hope, in his Name, that neither Religion nor his Cloth may suffer in your Opinion, for the Fault of one of its Professors, who never was wanting in his Duty so

much before.

He had it often upon his Mind, he fays, to write to you on this very Subject; but he had not the Courage; and befides, did not know how Mr. B. might take it, if he should see that Letter, as the Case Case had such delicate Circumstances in it, that in blaming himself, as he should very freely have done, he must, by Implication, have cast still greater Blame

upon him.

Mr. Peters is certainly a very good Man, and my Favourite for that Reason; and I hope you, that could so easily forgive the late wicked, but now penitent Jewkes, will overlook with Kindness a Fault in a good Man, that proceeded more from Pusillanimity and Constitution, than from Want of Principle: And once, talking of it to my Mamma and me, he accused himself on this score, to her, with Tears in his Eyes. She, good Lady, would have given you this Protection, at Mr. Williams's Desire; but wanted the *Power to do it.

So you fee, my dear Mrs. B. how your Virtue has fhamed every one into fuch a Sense of what they ought to have done, that Good, Bad and Indifferent are seeking to make Excuses for past Misbehaviour, and to promise future Amendment, like penitent Subjects returning to their Duty to their conquering So-

vereign, after some unworthy Defection.

Happy, happy Lady! may you ever be fo! May you always convert your Enemies, confirm the Lukewarm, and every Day multiply your Friends, prays,

Your most affectionate

POLLY DARNFORD.

P. S. How I rejoice in the Joy of your hopest Parents! God bless 'em! I am glad Lady Davers is so wise. Every one I have named desire their best Respects. Let me hear from you oftener, and omit not the minutest Thing: For every Line of yours carries Instruction with it.

* See Vol. I. p. 154.

LETTER XXII.

From Sir SIMON DARNFORD to Mr. B.

Sir.

ITTLE did I think I should ever have Occasion to make a formal Complaint against a Person very dear to you, and who I believe deserves to be so; but don't let them be so proud and so vain of obliging and pleasing you, as to make them not care how they affront every body else.

The Person is no other than the Wise of your Bosom, who has taken such Liberties with me as ought not to be taken, and sought to turn my own Child against me, and make a dutiful Girl a Rebel.

If People will fet up for Virtue, and all that, let 'em be uniformly virtuous, or I would not give a

Farthing for their Pretences to it.

Here I have been plagued with Gouts, Rheumatisms, and nameless Disorders, ever since you left us, which have made me call for a little more Attendance than ordinary; and I had reason to think myself slighted, where an indulgent Father can least bear to be slighted, that is, where he most loves; and that by young Upstarts, who are growing up to the Injoyment of those Pleasures which have run away from me, sleeting Rascals as they are! before I was willing to part with them. And I rung and rung, and, Where's Polly? (for I honour the Slut with too much of my Notice) Where's Polly? was all my Cry, to every one who came up to ask what I rung for. And at last in burst the pert Slut, with an Air of Assurance, as if she thought all must be well the Moment she appeared, with, Do you want me, Papa?

Do I want you, Confidence! Yes, I do. Where have you been these two Hours, and never came near we, when you knew 'twas my Time to have my Foot rubbed, which gives me mortal Pain? For you must understand, Mr. B. that nobody's Hand's

to foft as Polly's.

fc

fo

She gave me a faucy Answer, as I was disposed to think it, because I had just then a Twinge, that I could scarce bear; for Pain is a plaguy thing to a Man of my lively Spirits. Why, with a P-x to it, cannot it go and rouse up some stupid lethargic Rascal, whose Blood is ready to stagnate? There it might do some Good; and not make an honest Man miserable, as it does me, who want none of its pungent Helps to Feeling.

She gave me, I fay, a pert Answer, and turn'd upon her Heel; and not coming near me at my first Word, I slung a Book I had in my Hand at her

Head.

This the faucy Slut (Girls now-a-days make nothing of exposing their indulgent Parents) has mentioned in a Letter to your Lady; and she has abused me upon it in such a Manner—Well, if you don't take some Course with her, I must with you, that's positive; and young as you are, and a Cripple as I am, I'll stump to an appointed Place, to procure to myself the Satisfaction of a Man of Honour.

Your Lady has written to Polly what she would have faid to me on this Occasion. She has reflected upon me for not reading a Book of Mortification, when I was labouring under fo great a Sense of it, and confin'd to my Elbow-Chair in one Room, whom lately half a Dozen Counties could hardly contain: She has put it into Polly's Head to fling this very Book at her Sister's Head, in Imitation of my Example, and hopes Nancy will fling it at somebody's elfe, till it goes all round the House: She reproaches me for making no better Use of a good Book, as she calls Rabelais's Pantagruel, which I innocently was reading to make me the more chearfully bear my Misfortune; and runs on a Pack of Stuff about my Polly's Eyes, and Skin, and I don't know what, on Purpose to fill the Girl with Notions that don't belong to her, in order to make her proud and faucy; and then to inspire her with Insolence to me, runs on with Suppositions of what Harm I might have done her, had the Book bruised her Face, or Eyes, and fo forth: As if our Daughters Eyes were not our own Eyes, their brazen Faces our brazen Faces; at least till we can find somebody to take them, and all the rest of their Trumpery, off of our Hands.——Saucy Baggages! who have neither Souls nor Senses, but what they have borrowed from us; and whose very Bones, and the Skin that covers them, so much their Pride and their Ornament, are so many Parts of our own undervalued Skin and Bones; and ours only are more wrinkled, by taking Pains to make theirs smooth.

Nay, this fine Lady of yours, this Paragon of Meekness and Humility, in so many Words, bids me, or tells my own Daughter to bid me, which is worse, never to take a Book in my Hands again, if I won't make a better Use of it:—And yet, what better Use can an offended Father make of the best Books, than to correct a rebellious Child with them, and oblige a saucy Daughter to jump into her Duty all at once?

Then, pray, Sir, do you allow your Lady to beg Presents from Gentlemen?—This is a tender Point to touch upon: But you shall know all, I am refolv'd.—For here she sends to desire me to make her a Present of this very Book, and promises to send me

another as good.

Come, come, Sir, these are no jesting Matters; for, is it not a sad thing to think, that Ladies, let them be young or old, well-marry'd or ill-marry'd, cannot live without Intrigue? And here, if I were not a very honest Man, and your Friend, and resolv'd to be a virtuous Man too, in spite of Temptation, one does not know what might be the Consequence of such a Correspondence as is here begun, or rather desired to be begun; for I have too much Honour to give into it, for your sake, and I hope you'll think yourself much oblig'd to me.—I know the Time that I have improv'd a more mysterious Hint than this, into all that I had a Mind to make of it. And it may be very happy for you, Neighbour, that I must and swill be virtuous, let the Temptation be from whom

it will: For the finest Lady in the World is nothing

to me now-in this my Reformed State.

But this is not all : Mrs. B. goes on to reflect upon me for making her blush formerly, and saying Things before my Daughters, that, truly, I ought to be ashamed to say; and then avows Malice and Revenge, and all that. Why, Sir, why, Neighbour, are these Things to be born? - Do you allow your Lady to fet up for a general Corrector of every body's Morals but your own? Do you allow her to condemn the only Infrances of Wit that remain to this Generation, that dear polite Double Entendre, which keeps alive the Attention, and quickens the Apprehension of the best Companies in the World, and is the Salt, the Sauce, which gives a Polgnancy to all our genteeler Entertainments?

Very fine, truly! that more than half the World shall be shut out of Society, shall be precluded their Share of Conversation among the Gay and Polite of both Sexes, were your Lady to have her Will! Let her first find People that can support a Conversation with Wit and good Sense like her own, and then fomething might be said: But, till then, I positively fay, and will swear upon Oceasion, that Double Entendre shall not be banished from our Tables; and where this won't raife a Blush, or create a Laugh, we will be at Liberty, if we please, for all Mrs. B. and her new-fangled Notions, to force the one and the other by still plainer Hints, and let her help herfelf how the can.

Thus, Sir, you find my Complaints are of a high Nature, regarding the Quiet of a Family, the Duty of a Child to a Parent, the Advances of a married Lady to a Gentleman who is refolved to be virtuous, and the Freedom of Conversation; in all which Points your Lady has greatly offended; and I infift upon Satisfaction from you, or fuch a Correction of the fair Transgressor, as is in your Power to inslict, and which may prevent worfe Confequences, from

Your offended Friend and Servant,

SIMON DARNFORD. LETTER

LETTER XXIII.

From Mr. B. In Answer to the preceding.

Dear Sir Simon,

YOU cannot but believe, that I was much furprised at your Letter, complaining of the Behaviour of my Wife. I could no more have expected such a Complaint from such a Gentleman, than I could, that she would have deferved it: And I am very forry on both Accounts. I have talked to her in such a Manner, that I dare say, she will never give you like Cause to appeal to me.

It happened, that the Criminal herself received your Letter from her Servant, and brought it to me in my Closet, and, making her Honours, (for I can't say but she is very obliging to me, tho' she takes such saucy Freedoms with my Friends) away she tripp'd; and I, inquiring for her, when, with Surprize, as you may believe, I had read your Charge, found she was gone to visit a poor sick Neighbour, of which indeed she had before appris'd me, because she took the Chariot; but I had forgot it in my Wrath.

'I was well for her, that she was not in the Way; perhaps I should have taken more severe Methods with her in my first Emotions; and I long'd for her Return: And there is another Well for-her too in her Case; for one would be loth to spoil a Son and Heir, you know, Sir Simon, before we see whether the

little Varlet may deserve one's Consideration.

I mention these things, that you may observe, it was not owing to any Regard for the Offender her-felf, that I did not punish her as much as injur'd

Friendship requir'd at my Hands.

At last, in she came, with that sweet Composure in her Face which results from a Consciousness of doing generally just and generous Things; altho in this Instance she has so egregiously err'd, that it behoves me (as well in Justice to my Friend, as Policy to myself; for who knows whither first Faults may lead, if not checked

checked in time?) to nip such Boldness in the Bud. And indeed the Moment I beheld the Charmer of my Heart, (for I do love her too well, that's certain) all my Anger was disarm'd; and had the Offence regarded myself, I must have forgiven her, in spite of all my meditated Wrath. But it behov'd me in a Friend's Case not to be soon subdu'd by a too partial Fondness: I resumed therefore that Sternness and Displeasure which her Entrance had almost dissipated. I took her Hand: Her charming Eye (you know what an Eye she has, Sir Simon) quivered at my over-clouded Aspect, and her Lips, half-drawn to a Smile, trembled with Apprehension of a Countenacue so changed from what she left it.

And then, all ftiff and ftately as I could look, did I accost her: Come along with me, Pamela, to my

Closet. I want to talk with you.

Dear Sir! good Sir! what's the Matter? what

have I done?

We entered. I fat down, still holding her unsteady Hand, and her Pulse sluttering under my Finger, like

a dying Bird.

'Tis well, faid I, 'tis well, your present Condition pleads for you; and I must not carry what I have to say too far, for Considerations less in your Favour, than for one unseen: But I have great Complaints against you.

Against me, Sir! — What have I done? Let me know, dear good Sir! looking round, with her half-affrighted Eyes, this way and that, on the Books, and

Pictures, and on me, by Turns.

You shall know soon, said I, the Crime, you have

been guilty of.

Pray let me, Sir! — This Closet, I hoped, would not be a fecond Time Witness to the Flutter you put me in.

There hangs a Tale, Sir Simon, that I am not very fond of relating, fince it gave Beginning to the Triumphs of this * little Sorcerefs.

I Aill

I still held one Hand, and she stood before me, as Criminals ought to do before their Judge; but said, I see, Sir, sure I do, or what will else become of me! less Severity in your Eyes than you affect to put on in your Countenance. Dear Sir, let me know my Fault! I will repent, acknowledge and amend: Let me but know it.

You must have great Presence of Mind, Pamela, reply'd I, such is the Nature of your Fault, if you

can look me in the Face, when I tell it you.

Then let me, said the irresistible Charmer, hiding her Face in my Bosom, and putting her other Arm about my neck; let me thus, my Mr. B. hide this guilty Face, while I hear my Fault told; and I will not seek to extenuate it, but by my Tears, and my Penitence.

I could hardly hold out. What infatuating Creatures are these Women, when they can think it thus worth their while to sooth and calm the Tumults of an angry Heart! When instead of scornful Looks darted in Return for angry ones, Words of Desiance for Words of Peevishness, persisting to defend one Error by another, and returning webenent Wrath sor slight Indignation, and all the hostile Provocations of the Marriage Warsare; they can thus hide their dear Faces in our Bosoms, and wish but to know their Faults, to amend them!

I could hardly, I say, resist the sweet Girl's Behaviour; nay, I believe I did, unawares to myself, and in Desiance of my resolv'd Displeasure, press her Forehead with my Lips, as the rest of her Face was hid on my Breast: But, considering it was the Cause of my Friend that I was to affert, my injured Friend, wounded and insulted, in so various a Manner, by the fair Ossender, thus haughtily spoke I to the trembling Mischief, in a Pomp of Style theatrically tragick:

I will not, too inadvertent and undistinguishing Pamela, keep you long in Suspense, for the sake of a Circumstance, that, on this Occasion, ought to give you as much Joy, as it has, till now, given me—Since it becomes an Advocate in your Fa-

vour

vour, when otherwise you might expect a very severe Treatment. Know then, that the Letter you gave me before you went out, is a Letter from a Friend, a Neighbour, a worthy Neighbour, complaining of your Behaviour to him; — no other than Sir Simon Darnford, (for I would not amuse her too much) a Gentleman I must always respect, and whom, as my Friend, I expected you should; Since by the Value a Wise expresses for one esteemed by her Husband, whether she thinks so well of him herself, or not, a Man ought always to judge of the Sincerity of her Regards to himself.

She raifed her. Head at once on this: Thank Heav'n! faid she, it is no worse! — I was at my Wits End almost, in Apprehension: But I know how this must be — Dear Sir, How could you frighten me so. — I know how all this is! — I can now look you in the Face, and hear all that Sir Simon can charge me with: For I am sure, I have not so affronted him, as to make him angry indeed. And truly, (ran she on, secure of Pardon, as she seem'd to think) I should respect Sir Simon, not only as your Friend, but on his own Account, if he was not so sad a Rake at a Time of Life.

Then I interrupted her, you must needs think, Sir Simon; for how could I bear to hear my worthy Friend so freely treated? — How now, Panela! said I; and is it thus, by repeating your Fault, that you atone for it? Do you think I can bear to hear my Friend so freely treated?

Indeed, said she, I do respect Sir Simon very much, as your Friend, permit me to repeat; but cannot for his wilful Failings. Would it not be, in some measure, to approve of faulty Conversation, if one can hear it, and not discourage it, when the Occasion comes in so pat? — And, indeed, I was glad of an Opportunity, continued she, to give him a little Rub; I must needs own it: But if it displeases you, or has made him angry in Earnest, I am forry for it, and will be less bold for the future.

Read then, faid I, the heavy Charge, and I'll return instantly to hear your Answer to it. So I went

from her, for a few Minutes.

But, would you believe it, Sir Simon? The feem'd. on my Return, very little concerned at your just Complaints.-What felf-juftifying Minds have the meekest of these Women! - Instead of finding her in repentant Tears, as one might have expected, she took your angry Letter for a jocular one, and I had great Difficulty to convince her of the Heinousness of ber Fault, or the Reality of your Anger. Upon which, being determin'd to have Justice done to my Friend, and a due Sense of her own great Error im-

pres'd upon her. I began thus:

Pamela, Pamela, take heed, that you do not suffer the Purity of your own Mind, in Breach of your Charity, to make you too rigorous a Censurer of other People's Actions: Don't be so puff'd up with your own Perfections, as to imagine, that, because other Persons allow themselves Liberties you cannot take, therefore they must be wicked. Sir Simon is a Gentleman who indulges himself in a pleasant Vein, and, I believe, as well as you, bas been a great Rake and Libertine (you'll excuse me, Sir Simon, because I am taking your Part): But what then? You fee it is all over with him now: You fee, he fays himfelf, that he must, and therefore he will, be virtuous: And is a Man for ever to hear of the Faults of his Youth, when he himself is so willing to forget them?

Ah! but Sir, Sir, faid the bold Slut, can you fay he is willing to forget them? - Does he not repine here in this very Letter, that he must forsake them; and does he not plainly cherith the Inclination, when he owns-She hefitated-Owns what? - You know what I mean, Sir, and I need not speak it : And can there well be a more censurable Character? - Then, dear Sir, before his Maiden Daughters ! before his virtuous Lady! before Any-body! - What a fad thing is this, at a Time of Life, which should afford

a better Example!

But, dear Sir, continu'd the bold Prattler, (taking Advantage of a Silence that was more owing to Difpleasure than Approbation) let me, for I would not be censorious, (No, not she! In the very act of Cenforiousness to fay this! let me) offer but one thing: Don't you think, Sir Simon himself would be loth to be thought a reform'd Gentleman? Don't you fee the Delight he takes, when he speaks of his former Pranks, as if he was forry he could not play them over again? See but how he fimpers, and enjoys, as one may fay, the Relations of his own rakish Actions, when he tells a bad Story ! - And have you not feen how often he has been forced to take his Handkerchief to wipe the Outfide of his Mouth, tho' the infide wanted it most, when he has wounded a Lady's Ears, and turn'd, as it were, his own faulty Heart infide out? - Indeed, Sir, I am afraid, so bad in this way is your worthy Neighbour, that he would account it a Difgrace to him to be thought reform'd: And how then can I abuse the Gentleman, by reprefenting him in a Light in which he loves to be confidered ?

But, said I, were this the Case, (for I profess, Sir Simon, I was at a grievous Loss to defend you) for you to write all these free things against a Father to

his Daughter, is that right, Pamela?

O Sir! the good Gentleman himself has taken care, that such a Character as I presum'd to draw to Miss of her Papa, was no strange one to her. You have feen yourself, Mr. B. whenever his arch Leers, and the humourous Attitude in which he puts himself on those Occasions, have taught us to expect some shocking Story, how his Lady and Daughters (u'd to him, as they are) have suffer'd in their Apprehenfions of what he would fay, before he fpoke it: How, particularly, dear Miss Darnford has look'd at me with Concern, defirous, as it were, if possible, to fave her Papa from the Cenfure, which his faulty Expressions must naturally bring upon him. And, dear Sir, is it not a fad thing for a young Lady, who loves and honours her Papa, to observe that he is discrediting

discrediting himself, and avents the Example he ought to give? And, pardon me, Sir, for smiling on so serious an Occasion, continu'd she; but is it not a fine Sight, do you think, to see a Gentleman, as we have more than once seen Sir Simon, when he has thought proper to read a Passage or so, in some bad Book, pulling off his Spectacles, to talk filthily? Methinks, I see him now, added the bold Slut, splitting his arch Fice, with a broad Laugh, shewing a Mouth, with hardly a Tooth in it, while he is making obscene Re-

marks upon what he has read.

And then the dear Saucyface laugh'd out, to bear me Company; for I could not, for the Soul of me, avoid laughing heartily at the Figure she brought to my Mind, which I have seen my old Friend make, on two or three Occasions of this sort, with his dismounted Spectacles, his arch Mouth, and Gums of shining Jet, succeeding those of polish'd Ivory, of which he often boats, as one Ornament of his youthful Days.--And I the rather in my Heart, Sir Simon, gave you up, because, when I was a sad Fellow, it was always a Maxim with me, to endeavour to touch a Lady's Heart without wounding her Ears. And, indeed, I found my Account sometimes in observing it.

But, resuming my Gravity, Hussy, said I, do you think I will have my old Friend thus made the Subject of your Ridicule?—Suppose a Challenge should have ensu'd between us on your Account—What might have been the Issue of it? To see an old Gentleman, stumping, as he says, on Crutches, to sight a Duel in Desence of his wounded Honour! A pretty Sight this would have afforded, would it not? And what (had any one met him on the Way) could he have said he was going to do? Don't you consider, that a Man is, answerable for the Faults of his Wise? And, if my Fondness for you would have made me deny doing Justice to my Friend, and, on the contrary, to resolve in your behalf to give him a Meeting, and he had slung his Crutch at my Head,

as he did the Book at his Daughter's, what might

have been the Consequence, think you?

Very bad, Sir, faid she, to be sure; I see that, and am forry for it: For had you carry'd off Sir Simon's Crutch as a Trophy, the poor Gentleman must have lain sighing and groaning, like a wounded Soldier in the Field of Battle, till another had been brought him,

to have stump'd home with.

But, dear Sir Simon, I have brought this Matter to an Issue, that will, I hope, make all easy: And that is this -Mifs Polly, and my Pamela, shall both be punish'd as they deferve, if it be not your own-Fault. I am told, that the Sins of your Youth don't fit fo heavily upon your Limbs, as they do in your Imagination; and I believe Change of Air, and the Gratification of your Revenge, a fine Help to fuch lively Spirits as yours! will fet you up. shall then take Coach, and bring your pretty Criminal to mine; and when we have them together, they shall humble themselves before us, and it shall be inyour Power to absolve or punish them, as you shall fee proper. For I cannot bear to have my worthy Friend infulted in fo heinous a manner by a couple of faucy Girls, who, if not taken down in time, may proceed from Fault to Fault, till there will be no Living . with them,

If (to be still more serious) your Lady and you will lend Miss Darnford to my Pamela's Wishes, whose Heart is set upon the Hope of her wintering with us in Town, you will lay an Obligation upon us both; which will be acknowledged with great Gratitude, by, Dear Sir,

Your affectionate and humble Servant.

LETTER XXIV.

From Sir SIMON DARNFORD, in Reply.

Ear!— I like neither you, nor your Wife, to be plain with you, well enough to trust my Polly with

with you. What! you are to shew her, in your Lady's Case all the Game of a Lying-in, I suppose; and, at least, set the Girl a longing to make one in the Dance, before I have found out the proper Man for her Partner!

But here's War declar'd against my poor Gums, it feems. Well, I will never open my Mouth before your Lady, as long as I live, if I can help it. I havefor these Ten Years avoided to put on my Cravat; and for what Reason, do you think? - Why, because I could not bear to fee what Ruins a few Years have made in a Visage, that us'd to inspire Love and Terror as it pleas'd .-- And here your --- What-shall-I-call-her of a Wife, with all the Insolence of Youth and Beauty on her Side, follows me with a Glass, and would make me look in it, whether I will or not, I'm a plaguy good-humour'd old Fellow-if I am an old Fellow-or I should not bear the Insults contain'd in your Letter. Between you and your Lady, you make a wretched Figure of me, that's certain-And yet, 'tis taking my Part, with a P -- x to you, Mr. B. I would have faid; but on your Lady's Account -You fee I have as much more Charity than her, as she has Purity than me; or I should not have put in that Saving Clause in her Behalf.

Dismounted Spectacles, arch Mouth, Gums of shining Jet, and such like fine Descriptions, are these yours, or your Lady's? I'd be glad to know that, Mr.

I love, I own it, to make a pretty Woman blush; it is double-damasking a fine Rofe, as it were; and till I faw your __ [Do, let me call her some free Name or other! I always lov'd to be free with pretty Women! Till I saw your-Methinks I like her Arcadian Name, tho' I'm fo old a Swain, as not to merit any thing but Rebuke at her Hands-Well then, till I faw your] - Pamela I thought all Ladies, in their Hearts, lov'd a little Squib of that kind. For why should they not, when it adds fo much Grace to their Features, and improves their native Charms? - And often have I tos'd the Joke about, as much, in my Intention, to oblige them as myself.—Yet no one can say, but that I always wrapt it up in clean Linen, as the Saying is-Only fuiting myfelf to my Company, till I had made the dear Rogues sensible, and shew they could apprehend.

But now, it seems, I must leave all this off, or I must be mortify'd with a Looking-glass held before me, and every Wrinkle must be made as conspicuous as a Cable-rope.—And what, pray, is to succeed to this Reformation?—I can neither fast nor pray, I doubt—And besides, if my Stomach and my Jest depart

from me, farewel, Sir Simon Darnford!

But cannot I pass as one necessary Character, do you think; as a Foil (as by the bye some of your own Actions have been to your Lady's Virtue) to set off ome more edifying Example, where Variety of Characters

make up a Feaft in Conversation?

I befeech you, Mr. B's Pamela, stick me into some Posy among your siner Flowers—And if you won't put me in your Bosom, let me stand in some gay Flower-pot in your Chimney Corner: I may serve for Shew, if not for Smell. Or, let me be the Bass in your Musick, or permit my humourous Humdrum to serve as a pardonable kind of Discord to set off your own Harmony.—I verily think, I cannot be so good as you'd have me to be: So pray let your poor Anacreon go off with what he loves. It will be very cruel, if you wo'nt.

to the district of the Long

Well, but, after all, I believe I might have trufted you with my Daughter, under your Lady's Eye, Rake as you have been yourfelf. And Fame fays wrong, if you have not been for your Time, a bolder Sinner than ever I was, (with your Maxim of touching Ladies Hearts, without wounding their Ears, which made furer Work with them, that was all) tho' it is to be hoped you are now reformed; and if you are, the whole Country round you, Bast, West, North and South, owe great Obligations to your fair Reclaimer. But here is a fine prim young Fellow coming out of Norfolk, with one Estate in one County, another in another, and Jointures and Settlements in his Hands, and more Wit in his Head, as well as more Money in his Pocket, than he can tell what to do with, to visit our Polly; though I tell her I much question the former Quality, his Wit, if he is for marrying. - And would you have her be attending your Wife's Nursery, when the may possibly be put in a Way to have a Raree-shew of her own.

Here then is the Reason I cannot comply with your kind Mrs. B's Request. But if this Matter should go off; if he should not like ber, or she bim; or if I should not like bis Terms, or he mine; — or, still another Or, if he should like Nancy better — why, then, perhaps, if Polly be a good Girl, I may trust to her Virtue, and to your Honour, and let her go for a Month or two (for the Devil's in you, if you'd attempt to abuse such a generous Confidence).—As to the Superiority of Beauty in your own Lady, I depend nothing on that, with you young Fellows, to whom Variety has generally greater Charms.

Now, when I have said this, and when I say further, that I can forgive your severe Lady, and your self too, (who, however, are less to be excus'd in the Airs you assume, which looks like one Chimney-sweeper calling another sooty Rascal). I give a Proof of my Charity, which I hope with Mrs. B. will cover a Multitude of Faults; and the rather, since, tho' I cannot be a Follower of her Virtue in the strictest Sense, I can be an Admirer of it; and that

is fome little Merit: And indeed all that can be at present pleaded by yourself, I doubt, any more than Your humble Servant,

SIMON DARNFORD.

LETTER XXV.

My bonoured and dear Parents.

Hope you will excuse my long Silence, which has been owing to several Causes, and having had nothing new to entertain you with: And yet this last is but a poor Excuse neither to you, who think every

trifling Subject agreeable from your Daughter.

I daily expect here my Lord and Lady Dawers. This gives me no small Pleasure, and yet it is mingled with some Uneasiness at times, less I should not when view'd so intimately near, behave myself answerably to her Ladyship's Expectations. But this I resolve upon, I will not endeavour to move out of the Sphere of my own Capacity, in order to emulate her Ladyship. She has, and must have, Advantages, by Conversation, as well as Education, which it would be Arrogance in me to assume, or to think of imitating.

All that I will attempt to do, therefore, shall be, to shew such a respectful Obligingness to my Lady, as shall be consistent with the Condition to which I am raised; that so her Ladyship may not have Reason to reproach me of Pride in my Exaltation, nor her dear Brother to rebuke me for Meanness in condescending: And, as to my Family Management, I am the less asraid of Inspection, because by the natural Byass of my own Mind, I bless God, I am above dark Reserves, and have not one selfish or foredid View, that should make me wish to avoid the

most fcrutinizing Eye.

I have begun a Correspondence with Miss Darnford a young Lady of uncommon Merit. But you know her Character from my former Writings. She is very solicitons to hear of every thing that concerns.

me, and particularly how Lady Davers and I agree together. I loved her from the Moment I faw her first; for she has the least Pride, and the most Renevolence and folid Thought, I ever knew in a young Lady, and knows not what it is to envy any one. shall write to her often: And as I shall have so ma. ny Avocations besides to fill up my Time, I know you will excuse me, if I procure from Miss, as I hope to do, the Return of my Letters to her, for your Perufal, and the Entertainment of your Leifure Hours. This will give you, from Time to Time, the Accounts you defire of all that happens here. But as to what relates to our own Particulars, I beg you will never spare writing, as I shall not answering; for it is one of my greatest Delights, that I have such dear, fuch worthy Parents, (as, I hope in God, I long shall) to bless me, and to correspond with me.

The Papers I fend herewith will afford you fome Diversion; particularly, those relating to Sir Simon Darnford; and I must desire, that when you have perused them, (as well as what I shall send for the su-

ture) you will return them to me.

Mr. Longman gave me great Pleasure, on his last Return from you, in his Account of your Health, and the Satisfaction you take in your happy Lot; and I must recite to you a brief Conversation, on this Occasion, that, I dare say will please you, as much as it did me.

After he had been adjusting some Affairs with his dear Principal, which took them up two Hours, my best Beloved sent for me, — My Dear, said he, taking my Hand, and seating me down by him, and making the good old Gentleman sit down, (for he will always rise at my Approach) Mr. Longman and I have settled in two Hours some Accounts, which would have taken up as many Months with some Persons. But never was an exacter or more methodical Accomptant than Mr. Longman: He gives me, (greatly to my Satisfaction, because I know it will delight you) an Account of the Kentish Concern, and of the Pleasure your Father and Mother take in it—

Now, my Charmer, faid he, I see your sweet Eyes begin to glisten: —O how this Subject raises your whole Soul to the Windows of it! —Never was so dutiful a Daughter, Mr. Longman, and never did

Parents better deserve a Daughter's Duty.

I endeavour'd before Mr. Longman to reign in a Gratitude, that my throbbing Heart confessed thro' my Handkerchief, as I could perceive: But the good old Gentleman could not hinder his from shewing it-felf at his worthy Eyes, to see how much I was favour'd—oppres'd, I should say, with the dearest Gentleman's tender Goodness to me, and kind Expressions.—Excuse me, Sir, Excuse me, Madam, said he, wiping his Cheeks: My Delight to see such Merit so justly rewarded, will not be contained, I think.—And so he got up, and walked to the Window.

Well, good Mr. Longman, faid I, as he returned towards us, you give me the Pleasure to know, that my Father and Mother are well; and happy then they must be, in a Goodness and Bounty, that I, and

many more, rejoice in.

Well, and happy, Madam !--- Ay, that they are indeed! And a worthier Couple never lived, I affure you. Most nobly do they go on, in the Farm. Your Honour's one of the happiest Gentlemen in the World. All the Good you do, returns upon you in a Trice. It may well be faid, You cast your Bread upon the Waters; for it presently comes to you again, richer and heavier than when you threw it in. All the Kentish Tenants, Madam, are hugely delighted with their good Steward: Every Thing prospers under his Management: The Gentry love both him and my Dame; and the poor People adore them. Indeed they do a Power of Good, in visiting their poor Neighbours, and giving them Cordials, and fuch-like; infomuch that Cholics, Agues, and twenty Distempers, nipp'd in the Budd, fly before them. So that I reckon the Doctors will foon be the only Enemies they have in the World: For, in a while, there will be no Occasion for one within ten Miles of their Habitation.

In this manner ran on Mr Longman, to my inexpressible Delight, you may believe; and when he withdrew, Tis an honest Soul, said my dear Mr. B. I love him for his respectful love to my Angel, and his Value for the worthy Pair. Very glad I am, that eyer thing answers their Wishes. May they long live,

and be happy !

The dear Gentleman makes me spring to his Arms, whenever he touches this String: for he speaks always thus generously and kindly of you; and is glad to hear, he says, that you don't live only to yourselves: And now and then adds, That your Prudence and mine, do more Credit to his Choice, than might have been done him by an Alliance with the first Quality; Since every Mouth, he is pleased to say, is full of our Merits. How pleasing, how transporting rather, my dear Parents, must this Goodness be to your happy Daughter! And how could I forbear repeating these kind things to you, that you may see how well every thing is taken that you do?

When the expected Visit from Lord and Lady Dawers is over, the approaching Winter will carry us to London; and as I shall then be nearer to you, we may more frequently hear from one another, which to be fure, will be a great Heightening to my Pleasures.

But I have such an Account given me of the Immoralities to which Persons are exposed there, along with the publick Diversions, that it takes off a little from the Satisfaction I should otherwise have in the Thought of going thither. For they say, Quarrels, and Duels, and Gallantries, as they are called, so often happen at London, that those Enormities are heard of without the least Wonder or Surprize.

This makes me very thoughtful at times. But God, I hope, will preserve our dearest Benefactor, and continue to me his Affection, and then I shall be always happy; especially while your Healths and Felicity

confirm and crown the Delights of

Your ever dutiful Dangbeer,

P. B.

LETTER XXVI.

My dearest Child.

T may not be improper to mention ourselves, what the Nature of the Kindnesses is which we confer on our poor Neighbours, and the labouring People, left it should be furmised by any Body, that we are lavishing away Wealth that is not our own. Not that we fear either your honoured Husband or you will suspect any such Matter, or that the worthy Mr Longman would infinuate as much; for he faw what we did, and was highly pleased with it, and said he would make such a Report of it as you write he did. What we do is in small Things, tho' the Good we hope from them is not small perhaps: And if a very diffressful Case should happen among our poor Neighbours, that would require any thing confiderable, and the Objects be deferving, we would acquaint you with it, and leave it to you to do as God shall direct

you.

But this, indeed, we have done, and continue to do: We have furnished ourselves with simple Waters and Cordials of several Sorts; and when in a hot fultry Day, I see poor labouring Creatures ready to faint and drop down, if they are only fatigued, I order them a Mouthful of Bread or fo, and a Cup of good Ale or Beer, and this makes them go about their Bufiness with new Spirits; and when they bless me for it, I tell them they must bless the good 'Squire, from whose Bounty next to God, it all proceeds. If any are ill, I give them a Cordial; and we have been the Means of fetting up feveral poor Creatures who have laboured under Cholicy and Aguish Diforders, or have been taken with flight Stomach Ailments. And nothing is lost by it, my dear Child; for poor People have as grateful Souls as any Body; and it would delight your dear Heart to see how many drooping Spirits we have raised, and how in an Hour or two, some of them after a little cordial Refreshment, from languishing under an Hedge, or behind a Hay-stack,

have

have skipped about, as nimble as Deer, whistling and finging, and pursuing with Alacrity their several Employments; and instead of cursing and swearing as is the Manner of some wicked Wretches, nothing but Blessings and Praises poured out of their glad Hearts upon his Honour and you; calling me their Father and Friend, and telling me, they will live and die for me, and my Wife; and that we shall never want an industrious Servant to do his Honour's Business, or to cultivate the Farm I am blessed in. And in like fort, we communicate to our sick or wanting Neighbours, even altho' they be not Tenants to the Estate.

Come, my dear Child, you are happy, very happy, to be sure you are; and if it can be, may you be yet happier and happier! But still I verily think you cannot be more happy than your Father and Mother, except in this one Thing, That all our Happiness, under God, proceeds from you; and, as other Parents bless their Children with Plenty and Benefits, you have bless'd your Parents (or your honoured Husband rather for your sake) with all the good Things this

World can afford.

The Papers you fend us are the Joy of our Leisure. Hours; and you are kind beyond all Expression, in taking care to oblige us with them. We know how your Time is taken up, and ought to be very well contented, if but now-and-then you let us hear of your Health and Welfare. But it is not enough with fuch a good Daughter, that you have made our Lives comfortable, but you will make them joyful too, by communicating to us all that befals you: And then you write fo piously, and with such a Sense of God's Goodness to you, and intermix such good Reflections in your Writings, that, whether it be our partial Love or not, I cannot tell, but, truly, we think no Body comes up to you: And you make our Hearts and our Eyes fo often overflow, as we read, that we join Hand in Hand together, and I say to her, Blessed be God, and bleffed be you, my Dear; and file in the same Breath, Bleffed be God, and you, my Love.

For such a Daughter, says the one—For such a Daughter, says the other—And she has your own sweet Temper, cry I—And she has your own honest Heart, cries she: And so we go on, blessing God, and blessing you, and blessing your Spouse, and blessing ourselves!——Is any Happiness like our Hap-

piness, my dear Daughter!

Really and indeed, we are so inraptur'd with your Writings, that when our Spirits slag, thro' the Insirmity of Years, that have begun to take hold of us, we have Recourse to some of your Papers: Come, my Dear, cry I, what say you to a Banquet now?—She knows what I mean. With all my Heart, says she.—So I read altho' it be on a Sunday, so good are your Letters; and you must know, I have Copies of many of them: And after a little while, we are as much alive and brisk, as if we had had no Flagging at all, and return to the Duties of the Day with

double Delight.

Confider then, my dear Child, what Joy your Writings give us: And yet we are afraid of oppreffing you, who have so much to do of other Kinds; and we are heartily glad you have found out a way to fave Trouble to yourfelf, and rejoice us, and oblige fo worthy a young Lady as Mils Darnford, all at one Time. I never shall forget her dear Goodness to me, and the Notice she took of me at the Hall *, kindly preffing my rough Hands with her fine Hands, and looking in my Face with fo much Kindness in her Eyes! - to be fure I never shall. What good People, as well as bad, there are in high Stations-Thank God there are; else our poor Child would have had a fad Time of it too often, when she was obliged to flep out of berfelf, as once I heard you phrase it, into Company you could not live with.

Well, but how shall I end? and yet what shall I say more? — Only, with my Prayers, that God will continue to you the Blessings and Comforts you are in Possession of! — And pray now be not over

thoughtful about what may happen at London; for why should you let the Dread of future Evils lessen your present Joys? There is no absolute Persection in this Life, that's true; but one would make one's felf as easy as one could. 'Tis Time enough to be troubled when Troubles come: - Sufficient unto the

Day is the Evil thereof.

Rejoice then, my dear Child, as you have often faid you would, in your present Bleffings, and leave the event of Things to the Supreme Disposer of all Events. And what have you to do, but rejoice? You, who cannot fee a Sun rife, but it is to blefs you, and to raise up from their beds Numbers to join in the Blesfing ! You who can bless, your high-born Friends, and your low-born Parents, and obscure relations! who can bless the Rich by your example, and the Poor by your Bounty; and blefs befides fo good and fo brave a Husband! - O my dear Child, what, let me repeat it, have you to do, but rejoice? - For many Daughters have done wifely, but you have excelled them all.

I will only add, that every thing the 'Squire order'd is just upon the Point of being finished. And when the good time comes, that we shall be again favoured with his Presence and yours, what a still greater Joy will this afford to the already overflowing Hearts of

Your ever loving Father and Mother,

J. and E. ANDREWS!

LETTER XXVII.

My dear Mife Darnford,

HE Interest I take in every thing that concerns you, makes me very importunate to know how you approve the Gentleman, whom some of his best Friends and Well-wishers have recommended to your Favour. I hope he will deserve your good Opinion, and then he mutt excell most of the unmarried Gentlemen in England. * Se Vol. 11. p.

Your

Your Papa, in his humourous manner, mentions his large Possessions and Riches: but, indeed, were he as rich as Crafus, he should not have my Consent, if he has no greater Merit; tho' that is what the Generality of Parents look out for first; And indeed an easy Fortune is so far from being difregardable, that, when attended with equal Merit, I think it ought to have a Preference given to it, supposing Affections difingaged. For 'tis certain, that a Gentleman or Lady may stand as good a Chance for Happiness in Marriage with a Person of Fortune, as with one who has not that Advantage; and notwithstanding I had neither Riches nor Descent to boast of, I must be of Opinion with those, who say, that they never knew any body despise either, that had them. But to permit Riches to be the principal Inducement, to the Neglect of superior Merit, that is the Fault which many a one smarts for, whether the Choice be their own, or imposed upon them by those who have a Title to their Obedience.

Here is a faucy Body, might fome, who have not Miss Darnford's kind Consideration for her Friend, be apt to fay, who being thus meanly descended, nevertheless presumes to give her Opinion, in these high Cases, unasked. But I have one thing, my dear Mis, to fay; and that is, that I think myself so intirely divested of Partiality to my own Case, that, as far as my judgment shall permit, I will never have that in View, when I am prefuming to hint my Opinion of general Rules. For, most furely, the Honours I have received, and the Debasement to which my best Friend has subjected himself, have, for their principal Excuse, that the Gentleman was intirely independent, had no Questions to ask, and had a Fortune sufficient to make himself, as well as the Person he chose, happy, tho' the brought him nothing at all; and that he had, moreover, such a Character for good Sense, and Knowledge of the World, that no body could impute to him any other Inducement, but that of a noble Resolution to reward a Virtue he had so frequently, and, I will say, so wickedly, try'd, and could not subdue.

But why do I thus run on to Miss Darnford, whose partial Friendship attributes to me Merits I cannot claim? I will, therefore, quit this Subject, as a needless one to her, and proceed to what was principally in my View, when I began to write; and that is, to complain of your Papa, who has, let me say it, done his Endeavour to set at Variance a Gentleman and his Wife.

I will not enter into the Particulars, because the Appeal is to Cæfar, and it would look like invading his Prerogative, to take it into my own Hands. But I can tell Sir Simon, that he is the only Gentleman, I hope, who, when a young Person of my Sex asked him to make her a Present of a Book, would put such a mischievous Turn as he has done upon it, to her Husband! - Indeed, from the Beginning, I had Reason to call him a * Tell-tale - But, no more of that -Yet I must say, I had rather he should have flung this Book at my Head too, than to have made a fo much worse Use of it. But I came off tolerably, no Thanks to Sir Simon, however! - And but tolerably neither: For, my dear Mr. B. kept me in suspense a good while, and put me in great Flutters, before he let me nto the Matter.

But I was very much concerned, my dear Mis, at first, till you gave a Reason I better liked afterwards, for Sir Simon's denying your Company to me, after I had obtain'd the Favour of your Mamma's Consent, and you were kindly inclin'd yourself to oblige me: Andthat was, that Sir Simon had a bad Opinion of the Honour of my dear Mr. B. For, as to that Part of his Doubt, which reslected Dishonour upon his dear Daughter, it was all but the Effect of his strange free Humour, on

Purpose to vex you.

That Gentleman must be the most abandon'd of Men, who would attempt any thing against the Virtue of a Lady intrusted to his Protection: And I am grieved, methinks, that the dear Gentleman, who is the better Part of myself, and has, to his own Debasement.

^{*} See Vol. I. p. 220.

basement, acted so honourably by me, should be thought capable of so much Vileness. But forgive me, Miss; it is only Sir Simon, I dare fay, who could think so hardly of him : And I am in great Hope, for the Honour of the present Age, (quite contrary to the Afpersion, that every Age grows worse and worse) that the last, if it produc'd People capable of such At-

tempts, was wickeder than this.

Bad as my dear Mr. Bi's Designs and Attempts were upon me, I can, now I am fet above fearing them, and am inabled to reflect upon them with less Terror and Apprehension, be earnest, for his own dear fake, to think him not, even then, the worst of Men, tho' bad enough in all Conscience: For have we not heard of those that have had no Remorse or Compunction at all, and have actually executed all their vile Purposes, when a poor Creature was in their Power? - Yet (indeed, after fore Trials, that's true) did not God turn his Heart? And altho' I was still helpless, and without any Friend in the World, and in the Hands of a poor vile Woman, who, to be fure, was worse than he, proyoking him to ruin me, and fo wholly in his Power, that I durst not disobey him, whether he bid me come to him, or be gone from him, as he was pleased, or displeased with me; yet, I fay, for all this, did he not overcome his criminal Paffion, and entertain an honourable one, tho' to his poor Servant Girl; and brave the World, and the World's Cenfures, and marry me?

And does not this shew, that the Seeds of Honour were kept alive in his Heart, tho' choaked or kept from sprouting forth, for a Time, by the Weeds of Senfuality, Pride, and youthful Impetuofity? And by cutting down the latter, have not the former taken Root, have they not shot out, and, in their turn, kept down at least, the depressed Weeds? And who now

lives more virtuoufly than Mr. B.?

· July

Let me tell you, my dear Miss, that I have not heard of many Inflances of Gentlemen, who, having defigned vilely, have flopt short, and acted so ho: nourably;

nourably; and who continue to act so nobly: And I have great Considence, that he will, in time be as pious, as he is now moral; for the has a sew bad Notions, which he talks of now-and-then, as Polygamy, and such like, which indeed give me a little serious Thought sometimes, because a Man is too apt to practise what he has persuaded himself to believe is no Crime; yet I hope, they are owing more to the Liveliness of his Wit, (a wild Quality, which does not always confine itself to proper Exercises) than to his Judgment. And if I can but see the first three or four Months Residence over in that wicked London, (which, they say, is so seducing a Place) without adding to my Apprehensions, how happy shall I be I

So much, flightly, have I thought proper to fay in behalf of my dear Mr. B. For a good Wife cannot but hope for a fweeter and more clevated Companionship, (if her presumptuous Heart makes her look upward with Hope herfelf) than this transitory State can afford us. And wat a fad Case is hers, who being as exemplary as human Frailty will permit her to be, looks forward upon the Partner of her adverse and of her prosperous estate, the Husband of her Bosom, the Father of her Children, the Head of her Family, as a poor unhappy Soul, destin'd to a separate and a miserable Existence for ever! - O my dear Miss! --- How can such a Thought be supportable! --- But what high Confolation, what Transport rather, at Times, must hers be, who shall be bles'd with the Hope of being an humble Instrument to reclaim such a dear, dear, thrice dear Partner!-And that Heart in Heart, and Hand in Hand, they shall one Day issue forth from this incumbred State into a bleffed Eternity, benefited by each other's Example-I will lay down my Pen, and enjoy the rich Thought for a few Moments!

Now, my dear Miss, let me, as a Subject very pleasing to me, touch upon your kind mention of the worthy Mr. Peters's Sentiments in relation to that Part of his Conduct to me, which (oppress'd by the Terrors and Apprehensions to which I was

fub-

Subjected) once indeed I censured; and so much the readier; as I had ever so great an Honour for his Cloth, that I thought, to be a Clergyman, and all that was compassionate, good and virtuous, was the same

thing.

But when I came to know Mr. Peters, I had a high Opinion of his Worthiness; and as no one can be perfect in this Life, thus I thought to myself: How hard was then my Lot, to be a Cause of stumbling to so worthy a Heart! To be sure, a Gentleman, who knows so well, and practises so well, his Duty, in every other Instance, and preaches it so efficaciously to others, must have been one Day sensible, that it would not have misbecome his Function and Character to have afforded that Protection to oppressed Innocence, which was requested of him; and how would it have grieved his considerate Mind, had my Ruin been completed, that he did not!

But as he had once a Name-sake, as one may say, that sailed in a much greater Instance, let not my Want of Charity exceed his Fault; but let me look upon it as an Instrmity, to which the most perfect are liable: I was a Stranger to him; a Servant Girl carry'd off by her Master, a young Gentleman of violent and lawless Passions; who, in this very Instance, shew'd how much in Earnest he was set upon effecting all his vile Purposes; and whose Heart althe' God might touch, it was not probable any lesser Instance could.

Then he was not sure, that tho' he might affish my Escape, I might not afterwards fall again into the Hands of so determin'd a Violator; and that Difficulty would not, with such an one, inhance his Resolu-

tion to overcome all Obstacles.

Moreover, he might think, that the Person, who was moving him to this worthy Measure, might possibly be seeking to gratify a View of his own; and that while he was endeavouring to save, to outward Appearance, a Virtue in Danger, he was, in reality, only helping (at the Hazard of exposing himself to the Vindictiveness of a violent Temper, and a rich Vol. III.

Neighbour, who had Power as well as Will to refent) another to a Wife; for such was his * Apprehension, groundless, intirely groundless as it was, tho' not im-

probable, as it might feem to him.

Then again, the fad Examples fet by too many European Sovereigns, in whom the Royal and Priefly Offices are united (for are not Kings the Lord's Anointed?) and the little Scruple which many Persons, Right Reverend by their Functions and Characters, too generally make, to pay fordid Court and Vifits (far from bearing their Testimony against such Practices) even to Concubines, who have Interest to promote them +, are no small Discouragements to a private Clergyman, to do his Duty, and to make himfelf Enemies among his powerful Neighbours, for the Cause of Virtue. And especially (forgive me, dear Sir Simon Darnford, if you should see this) when an eminent Magistrate, one of the principal Gentlemen of the County, of an independent Fortune, who had fine young Ladies to his Daughters, (who had nothing but their superior Conditions, not their Sex, to exempt them from like Attempts) a Justice of Peace, and of the Quorum ; refused to BE a * Justice, tho' such a Breach of the Peace was made, and fuch a Violation of Morals plainly intended. This. I fay, must add to the Discouragement of a Gentleman a little too diffident, and timorous of himself: And who having no one to second him, had he afforded me his Protection. must have stood alone in the Gap, and made to him. felf, in an active Gentleman, an Enemy who had a thousand defirable Qualities to make one wish him for a Friend.

For all these Considerations, I think myself obliged to pity, rather than too rigorously to censure, the worthy Gentleman. And I must and will always respect

Vol. I. p, 154.

* See Vol. I. p. 154.

[†] That these Arguments were pleaded by Mr. Peters, See Vol. I. p. 154.

respect him: And thank him a thousand times, my dear Miss, in my Name, for his Goodness, in condescending to acknowledge, by your dear Hand, his Infirmity, as such: For this gives an excellent Proof of the natural Worthiness of his Heart; and that it is beneath him to seek to extenuate a Fault, when he thinks he has committed one.

Indeed, my dear Friend, I have so much Honour for the Clergy of all Degrees, that I never forget in my Prayers, one Article, That God will make them burning and shining Lights to the World; since so much depends on their Ministry and Examples, as well with respect to our publick as private Duties. Nor shall the Faults of a Few make Impression upon me to the Disadvantage of the Order. For I am as a very censorious Temper, in this respect, is too generally the Indication of an uncharitable, and perhaps a profligate Heart, levelling Characters, in order to cover some inward Pride or secret Enormities, which they are assamed to avow, and will not be instructed to amend.

Forgive, my dear Miss, this tedious Scribble. I cannot for my Life write short Letters to those I love. And let me hope, that you will favour me with an Account of your new Affair, and how you proceed in it; and with fuch of your Conversations, as may give me some Notion of a polite Courtship. For, alas! my dear Miss, your poor Friend knows nothing of this. All her Courtship was sometimes a hasty Snatch of the Hand, a black and blue Gripe of the Arm, and, Whither now ! Come to me, when I bid you! - And Saucy-face, and Creature, and fuchlike, on his Part - with Fear and Trembling on mine; and _1 will, I will! - Good Sir, have Mercy! At other times, a Scream, and nobody to hear or mind me; and with uplift Hands, bent Knees, and tearful Eyes—For God's fake, pity your poor Servant!

This, my dear Miss, was the hard Treatment that attended my Courtship - Pray, then, let me know, how Gentlemen court their Equals in Degree; how they look when they address you, with their Knees

bent, fighing, supplicating, and all that, as Sir Simon fays, with the Words Slave, Servant, Admirer,

continually at their Tongues Ends.

But after all, it will be found, I believe, that be the Language and Behaviour ever so obsequious, it is all defigned to end alike. — The English, the plain English, of the politest Address, is, I am now, dear Madam, your humble Servant; Pray be so good as to let me be your Master. Yes, and thank you too, says the Lady's Heart, tho' not her Lips, if she likes him. And so they go to Church together: And, in Conclusion, it will be happy, if these obsequious Courtships end no worse than my frightful one.

But I am convinc'd, that with a Man of Sense, a

Woman of tolerable Prudence must be happy.

That whenever you marry, it may be to such a Man, who then must value you as you deserve, and make you as happy as I now am, notwithstanding all that's past, wishes and prays

Your obliged Friend and Servant,

P. B.

N. B. Altho' Miss Darnford could not receive the above Letter so ften, as to answer it before others were sent to her by her fair Correspondent; yet we think it not amiss to dispense with the Order of Time, that the Reader may have the Letter and Answer at one View: And shall on other Occasions take the like Liberty.

LETTER XXVIII.

In Answer to the preceding.

My dear Mrs. B.

YOU charm us all, with your Letters. Mr. Peters fays he will never go to bed, nor rise, but he will pray for you, and desires I will return his thankful Acknowledgments for your favourable Opinion of him, and kind Allowances. If there be an Angel on Earth,

Earth, he says you are one. My Papa, altho' he has feen your stinging Reflection upon his Resulal to protect you, is delighted with you too; and says, when you come down to Lincolnshire again, he will be undertal en by you in good Earnest; for he thinks he

was wrong to deny you his Protection.

We are pleas'd with your Apology for Mr. B. 'Tis so much the Part of a good Wife to extenuate her Husband's Faults, and make the best of his bad Qualities, in order to give the World a good Opinion of him; that, together with the affecting Instances of your Humility, in looking back with so much true Greatness of Mind, to what you were, make us all join to admire you, and own, that no-

body can deserve what you deserve.

Yet I am forry, my dear Friend, to find notwithflanding your Defence of Mr. B. that you have any Apprehensions about London. Tis pity any thing should give you Concern. As to Mr. B's talking in Favour of Polygamy, you cannot expect, that he can shake off all his bad Notions at once. And it must be a great Comfort to you, that his Asions do not correspond, and that his Liberties have been reduced to Notions only. In time, we hope that he will be every thing you wish him. If not, with such an Example before him, he will be the more culpable.

We all smiled at the Description of your own uncommon Courtship. And as they say, the Days of Courtship are the happiest Part of Life, if we had not known that your Days of Marriage are happier by far, than any other body's Courtship, we must needs have pity'd you. But as the one were Days of Trial and Temptation, the other are Days of Reward and Happiness: May the last always continue to be so, and you'll have no Occasion to think any body hap-

pier than Mrs. B.

I thank you heartily for your good Wishes as to the Man of Sense. Mr. Murray has been here, and continues his Visits. He is a lively Gentleman, wellenough in his Person, has a tolerable Character, yet loves Company, and will take his Bottle freely; my

G 3

Papa likes him ne'er the worfe for that: He talks a good deal; dreffes gay, and even richly, and feems to like his own Person very well: No great Pleasure this for a Lady to look forward to; yet he falls far short of that genteel Base, and graceful Behaviour, which distinguish your Mr. B. from any body I know.

I wish Mr. Murray would apply to my Sister. She is an ill natur'd Girl; but would make a good Wise, I hope; and I sancy she'd like him well enough. I can't say I do. He laughs too much; has something boisterous in his Conversation; his Complaisance is not a pretty Complaisance: He is well vers'd in Country Sports; and my Papa loves him for that too; and says, He is a most accomplish'd Gentleman: Yes, cry I, as Gentlemen go—You must be saucy, says Sir Simon, and when a Partridge is put on your Plate, soulf up your Nose at it, when, were you kept a little hungry, you'd have leapt at a coarser Bird.

I know some Gentlemens Partridges, Sir, cry'd I, no better than rank Wigeons, and far short of a Stubble Goose. He call'd me one of his free Names.

But I have broken my mind to my dear, my indulgent Mamma, who tells me, she will do me all the Pleasure she can; but would be loth the youngest Daughter should go first, as she calls it. But if I could come and live with you a little now-and then, I did not care who marry'd, unless such a one offer'd,

as I never expect.

I have great Hope, the Gentleman will be easily persuaded to quit me for Nancy; for I see he has not Delicacy enough to love with any great Distinction. He says, as my Mamma tells me by the bye, that I am the handsomest and best humour'd; and he has found out, as he thinks, that I have some Wit, and have Ease and Freedom (and he tacks Innocence to them) in my Address and Conversation. 'Tis well for me, be is of this Opinion; for if he thinks justly, which I much question, any body may think so still much more; for I have been far from taking Pains to ingage his good Word, having been under more Reserve to him, than ever I was before to any body.

Indeed, I can't help it; for the Gentleman is forward without Delicacy; and (pardon me, Sir Simon,) my Papa has not one bit of it neither: But is for pushing Matters on, with his rough Raillery, that puts me out of Countenance, and has already adjusted the fordid Part of the Preliminaries, as he tells me.

Yet I hope Nancy's 3000 I. Fortune more than I am likely to have *, will give her the wish'd for Preference with Mr. Murray; and then, as to a Brother-in-law, in Prospect, I can put off all Restraint, and

return to my usual Freedom.

This is all that occurs worthy of Notice from us:
But from you, we expect an Account of Lady
Davers's Visit, and of the Conversations that offer
among you; and you have so delightful a way of
making every thing momentous, either by your Subject or Reslections, or both, that we long for every
Post-Day, in hopes of the Pleasure of a Letter.—
And yours I will always catefully preserve, as so many
Testimonies of the Honour I receive in this Correspondence: Which will be always esteemed, as it
deserves, by, my dear Mrs. B.

Your obliged and faithful
POLLY DARNFORDS

Mrs. Peters, Mrs. Jones, my Papa, Mamma, and Sisters, present their due Respects. Mr. Peters I mentioned before. He continues to give a very good Account of poor Jewkes; and is much pleased with her.

LETTER XXIX.

leile , dest, in lies of

My dear Miss Darnford,

A T your Defire, and to oblige your honoured

Mamma, and your good Neighbours, I will
now acquaint you with the Arrival of Lady Davers,
and will write what passes between us: I will not say

G 4 worth

^{*} See Vol. H. p. 1114

worthy of Notice; for were I to do fo, I should bemore brief, perhaps, by much, than you feem to expect. Eut as my Time is pretty much taken up, and I find I shall be obliged to write a Bit now and a Bit then, you must excuse me, if I dispense with some Forms, which I ought to observe, when I write to one I so dearly love; and so I will give it Journal-wise, as it were, and have no Regard, when it would fetter or break in upon my Freedom of Narration, to Infeription or Subscription; but send it as I have Opportunity: And if you please to favour me so far, as to lend it me, after you have read the Stuff, for the Perusal of my Father and Mother, to whom my Duty and Promise require me to give an Account of my Proceedings, it will fave me Transcription, for which I shall have no Time; and then you will excuse Blots and Blurs, and I will trouble myself no further for Apologies on that score, but this one for all.

If you think it worth while, when they have read

it, you shall have it again.

Wednesday Morning, Six o'Clock. OR my dear Friend permits me to rife an Hour fooner than my Wont, that I may have Time to scribble; for he is always pleased to see me so imploy'd, or in Reading; often faying, when I am at my Needle, (as his Sifter once wrote) Your Maids can do this, Pamela; but they cannot write as you And yet, as he tells me, when I chuse to follow my Needle, as a Divertion from too intense Study, as he is pleased to call it, (but, alas! I know not what Study is, as may be eafily gueffed by my hafty writing, putting down every thing as it comes) I shall then do as I please. But you must understand I promised at setting out, what a good Wife I'd endeavour to make +: And every honest body should try to be as good as their Word, you know; and such Particulars as I then mentioned, I think I ought to dispense with as little as possible; especially as I promifed

mifed no more than what was my Duty to perform, if I had not promifed. — But what a Preamble is here? — Judge by it what Impertinences you may

expect as I proceed.

Yesterday about Six in the Evening arrived here my Lord and Lady Davers, their Nephew, and the Countess of C. Mother of Lady Betty, whom we did not expect, but took it for the greater Favour. It seems her Ladyship long'd, as she said, to see me; and this was her principal Inducement. The two Ladies, and their two Women, were in Lord Davers's Coach and Six, and my Lord and his Nephew rode on horseback, attended with a Train of Servants.

We had expected them to Dinner; but they could not reach Time enough; for the Counters being a little incommoded with her Journey, the Coach travelled flowly. My Lady would not suffer her Lord, nor his Nephew, to come hither before her; tho' on Horseback, because she would be present, she said, when his Lordship sirst saw me, he having quite forgot ber Mother's Pamela; that was her Word.

It rained when they came in; so the Coach drove directly to the Door, Mr, B. receiving them there: But I was in a little Sort of Flutter, which Mr. B. observing, made me sit down in the Parlour to compose myself. Where's Pamela? said my Lady, as soon as she alighted in the Passage.

I stept out; lest she should take it amis; and she took my Hand, and kissed me: Here, my Lady Countes, said she, presenting me to her —— Here's the Girl; see if I said too much in Praise of her Person.

The Countess saluted me with a kind Pleasure in her Eye, and said, Indeed, Lady Davers, you have not. 'Twould have been strange,) excuse me, Mrs. B. for I know your Story) if such a fine Flower had not been transplanted from the Field to the Garden.

I made no Return but by a low Court's to her Ladyship's Compliment. Then Lady Davers, taking my Hand again, presented me to her Lord: See here, my Lord, my Mother's Pamela! —— And see

G 5

here, my Lord, said her generous Brother, taking my other Hand most kindly, see here your Brother's Pamela too!

My Lord saluted me: I do, said he to his Lady; I do, said he to his Brother; and I see the first Perfon in her, that has exceeded my Expectation, when every Mouth had prepared me to expect a Wonder.

Mr. H. whom every one calls Lord Jackey, afterhis Aunt's Example when she is in good Humour with him, and who is a very young Gentleman, tho' about as old as my best Friend, came to me next, and said, Lovelier and lovelier, by my Life! — I never saw your Peer, Madam.

Will you excuse me, Miss, all this feeming Vanity,

for the fake of repeating exactly what passed?

Well but, said my Lady, taking my Hand, in her free Quality Way, which quite dashed me, and holding it at Distance, and turning me half-round, her Eye fixed to my Waist, Let me observe you a little, my sweet-sac'd Girl! —— I hope I am right: ——I hope you will do Credit to my Brother, as he has done you Credit. —— Why do you let her lace so tight, Mr. B?

I was unable to look up, as you may believe, Miss; my Face, all over Scarlet, was hid in my

Bofom, and I looked fo filly!

Ay, said my naughty Lady, you may well look down, my good Girl: For, to talk to thee in thy own grave Way, thou hast verify'd the Scripture, What is done in Secret, shall be known on the House-top.

Dear my Lady! said I — for still she kept looking at me: And her dear Brother, seeing my Confusion, in Pity to me, pres'd my blushing Face a Moment on his generous Breast; and said, Lady Dawers, you should not be thus hard upon my dear Girl, the Moment you see her, and before so many Witnesses: But look up, my best Love, take your Revenge of my Sister, and tell her, you wish her in the same Way.

It is so then, said my Lady: I am glad of it with all my Heart. I will now love you still better: but I almost doubted it, seeing her still so slender. But if,

my good Child, you lace too tight, I'll never forgive you. And so she gave me a Kiss of Congratulation, as she said.

Do you think, Miss, I did not look very silly?—My Lord, smiling, and gazing at me from Head to Foot, Lord Jackey grinning and laughing, like an Oaf, as I then, in my Spite, thought. Indeed the Countess said, incouragingly to me, but severely on Persons of Birth,—Lady Davers, you are as much too teizing, as Mrs. B. is too bashful. But you're a happy Man, Mr. B. that your Lady's Modesty and Bashfulness are the only Marks by which we can judge she is not of Quality. Lord Jackey, in the Language of some Character in a Play, cry'd ont, A palpable Hit, by Jupiter, and laughed egregiously, running about from one to

another, repeating the fame Words.

We talked only upon common Topicks till Supper-time, and I was all Ear, as I thought it became, me; for the Countess had by her first Compliment, and by an Aspect as noble as intelligent, obliged me to Silence, in Awe of a Superiority so visible; as had Lady Davers's free, though pleasant, Raillery, which she could not help carrying on now-and-then. Besides, Lady Davers's Letters had given me greater Reason to revere her Wit and Judgment, shigh as my Respect for her before had carried my Notions of her Excellence) than I had sormed to myself, when I reslected on her passionate Temper, and such Parts of the Conversation I had had with her Ladyship in your Neighbourhood; which (however to be admired) sell short of her Letters.

When we were to fit down at Table, I looked, I suppose, a little distidently; for I really then thought of my Lady's Anger at the Hall, when she would not have permitted me to sit at Table with her?; and Mr. B. saying, Take your Place, my Dear; you keep our Friends standing; I sat down in my usual Place. And my Lady said, None of your reproaching Eye, Pamela; I know what you hint at: And every Let.

His wind to built but this will

ter I have received from you, has help'd to make mecensure myself from my Lady-Airs, as you call 'em; you Saucebox you: I told you, I'd Lady-Airs you when I saw you; and you shall have it all in good Time.

I'm sure, said I, I shall have nothing from your Ladyship, but what will be very agreeable: But indeed I never meant any thing particular by that, or any other Word that I wrote; nor could I think of any thing but what was highly respectful to your Ladyship.

Lord Dawers was pleased to say, that it was imposfible I should either write or speak any thing that

could be taken amis.

Lady Davers, after Supper, and the Servants were withdrawn, began a Discourse on Titles, and said, Brother, I think you should hold yourself obliged to my Lord Davers; for he has spoken to Lord S, who made him a Visit a few Days ago, to procure you a Baronet's Patent. Your Estate, and the Figure you make in the World, are so considerable, and your Family besides is so ancient, that, methinks, you should wish for some Distinction of that Sort.

Yes, Brother, said my Lord, I did menti on t to Eord S. and told him, withal, that it was without your Knowledge or Desire, that I spoke about it; and I was not very sure you wou'd accept of it; but 'tis a thing-your Sister has wish'd for a good while.

What Answer did my Lord S. make to it? faid

Mr. B.

He said, We, meaning the Ministers, I suppose, should be glad to oblige a Gentleman of Mr. B.'s Figure in the World, but you mention it so slightly, that you can hardly expect Courtiers will tender it to any Gentleman that is so indifferent about it; for Lord December we feldom grant Honours without a View. I tell you that, said he, smiling.

My Lord S. might mention this as a Jest, return'd Mr. B but he spoke the Truth. But your Lordship said well, that I was indifferent about it. 'Tis true, 'ris an hereditary Title: But the rich Citizens, who asked to be satisfy'd with the Title of Knights, still they made it so common, that it was brought into as

greata

great Contempt as the * French Knights of St. Mochael, and nobody else car'd to accept of it) now are ambitious of this; and, I take it, it is hastening apace into like Disrepute. Besides, 'tis a novel Honour, and what our Ancestors, who lived at its Institution, would never accept of. But were it a Peerage they would give me, which has some essential Privileges and Splendors attached to it, that would make it desirable to some Men, I would not enter into Conditions for it. Titles at best, added he, are but Shadows; and he that has the Substance should be above valuing them; for who that has the whole Bird, would pride himself upon a single Feather.

But, faid my Lady, altho' I acknowledge, that the Inflitution is of late Date, yet as abroad, as well as at home, it is regarded as a Title of Dignity, and it is supposed, that the best Families among the Gentry are of it, I should be glad you would accept of it. And as to the Citizens being of it, they are not many; and some of them, or their immediate Descendants however, have bought themselves into the Peerage it-

felf of the one Kingdom or the other.

As to what it is looked upon Abroad, said Mr. B. that is of no Weight at all; for when an Englishman travels, be he of what Degree he will, if he has an Equipage, and squanders his Money away, he is a Lord of course with Foreigners: And therefore Sir Such-a-one is rather a Diminution to him, as it fixes him down to a lower Title than his Vanity would perhaps make him aspire to be thought in the Possession of. Then, as to Citizens, in a Trading Nation like this, I am not displeased in the main, with seeing the overgrown ones creeping into nominal Homours; and we have so many of our first Titled Families who have ally'd themselves to Trade, (whose Inducements were Money only) that it ceases to be

^{*} This Order was become so scandalously common in France, that, in order to suppress it, the Hangman was wested with the Ensigns of it, which effectually abolished its

either a Wonder as to the Fact, or a Disgrace to the Honour.

Well, Brother, said my Lady, I will tell you further, the Thing may be had for asking for: If you will but go to Court, and defire to kiss the King's Hand, that will be all the Trouble you'll have; and

pray now oblige me in it.

if a Title would make me either a better or a wiser Man, reply'd Mr. B. I would imbrace it with Pleasure. Besides, I am not so intirely satisfied with some of the Measures now pursuing, as to owe any Obligation to the Ministers. Accepting of a small Title from them, is but like putting on their Badge, or listing under their Banners; like a certain Lord we all know, who accepted of one Degree more of Title to shew he was theirs, and would not have a higher, lest it should be thought a Satisfaction tantamount to half the Pension he demanded: And could I be easy to have it supposed, that I was an ingrateful Man for voting as I pleased, because they gave me the Title of a Baronet?

The Countess said, The world always thought Mr. B. was a Gentleman of moderate Principles, and not attached to any Party; and it was her Opinion, that it was far from being inconsistent with any Gentleman's Honour and Independency, to accept of a Title from a Prince he acknowledged as his Sove-

reign, i as , win or asimutation a reason a me a-

Tis very true, Madam, reply'd Mr. B. that I am attached to no Party, and never will; and I have a mean Opinion of many of the Heads of both: Nay I will say further, that I wish at my Heart, the Gentlemen in the Administration would pursue such Measures, that I could give them every Vote; as I always will every one that I can; and I have no very high Opinion of those who, right or wrong, would distress or embarrass a Government. For this is certain, that our Governors cannot be always in the wrong; and he therefore who never gives them a Vote, must probably be as often out of the Way as they, and must, moreover, have some View he will

not own. But in a Country like ours, where each of the Legislative Powers is in a Manner independent, and where they are designed as mutual Checks upon each other, I have, notwithstanding, so great an Opinion of the Necessity of an Opposition sometimes, that I am convinc'd it is that which must preserve our Constitution. I will therefore be a Country Gentles man, in the true Sense of the Word, and will accept of no Favour that shall make any one think I would not be of the Opposition when I think it a necessary one; as on the other Hand, I should scorn to make my self a Round to any Man's Ladder of Preserment, or a Caballer for the Sake of my own.

You fay well, Brother, return'd Lady Davers; but you may undoubtedly keep your own Principles and Independency, and yet pay your Duty to the King, and accept of this Title; for your Family and Fortune will be a greater Ornament to the Title, than the

Title to you.

Then what Occasion have I for it, if that be the

Cafe, Madam?

Why, I can't fay, but I should be glad you had it, for your Family's sake, as it is an hereditary Honour. Then it would mend the Style of your Spouse here; for the good Girl is at such a Loss for an Epithet when she writes, that I see the Constraint she lies under. It is, My dear Gentleman, My best Friend, My Benefactor, My dear Mr. B; whereas Sir William would turn off her Periods more roundly, and no other softer Epithet would be wanting.

To me, reply'd he, who always defire to be diftinguished as my Pamela's best Friend, and think it an Honour to be called her dear Mr. B. and her dear Gentleman, this Reason weighs very little, unless there were no other Sir William in the Kingdom than her Sir William; for I am very emulous of her Favour, I can

tell you, and think it no small Distinction.

I blush'd at this too great Honour, before such Company, and was afraid my Lady would be a little piqu'd: at it. But after a Pause, she said, Well then, Brother, will you let Pamela decide upon this Point.

Rightly

Rightly put, faid the Counters Pray let Mrs. B. chuse for you, Sir. My Lady has hit the Thing.

Very good, very good, by my Soul, fays Lord Jacky, let my young Aunt, that was his Word, chuse for you, Sir.

Well then, Pamela, faid the dear Gentleman, give

us your Opinion as to this Point.

But first, said Lady Davers, say you will be determined by it; or else she will be laid under a Difficulty.

Well then, reply'd he, be it so. I will be determined by your Opinion, my Dear: Give it me freely.

Lord Jacky rubb'd his Hands together, Charming, charming, as I hope to live! By Jove this is just as I wish'd.

Well, now, Pamela, faid my Lady, speak your

true Heart without Disguise : I charge you, do.

Why then, Gentlemen and Ladies, said I, if I must be so bold as to speak on a Subject, upon which, on several Accounts, it would become me to be silent, I should be against the Title; but perhaps my Reason is of too private a Nature, to weigh any Thing; and if so, it would not become me to have any Choice at all.

They all called upon me for my Reason; and I said, looking down, a little abash'd, It is this: Here my dear Mr. B. has disparag'd himself by distinguish ing as he has done, such a low Body as I; and the World will be apt to fay, he is feeking to repair one way the Honour he has loft another; and then, perhaps, it will be attributed to my Pride and Ambition : Here; they will be apt to fay, the proud Cottager will needs be a Lady, in Hopes to conceal her Descent; whereas, had I fuch a vain Thought, it would be but making it the more remember'd against both my Dear Mr. B. and myself. And indeed, as to my own Part, added I, I take too much Pride in having been lifted. up into this Distinction, for the Causes to which I owe it, your Brother's Bounty and Generofity, than to be ashamed of what I was : Only now-and-then Lam concerned for his own fake, left he should be

by the Title; but rather would be aggravated by it.

So I am humbly of Opinion against the Title.

The dear Gentleman had hardly Patience to hear me out, but came to me, and folding his Arms about me, faid, Just as I wish'd; have you answer'd, my beloved Pamela; I was never yet deceiv'd in you; no, not once.

My Lady Countess, my Lord Davers, my Lady Davers, said the dear Gentleman, do we want any Titles, think you, to make us happy, but what we can confer upon ourselves; And he press'd my Hand

to his Lips, as he always honours me most in Company; and went to his Place, highly pleas'd; while his fine Manner drew Tears from my Eyes, and made his noble Sister's and the Countess's glisten too.

My Lady said, Well, for my Part, thou art a strange Girl! Where, as my Brother once said so go test thou all this? Then pleasantly humourous, as if she was angry, she changed her Tone, What signify thy meek Words, and humble Speeches, when by thy Actions, as well as Sentiments, thou reslectest upon us all?—Pamela, said she, have less Merit, or take care to conceal it better: I shall otherwise have no more Patience with thee, than thy Monarch has just now shewn.

The Countess was pleas'd to say, You're a happy Couple indeed! and I must needs repeat to you, Mr. B. four Lines, that Sir William Davenant made upon a Lady, who could not possibly deserve them so much as yours does:

She ne'er saw Courts; but Courts could have outdone,
With untaught Looks and an unpractis'd Heart:
Her Nets the most prepar'd could never shun;
For Nature spread them in the scorn of Art.

But, my dear Miss, how lucky one sometimes is, in having what one says well accepted! Ay, that is all in all. For the Reason for the Answer I gave

was fo obvious, that one in my Circumstances could not miss it. Yet what Compliments had I upon it! 'Tisa Sign they were prepared to think well of me;

and that's my great Pleasure and Happiness.

Such Sort of Entertainment as this you are to expect from your Correspondent. I cannot do better than I can; and it may appear such a Mixture of Self-praise, Vanity and Impertinence, that I expect you will tell me freely, as soon as this comes to your Hand, whether it be tolerable to you. Yet I must write on, for my dear Father and Mother's sake, who require it of me, and are prepared to approve of every thing that comes from me, for no other Reason but that: And I think you ought to leave me to write to them only, as I cannot hope it will be entertaining to any Body else, without expecting as much Partiality and Favour from others, as I have from my dear Parents. Mean time I conclude here my first Conversation-piece; and am, and will be,

Always Yours, &c.

P. B.

LETTER XXX.

Thursday Morning, Six o' Clock.

UR Breakfast Conversation Yesterday, (at which only Mrs Worden, my Lady's Woman, and my Polly attended) was so whimsically particular, (though I doubt some of it, at least, will appear too triffling) that I cannot help acquainting my dear Miss Darnford with it, who is desirous of knowing all that relates to Lady Davers's Conduct towards me.

You must know then, that I have the Honour to stand very high in the Graces of Lord Davers, who on every Occasion is pleased to call me his good Sister, his dear Sister, and sometimes his charming Sister; and he tells me, he will not be out of my Company for an Hour together, while he stays here, if he can help it.

CA JUNE W

My:

My Lady seems to relish this very well in the main, tho' she cannot quite so readily yet, frame her Mouth to the Sound of the Word Sister, as my Lord does; of which this that follows is one Instance.

His Lordship had called me by that tender Name twice before, and saying, I will drink another Dish, I think, my good Sister; my Lady said, Your Lordship has got a Word by the End, that you seem mighty fond of: I have taken Notice, that you have called Pamela, Sister, Sister, Sister, no less than Three times in a Quarter of an Hour.

My Lord looked a little serious: I shall one Day or other, said he, be allowed to chuse my own Words and Phrases, I hope: Your Sister, Mr. B. added he, often questions whether I am at Age or not, the House of Peers made no Scruple of admitting me among them some Years ago.

Mr. B, faid, feverely, but with a smiling Air, 'Tiswell she has such a Gentleman as your Lordship for a Husband, whose affectionate Indulgence overlooks all her saucy Sallies. I am sure, when you took her out of our Family into your own, we all thoughtourselves bound to pray for you.

I thought this a great Trial of my Lady's Patience: But it was from Mr. B. And she said, with a half-pleafant, half-serious Air, How now, Considence!—None but my Brother could have said this, whose violent Spirit was always much more intolerable than mine: But I can tell you, Mr. B. I was always thought very good humour'd, and obliging to every body, till your Impudence came from College and from your Travels; and then, I own, your provoking Ways made me now-and-then a little out of the Way.

Well, well, Sifter, we'll have no more of this Subject; only let us fee, that my Lord Davers wants not his proper Authority with you, altho' you used to keep me in Awe formerly.

Keep you in Awe! That nobody could ever do yet, Boy or Man. But, my Lord, I beg your Pardon; for this Brother will make Mischief betwixt

us, if he can.— I only took Notice of the Word Sifter so often us'd, which looked more like Affectation than Affection.

Perhaps, Lady Davers, faid my Lord gravely, I have two Reasons for using the Word so frequently.

I'd be glad to hear them, faid the dear taunting Lady; for I don't doubt they're mighty good ones: What are they, my Lord?

One is, Because I love, and am fond of my new Relation: The other, That you are so sparing of the

Epithet, that I call her so for us both.

Your Lordship says well, rejoin'd my dear Mr. B. smiling; and Lady Davers can give two Reasons why she does not.

Well, said my Lady, now we are in for't, let us hear your two Reasons likewise: I doubt not they're wise ones too.

If they are yours, Lady Dawers, they must be so: One is, That every Condescension of a proud Lady, to speak in her own Dialect, comes as hard and as difficult, as a Favour from the House of Austria to the petty Princes of Germany. 'The second, Because of your Sex, (excuse me, my Lady Countess) who having once made Scruples, think it inconsistent with themselves to be over hasty to alter their own Conduct, chusing rather to persist in an Error, than own it to be one.

This proceeded from the dear Gentleman's Impatience to fee me in the least slighted by my Lady: And I said to Lord Davers, to soften Matters, Never, my Lords, were Brother and Sister so loving in Earnest, and yet so satirical upon each other in Jest, as my good Lady and Mr. B. But your Lordship knows their Way.

My Lady frown'd at her Brother, but turn'd it off with an Air; I love the Mistress of this House, said she, very well; and am quite reconcil'd to her: But methinks there is such a hissing Sound in the Word Sifter, that I cannot abide it. 'Tis a true English

Word,

Word, and a Word I have not been used to, having never had a Sis-s-ser before, as you know. Speaking the first Syllable of the Word with an emphatical Hiss.

Mr. B. faid, Observe you not, Lady Davers, that you used a Word (to avoid that) which had twice the Hissing in it that Sister had:—and that was, Mississer, with two other hissing Words to accompanyit, of this s-s Houssisser. But what childish Follies does not Pride make one stoop to! Excuse, my Lady, (to the Countess) such poor low Conversation as we are dwindled into.

O! Sir, said her Ladyship, the Conversation is very agreeable; and I think, Lady Davers, you're fairly caught.

Well, said my Lady, then help me good Sifter, there's for you! to a little Sugar. Will that please you, Sir?

I am always pleas'd, reply'd her Brother, smiling, when Lady Dawers acts up to her own Character, and the good Sense she is Mistress of.

Ay, ay, return'd she, my good Brother, like other wise Men, takes it for granted, that it is a Mark of good Sense to approve of whatever be does.

And so, for this one Time, I am a very sensible body with him.—And I'll leave off, while I have his good Word. Only one thing I must say to you, my Dear, turning to me, That tho' I call you Pamela, and Pamela, as I please, I do affure you, I love you as well as if I called you Sister, Sister, as Lord Davers does, at every Word.

Your Ladyship gives me great Pleasure, said I, in this kind Assurance; and I don't doubt but I shall have the Honour of being called by that tender Name, if I can be so happy as to deserve it; and I'll lose no Opportunity that shall be afforded me, to shew how sincerely I will endeavour to do so.

She was pleased to rise from her Seat: Give me a Kis, my dear Girl; you deserve every thing: And permit me to say Pamela sometimes, as the Word occurs; for I am not used to speak in Print, and I

will call you Sifter when I think of it, and love you as well as ever Sifter loved another.

These proud and passionate Folks, said my dear Mr. B. how good they can be, when they restect a little on

what becomes their Characters!
So then, faid my Lady, I am to have no Merit of

my own, I see, do what I will. This is not quite so

generous in my Brother.

Why, you faucy Sifter, faid he, excuse me, Lord Davers, what Merit would you have? Can People merit by doing their Duty? And is it so great a Praise that you think fit to own me for a Sifter, so deserving a Girl as this, whom I take Pride in calling my Wise?

Thou art what thou always wast, return'd my Lady; and were I in this my imputed Pride to want an Excuse, I know not the Creature living that ought so

foon to make one for me as you.

I do excuse you, said he, for that very Reason, if you please: But it little becomes either your Pride, or

mine, to do any thing that wants Excuse.

Mighty moral! mighty grave, truly! Pamela, Friend Sister,—there's for you! thou art a happy Girl to have made such a Reformation in thy honest Man's way of Thinking as well as Ading. But now we are upon this Topick, and none but Friends about us, I am resolved to be even with thee, Brother. Jackey, if you are not for another Dish, I wish you'd withdraw. Polly Barlow, we don't want you. Beck, you may stay. Mr. H. obey'd; and Polly went out: For you must know, Mis, that my Lady Dawers will have none of the Men-Fellows, as she calls them, to attend upon us at Tea. And I cannot say but I think her intirely in the right, for several Reasons that might be given.

When they were withdrawn, my Lady repeated, Now we are upon this Topick of Reclaiming and Reformation, tell me, thou bold Wretch; for you know I have feen all your Rogueries in Pamela's Papers; tell me, if ever Rake but thy felf made such an Attempt as thou didst, on this dear good Girl, in Presence of a virtuous Woman, as Mrs. Jerois

always

always was noted to be? As to the other vile Creature Jewkes, 'tis less Wonder, altho' in that thou hadst the Impudence of him who set thee to Work: But to make thy Attempt before Mrs. Jervis, and in spite of her Struggles and Reproaches, was the very Stretch of shameless Wickedness.

The dear Gentleman seemed a little disconcerted, and said, Surely, surely, Lady Dawers, this is going too far! Look at Pamela's blushing Face, and downcast Eye, and wonder at yourself for this Question as much

as you do at me for the Actions you fpeak of.

The Countess said to me, My dear Mrs. B. I wonder not at this sweet Consusion on so affecting a Question; but, indeed, since it has come in so naturally, I must say, Mr. B. that we have all, and my Daughters too, wonder'd at this, more than any Part of your Attempts; because, Sir, we thought you one of the most civiliz'd Gentlemen in England, and that you could not but wish to have saved Appearances a little.

Tho' this, faid Mr, B. is to you, my Pamela, the Renewal of Griefs; yet hold up your dear Face.——You may—the Triumph was yours—the Shame and the Blushes ought to be mine.—And I will humour my faucy Sister in all she would have me say.

Nay, faid Lady Davers, you know the Question; I

cannot put it stronger.

That's very true, reply'd he—But what would you have me say? Do you expect I should give you a Reason for an Attempt that appears to you so very shocking?

Nay, Sir, faid the Countess, don't say Appears to Lady Davers; for (excuse me) it will appear so to eve-

ry one who hears of it.

I think my Brother is too hardly used, said Lord Davers: He has made all the Amends he could make; and you, my Sister, who were the Person offended, forgive him now, I hope; don't you?

I could not answer; for I was quite confounded and made a Motion to withdraw: But Mr. B. said, Don't go, my Dear: Tho' I ought to be asham'd

of an Action set before me in so full a Glare, in Prefence of Lord Davers and the Countes;—yet I will not have you stir, because I forget how you represented it, and you must tell me.

Indeed, Sir, I cannot, said I: Pray, my dear Ladies, pray, my good Lord, and dear Sir, don't thus renew my Griefs, as you were pleased justly to phrase

it.

I have the Representation of that Scene in my Pocket, said my Lady; for I was resolved, as I told Lady Betty, to shame the wicked Wretch with it, the first Opportunity I had; and I'll read it to you; or, rather, you shall read it yourself, Boldsace! if you can.

So she pulled those Leaves out of her Pocket, wrapp'd up carefully in a Paper.— Here, I believe, he who could act thus, must read it; and, to spare Pamela's Consusion, read it to yourself; for we all

know how it was.

I think, faid he, taking the Papers, I can fay fomething that will abate the Heinousness of this heavy Charge, or else I should not stand thus at the insolent Bar of my Sister, answering her Interrogatories.

I send you, my dear Miss, a Transcript of the Charge, as follows:—To be sure, you'll say, he was a

very wicked Gentleman.

[See Vol. I. p 64, & Seq.]

Mr. B. read this to himself, and said, This is a dark Assair, as it is here stated; and I can't say, but Pamela, and Mrs. Jerwis too, had a great deal of Reason to apprehend the worst: But surely Readers of it, who were less Parties in the supposed Attempt, and who were not determined at all Events to condemn me, might have made a more savourable Construction for me, than you Lady Dawers, have done, in the strong Light in which you have set this heinous Matter before us.

However, since my Lady Countess, and Lord Davers, seem to expect, that I shall particularly answer to this black Charge, I will, at a proper time, if it will be agreeable, give you a brief History of my Passion for this dear Girl, how it commenc'd, and increas'd.

increased, and my own Struggles with it: And this will introduce, with some little Advantage to myself perhaps, what I have to say, as to this supposed Attempt; and at the same time inable you the better to account for some Facts which you have read in my pretty Accuser's Papers.

This pleased every one, and they begg'd him to begin then: But he said, It was Time we should think of Dressing, the Morning being far advanced; and if no Company came in, he would give them, in the Afternoon, the Particulars they defined to hear?

The three Gentlemen rode out, and returned just Time enough to dress before Dinner; and my Lady and the Countess also took an Airing in the Chariot. Just as they returned, Compliments came from several of the neighbouring Ladies to our noble Guests, on their Arrival in these Parts; and, to as many as fent, Lady Davers dear'd their Companies for Tomorrow in the Asternoon, to drink Tea: But Mr. B. having fallen in with some of the Gentlemen likewise, he told me; we should have most of our visiting Neighbours at Dinner, and desired Mrs. Jervis might prepare accordingly for them.

After Dinner Mr. H. took a Ride out, attended with Mr. Colbrand, of whom he is very fond, ever fince he frighten d Lady Davers's Footmen at the Hall, threatening to chine them, if they offer'd to ftop his Lady; for, he fays, he loves a Man of Courage; very probably knowing his own Defects that way; for my Lady now-and-then calls him a Chicken-hearted Fellow. And then Lord and Lady Davers, and the Countels, reviv'd the Subject of the Morning; and Mr. B. was pleafed to begin in the Manner I shall mention by and by. For here I am obliged to break off.

Now, my dear Mis, P will proceed.

any body who knows what Love is, (or rather that violent Passion which we mad young Fellows are Vot. HI.

Togmol' . See Vol. II. p. 187

apt to miscal Love) what mean Things it buts us pon a how it unmans, and levels with the Duft. the proudest Spirit. In the Sequel of my Story you will observe several Inflances of this Truth.

I began very early to take Notice of this lovely Girl, even when the was hardly Thirteen Years old : for her Charms increased every Day, not only in my Eye, but in the Eyes of every one who beheld her. My Mother, as you, Lady Dawens, know, took the greatest Delight in her, always calling her, her Pamela, her good Child: And her Waiting-maid, and her Cabinet of Rarities. were her Boafts, and equally shewn to every Visitor: For, beades the Beauty of her Figure, and the genteel Air of her Person, the dear Girl had a furprifing Memory, a Solidity of Judgment above her Years, and a Docility fo unequal'd, that flie took all Parts of Learning, which her Lady, as fond of instructing her, as the of improving by Instruction, crouded upon her; infomuch that she had Masters to teach her to dance, to fing, and to play on the Spinnet, whom she every Day surpris'd by the Readiness wherewith she took every thing. I remember once, my Mother praising her Girl before me, and my Aunt B. (who is fince dead) I could not but take Notice to her of her Fondness for her, and said, What do you design, Madam, to do with, or do for, this Pamela of yours ? The Accomplishments you give her will do her more Hurt than Good: For they will fet her fo much above her Degree, that what you intend as a Kindness may prove her Ruin.

My Aunt join'd with me, and spoke in a still ftronger Manner against giving her such an Education.-And added, as I well remember, Surely, Sifter, you do wrong. One would think, if one knew not my Nephew's discreet Pride, that you defign her for fomething more than your own

Waiting-maid.
Ah! Sifter, faid the old Lady, there is no Fear of what you hint at : His Family Pride, and flately AST A MI MOV SA . Temper,

Temper, will fecure my Son: He has too much of his Father in him.—And as for Pamela, you know not the Girl. She has always in her Thoughts, and in her Mouth too, her Father's mean Condition and I shall do nothing for them, at least at present, tho' they are honest Folks, and deserve well, be-

cause I will keep the Girl humble.

A.

OU

ly

ers

ot

ne

a

1-

nd

3,

d

2

e

0

3

Ó

But what can I do with the little Baggage? continued my Mother: She conquers every thing for faft, and has such a Thirst after Knowledge, and the more the knows, I verily think, the humbler the is, that I cannot help letting go, as my Son, when a little Boy, used to do to his Kite, as fast as fhe pulls; and to what Height she'll foar I can't tell. I intended, proceeded the good Lady, at first, only to make her Mistress of some fine Needleworks, to qualify her, as the has a Delicacy in her Person that makes it a Picy she should ever be put to hard Work, for a genteel Place: But the maflers that so fast, that now, as my Daughter is marry'd, and gone from me, I am delirous to qualify her to divert and entertain me in my thoughtful Hours: And were you, Sister, to know what " she is capable of, and how diverting her innocent Prattle is to me, and her natural Simplicity, which I encourage her to preserve amidst all she learns, you would not, nor my Son neither, wonder at the Pleasure I take in her .- Shall I call her in ?

I don't want, faid I, to have the Girl called in a If you, Madam, are diverted with her, that's enough!—To be fure Pamela is a better Companion for a Lady than a Monkey or a Harlequin's But I fear you'll fet her above herfelf, and make her vain and pert; and that at last, in order to support her Pride, she may fall into Temptations that may be fatal to herfelf, and others too.

I'm glad to hear this from my Son, faid the good.
Lady. But the Moment I fee my Favour puffs her

up, I shall take other Measures.

Well, thought I to myself, I want only to conceal my Views from your penetrating Eye,

my good Mother; and I shall one Day take as much Delight in your Girl, and her Accomplishments, as you now do t So, go on, and improve her as fast as you will. Pil only now and then talk against her, to blind you; and doubt not that all you bestow upon her, will qualify her the bester for my Purpose.—Only, thought I, sly swiftly on, two or three more tardy Years, and I'll nip this Bud by the Time it begins to open, and place it in my Bosom for a Year or two at least; for so long, if the Girl behaves worthy of her Education, I doubt not, she'll be new to me. Excuse me, Ladies; excuse me, Lord Davers: If I am not ingenuous, I had better be filent.

I will as little as possible, my dear Mis, interrupt this affecting Narration, by mentioning my own alternate Blushes, Confusions, and Exclamations, as the naughty Gentleman went on; nor the Censures and many Out-upon-you's of the attentive Ladies, and Fie Brothers of Lord Dawers; nor yet with Apologies for the Praises on myself, to frequently intermingled—contenting myself to give you, as near as I can recollect, the very Sentences of the dear Relator:

And as to our intermingled Exclaimings and Observations, you may suppose what they were

occasionally. So, continued Mr. B. I went on dropping Hints grainft her now and then; and whenever I met ber, in the Passages about the House, or in the Garden, avoiding to look at her, or to speak to her, as the pass'd me, court'sying, and putting on a thousand bewitching Airs of Obligingness and Reverence; while I (who thought that the best way to demolifh the Influence of fuch an Education would be to avoid alarming her Fears on one hand, or to familiarize myfelf to her on the other, till I came to firike the Blow) looked haughty and referved, and passed by her with a sliff Nod, at most. Or, if I fpoke, How does your Lady this Morning, Gul ? I hope the refled well last Night: Then, cover'd

23

ifh-

ove hen

hat oet.

ftly

his

in

ng,

on, ne,

not

upt

wn

ne,

the

at.

a.

on

nt-

ol-

: 10 nd

ere

n ts et

he

to

on

nď

eft

a-

ne

er, nd

ft.

g,

n,

d

cover'd with Blushes, and court'sying at every Word, as if the thought herfelf unworthy of an-· fwering my Questions, she'd trip away in a kind of · Hurry and Confusion, as soon as she had spoken. And once I heard her fay to Mrs. Jervis, Dear Sirs, ' my young Master spoke to me, and called me by 'my Name, faying, How slept your Lady last Night, Pamela! Was not that very good, Mrs. ' Jervis! was it not !- Ay, thought I, I'm in the ' right way, I find: This will do in proper Time. Go on, my dear Mother, improving as fast as you will: I'll engage to pull down in Three Hours what 'you'll be building up in as many Years, in spite of all the Lessons you can teach her.

'Tis enough for me, that I am establishing with you, Ladies, and with you, my Lord, a higher Reputation for my Pamela (I am but too fensible I can make none for myself) in the Relation I am now giving you. Every one but my Mother, who, however, had no high Opinion of her Son's Virtue, used to look upon me as a Rake; and I got the Name not very much to my Credit, you'll fay, as well Abroad as in England, of the fober Rake;fome would fay the genteel Rake; nay, for that Matter, some pretty Hearts, that have smarted for their good Opinion, have called the the handsome. Rake.—But whatever other Epithet I was diffinguished by, it all concluded in Rake or Libertine; nor was I very much offended at the Character; for, thought I, if a Lady knows this, and will come into my Company, half the Ceremony between us is over; and if the calls me to, I thall have an excellent Excuse to punish her Freedom, by greater, of my own.

'So I dress'd, grew more and more confident, and became as infolent withal, as if, tho' I had not Lady Davers's Wit and Virtue, I had all her Spirit (excuse me Lady Davers); and having a pretty, bold Heart, which rather put me upon courting ' than avoiding a Danger or Difficulty, I had but too much my Way with every body; and many a me-

H 3

* nac'd Complaint have I look'd down with a haughty
Air, and a Promptitude, like that of Colbrand's to
your Footmen at the Hall, to clap my Hand to my
Side: Which was of the greater Service to my bold
Enterprizes, as two or three Gentlemen had found.

I knew how to be in earnest.
Ha! said my Lady, thou wast ever an impudent.
Fellow; and many a vile Roguery have I kept from

my poor Mother !- Yet, to my Knowledge, the

thought you no Saint.

Ay, poor Lady, continued he, she used nowand-then to catechise me; and was fure I was
not so good as I ought to be:——For, Son, she
would cry, these late Hours, these all-night Works,
and to come home so sober, cannot be right!
——I am not sure, If I were to know all, (and yet.
I'm asraid of inquiring after your Ways) whether I
should not have Reason to wish you were brought
home in Wine, rather than to come home so sober,
and so late, as you do.

and so late, as you do.

Once, I remember, in the Summer time, I came home about Six in the Morning and met the good.

Lady unexpectedly by the Garden Back-Door, of which I had a Key to let myself in at all Hours.

I started, and would have avoided her, as soon as I saw her: But she called me to her; and then I approached her with an Air, What brings you, Madam, into the Garden at so early an Hour? said.

I, turning my Face from her; for I had a few.

Scratches on my Forehead,—with a Thorn, or.

o, that I feared she would be more inquisitive.

Way with every body; and many a me-

And what makes you, faid she, so early here,
Billy?—What a rakish Figure dost thou make!
—One time or other these Courses will yield you but little Comfort, on Ressection: Would to God, thou wast but happily marry'd!

So, Madam, faid I, the old Wish!—I'm not.
fo bad as you think me:—I hope I have not me-

rited fo great a Punishment.

para.

Thefe

ghty.

s to

my

bold

bund

dent

rom

fhe

OW-

was

fhe

ks.

ht!

yet.

r I

ght.

er,

me.

of.

rs.,

23

.I

u,

W.

or,

16

e,

1.

u

d,

t.

These Hints I give, not as Matter of Glory, but Shame: Yet I ought to tell you all the Truthour nothing. Mean time, thought I, (for I used, as I' mentioned in the Morning, to have some Compunction, for my vile Practices, when cool Reflection, brought on by Satiety, had taken hold of me) I wish this sweet Girl were grown to Years of Susceptibility, that I might reform this wicked Course of Life, and not prowl about, disturbing honest Folks Peace, and indangering myself. And as I had by a certain very daring and wicked Attempt, in which however I did not succeed, set a ' Hornet's Nest about my Ears, which I began to apprehend would fling me to Death; having once escap'd an Ambush, by dint of mere good Luck; I thought it was better to remove the Seat of my Warfare into another Kingdom, and to be a little more discreet for the future in my Amours. So I went to France a second time, as you know, Sister; and passed a Twelvemonth there in the best of Company, and with some Improvement both to my Morals and Understanding, and had very few Sallies, confidering my Love of Intrigue, and the ample Means I had to profecute successfully all the Defires of my Heart. I bid and some

When I return'd, several Matches were proposed to me, and my good Mother often requested me to make her so happy, as she call'd it, as to see me marry'd before she dy'd But I could not induce the Thoughts of that State; for I never saw a Lady whose Temper and Education I liked, or with whom I thought I could live tolerably. She used in vain therefore to plead Family Reasons to me: Like most young Fellows, I was too much a Self lover, to pay so great a Regard to Posterity; and, to say Truth, had very little Solicitude at that time, whether my Name were continued or not, in my own Descendents. However, upon my

H 4 Return,

^{*} See, for bis particular Reasons against marrying. Vol. 11.

Return, I look'd upon my Mother's Pamela with not small Pleasure, and I found her so much improved, as well in Person as Behaviour, that I had the less Inducement either to renew my intriguing Life or to think of a marry'd State.

as the Phrase is, I affected great Shyness, both before her, and to the Girl; for I doubted not, my very Looks would be watched by them both; and what the one discover'd, would not be a Secret to the other; and laying myself open to too early a Suspicion, I thought would but ice the Girl over, and make my Mother more watchful.

So I used to come into my Mother's Apartments, and go out, without taking the least Notice of her, but putting on stiff Airs; and as she always withdrew, when I came in, I never made any Pre-

tence to keep her there and out of month arom '

Once indeed, my Mother faid, on my looking after her, when her Back was turn'd, My deat Son, I don't like your Eye following my Girl fo intently: Only I know that spatkling Lustre natural to it, or I should have some fear for my Pansia, as she grows older.

! fuch a Girl as that! No indeed!—She Imay be your 1 Favourite as a Waiting maid; but I fee nothing 5 but clumfy Court'fles, and aukward Airs about her. A little Ruftick Affectation of Innocence, that to fuch as cannot fee into her, may pass well fenough. Nay, my Dear, reply'd my Mother, don't fay that, of all things. She has no Affectation, I am fure. Yes, the has, in my Eye, Madama and I'll tell I you how it comes about : You have taught her to s assume the Airs of a Gentlewoman, to dance, and to enter a Room with a Grace d and wet bid her keep her low Birth and Family in Viewey And between the one Character, which The wants to get into, and the other she dares not get out of, she trips up and down mincingly, and knows not how ot ice 200, 244, 600 to set her Feet: So 'tis the same in every Gesture; her Arms she knows not whether to swim with, or hold before her; nor whether to hold her stead up, or down; and so does neither, but hangs it on one Side; a little aukward lince of One and tother, I think her. And indeed, Madam, you'd do the Girl more Kindness to put her into your Dairy, than to keep her about your Person; for she'll be utterly spoil'd, I doubt, for any useful Purpose.

Ah! Son! faid she, I fear by your Description, you have minded her too much in one Sense, tho not enough in another. It is not my Intention to recommend her to your Notice, of all Men:

and I doubt not, if it please God I live, and she continues to be a good Girl; but she will make a Man of some midling, genteel Business very happy.

Pamela came in just then, with an Air so natural, and yet so humble, and so much above herself, that I was forc'd to turn my Head from her, lest my Mother should watch my Eye again, and lest I should be inclin'd to do her that Justice, which my Heart assented to, but which my Lips had just before deny'd her.

'All my Difficulty, in Apprehension, was, my good Mother: The Effect of whose Lessons to her Girl, I was not, however, so much atraid of, as her Vigilance. For, thought I, I see by the Delicacy of her Person, the Brilliancy of her Eye, and the sweet Apprehensiveness that plays about every Feature of her Face, that she must have Tinder enough in her Constitution, to catch a well struck Spark; and I'll warrant I shall know how to set her in a Blaze, in a few Months more.

Yet I wanted, as I pass'd, to eatch her Attention too: I expected her to turn after me, and look so, as to shew a beginning Liking towards me; for, you must know, I had a great Opinion of my Perfon and Air, which had been fortunately distinguish'd by Ladies, whom, of course, my Vanity made me allow to be very good Judges of these outward Advantages.

H 5

Vanity, in a Catch I made extempore, to a Lady whom I had been urging to give me fome Proofs of a Love, that, I had the Confidence to tell her, I was fure the had in her Heart for me: She was a lively Lady; and laughing, faid, Whoever admir'd me, it must be for my. Confidence, and nothing else: But urging her farther, Why, said she, brazen Man, for she'd call Names, like Lady Davers)

Man, (for she'd call Names, like Lady Davers) what would you have me say? I would love you, if I could—But—here interrupting her, and putting on a free Air, I half said, and half sung,

· You'd love me, you fay, if you cou'd!

Why, show mak ft me a very odd Creature!

I pr'ythee survey me again;

" What can'ft thou object to my Feature?

This shew'd my Vanity: And I answer'd for the Lady,

Why nothing !- Very well!-Then I'm fure-

That the Choice I have made, is a Sign of

But, to my great Disappointment, Pamela never, by any favourable Glance, gave the least In-

couragement to my Vanity. Well, thought I, this Girl has certainly nothing ethereal in her Mould:

all unanimated Clay! But the Dancing and Singing Airs my Mother is teaching her, will make her better qualify'd in time, and another Year will-

* ripen her into my Arms, no doubt of it. Let me only go on in my present way, and make her-

fear me: That will inhance in her Mind, every Favour I shall afterwards vouchfafe to shew her; and never question, old bumdrum Virtue thought

I, but the Temper without, and the Temper within, will be too many for the perversest Nicety

that ever the Sex boasted.

Yet, tho' I could not once attract her Eye towards me, she never fail'd to draw mine after her,
whenever she went by me, or where-ever I saw
het, except, as I said, in my Mother's Presences
and

and particularly, when she had passed me, and could not see me look at her, without turning her Head,

as I expected so often from her in vain.

You will wonder, Lord Davers, who, I suppose, was once in Love, or you'd never have marry'd such an hostile Spirit, as my Sister's there'—

Go on, Sauce-box, said she, I won't interrupt you.

'You will wonder, how I could behave so coolly
as to escape all Discovery so long from a Lady so
wa chful as my Mother; and from the Apprehensiveness of the Girl; for, high or low, every
Individual of the Sex is quick as Lightning to
Imaginations of this Kind: And besides, well says
the Poet;

Men without Love, have oft so cunning grown, That something like it, they have shown; But none who had it, e'er seem'd to have none. Love's of a strangely open, simple Kind,

Can no Arts or Disguises find; But thinks none sees it, cause itself is blind.

But, to say nothing of her tender Years, and that my Love was not of this bashful Sort, I was not absolutely determin'd, so great was my Pride, that I ought to think her worthy of being my Mistress, when I had not much Reason, as I thought, to despair of prevailing upon Persons of higher Birth (were I disposed to try) to live with me upon my own Terms. My Pride therefore kept my Passion at Bay, as I may say: So sar was I from imagining I should ever be brought to what has since happen'd! But to proceed:

Hitherto my Mind was taken up with the Beauties of her Person only. My EYE had drawn my HEART after it, without giving myself any Trouble about that Sense and Judgment which my Mother was always praising in her Pamela, as exceeding her Years, and Opportunities: But an Occasion happen'd, slight in itself, but which took the HEAD into the Party, and made me think of her, young as she was, with a Distinction, that before I had not had for her. The Occasion was this:

Being

Being with my Mother in her Closet, who was

talking to me on the old Subject, Matrimony, I faw Pamela's Common-place Book, as I may call it: In which, by her Lady's Direction, from time to time, the had transcribed from the Bible, and other good Books, fuch Passages as made most Impression upon her, as she read. A Method, I take it, my Dear, turning to me, that was of great Service to you, as it initiated you into Writing with that Freedom and Ease, which shine in your faucy Letters and Journals; and to which my prefent Fetters are not a little owing: Just as Pedlars catch Monkeys in the Baboon Kingdoms, provoking the attentive Fools, by their own Example, to put on Shoes and Stockings, till the Apes of Imitation, trying to do the like, intangle their Feet, and fo cannot escape upon the Boughs of the Tree of Liberty, on which before they were wont to hop and fkip about, and play a thousand puggish Tricks. ' I observ'd the Girl wrote a pretty Hand, and very · fwift and free; and affixed her Points, or Stops, with fo much Judgment, (her Years confider'd) that I began to have an high Opinion of her Under-Ifanding. Some Observations likewise upon several of the Passages were so just and solid, that I could not help being tacitly furprifed at them. My Mother watched my Eye, and was filent: I " feemed not to observe that she did; and after a while, laid down the Book, flutting it, with great Indifference, and talking of another Subject. · Upon this, my Mother faid, Don't you think · Pamela writes a pretty Hand, Mr. B.? I did not mind it much, faid I, with a careles Air. This is her Writing, is it? Taking the Book and opening it again, at a Place of Scripture. The · Girl is mighty pious! faid I.

1 with you were fo, Child.

again, very carelefly.

I wish so too, Madam, if it would please you.

So do I, Madam; and down I laid the Book

· Look

I wish fo, for your own lake, Child,

I ook once more in it, faid she, and see if you can't open it upon some Place, that may strike you.

I open'd it at, Train up a Child in the Way it fould go, &c. I fanly, faid I, when I was at Pamela's Age, I was pretty near as good as she.

Never, never, faid my Mother: I am fure I took great Pains with you; but, alas! to very little Purpose. You had always a violent headstrong Will!

Some Allowances for Boys and Girls, I hope, Madam: But you see I am as good for a Man as my Sister for a Woman.

my sinter for a woman.

No indeed you are not, I do affure you.

I am forry for that, Madam: You give me a fad

Opinion of myself.

Brazen Wretch! faid my Lady: But go on:
Turn to one of the Girl's Observations on some

Text; faid my Mother.

I did; and was pleased with it more than I would own. The Girl's well enough, said I, for what she is; but let's see what she'll be a few Years hence. There will be the Trial.

"She'll be always good, I doubt not.

So much the better for her.—But can't we talk of any other Subject than this foolish Girl? You complain how seldom I attend you, Madam; and indeed, when you are always talking of Matrimony, or of this low-born raw Girl, it must needs lessen

the Pleasure of approaching you.

But now, as I hinted to you, Ladies, and my Lord, I had a still higher Opinion of Pamela; and esteem'd her more worthy of my Attempts: For, thought I, the Girl has good Sense, and it will be some Pleasure to watch by what Gradations she may be made to rise into Love, and into a higher Life, than that to which she was born. And so I began to think she would be worthy in time of being my Mistress, which till now, as I said before, I had been a little scrupulous about.

of a few Friends, with whom I had contracted an Intimacy abroad, into Scotland and Ireland, they

having

having a Curiofity to fee those Countries; and we spent Six or Eight Months on this Expedition; and when I had landed them in France, I returned home, and found my good Mother in a very indifferent State of Health; but her Pamela arrived to a Height of Beauty and Perfection, that exceeded all my Expectations. I was so much taken with her Charms the first time I saw her, after my Return, which was in the Garden, with a Book in her Hand, just come out of a little Summer-house, that I then thought of obliging her to go back again, in order to begin a Parley with her: But while I was resolving, she tript away, with her Court's and Reverences, and was out of my Sight before I could determine.

'I was resolved, however, not to be long without her; and Mrs. Jewkes having been recommended to me a little before, by a Brother-Rake, as a Woman of try'd Fidelity, I ask'd her, if she would be faithful, if I should have Occasion to

commit a pretty Girl to her Care?

'She hoped, the faid, it would be with the Lady's own Confent, and the thould make no Scruple of

obeying me.
So I thought I would way lay the Girl, and

carry her first to a little Village in Northamptonbire, to an Acquaintance of Mrs. Jewkes's. And,
when I had brought her to be easy and pacify'd a,
little, I design'd that Jewkes should at end her
to * Lincolnshire: For I knew, there was no,
coming at her here, under my Mother's Wing, by
her own Consent; and that, to offer Terms to
her, would be to blow up my Project all at once.
Besides, I was sensible, that Mrs. Jervis would
stand in the way of my Proceedings, as well as
my Mother.

'The Method I had contriv'd, was quite easy, as I imagin'd, and such as could not have failed to answer my Purpose, as to carrying her off; and I doubted

^{*} See Vol. I. p. 123. 1. 28.

doubted not of making her well fatisfy'd in her good Fortune very quickly; for, having a Notion of her affectionate Duty to her Parents, I was not displeased, that I could make the Terms very easy. and happy to them all.

d

d.

n:

7 .

9 .

. 7

r

-1

l,

What most flood in my way, was my Mother's Fondness for her :: But, on the Supposition, that I had got her Favourite into my Hands, which appeared to me, as I faid, a Task very easy to be conquered, I had actually form'd a Letter for her to tranfcribe, acknowledging a Love Affair, and laying her-Withdrawing herself so privately, to the implicit "Obedience she ow'd to her Husband's Commands, to whom she was marry'd that Morning, and who, being a young Gentleman of a genteel Family, and dependent on his Friends, was defirous of keeping it all a profound Secret; and begging, on that "Account her I ady not to divulge it, so much as to Mrs. Fervis.

"And to prepare for this, and make her Escape the more probable, when Matters were ripe for my Plot, I came in one Night, and examined all the Servants, and Mrs. Ferwis, the latter in my Mother's Hearing, about a genteel young Man, whom I pretended to find with, a Pillion on the Horse he rode upon, waiting about the Back Door of the Garden, for some body to come to him; and who rode off, when I came up to the Door, as fast as

he could.

' Nobody knew any thing of the Matter, and were much surprised at what I told them : But I begg'd Pamela might be watched, and that no

one would fay any thing to her about it.

' My Mother faid, She had two Reasons not to fpeak of it to Pamela; one, to oblige me; the other and chief, because it would break the poor innocent Girl's Heart, to be suspected. Poor dear Child! faid she, where can she go, to be so happy as with me? Would it not be inevitable Ruin to her to leave me? There is nobody comes after her: She receives no Letters, but now-andthen.

then one from her Father and Mother, and them

Well, reply'd I, I hope she can have no Design;
'twould be strange if she had formed any to leave
fo good a Mistres: But you can't be fure all the
Letters she receives, are from her Father; and her
shewing to you, Madam, those he writes, looks like
a Cloak to others she may receive from another
Hand. But it can be no Harm, said I, to have an
Eye upon her. You don't know, Madam, what

Tricks there are in the World.

Not I, indeed; but only this I know, that the Girl shall be under no Restraint, if she is resolv'd

to leave me, well as I love her.

Mrs. Jervis said, She would have an Eye upon Pamela, in Obedience to my Command; but she was sure there was no need; nor would she so much wound the poor Child's Peace, as to mention the Matter to her.

'This I suffered to blow off, and seem'd to my Mother to have so good an Opinion of her Pamela, that I was forry, as I told her, I had had such a Surmise: Saying, that the the Fellow and the Pillion were an odd Circumstance, yet, I dared to say, there could be nothing in it; for I doubted not, the Girl's Duty and Gratitude would hinder her

from doing a foolish or rash thing; of 101

This my Mother heard with Pleasure; altho' my Motive for it was but to lay her Pamela on the thicker to her, when she was to be told she had escaped.

She said, She was glad I was not an Enemy to the poor Child. Pamela has no Friend but me, continued the good Lady; and if I don't provide for her, I shall have done her more Harm than Good, (as you and your Aunt B have often said) in the Accomplishments I have given her: And yet the poor Girl, I see that, added she, would not be afraid to turn her Hand to any thing, for the sake of an honest Livelihood, were she put to it; which, if it please God to spare me, and she continues good,

" the never shall be, and on any source and a

Occasion. Your Lady was an excellent Woman, and deserv'd this Tribute to her Memory. All my Pleasure now is, that she knew not half my wicked Pranks, and that I did not vex her worthy Heart in the Prosecution of this Scheme; which would have given me a severe Sting; inasmuch as I might have apprehended, with too much Reason, that I had shortened her Days by the Knowledge of the one and the other.

' I had thus in Readiness every thing necessary for the Execution of my Project: But my Mother's ill State of Health gave me too much Concern, to permit me to proceed. And, now-and-then, as my frequent Attendance on her in her Illness gave me an Opportunity of observing more and more of the Girl, and her affectionate Duty, and continual Tears, (finding her frequently on her Knees praying for her Mittress) I was moved to pity her: And often did I, while those Scenes of my Mother's Illness and Decline were before me, resolve to conquer, if possible, my guilty Passion, as those Scenes taught me, while their Impressions held upon me, justly to call it; and I was much concerned I found it a more difficult Talk than I imagin'd : For, till now, I thought it principally owing to my usual enterprising Temper, and a Love of Intrigue; and that I had nothing to do but to refolve bagainflit, and to fubdue it. it wil of vito min I

But I found I was greatly mistaken; for I had insensibly brought myself to admire her in every thing she said or did; and there was so much Gracefulness, Humility and Innocence in her whole Behaviour, and I faw so many melting. Scenes between here ady and her, that I found I could not master my Esteem for here

of My Mother's Hines increasing beyond Hopes of Recovery, and having fettled all her greater Affairs, she talked to me of her Servants: I asked her, What she would have done for Pamela and Mrs. Jeruis?

Make Mrs. Fervis, my dear Son, said she, as happy as you can: She is a Gentlewoman born, you know; let her always be treated as such: But, for your own sake, don't make her independent; for then you'll want a faithful Manager. Yet, if you marry, and your Lady should not value her as she deserves, allow her a Competency for the rest of her Life, and let her live as she pleases.

' As for my Pamela, I hope you will be her Protector; I hope you will !- She is a good Girl: I · love her next to you and your dear Sifter. She is just arrived at a trying Time of Life. I don't know what to fay for her. What I had defign'd was, that if any Man of a genteel Calling should offer, I would have given her a little pretty Portion, had God spared my Life till then. But if she should be made independent, some idle Fellow perhaps might fnap her up; for the is very pretty: Or, if the should carry what you give her to her poor Parents, as her Duty would lead her to do, they are so unhappily involv'd, that a little Matter would be nothing to them, and the poor Girl might be to feek again. Perhaps Lady Davers will take her. But I wish she was not so pretty! She will be likely to be the Bird for which some wicked Fowler will fpread his Snares; or, it may be, every Lady will not chuse to have such a Waiting-maid. You are a young Gentleman, and; " I am forry to fay it, not better than I wish you to be-Tho' I hope my Pamela would not be in Danger from her Mafter, who owes to all his Servants Protection, as much as a King does to his Subjects. Yet I don't know how to wish her to stay with you,-for your own Reputation's fake, my dear Son ;- for the World will cenfure as it lifts. -Would to God! faid the, the dear Girl had the Small Pox in a mortifying manner: She'd be loveby enough in the Genteelness of her Person, and the Beauty of her Mind; and more out of Danger of fuffering from the transient Beauties of Counter " nance! Yet I think, added the, fhe might be

fafe and happy under Mrs. Jerwis's Care; and if you marry, and your Lady parts with Mrs. Jerwis, let 'em go together, and live as they like.—I think that will be the best for both. And you have a generous Spirit enough: I will not direct you in the Quantum. But, my dear Son, remember, that I am the less concerned, that I have not done for the poor Girl myself, because I depend upon you: The Manner how fitly to provide for her, has made me defer it till now, that I have so much more important Concerns on my Hands; Life and Strength ebbing so fast, that I am hardly sit for any thing, or to wish for any thing, but to receive the last releasing Stroke.

Here the dear Gentleman stopp'd, being under fome Concern himself, and we in much more.

At last he resum'd the Subject :.

' You will too naturally think, my Lord, and you my good Ladies, that the Mind must be truly diabolical, that cou'd break thro' the Regards due to the folemn Injunctions and Recommendations of, a dying Parent. They did hold me a good while indeed; and, as fast as I had any Emotions of a contrary Nature rise in my Breast, I endeavoured. of for some time to suppress them, and to think and act as I ought: But the dear bewitching Girl "every Day rose in her Charms upon me: And, finding the still continued the Use of her Pen and Ink, I could not help entertaining a Jealousy, that " fhe was writing to fomebody who stood well in her, "Opinion; and my Love for her, and my own Spirit of Intrigue, made it a Sweetheart of courle. And I could not help watching her Motions; and, feeing her once putting a Letter she had just folded, - up, into her Bosom, at my Entrance into my Mother's Dreffing-room, I made no doubt of detecting her, and her Correspondent; and so I took the Letter from her * Stays, the trembling and court'fying with a sweet Confusion; and highly pleased I

was, to find it contained nothing but Innocence and Duty to the deceased Mistress, and the loving Pa.

rents expressing her Joy, that in the midst of her Grief for losing the one, she was not obliged to return to be a Burden to the other: And I gave it her again, with Words of Incouragement, and

went down much better satisfied, than I had been,

with her Correspondents.

But whan I reflected on the innocent Simplicity of her Style, I was still more in Love with her, and form'd a Stratagem, and succeeded in it, to come at her other Letters, * which I fent forward, after I had read them, all but three or four, which I kept back, when my Plot began to ripen for Execu-" tion; altho' the little Slut was most abominably free

" upon my Character to her Father and Mother. You will censure me, no doubt, that my Mother's Injunctions made not a more lasting Impression upon me. But really I struggled hard with myself, to give them their due force; and the dear Girl, as as I faid, every Day grew lovelier and more accomplish'd. Her Letters were but so many Links to the Chains the had bound me in; and tho' once I. had resolved to part with her + to Lady Davers, and you, my Lady, had an Intention to take her, I. could not for my Life give her up; and thinking at that time more honourably of the State of a Miftress than I have done since, I could not persuade. myself, (since I intended to do as handsomely by her, as ever Man did to a Lady in that Circumflance) but that I should do better for her than my Mother had wished me to do, and so more than answer all her Injunctions, as to the providing for her: And I could not imagine I should have met. with a Reliftance from her, that I had feldom encountered from Persons much her Superiors as to Descent; and was amaz'd at it; for it confounded " me in all the Notions I had of her Sex, which, like a true Libertine, I supposed wanted nothing but Importunity,

^{*} See Vol. I. p. 91, 101. + See Vol. I. p. 7.

. Importunity and Opportunity, a bold Attempter, and a

· Mind not ungenerous.

Sometimes I admired her for her Virtue; at other times, impetuous in my Temper, and unus'd to Controul, I could have beat her. She well, I remember, describes the Tumults of my Soul, when he repeats what once passed between us, in Words like these: "* Take the little Witch from me, Mrs. Jerwis—I can neither bear not forbear her. "But stay—you shan't go—Yet begone!—No, come back again."— She thought I was mad, I remember she says in her Papers, Indeed I was little less.

" She fays, "I took her Arm, 'and grip'd it black and blue, to bring her back again; and then fat down and look'd at her as filly as such a poor Girl

" as the! "

Well did the dear Slut describe the Passion I flruggled with; and no one can conceive how much my Pride made me despise myself at times, for the little Actions my love for her put me upon, and yet to find that Love increasing every Day, as her Charms and her Resistance increased.

I have caught myself in a raging Fit, sometimes, vowing I would have her; and at others, jealous, that, to secure herself from my Attempts, she would

throw herfelf into the Arms of fome Menial or In-

Sometimes I foothed her, fometimes threatned her; but never was such Courage, when she ap-

for prehended her Virtue was in Danger, mix'd with for much Humility, when her Fears gave way to

her Hopes of a juster Treatment.

Then I would think it impossible, (so slight an Opinion had I of Woman's Virtue) that such a Girl as this, Cottage born, who owed every thing to my Family, and had an absolute Dependance on my Pleasure; myself not despicable in Person or Mind,

See Vol. I. p. 58.

. Mind, as I supposed; she unprejudic'd in any ' Man's Favour; at an Age susceptible of Impresfions; and a Frame and Conflitution not Ice nor Snow; Surely, thought I, all this Frost must be owing to the want of Fire in my Attempts to thaw it: I used to dare more, and succeed better. Shall fuch a Girl as this awe me by her rigid Virtue? No.

4 the shall not.

Then I would resolve to be more in Earnest. Yet my Love was a Traitor to me: That was more faithful to ber than to me; it had more Honour in it at Bottom, than I had defigned it should have. Aw'd by her unaffected Innocence, and a Virtue I had never before encounter'd fo uniform and immoveable, the Moment I faw her, I was half difs armed; and I courted her Consent to that, which tho' I was not likely to obtain, yet it went against me to think of extorting by Violence. Yet Marriage was never in my Thoughts; I scorn'd so much as to promise it.

What numberless mean Things did not this unmanly Passion subject me to ? - I used to watch for her Letters, tho' mere Prittle-prattle and Chitchat, receiv'd them with burning Impatience, and read them with Delight, tho' myself was accused

in them, and stigmatiz'd as I deserv'd.

' I would liften meanly at her Chamber-door; try to overhear her little Conversations; in vain attempted to suborn Mrs. Fervis to my Purposes, inconfishently talking of Honour, when no one ' Step I took, or Action I attempted, shewed any thing like it; loft my Dignity among my Servants; made a Party in her Favour against me, of every body, but whom my Money corrupted, and that hardly sufficient to keep my Partisans steady to my Interest; so greatly did the Virtue of the Servants triumph over the Vice of the Master, when attracted by such an Example!

I have been very tedious, Ladies, and my Lord Davers, in my Narration: But I am come within View of the Point for which I now am upon my Trial at your dread Tribunal (bowing to us all):

After several Endeavours of a smooth and a rough Nature, in which my Devil constantly fail'd " me, and her good Angel prevail'd, I had talk'd to Mrs. Fervis to induce the Girl (to whom, in hopes of frightening her, I had given Warning, but which she rejoiced to take, to my great Disappointmen:) to defire to flay *; and suspecting Mrs. ' Fervis play'd me Booty, and rather confirm'd her in her Coyness, and her Desire of leaving me, I was mean enough to conceal myself in the Closet in Mrs. Jervis's Room, in order to hear their private Conversation: But really not defigning to make any other Use of my Concealment, than to teize her a litt'e, if the thould fay any thing I did not like; which would give me a Pretence to treat her with greater Freedoms than I had ever yet done, and would be an Introduction to take off from her unprecedented Apprehensiveness another Time: And I had the less Scruple as to Mrs. Ferwis's Presence, because she knew as bad of me as the could know, from Pamela's Apprehentions, as well as her own; and would find me, if I kept within any decent Bounds, better than either of them expected. But I had no Defign of proceeding to Extremities; altho' I had little Hope of impressing her by Gentleness.

So, like a benighted Traveller, who had strayed out of his Knowledge, and, despairing to find his Way, threw the Reins upon his Horse's Neck, to be guided at its uncertain Direction, I resolv'd to take my Chance for the Issue which the Adven-

ture should produce.

But the dear Prattler, not knowing I was there, as the undress'd herself, began such a bewitching Chit-chat with Mrs Jervis, who, I found, but ill kept my Secret, that I never was at such a Loss in my Life what to resolve upon. One while I wish'd

wish'd myself, unknown to them, out of the Closet into which my inconsiderate Passion had meanly led me; another time I was incens'd at the Freedom with which I heard myself treated: But then rightly considering, that I had no Business to hearken to their private Conversation, and that it was such as became them, while I ought to have been assamed to give Occasion for it, I excus'd them both, and admir'd still more and more the dear Prattler.

In this Suspense, the undesigned Russling of my Night-gown, from changing my Posture as I flood, giving Alarm to the watchful Pamela, she in a Fright came towards the Closet to see who was there; so that I could be no longer conceal'd.

What could I then do, but bolt out upon the apprehensive Charmer; and having so done, and she running to the Bed, screaming to Mrs. Jervis, would not any Man have follow'd her thither, detected as I was? But yet I said, If she forbore her Screaming, I would do her no Harm; but if not,

she should take the Consequence. 'I found by their Exclamations, that this would pass with both for an Attempt of the worst Kind: but really I had no fuch Intentions as they feared .- When, indeed, I found myfelf detected; when the dear frighten'd Girl ran to the Bed; when Mrs. Jervis threw herself about her; when they would not cease their hideous Squallings; when I was charg'd by Mrs Jervis with the worst Defigns; it was enough to make me go farther than I defigned; and could I have prevailed upon Mrs. Jervis to go up and quiet the Maids, who were rifing, as I heard by the Noise they made over-head, upon the other Screamings, I believe, had Pamela kept out of her Pit, I should have been a little freer with her, than ever I had been : But as it was, I had no Thought but of making as honourable a Retreat as I could, and to fave my felf from being expos'd to my whole Family; and I was not guilty of any Freedoms, that her Modesty, unastrighted, could reproach itself with having suffered; and * the

the dear Creature's fainting Fits gave me almost as

great Apprehenfions, as I could give ber.

Thus, Ladiec, and my Lord, have I tedioufly, and little enough to my own Reputation, given you a Character of myfelf, and told you more against myfelf, than any one Person could accuse me of. Whatever redounds to the Credit of my Pamela, redounds in Part to my own; and so I have the less Regret to accuse myfelf, since it exalts her. But as to a form'd Intention to hide myself in the Closet, in order to attempt the Girl by Violence, and in the Presence of a good Woman, as Mrs. Fervis is, which you impute to me, indeed, bad as I was, I was not so vile, so abandon'd as that.

Love, as I said before, subjects its inconsiderate Votaries to innumerable Meannesses, and unlawful Passion to many more. I could not live without this dear Girl. I hated the Thoughts of Matrimony with any body, and to be brought to the Stake by my Mother's Waiting-maid, forbid it, Pride! thought I; forbid it, Example! forbid it, all my past Sneers, and constant Ridicule, both on the Estate, and on those who descended to Inequalities in it! and, lastly, forbid it, my Family Spirit, so visible in Lady Dawers, as well as myself; to whose

Infults, and those of all the World, I shall be obnoxious, if I make such a Step!

' All this tends to demonstrate the Strength of my Passion: I could not conquer my Love; so I conquer'd a Pride, which every one thought unconquerable; and fince I could not make an innocent Heart vicious, I had the Happiness to follow so good an Example; and, I thank God, a vicious Heart is become virtuous, as I hope, at least morally fo; and I have the Pleasure of rejoicing in the Change, and hope I shall still more and more rejoyce in it; for I really look back with Contempt upon my past Follies; and it is now a greater Wonder to me, how I could act as I did, than that I should detest those Actions, which made me a Curse, instead of a Benefit, to Society. Indeed I VOL. III.

am not yet so pious as my Pamela: but that is to come; and it is one good Sign, that I can truly

fay, I delight in every Instance of her Piety and Vir-

tue: And now I will conclude my tedious Narra-

' tion with the Poet;

Our Passions gone, and Reason in her Throne, Amaz'd, we see the Mischiefs we have done: After a Tempest, when the Winds are laid, The calm Sea wonders at the Wrecks it made.

Thus ended my dear Mr. B. his affecting Relation; which in the Course of it gave me a thousand different Emotions; and made me often pray for him, (as I constantly do) that God will intirely convert a Heart so generous and worthy, as his is on most Occasions. And if I can but find him not deviate, when we go to London, I shall have great Hopes, that

nothing will affect his Morals again.

I have just read over again the foregoing Account of himself. As near as I remember, (and my Memory is the best Faculty I have) it is pretty exact; only he was fuller of beautiful Similitudes, and spoke in a more flowery Style, as I may say. Yet don't you think, Miss, (if I have not done Injustice to his Spirit) that the Beginning of it, especially, is in the saucy Air of a Man too much alive to such Notions? For so the Ladies observed in his Narration.—Is it very like the Style of a true Penitent?—But indeed he went on better, and concluded best of all.

But don't you observe what a dear good Lady I had? Blessings, a thousand Blessings, on her beloved Memory! Were I to live to see my Childrens Children, they should be all taught to lisp her Praises, before they could speak. My Gratitude should always be renew'd in their Mouths; and God, and my dear Father and Mother, my Lady, and my Master that was, my best Friend that is, but principally, as most due, the First, who inspired all the rest should have their Morning, their Noon-tide, and their Even-

ing Praises, as long as I lived!___

I will

d

fo

all

evi

tre

Ar

Ye

be

ture

tire

I will only observe further, as to this my Third Conversation piece, That my Lord Davers offer'd to extenuate some Parts of his dear Brother-in-law's Conduct, which he did not himself vindicate; and Mr. B. was pleased to observe, that my Lord was always very candid to him, and kind in his Allowances for the Sallies of an ungovernable Youth. Upon which my Lady said, a little tartly, Yes, and for a very good Reason, I doubt not: For who cares to condemn himself?

Nay, faid my Lord, pleasantly, don't put us upon a Foot neither: For what Sallies I made, before I knew your Ladyship, were but like those of a Fox, who now-and-then runs away with a straggling Pullet, when no-body sees him: Whereas those of my Brother were like the Invasions of a Lion, breaking into every Man's Fold, and driving the Shepherds, as well as the Sheep, before him.—Ay, said my Lady, but I can look around me, and have Reason perhaps to think the invading Lion has come off, little as he deserv'd it, better than the creeping Fox, who, with all his Cunning, sometimes suffers for his pilfering Thest.

O Miss, these Gentlemen are strange Creatures!—
What can they think of themselves? for they say, there is not one virtuous Man in five!— But I hope for our Sex's sake, as well as for the World's sake, all is not true that evil Fame reports; for, you know, every Man-trespasser must find or make a Woman-trespasser!—And if so, what a World is this!—
And how must the Innocent suffer from the Guilty!—Yet, how much better is it to suffer one's felf, than to be the Cause of another's Suffering?

I long to hear of you. And must shorten my future Accounts, or I shall do nothing but write, and tire you into the Bargain, tho' I cannot my dear Father and Mother. I am, my dear Mis,

Alaways Yours.

P. B.

3 2

LET-

LETTER XXXI.

From Miss DARNFORD, to Mr. B.

My dear Mrs. B.

EVERY Post you more and more oblige us to admire and love you: And let me tell you, I will gladly receive your Letters upon your own Terms: Only when your worthy Parents have perused them, see that I have every Line of them again.

Your Account of the Arrival of your noble Guests, and their Behaviour to you, and yours to them; your Conversation, and wise Determination, on the offer'd Title of Baronet; the just Applauses, conferred on you by all, particularly the good Countess; your Breakfast Conversation, and the Narrative of your saucy abominable Master, tho' amiable Husband; all delight us beyond Expression.

Do, go on, dear excellent Lady, with your charm-

ing Journals, and let us know all that passes.

As to the State of Matters with us, I have defired my Papa to allow me to decline Mr. Murray's Addresses. The good Man lov'd me most violently, nay, he could not live without me; Life was no Life, unless I favour'd him : But yet, after a few more of these Flights, he is trying to fit down satisfy'd without my Papa's foolish perverse Girl, as Sir Simon calls me, and to transpose his Affections to a worthier Object, my Sifter Nancy; and it would make you smile to see how, a little while before he directly apply'd to her, the screw'd up her Mouth to my Mamma, and, Truly, she'd have none of Polh's Leavings; no, not she! - But no sooner did he declare himself in Form, than the gaudy Wretch, as he was before with her, became a well-dress'd Gentleman; - the chattering Magpye, (for he talks and laughs much) quite converfible, -and has fomething agreeable to fay on every Subject. Once, He would make

a

h

tu

in

in

make a good Master of the Buck-hounds; but now, Really, the more one is in his Company, the more

polite one finds him.

Then, on his Part,—Indeed, he happened to see Miss Polly first; and, Truly, he could have thought himself very happy in so agreeable a young Lady: Yet there was always something of Majesty (what a stately name is that for Ill-Nature!) in Miss Nancy; something so awful, that while Miss Polly ingaged the Affections at first Sight, Miss Nancy struck a Man with Reverence; insomuch that the one might be loved as a Woman, but the other revered as something more: A Goddes, no doubt!

I do but think, that when he comes to be lifted up to her Celestial Sphere, as her Fellow Constellation, what a Figure will Nancy and her Ursa Major make together, and how will they glitter and shine to the

Wonder of all Beholders!

Then she must make a brighter Appearance by far, and a more pleasing one too; for why? She has 3000 Satellites, or little Stars, in her Train more than poor Polly can pretend to. Won't there be fine Twinkling and Sparkling, think you, when the Greater and Lesser Bear stars are joined together?

But excuse me, dear Mrs. B. this saucy Girl has vex'd me just now, by her ill-natur'd Tricks; and I am even with her, having thus vented my Spite, tho

the knows nothing of the Matter.

So, fancy, my dear Friend, you see Polly Darn-ford abandon'd by her own Fault; her Papa angry at her; her Mamma pitying her, and calling her filly Girl; Mr. Murray, who is a rough Lover, growling over his Mistress, as a Dog over a Bone he fears to lose; Miss Nancy, putting on her prudish Pleasantry, and snarling out a kind Word, and breaking thro' her sullen Gloom, for a Smile now-and-then in Return; and I laughing at both in my Sleeve, and thinking, that in a while I shall get Leave to attend you in Town, and that will be better than twenty humble Servants of Mr. Murray's Cast: Or, if I can't, that I shall have the Pleasure of your Correspondence

here, and injoy, unenvied, the Favour of my dear Papa and Mamma, which this ill temper'd Girl is

always begrudging me.

Forgive all this Nonfense. I was willing to write something, tho' worse than nothing, to shew how desirous I would be to oblige you, had I a Capacity or Subject as you have. But nobody can love you better, or admire you more; of this you may be assured, (however unequal in all other respects) than

Your POLLY DARNFORD.

I send you up some of your Papers for the good Couple in Kent. Pay my Respects to them; and beg they'll let me have 'em again as soon as they can, by your Conveyance.

Our Stamford Friends defire their kindest Respects: They mention you with Delight in every

Letter.

LETTER XXXII.

The JOURNAL continued.

Thursday, Friday Evening.

My dearest Miss Darnford,

I A M retired from a very busy Day, having had no less than Fourteen of our Neighbours, Gentlemen and Ladies, to Dinner with us: The Occasion principally to welcome our noble Guests into these Parts; Mr. B. having, as I mentioned in a former, turn'd the intended Visit into an Entertainment, after

his usual generous Manner.

Mr. B. and Lord Dawers are gone Part of the Way with them home; and Mr. H. or Lord Jackey, as we call the Gentleman, who will always be young, mounted, with his Favourite Colbrand, as an Escorte to the Countess and Lady Dawers, who are gone to take an Airing in the Chariot. They offer'd to take the Coach, if I would have gone; but being faaigu'd, I desir'd to be excus'd. So I retir'd to my Closet,

28

Closet, and Miss Darnford, who is seldom out of my Thoughts, coming into my Mind, I had a new Recruit of Spirits, which inabled me to resume my Pen,

and thus I proceed with my Journal:

Our Company was, * the Earl and Countess of D. who are so fashionable a marry'd Couple, that the Earl made it his Boast, and his Countess bore it like one accustom'd to such Treatment, that he had not been in his Lady's Company an Hour abroad before for seven Years. You know his Lordship's Character: Every body does; and there is not a worse, as Report says, in the Peerage.

Sir Thomas Atkyns, a fingle Gentleman, not a little finical and ceremonious, and a mighty Beau, tho' of the tawdry Sort, and affecting foreign Airs, as if he was afraid it would not be judg'd by any other Mark,

that he had travelled.

Mr. Arthur, and his Lady, a moderately happy Couple, who feem always when together to behave as if they were upon a Compromite; that is, that each would take it in Turn to fay free Things of the other—tho' some of their Freedoms are of so cutting a Nature, that it looks as if they intended to divert the Company at their own Expence. The Lady, being of a noble Family, takes great Pains to let every one know, that she values herself not a little upon that Advantage: But otherwise has many good Qualities.

Mr. Brooks, and his Lady, a Gentleman who is a free Joker on ferious Subjects, but a good na ur'd Man, and fays fprightly things with no ill Grace; but his Lady is a little referved, and of a haughty Turn, tho' To day she happen'd to be freer than

ufual; as was observed at Table, by

Lady Towers, who is a Maiden Lady of Family, noted for her Wit and Repartee, and who says many good Things, with so little Doubt, and really so good

^{*} For the Characters of most of these Gentlemen and Ladies, see Vol. I. p. 51, 74. and Vol. II. p. 278. to 282, and 297 to 301.

a Grace; that one cannot help being pleas'd with her.

This Lady is generally gallanted by

Mr. Martin of the Grove, as he is called, to diffinguish him from a rich Citizen of that Name, who is settled in these Parts, but being covetous and proud, is seldom admitted among the Gentry in their Visits or Parties of Pleasure. Mr. Martin is a shrewd Gentleman, but has been a little too much of the Libertine Cast, and has lived freely as to Women; and for that Reason has not been received by Mrs. Towers, who hates free Actions, tho' she'll use free Words, modestly free, as she calls them, that is to say, the Double Entendre, in which Sir Simon Darnsford, a Gentleman you are not acquainted with, takes great Delight; tho' by the way, what that worthy Gentleman calls innocent, Lady Towers would blush at.

Mr. Dormer, a Gentleman of a very courteous Demeanour, a Widower, was another, who always speaks well of his deceased Lady, and of all the Sex for her sake.

Mr. Chapman, and his Lady, a well-behav'd Couple, who are not ashamed to be very tender and obferving to one another, but without that censureable Fondness which sits so ill upon some married Folks

in Company.

Then there was the Dean, our good Minister, whom I name last, because I would close with one of the worthiest; and his Daughter, who came to supply her Mamma's Place, who was indispos'd; a well-behav'd prudent young Lady. And here were our Fourteen Guests.

The Countess of C. Lady Dawers, Lord Dawers, Mr. H. my dear Mr. B. and your humble Servant, made up the rest of the Company. So we had a capacious and brilliant Circle, you may imagine; and all the Avenues to the House wore crouded with their Equipages.

The Suijects of Discourse at Dinner were various, as you may well suppose, and the Circle was too large to fall upon any regular or very remarkable Topicks.

Topicks. A good deal of sprightly Wit, however, flew about, between the Earl of D. Mrs. Towers and Mr. Martin, in which that Lord suffered as he deserved; for he was by no Means a Match for the Lady, especially as the Presence of the Dean was a Restraint, as was very visible upon him, and Mr. Brooks too: So much Awe will the Character of a good Clergyman always impress upon even forward Spirits, where he is known to have had an inviolable Regard to it himself.

Besides, the good Gentleman has a genteel and inoffensive Vein of Raillery himself, and so was too

hard for them at their own Weapons.

But after Dinner was over, and the Servants were withdrawn, Mr. Martin began to fingle me out, as he loves to do, for a Subject of Encomium, and made fome high Compliments to my dear Mr. B. on his Choice; and wished (as he often does) he could find just such another Person for himself.

Lady Towers told him, That it was a Thing as unaccountable as it was unreasonable, that every Rake who loved to destroy Virtue, should expect to be rewarded with it: And if his Brother B. had come off so well, she thought no one else ought to expect it.

Lady Davers said, It was a very just Observation; and she thought 'twas pity there was not a Law, that every Man who made a Harlot of an honest Woman, should be obliged to marry one of another's making.

That would be too severe, Mr. B. said; it would be Punishment enough, if he was to marry his own; and especially if he had not seduced her under Pro-

mife of Marriage.

Then you'd have a Man be obliged, reply'd Lady Davers, to stand to his Promise, I suppose, Mr. B.

Yes, Madam,

But, said she, the Proof wou'd be difficult perhaps; and the most unguilty Heart of our Sex, might be 'east able to make it out. But what say you, my Lord D. continued Lady Davers, will you, and my Lord Davers, join to bring in a Bill into the House of 1 5

Peers, for the Purposes I mentioned? I fanfy my Brother would give it all the Affistance he could in the Lower House.

Your Ladyship, said Mr. Martin, is highly unreasonable, I think, to propose that: It would be enough, surely, that a Man shou'd be obliged, as Mr. B. says, to marry the Woman he himself seduced.

The Earl said, That he thought neither the one nor the other should be imposed upon any Man; for that when Womens Virtue was their Glory, and they were brought up with that Notion, and to avoid the Snares of Men, he thought, if they yielded, they ought to pay the Forseit, and take the Disgrace of it to themselves.

May I ask your Lordship, said I, How it comes to pass, that a Woman's Virtue is her Glory, and that a Man's shall not be his?—Or, in other Words, Why you think Virtue in a Man is not as requisite as in a Woman?

Custom, Madam, reply'd the Earl, has made it very different; and those things which are scandalous

in a Lady, are not fo in a Gentleman.

Will your Lordship argue, that it should be so, because it is so? Does not the Gentleman call himself the Head of his Family? Is it not incumbent upon him then to set a good Example? And will he plead it as a Fashion, that he may do by the dearest Relatives of another Man's Family, what, if any one should attempt to do by his, he would mortally resent?

Very well observed, Madam, said the Dean: There is not a Free-liver in the World, I believe, that

can answer that Argument.

Mr. B. said the Earl, pray speak to your Lady: She is too close upon us. And where Sentiments have been so well supported by a Conduct so uniform and exemplary, I chuse not to enter the Lists with such an Antagonist.

Well, well, said Mr. B. since your Lordship will speak in the Plural Number US, let me say, We must not pretend to hold an Argument on this Sub-

ject.

ject.—But, however, I think, my Lord, you should not call upon a Man to defend it, who, bad as he has been, never committed a Fault of this Nature, that he was not forry for, tho' the Sorrow generally lasted too little a while.

Mr. B. (said Lady Towers) has some Merit with me for that Answer: And he has still a greater on another Account; and that is, that he has seen his Error so early, and has left his Vices before they have

left him.

She looked, as every one did, on the Earl, who appeared a little disconcerted, as one conscious, that he deserved the Reslection. And the Dean said, Lady Towers observes very well: For, altho' I prefume not to make personal Applications, yet I must say, That the Gentleman who sees his Error in the Prime of Life, before he is overtaken by some awakening Missortune, may be called one of the happiest of those who have erred.

Ay, Mr. Dean, faid Lady Towers, I can tell you one thing, that such another Buttress as you know who, taken away from Libertinism, and such another Example as a certain Lady every Day gives, would go near in a few Years to ruin the Devil's Kingdom.

in Bedfordsbire.

The Gentlemen looked round upon one another upon this home Push: And the Lady would not let them recover it. See, said she, how the Gentlemen look upon one another, as who should say, each to his Companion, I'm not so bad as you!

Ay, faid Lady Davers, I fee, my Lord Davers, and the Earl of D. and Mr. Martin, look most con-

cerned.

Faith, Ladies, faid Mr. Martin, this is too feverely personal: A Man who contends with a Lady has a fine Time of it; for we are under Restraint, while you say any thing you please. But let me tell you, there's not a Man of us all, 'tis my Opinion, that could have attempted what a certain Renegado has attempted, tho' he is so readily acquitted.

Not

Not so hasty, my good Friend, said Mr. B. You don't consider well what you say, nor of whom: For did I take upon myself to censure you? But tho' I may challenge you to say the worst you can, because I always dealt upon my own Stock, while other People I could name enter'd into a Society and clubbed for Mischies; yet I see you deal with a Brother Rake, when he reforms, as Highwaymen with one of their Gang, who would fain withdraw and be honest, but is kept among them by Fear of an Impeachment.

But is not this, I adies, said Mrs. Arthur, a sad

But is not this, I adies, said Mrs. Arthur, a sad thing, that so many fine Gentlemen as think themselves concern'd in this Charge, should have no way

to clear themselves but by Recrimination?

Egnd, faid Sir Thomas Atkyns, I know not what you're about, Gentlemen! You make but forry Figures, by my Faith!—I have heard of many queer Pranks among my Bedfordshire Neighbours; but I bless my Stars, I was in France and Italy all the Time.

Said Mr. Martin, Mrs. Arthur spoke the Words fine Gentlemen, and Sir Thomas thought himself

obliged to enter upon his own Defence.

Ay, faid the Earl; and the best of it is, Sir Thomas pleads not his Virtue neither, that he did not join his

Bedfordsbire Neighbours, but his Absence.

Gad take me, returned he, putting a Pinch of Sniff to his Nose with an Air, you're plaguy sharp, Gentlemen: I believe in my Conscience you're in a Consederacy, as Mr. B. says, and would swear an honest Man into the Plot, that would not care for such Company. What say you, Mr. H.? which Side are you of?

The Gallows, reply'd he, in his usual blunt Way, are of the Ladies Side; and I was always of the Side

of the Gallows.

That shews, return'd Lady Fowers, that Mr. H. is more afraid of the Punishment, than of deferving it. 'I's we'l, said Mr. B'that any Consideration deters a Gentleman at Mr. H.'s Time of Life. What may

may be Fear now, may improve to Virtue by-

and-by.

Ay, said Lady Davers, Jackey is one of his Uncle's Foxes. He'd be glad to snap up a straggling Pullet, if he was not well look'd after, perhaps.

Pray, my Dear, said Lord Davers, forbear: You ought not to introduce two different Conversations in

different Companies.

I think, truly, faid Mr. B. you should take the Dean's Hint, my good Friends; else you'll be less

polite than personal.

Well, but, Gentlemen, faid Lady Arthur, fince you feem to have been so hard put to it, as fingle Gentlemen, what's to be done with the marry'd Man who ruins an innocent body? What Punishment, Mrs. Towers, shall we find out for such? and what Reparation to the Injured? This, it seems, was said with a particular View to the Earl, on a late scandalous Occafion: But I knew it not till afterwards.

As to the Punishment of the Gentleman, reply'd Mrs. Towers, where the Law has not provided for it, it must be left, I believe, to his Conscience. It will then one Day be heavy enough. But as to the Reparation to the Woman, so far as it can be made, it will be determinable as the unhappy Person may or may not know, that her Seducer is a marry'd Man: It she knows, he is, I think she neither deserves Redress nor Pity, tho' it alleviates not his Guilt. But if the Case be otherwise, and she had no means of informing herself that he was marry'd, and he promised to make her his Wise, to be sure, tho' she cannot be acquitted, he deserves the severest Punishment that can be inflicted. What say you, Mrs. B.?

If I must speak my Mind, reply'd I, I think, that since Custom, as the Earl said just now, exacts so little Regard to Virtue from Men, and so much from Women, and since the Designs of the former upon the latter are so stagrantly avow'd and known, the poor Creature, who suffers herself to be seduced either by a single or marry'd Man, with Promises, or without, has nothing to do, but to sequester herself.

from

from the World, and dedicate the Remainder of her Days to Penitence and Obscurity. As to the Gentleman, added I, he must be left, I doubt, to his Conscience, as you say, Mrs. Towers, which will,

fooner than he wishes, find him out.

Every young Lady has not your angelick Perfection, Madam, faid Mr. Dormer. And there are Cases in which the Fair Sex deserve Compassion, ours Execration. Love may insensibly steal upon a soft Heart: When once admitted, the Oaths, Vows and Protestations of the favour'd Object, who perhaps, on all Occasions, declaims against the Deceivers of his Sex, consirm her good Opinion of him, till, having lull'd asseep her Vigilance, in an unguarded Hour he takes Advantage of her unsuffecting Innocence. Is not such a poor Creature to be pity'd! And what Punishment does not such a Seducer deserve?

You have put, Sir, faid I, a moving Cafe, and in a generous Manner. What, indeed, does not fuch a

Deceiver deserve?

. And the more, faid Mrs. Chapman, as the most

innocent Heart is generally the most credulous.

Very true, said my Countess; for such an one as would do no Harm to others, seldom suspects any from others! And her Lot is very unequally cast; admir'd for that very Innocence, which tempts some brutal Ravager to ruin it.

Yet, What is that Virtue, faid the Dean, which

cannot stand the Test?

But, said Mrs. Towers, very satirically, Whither, Ladies, are we got? We are upon the Subject of Virtue and Honour. Let us talk of something, in which the Gentlemen can join with us. This is such an one, you see, that none but the Dean and Mr. Dormer can discourse upon.

Let us then, fai i Mr. Martin, to be even with one Lady at least, find a Subject that will be new to her.

And that is CHARITY.

Does what I faid concern Mr. Martin more than any other Gentleman, retorted Mrs. Towers, that he is disposed to take Offence at it?

I think,

Voice

I think, faid Mr. B. pardon me, Mrs. Towers, a Lady should never make a Motion to wave such Subjects as those of Virtue and Honour; and less still in Company, where there is so much Occasion, as she seems to think, for inforcing them.

Nay, faid she, I desire not to wave the Subject, I'll assure you. And if you think, Sir, it may do good, we will continue it, for the sakes of all you, Gentlemen, (looking round her archly) who are of Opinion, you may be benefited by it.

We are going into Personals again, Gentlemen and

Ladies, faid the Earl.

And that won't bear, my Lord, you feem to think?

retorted Lady Davers.

A Toast to the King and Royal Family brought on Publick Affairs, and Politicks; and the Ladies withdrawing to Coffee and Tea, I have no more to say as to this Conversation, having repeated all that I remember was said to any Purpose; for such large Companies, you know, Miss, don't always produce the most agreeable and edifying Subjects. But this I was the willinger to recite, because I thought the Characters of some of our Neighbours would be thereby made more familiar to you, if ever I should have the Happiness to see you in these Parts.

I will only add, that Miss L. the Dean's Daughter, is a very modest and agreeable young Lady, and a perfect Mistress of Musick; in which the Dean takes great Delight also, and is a fine Judge of it. The Gentlemen coming in, to partake of our Coffee and Conversation, as they said, obtain'd of Miss to play several Tunes on the Spinnet; and would have me do so too. But really, Miss L. so very much surpass'd me, that had I regarded my Reputation for playing above the Desire I had (as I said, and truly said) to oblige the good Company, I ought not to have pretended to touch a Key after such a Mistress of it. Miss has no Voice, which is great Pity; and at her Request, and the Dean's, and the Company, I sung to her Play, twice or thrice; as did Mrs. Towers, whose

Voice exceeds her Ear. But here, Miss, will I end my Fourth Conversation-Piece.

SATURDAY Morning.

Davers and I took an Airing this Morning in the Chariot, and had a great deal of Discourse together. Her Ladyship was pleased to express great Favour and Tenderness for me; gave me a great deal of good Advice as to the Care she would have me take of myself, and told me, that her Hopes, as well as her Brother's, all centred in my Welfare; and that the Way I was in, made her love me better and better.

She was pleased to tell me, how much she approv'd of the domestick Management; and to say, that she never saw such Regularity and Method in any Family in her Life, where was the like Number of Servants: Every one, she said, knew their Duty, and did it without Speaking to, in such Silence, and with so much apparent Chearfulness and Delight, without the least Hurry or Consusion, that it was her Surprize and Admiration. But kindly would have it, that I took too much upon me: Yet, said she, I don't see, but you are always fresh and lively, and never seem tir'd or fatigu'd; and are always dres'd and easy, so that no Company sind you unprepar'd, or unsit to receive them, come when they will, whether it be to Breakfast or Dinner.

I told her Ladyship, I owed all this, and most of the Conduct for which she was pleased to praise me, to her dear Brother, who at the Beginning of my Happiness, gave me several Cautions * and Instructions for my Behaviour; which had always been the Rule of my Conduct ever since, and I hoped ever would be: To say nothing, added I, which would be very unjust, of the Help I receive from worthy

Mrs. Jerwis, who is an excellent Manager.

Good

^{*} See Vol. II. p. 150.

Good Creature, sweet Pamela, and charming Girl, were her common Words, and she was pleased to attribute to me such a graceful and unaffected Ease, and would have it, that I have a natural Dignity in my Person and Behaviour, which command Love and Reverence at the same time; insomuch that, my dear Miss, I am in Danger of being as proud as any thing. For you must believe, that her Ladyship's Approbation gives me great Pleasure; and the more, as I was asraid, before she came, I should not have come off near so well in her Opinion.

As the Chariot passed along, she took great Notice of the Respects paid me by People of different Ranks, and of the Blessings bestowed upon me, by several, as we proceeded; and said, She should fare well, and be rich in good Wishes for being in my

Company.

The good People, who know us, will do fo, Madam, faid I; but I had rather have their filent Prayers, than their audible ones; and I have caused some of them to be told so; but they say, they cannot help it: And one honest Man said, That everybody's Hearts sprang to their Lips as soon as I appeared, and they could not keep their Words in.

What I apprehend, Madam, continued I, is, that you will be more uneafy To-morrow, when at Church you'll fee a good many People in the fame way. Indeed, added I, my Story, and your dear Brother's Tenderness to me, are so much talked of, that many Strangers are brought thither to see us. 'Tis the only thing, said I, (and so it is, Miss) that makes me desirous to go to London; for by the Time we return, the Novelty, I hope, will cease.

which had been laid under the Cushions in our Seat at Church, two Sundays ago, by some unknown Hand; and how aneasy they have made me. I will transcribe them, Mis, and give you the Particulars of our Conversation on that Occasion. The Verses

are thefe :

Voice exceeds her Ear. But here, Miss, will I end my Fourth Conversation-Piece.

SATURDAY Morning.

Davers and I took an Airing this Morning in the Chariot, and had a great deal of Discourse together. Her Ladyship was pleased to express great Favour and Tenderness for me; gave me a great deal of good Advice as to the Care she would have me take of myself, and told me, that her Hopes, as well as her Brother's, all centred in my Welfare; and that the Way I was in, made her love me better and better.

She was pleased to tell me, how much she approv'd of the domestick Management; and to say, that she never saw such Regularity and Method in any Family in her Life, where was the like Number of Servants: Every one, she said, knew their Duty, and did it without Speaking to, in such Silence, and with so much apparent Chearfulness and Delight, without the least Hurry or Consusson, that it was her Surprize and Admiration. But kindly would have it, that I took too much upon me: Yet, said she, I don't see, but you are always fresh and lively, and never seem tir'd or satigu'd; and are always dress'd and easy, so that no Company sind you unprepar'd, or unsit to receive them, come when they will, whether it be to Breakfast or Dinner.

I told her Ladyship, I owed all this, and most of the Conduct for which she was pleased to praise me, to her dear Brother, who at the Beginning of my Happiness, gave me several Cautions and Instructions for my Behaviour; which had always been the Rule of my Conduct ever since, and I hoped ever would be: To say nothing, added I, which would be very unjust, of the Help I receive from worthy

Mrs. Fervis, who is an excellent Manager.

Good

^{*} See Vol. II. p. 150.

Good Creature, sweet Pamela, and charming Girl, were her common Words, and she was pleased to attribute to me such a graceful and unassected Ease, and would have it, that I have a natural Dignity in my Person and Behaviour, which command Love and Reverence at the same time; insomuch that, my dear Miss, I am in Danger of being as proud as any thing. For you must believe, that her Ladyship's Approbation gives me great Pleasure; and the more, as I was asraid, before she came, I should not have come off near so well in her Opinion.

As the Chariot passed along, she took great Notice of the Respects paid me by People of different Ranks, and of the Blessings bestowed upon me, by several, as we proceeded; and said, She should fare well, and be rich in good Wishes for being in my

Company.

The good People, who know us, will do so, Madam, said I; but I had rather have their silent Prayers, than their audible ones; and I have caused some of them to be told so; but they say, they cannot help it: And one honest Man said, That everybody's Hearts sprang to their Lips as soon as I appeared, and they could not keep their Words in.

What I apprehend, Madam, continued I, is, that you will be more uneafy To-morrow, when at Church you'll fee a good many People in the fame way. Indeed, added I, my Story, and your dear Brother's Tenderness to me, are so much talked of, that many Strangers are brought thither to see us. 'Tis the only thing, said I, (and so it is, Miss) that makes me desirous to go to London; for by the Time we return, the Novelty, I hope, will cease.

Then I mention'd some Verses of Mr. Cowley, which had been laid under the Cushions in our Seat at Church, two Sundays ago, by some unknown Hand; and how aneasy they have made me. I will transcribe them, Mis, and give you the Particulars of our Conversation on that Occasion. The Verses

are thefe :

Thou robb'ft my Days of Bus ness and Belights, Of Sleep thou robb'ft my Nights. Ab ! lovely Thief! what wilt thou do? What! rob me of Heav'n too! Thou ev'n my Pray'rs dost steal from me, And I with wild Idolatry, Begin to God, and end them all to thee. No, to what Purpose should I speak? No, wretched Heart, fwell till you break: She cannot love me, if she would; And, to fay Truth, 'twere pity that she should. No, to the Grave thy Sorrows bear, As filent as they will be there : Since that lov'd Hand this mortal Wound does give, So bandsomely the Thing contrive, That she may guiltless of it live: So perish, that her killing thee May a Chance-medley, and no Murder be !

I had them in my Pocket, and read them to my Lady; who ask'd me, if her Brother had seen them? I told her, it was he that found them under the Cu-shion I used to sit upon; but did not shew them to me, till I came home; and that I was so vexed at them, that I could not go to Church in the Asternoon.

Mhat should you be vex'd at, my Dear? said she: How could you help it?—My Brother was not

disturb'd at them, was he?

No, indeed, faid I: He chid me for being so; and was pleased to make me a fine Compliment upon it; that he did not wonder, that every body who saw me, lov'd me.—But I said, This was all wicked Wit was good for, to inspire such Boldness in bad Hearts, which might otherwise not dare to set Pen to Paper to affront any one.

But pray, Madam, added I, don't own I have told you of them, left there should be a Possibility for a Shadow of a Thought, that I was prompted by some vile, secret Vanity in being admir'd, to tell your Ladyship of them: When, I am sure, they have

vex'd

vex'd me more than enough. For is it not a fad Thing, that the Church should be profan'd by such Actions, and such Thoughts, as ought not to be

brought into it ?

Then, Madam, to have any wicked Man dare to think of one with impure Notions! It gives me the less Opinion of myself, that I should be so much as thought of as the Object of any wicked Body's Wishes. I have called myself to Account upon it, whether any Levity in my Looks, my Dress, my Appearance, could imbolden such an affrontive Insolence. And I have thought upon this Occasion better of Julius Casar's Delicacy, than I did, when I read of it; who, upon an Attempt made on his Wise, to which, however, it does not appear she gave the least Incouragement, said, to those who pleaded for her against the Divorce he was resolved upon, That the Wise of Casar ought not to be suspected.

Indeed, Madam, continued I, it would extremely shock me, but to know, that any wicked Heart had conceived a Defign upon me; Upon me, give me Leave to repeat, whose only Glory and Merit is, that I have not the Grace to withstand the greatest of Trials and Tempations, from a Gentleman more worthy to be beloved both for Person and Mind,

than any Man in England.

Your Observation, my Dear, is truly delicate, and fuch as becomes your Mind and Character. And I really think, if any Lady in the World is secure from vile Attempts, it must be you; not only from your Story so well known, and the Love you bear to your Man, and his Merit to you, but from the Prudence, and natural Dignity, I will say, of your Behaviour, which, tho' all graceful Ease and Chearfulness, is what would strike dead the Hope of any presumptuous Libertine, the Moment he sees you.

How can I enough, return'd I, and kissed her Hand, acknowledge your Ladyship's polite Goodness in his Compliment! But, my Lady, you see by the very Instance I have mention'd, that a Liberty is

taken, which I cannot think of without Pain.

'Tis fuch a Liberty, reply'd my Lady, as shews more Despair than Hope, and is a Confirmation of my Sentiments on the Prudence and Dignity which

not only I, but every body attributes to you.

Kind, kind, Lady Davers le said I, again pressing her Hand with my Lips. But I will turn my Quarrel, since I know not, and hope I never shall, the vile Transcriber, upon the Author of the Verses, I think; for had they not been written, I should not have been thus insulted, perhaps.

But, reply'd my Lady, Cowley is my favourite Poet. He has a beautiful Imagination, a vast deal of brilliant Wit, and a Chastity too in his Works, that

hardly any of the Tribe can boaft.

I once liked him better too, said I, than I have done since this; for he was one of the Poets that my Lady would permit me to read sometimes; and his Pieces in Praise of the Country Life, and those charming Lines against Ambition, used to delight me much:

If e'er Ambition should my Fancy cheat With any Wish so mean, as to be great, Continue, Heavin, still from me to remove The bumble Blessings of the Life I love!

I have taken Notice of these Lines often, said my Lady, and been pleas'd with them. But I think you have no Reason to be out of Conceit with Cowley, for the ill Use made of his Verses. He but too naturally describes the Influence of Love; which frequently interferes with our better Duries. And there is something very natural, and easy, and witty, in the first Lines:—And shews that the Poet laments the too ingaging Impressions which Love made upon his Mind, even on the most solemn Occasions—What! rob me of Heav'n too!—A bad Heart, Pamela, could not have so lamented, or so written!

Ah! but, Madam, faid I, I have feen, in your dear Brother's Collection of Manuscripts, a Poem in which this very Point, nice as it is, is touched with

much greater Propriety.

Can

Can you repeat it, my Dear?

The Lines I mean, I can. Your Ladyship must know, it was upon a Quarrel between a beloved Couple, where the Gentleman had been wild, and the Lady's ill-natur'd Uncle, who wanted to break the Match, (tho' it was defigned by her deceased Parents) had fomented it, so that she would not look upon her Lover, nor see him, nor receive a Letter of Excuse from him, tho' they were betroth'd, and she lov'd him dearly. This oblig'd him to throw himself in her Way at Church, and thus he writes:

But, O! forgive me, Heav'n, if oft my Fair Robs thee of my Devoir, disturbs my Pray'r, Confounds my best Resolves, and makes me prove, That she's too much a Rival in thy Love!

These now, Madam, continued I, are the Lines I admire:

But better Thoughts my happier Hopes Juggest,
When once this stormy doubts expell d my Breast;
When once this agitated Flame shall turn
To steadier Heat, and more intensely burn,
My dear Maria then, thought I, will join,
And we, one Heart, one Soul, shall all be THINE!

Ay, Pamela, these are very pretty Lines. You must procure me a Sight of the Whole. They must needs let me into an entertaining History of a Love Quarrel—Mean time, you must not think ill of my Favourite Cowley; for I say, with a Gentleman, whose Judgment, and good Heart, have hardly any Equal, That tho' Cowley was going out of Fashion with some, yet he should always suspect the Head or the Heart of him or her, who could not taste, and delight in, his Beauties.

The Words,

She cannot love me, if she would,

And, to say Truth, 'twere pity that she should's

Shew the Goodness of the Poet's Heart; and even, that the Transcriber, be he who he will, had not the everst, that he could fingle out these; when, if he would be shining with borrow'd Rays, he might have

chosen a much worse Poet to follow.

Oh! Madam, reply'd I, fay not one Word in behalf of the wicked Transcriber. For a Wretch to entertain the Shadow of a Wish for a marry'd Person, is a Degree of Impurity that ought not to be excus'd: But to commit fuch Thoughts to Writing, to put that Writing under the Seat of the marry'd Person at Church, when her Heart should be ingag'd wholly in her first Duties; where too it might be more likely to be feen by the Pew-keeper than her, and so spread over the whole Parish, to the Propagation of bad Ideas, whenever I appeared; and, moreover, might come to the Hands of one's Husband, who from his own free Life formerly, and high Palfions, as far as the Transcriber knew, might be uneasy at, and angry with, the innocent Occasion of the Infult—Befides the Apprehension it must give one, that the Man who could take this vile Step, might proceed to greater Lengths, which my bufy Fears could improve to Duelling and Murder-Then the Concern it must fill me with, to the diverting of my Mind from my first Regards, when any one looked at me wiftfully, that be might be the Transcriber, which must always give me Confusion of Thought: --- Dearest Madam, can one forbear being vex'd, when all these I maginations dart in upon a Mind apprehenfive as mine? Indeed this Action has given me great Uneafiness at times ever fince, and I cannot help it.

I am pleas'd with your Delicacy, my Dear, as I faid before—You can never err, while thus watchful over your Conduct;—and I own, you have the more Reason for it, as you have marry'd a mere Julius Casar, an open ey'd Rake, that was her Word, who would, on the least surmizes, tho' ever so causeless on your Part, have all his Passions up in Arms, in Apprehension of Liberties that might be offer'd

like those he has not scrupled to take.

Oh!

Na

Go

gav

thei

you for

Tra

1

Oh! but, Madam, said I, your dear Brother has given me great Satisfaction in one Point; for you must think, I should not love him as I ought, if I had not a Concern for his suture Happiness, as well as his present; and that is, he has assured me, that in all the Liberties he has taken, he never attempted a marry'd Lady, but always abhorred the Thought

of fo great an Evil.

'Tis pity, said her Ladyship, that a Man who could conquer his Passions so far, could not subdue them intirely. This shews it was in his own Power to do so; and increases his Crime: And what a Wretch is he, who scrupling, under Pretence of Conscience or Honour, to attempt Ladies within the Pale, boggles not to ruin a poor Creature without; although he knows, he thereby, most probably, for ever, deprives her of that Protection, by preventing her Marriage, which, even among such Rakes as himself, is deemed inviolable, and so casts the poor Creature headlong into the Jaws of Peredition?

Ah! Madam, reply'd I, this was the very Inference I made upon the Occasion.

And what could he fay?

He faid, my Inference was just; but call'd me pretty Preacher;—and once having caution'd me not to be over-serious with him, so as to cast a Gloom, as he said, over our innocent Injoyments, I never dare to urge Matters further, when he calls me by that Name.

Well, faid my Lady, thou'rt an admirable Girl! God's Goodness was great to our Family, when it

gave thee to it.

No Wonder, continu'd her Ladyship, as my Brother says, every body that sees you, and has heard your Character, loves you: And this is some Excuse for the inconsiderate Folly even of this unknown Transcriber.

Ah! Madam, faid I; but is it not a fad thing. that People, if they must take upon them to like one's Behaviour in general, should have the worft, instead of the best Thoughts upon it? If I were as good as I ought to be, and as some think me, must they wish to make me bad for that Reason? and so to destroy the Cause of that Pleasure which they pretend to take in feeing a body fet a good Example? For what, my dear Lady, could a Wretch mean, even by the Words your Ladyship thinks most innocent,

She carnot love me, if she would; Ind, to fay Truth, --- (as if this Truth were extorted rather by his Fears than his Wifbes) twere pity that she should.

But why then, if this be the Case, and that he would bear his Sorrows, as the Poet calls them, to the Grave, should he not keep them to himself? make that very Mind their Grave, which gave them their Birth? If the bold Creature, whoever he be, had not thought this might be a Hint that might fome-how be improved, and a vile Foundation for some viler Superstructure, would he have transcribed them, and caused them to be placed where they were found?-Then, in my humble Opinion, the Thought that is contained in these Lines,

Since that lov'd Hand this mortal Wound does give, So handsomely the Thing contrive, That she may guiltless of it live: So perish, that her killing thee May a Chance-medley, and no Murder be;

Is rather a Conceit, or Prettiness, that won't bear Examination, than that true Wit in which this fine Poet excels: For, if the cannot love him if the would, and if it were pity that the should love him; this implies she was a Lady under previous Obligagation, whether Marriage or Betrothment is the fame thing to him: Then, need the Thing to be fo hand-Tomely

fre OVE Ho wh

V fi

W

T

fu

an

M

on a the 9011 that well

Lad

In with our ! you'l my I if ev the A

Broth VOL.

Comely contrived. need any Pains be taken, (if her Repulse bad killed, as Poetical Licence makes him fay, this Invader of another's Right), to bring it in Chance-medley; -fince no Jury could have brought it in Murder, except that Sort of Murder which is called Felo de fe (you know, my Lady, what a Scholar your Brother has made me) : So that I prefume to think, the Poet himself is not so blameles in this as he has taken care to be in most of his Pieces. And permit me to make one Observation. my good Lady, That if the chaftest Writers, (suppofing Cowley meant ever fo well) may have their Works and their Thoughts turn'd to be Panders and Promoters of the Wickedness of coarse Minds, whose groffer Ideas could not be cloathed in a Dress fit to appear in decent Company, without their Affistance, how careful ought a good Author to be, whose Works are so likely to live to the End of Time, how he propagates the worst of Mischiefs, to fuch a Duration, when he himself is dead and gone, and incapable of antidoting the Poison he has spread?

Her Ladyship was pleased to kiss me, as we sat. My charming Pamela, my more than Sister, — did she say! — Yes she did say so! and made my Eyes overflow with Joy to hear the sweet Epithet! —) How your Conversation charms me! — I charge you, when you get to Town, let me have your Remarks on the Diversions you will be carried to by my Brother. Now I know what to expect from you, and you know how acceptable every thing will be to me that comes from you, I promise great Pleasure as well to myself as to my worthy Friends, particularly Lady Betty, in your unrestrained free Correspondence.

Indeed, Pamela, I must bring you acquainted with Lady Betty: She is one of the Worthies of our Sex, and has a fine Understanding. — I'm sure you'll like her. — But (for the World say it not to my Brother, nor Let Lady Betty know I tell you so, if ever you should be acquainted —) I had carry'd the Matter so far by my essicious Zeal to have my Brother marry'd to so sine a Lady, not doubting his Vol. III.

joyful Approbation, that it was no small Disappointment to her, I can tell you, when he marry'd you: And this is the best Excuse I can make for my surious Behaviour to you at the Hall. For tho' I am naturally very hasty and passionate, yet then I was almost mad.—Indeed, my Disappointment had given me so much Indignation both against you, and him, that it is well I did not do some violent thing by you.

I believe you did seel the Weight of my Hand:—But what was that?—Twas well I did not kill you dead—these were her Ladyship's Words—For how could I think the wild Libertine capable of being ingag'd by such noble Motives, or Thee what thou art?—So this will account to thee a little for my Violence then.

Your Ladyship, said I, all these Things consider'd, had but too much Reason to be angry at your dear Brother's Proceedings, so well as you always lov'd him, so high a Concern as you always had to promote his Honour and Interest, and so far as you had gone

with Lady Betty.

I tell thee, Pamela, faid she, that the old Story of Eleanor and Rosamond run in my Head all the Way of my Journey, and I almost wished for a Potion to force down thy Throat: And when I came, and found thy lewd Paramour absent, (for little did I think thou wast marry'd to him, tho' I expected thou wouldst endeavour to persuade me to believe it apprehending, that his Intrigue with thee would effectually frustrate my Hopes as to Lady Betty and him; Now, thought I, all happens as I wish!—Now will I confront this brazen Girl! ---- Now will I try her Innocence, as I please, by offering to take her with me out of his Hands; if she refuses, take that Refusal for a Demonstration of her Guilt; and then, thought I, I will make the Creature provoke me, in the Presence of my Nephew and my Woman (and I hoped to have got that Woman Jewks

1

-1

-1

V

-it

T

C

of

ve

me

me

froi

pro

but

a m

^{*} Compare this Part of the Conversation, with Lady Davers's Behaviour to Pamela, Vol. II. p. 163 to 187.

tto teffify for me too); and I cannot tell what I might have done, if thou hadft not got out of the Window as thou didft, especially after thou hadft told me, thou wast as much marry'd as I was and hadst shewn me his tender Letter to thee, which had a quite different Effect upon me than thou hadft hoped for. But if I shad committed any Act of Violence, what Remorfe should I have had, when I came to reflect, and had known what an Excellence I had injured! Thank God, thou didft escape me! thank God thou didft! And then her Ladyship folded her Arms about me, and kiffed me.

This was a fad Story, you'll fay, my dear Miss: And I wonder what her Ladyship's Passion would have made her do! Surely she would not have killed me dead indeed! furely the would not! - Let it not. however, Miss, nor you, my dear Father and Mother. -- when you fee it, ---- go out of your own Hands, nor be read, for my Lady's fake, to any body else ---- No, Miss, not to your own dear Mamma. --- It made me tremble a little, even at this Diffance, to think what a fad thing Paffion is, when Way is given to its ungovernable Tumults, and how

it deforms and debases the noblest Minds!

e

0.

e,

id

ed

it)

ıld

nd

WO

try

her

hat

and

oke

No-

wkes

Lady

We returned from this agreeable Airing but just Time enough to dress before Dinner, and then I attended my Lady, and we went together into the Countes's Apartment, where I received abundance of Compliments from both. As this brief Conversation will give you some Notion of that Management and Oeconomy for which they heaped upon me their kind Praises, I will recite to you what passed in it, and hope you will not think me too vain; and the less, because what I underwent formerly from my Lady's Indignation, half intitles me to be proud of her present Kindness and Favour.

Lady Davers faid, Your Ladyship must excuse us, that we have lost fo much of your Company; but here, this sweet Girl has entertained me in such a manner, that I could have flaid out with her all

. Day;

Day; and several times did I bid the Coachman prolong his Circuit.

Mygood Lady Davers, Madam, faid I, has given me inexpressible Pleasure, and has been all Condescension and Favour, and made me as proud as proud can be,

You, my dear Mrs, B. faid she, may have given great Pleasure to Lady Davers; for it cannot be otherwise.——But I have no great Notion of her Ladyship's Condescension, as you call it, spardon me, Madam, said she to her, smiling) when she cannot raise her Style above the Word Girl, coming off from a Tour you have made so delightful to her.

I protest to you, my Lady C. reply'd her Ladyship, with great Goodness: that Epithet which once indeed I bestow'd thro' Pride, as you'll call it, I now give for a very different Reason. I begin to doubt, whether to call her Sister is not more Honour to myfelf than to her, and to this Hour am not quite convinc'd. When I am, I will call her so with Pleasure.

I was quite overcome with this fine Compliment, but could not answer a Word: And the Countess faid, I could have spared you longer, had not the Time of Day compell'd your Return. For I have been very agreeably entertained, as well as you, altho' but with the Talk of my Woman and yours: For here they have been giving me such an Account of Mrs. Be's Occonomy, and Family Management, as has highly delighted me. I never knew the like; and in so young a Lady too. We shall have strange Resonnations to make, Lady Davers, when we go home, in our Families, were we to follow so good an Example.

Why, my dear Mrs. B. continued her Ladyship, you outdo all your Neighbours. And indeed I am glad It live to far from you;— For were I to try to imitate you, it would still be but Imitation, and you'd

have the Honour of it.

Yet you hear, and you fee by Yesterday's Conversation, said Lady Davers, how much her best Neighbours of both Sexes admire her: They all yield to her the Palm, unenvying.

Then,

W

of

[e]

too

Wh

Bar

her

low

Then, my good Ladies, faid I, it is a Sign I have most excellent Neighbours, full of Generosity, and willing to incourage a young Person in doing right things: So it makes, considering what I was, more for their Honour than my own. For what Censures should not such an one as I deserve, who have not been educated to fill up my Time like Ladies of Condition, were I not to imploy myself as I do? I, who have so little other Merit, and who brought no For-

tune at all?

Come, come, Pamela, none of your self denying Ordinances—that was Lady Davers's Word—You must know something of your own Excellence:—
If you do not, I'll tell it you, because there is no Fear you will be proud or vain upon it. I don't see then, that there is the Lady in your Neighbourhood, or any Neighbourhood, that behaves with a more proper Decorum, or better keeps up the Port of a Lady, than you do. How you manage it I can't tell; but you do as much by a Look, and a pleasant one too, that's the Rarity! as I do by high Words, and passionate Exclamations: I have often nothing but Blunder upon Blunder, as if the Wretches were in a Confederacy to try my Patience.

Perhaps, Madam, said I, the Awe they have of your Ladyship, because of your high Qualities, makes them commit Blunders; for I myself have always been more asraid of appearing before your Ladyship, when you have visited your honoured Mother, than of any body else, and have been the more sensibly

aukward thro' that very aweful Respect.

Psha, psha! Pamela, that is not it: 'Tis all in yourfelf. I us'd to think my Mamma, and my Brother too, had as aukward Servants as I ever saw anywhere — except Mrs. Jerwis. — Well enough for a Batchelor, indeed! — But, here! — thou hast not parted with one Servant — Hast thou?

No, my Lady.

1

n,

How! faid the Countes; what Excellence is here! All of them, pardon me, Mrs. B. your Fellow-servants, as one may say, and all of them so reK 3 spectful.

spectful, so watchful of your Eye; and you, at the same time, so gentle to them, so easy, so chearful!

Don't you think me, Mis, insufferably vain? But 'tis what they were pleased to say. 'Twas their Coodness to me, and shew'd how much they can excel in generous Politeness. So I will proceed.

Why this, continued the Countess, must be born Dignity, - born Discretion. — Education cannot give it: — If it could, why should not we have it?

The Ladies faid many more kind things of me then; and after Dinner they mentioned all over again, with Additions, before my best Friend, who was kindly delighted with the Encomiums given me by two Ladies of fuch distinguishing Judgment in all other Cases. They told him, how much they admired my Family Management: Then would have it, that my Genius was universal, for the Imployments and Accomplishments of my Sex, whether they confider'd it, they were pleased to say, as imploy'd in Penmanship, in Needle-work, in paying or receiving Visits, in Musick, and I can't tell how many other Qualifications, which their Goodness made them attribute to me, over and above the Family Management; faying, that I had an Understanding that comprehended every thing, and an Eye that penetrated into the very Bottom of Matters in a Moment, and was never at a Loss for the Should: be, the Why or Wherefore, and the How; these were their comprehensive Words - I did every thing with fo much Celerity, clearing all as I went, and leaving nothing, that was their Observation, to recur or come over again, that could be dispatched at once: By which means, they faid, every Hand was clear to undertake a new Work, as well as my own Head to direct it; and there was no Hurry nor Confusion; but every coming Hour was fresh and ready, and unincumber'd, (so they faid) for its new Employment; and to this they attributed that Ease and Pleasure with which every thing was performed, and that I could do, and cause to be done, so much Bufiness without Hurry either to myself or Servants.

These kind things, they would have it, they obferved in part themselves, in part from the Obfervations in their Women, who looked, they said, so narrowly into every Part of the Management, as if they were Spies upon it; but were such faithfulones, that it was like a good Cause brought to a strict. Scrutiny, the brighter and fairer for it.

Thus, my dear Miss, did their Ladyships praise me for what I sught to be; and I will endeavour to improve more and more by their kind Admonitions, which come cloathed in the agreeable and flattering Shape of Praise, the noblest Incitement to the

doing of one's Duty.

Judge you how pleafing this was to my best Beloved, who found, in their kind Approbation, such a Justification of his own Conduct, that could not fail of being pleafing to him, especially as Lady Da-

wers was one of the kind Praisers.

Lord Davers was fo highly delighted, that he rose once, begging his Brother's Excuse, to salute me, and remained standing over my Chair, with a Pleafure in his Looks that cannot be expressed, now-andthen lifting up his Hands, and his good-natur'd Eye glistening with Joy, which a Pier-glass gave me the. Opportunity of feeing, as sometimes I stole a bathful Glance towards it, not knowing how or which way to look. Even Mr. H. feem'd to be touch'd very fenfibly; and recollecting his Behaviour to me at the. Hall, he once cry'd out, What a fad Whelp was I, to behave as I once did, to so much Excellence! Not, Mr. B. that I was any thing uncivil neither; - but in unworthy Sneers, and Nonsense. -You know me well enough. - P-x on me for a Jackanapes! - You call'd me, * Tinfel'd Toy, tho', Madam; don't you remember that? and faid, Twenty, or thirty Years bence, when I was at Age, you'd give me an Answer. - Egad! I shall never forget your Looks, nor your Words neither! - They were d .-- n'd severe Speeches, were they not, Sir ?.

^{*} See. Vol. II. p. 176.

O you fee, Mr. H. faid my dear Gentleman, Pamela is not quite perfect. - We must not provoke her; for she'll call both so, perhaps; for I wear a lac'd Waiftcoat, sometimes, as well as you.

Nay, Faith, I can't be angry, faid he. I deferv'd

it-richly, that I did, had it been worfe.

The filly Tongue, faid my Lady, runs on with-

out Pear or Wit. What's past is past.

Why, i'faith, Madam, I was plaguily wrong; and I faid nothing of any body but myfelf: - And have been ready to hang myfelf fince, as often as I have thought of my Nonfense.

My Nephew, faid my Lord, must bring in Hanging, or the Gallows, in every Speech he makes, or it

will not be he.

Mr. B. fmiling, faid, with Severity enough in his Meaning, as I could fee by the Turn of his Countenance, - Mr. H. knows, that his Birth and Family intitle him more to the Block, than the Rope, or he would not make fo free with the latter.

Good! very good, by Jupiter! faid Mr. H. laughing. The Counters smil'd. Lady Davers shook her Head at her Brother, and faid to her Nephew, Thou'rt

a good-natur'd feolish Fellow, that thou art.

For what, Madam? Why the Word, fooligh, Aunt? What have I faid now?

Nothing to any Purpose, indeed! said she; when

thou doft, I'll write it down.

Then, Madam, faid he, have your Pen and Ink always about you, when I'm prefent. - The Devil's in't if you won't put that down, to begin with!

This made every one laugh. What a happy thing it is, thought I, that Good-nature generally accompanies this Character; elfe, my dear Mifs, how would fome People be supportable?

But here I'll break off. 'Tis Time, you'll fay. -But you know whom I write to, as well as to you; and they'll be pleas'd with all my filly Scribble. - So excuse one Part for that, and another for Friendship's fake and then I shall be wholly excusable to you.

Now

Now the Trifler again refumes her Pen. I am in some Pain, Mis, for To-morrow, because of the Rules we observe of late in our Family on Sundays, and of going thro' a Croud to Church; which will afford new Scenes to our noble Visitors, either for Censure or otherwise: But I will sooner be censured for doing what I think my Duty, than for the Want of it; and so will break nothing into our usual Way.

I hope I shall not be thought ridiculous, or to one who aims at Works of Supererogation, for what I think is very short of my Duty. —— Some Order, surely, becomes the Heads of Families; and besides, it would be discrediting one's own Practice, if one did not appear at one Time what one does at another. For that which is a Reason for discontinuing a Practice, for some Company, would seem to be a Reason for laying it aside for ever, especially in a Family visiting and visited as ours.

And I remember well a Hint given me by my dearest Friend once on another Subject. That it is in every one's Power to prescribe Rules to himself, after a while; and Persons see what is one's Way,

and that we are not to be put out of it.

But my only Doubt is, that to Ladies, who have not been accustomed perhaps to the necessary Strictness, I should make myself censurable, as if I aimed at too much Persection: For however one's Duty is one's Duty, and ought not to be dispensed with; yet when a Person, who uses to be remis, sees so hard a Task before them, and so many great Points to get over, all to be no more than tolerably regular, it is rather apt to frighten and discourage than to allure; and one must proceed, as I have read Soldiers do in a difficult Siege, Inch by Inch, and be more studious to intrench and fortify themselves as they go on gaining upon the Enemy, than by rushing all at once upon an Attack of

^{*} See Vol. II. p. 151.

the Place, be repulsed, and perhaps obliged with great

Loss to abandon an hopeful Enterprize.

And permit me to add, that, young as I am, I have often observed, that over great Strictnesses all at once injoin'd, and insisted upon, are not fit for a beginning Reformation, but for stronger Christians only; and therefore generally do more Harm than Good, in such a Circumstance.

What a miserable Creature am I, said a neighbouring Widow Gentlewoman, (whom I visited in her Illness, at her own Desire, tho' a Stranger to me but my Name) if all the Good you do, and the strict Life you live, is no more than absolutely ne-

ceffary to Salvation!

I faw the poor Gentlewoman, thro' Illness and low Spirits, was ready to despond, and, to comfort. her, I said, Dear Madam, don't be cast down: God Almighty gives us all a Light to walk by in these our dark Paths; and 'tis my humble Opinion, He will judge us according to the unforced and unbyaffed Use we make of that Light, I think it my Duty to do feveral Things, which, perhaps, the Circumstances of others will not permit them to do, or which they, on ferious and difinterested Resection, may not think absolutely necessary to be done: In: each Case our Judgments are a Law to each; and I ought no more to excuse myself from doing such Parts as I think my Duty, than you to condemn yourfelf for not doing what does not appear to you fo firicily necessary: And besides, Madam, you may do as much Good one way, as I another, and fo both may be equally useful in the general System of Providence.

But shall I not be too grave, my dear Miss?

Excuse me; for this is Saturday Night; and as it was a very good Method which the ingenious Authors of the Speciators took, generally to treat their more serious Subjects on this Day; so I think one should, when one can, consider it as the preparative Eve to a still better.

SUN:

SUNDAY.

OW, my dear Miss, by what I have already written, it is become in a manner necessary to acquaint you briefly with the Method my dear Mr. B. not only permits, but incourages me to take in the Family he leaves to my Care, as to the Sunday Duty.

The worthy Dean, at my Request, and by my Beloved's Permission, recommended to me, as a fort of Family Chaplain, for Sundays, a young Gentleman of great Sobriety, and Piety, and sound Principles, who having but lately taken Orders, has at present no other Provision. And this Gentleman comes, and reads Prayers to us about Seven in the Morning, in the lesser Hall, as we call it, a retired Apartment, next the little Garden; for we have no Chapel with us here, as in your Neighbourhood: And this generally, with some suitable Exhortation, or Meditation out of some good Book, which the young Gentleman is so kind to let me chuse now and then, when I please, takes up little more than half an Hour.

We have a great Number of Servants of both Sexes; and myself, my good Mrs. Jervis, and my Polly Barlow, are generally in a little Closet, which, when we open the Door, is but just a Separation, and that's all, from the Hall.

Mr. Adams (for that is our young Clergyman's Name) has a Desk, at which fometimes Mr. Jonathan makes up his running Accounts to Mr. Longman; who is very scrupulous of admitting any body to the Use of his Office, because of the Writings in his Custody, and the Order he values himself upon having every thing in.

About Seven in the Evening the young Gentleman comes again, and I generally, let me have what Company I will, find time to retire for about another Half-hour, and my dear Mr. B. connives at, and excuses my Absence, if inquir'd after, tho', for so short a time, I am seldom miss'd.

To

To the young Gentleman I shall present, every Quarter, Five Guineas; and Mr. B. presses him to accept of a Place at his Table, at his Pleasure: But, as we have generally a good deal of Company, his Modesty makes him decline it, and sit down, when he pleases, with Mr. Longman and Mrs. Jervis, who have

a feparate l'able.

Mr. Longman is so kind as to join with us very often in our Sunday Office, and Mr. Colbrand seldom misses; and they tell Mrs. Yervis, that they cannot express the Pleasure they have to meet me there; and the Edification they receive, as they are so kind to say, from my Example; and the chearful Temper I am always in, which does 'em good to look upon me: And they will have it, that I do Credit to Religion. But if they do but think so, it must have been of Service to me in the Order I have now established, as I hope; and that thro' less Dissipulcies than I expected to meet with, especially from the "Cookmaid; but she says, she comes with double Delight to have the Opportunity to see her beloved Lady, as she calls me, it seems, at every Word.

My Best beloved dispenses as much as he can with the Servants, for the Evening Part, if he has Company, or will be attended only by John or Abraham, perhaps, by Turns; and sometimes looks upon his Watch, and says, 'Tis near Seven; and if he says so, they take it for a Hint they may be dispens'd with for half an Hour; and this Countenance which the dear Gentleman gives me, has not contributed a little to make the Matter easy and delightful to me and to every

one.

I am sure, my dear Miss, were only Policy to be considered, this Matter must be laudable; for since I have begun it, there is not a more diligent, a more sober, nor more courteous Set of Servants in any Family in a great Way: We have no Broils, no hard Words, nor Revilings, no Commandings, nor Complainings; and Mrs. Jervis's Government is made so

^{*} See Vol. I. p. 111. Vol. II. p. 272.

eafy, as she says, that she need not speak twice; and all the Language of the Servants is, Pray, John, or Pray, Jane, do so or so; and they say, Their dear

Master's Service is a Heaven upon Earth.

When I part from them, on the breaking up of our Affembly, they generally make a little Row on each Side to the Hall-door, and when I have made my Compliments, and paid my Thanks to Mr. Adams. one whiteers, as I go out, God blefs you, Madam ! And fo favs another, and another, and indeed every one; and bow and court'fy with fuch Pleasure in their honest Countenances, as greatly delights me: And I fay, (if it so happens) So, my good Friends! - I am gladto fee you - Not one absent !- or but one - (as it falls out)-This is very obliging, I cry : And thus I shew them, that I take Notice, if any body be not there. And back again I go to pay my Duty to my Earthly Benefactor; and he is pleased to say sometimes, that I come to him with fuch a Radiance about my Eyes, and thining over my whole Face, as gives him double Pleasure to behold me; and often he tells me afterwards, that, but for appearing too fond before Company, he could meet me, as I enter, with Embraces as pure as my own Heart.

I hope, in time, I shall prevail upon the dear Gentleman to give me his Company .- But, thank God, I am inabled to go thus far already ! --- I will leave the rest to his Providence. For I have a Point very delicate to touch upon in this Particular; and I must take care not to lose the Ground I have gained, by too precipitately pushing at too much at once. This is my Comfort, that next to being uniform bimfelf, is that Permission and Incouragement he gives me to be to, and the Pleasure he takes in seeing me so delighted, And hefides, the dear Gentleman always gives me his Company to Church. O how happy thould I think myfelf, if he would be pleased to accompany me to the Divine Office, which yet he has not done, tho' I have urg'd him as much as I durft ! One thing after another, he fays; we shall be better and better, I hope; but no body is good all at once. But, my

dear Miss, as I consider this as the Seal of all the rest, and he himself has an awful Notion of it, I shall hardly think my dear Mr. B.'s Morals sully secured till then.

Mrs. Jervis ask'd me on Saturday Evening, if I would be concerned to see a larger Congregation in the lesser Hall next Morning, than usual? I said, No, by no means. She said, Mrs. Worden, and Mrs. Lestey, (the two Ladies Women) and Mr. Sydney, my Lord Davers's Gentleman, and Mr. H's Servant, and the Coachmen and Footmen, belonging to our noble Visitors, who are, she says, all great Admirers of our Family Management, and good Order, having been told our Method, begg'd to join in it. I knew I should be a little dash'd at so large a Company; but the Men being pretty orderly, for Lords Servants, and Mrs. Jervis assuring me, that they were very

earnest in their Request, I consented to it.

When, at the usual Time, (attended by my Polly) I went down, I found Mr. Adams there, (to whom I made my first Compliments) and every one of our own People, waiting for me, Mr. Colbrand excepted. (whom Mr. H. had kept up late the Night before) together with Mrs. Worden and Mrs. Lefley, and Mr. Sydney, with the Servants of our Guests, who, as also worthy Mr. Longman, and Mrs. Jervis, and Mr. Jonathan, paid me their Respects; and I said, This is early rifing, Mrs. Lefley and Mrs. Worden; you are very kind to countenance us with your Companies in this our Family Order. - Mr. Sydney, I am glad to fee you. How do you do, Mr. Longman? And looked round with Complacency on the Servants of our noble Vifitors. And then I led Mrs. Worden and Mrs. Lefley to my little Retiring place, and Mrs. Fervis and my Polly followed, and throwing the Door open, Mr. Adams began some select Prayers; and as the young Gentleman reads with great Emphasis and Propriety, and as if his Heart was in what he read, all the good Eolks were exceedingly attentive.

T

P

by

W

Vi

After Prayers, Mr. Adams read a Meditation from a Collection made for private Use, which I shall more particularly mention by and-by; and ending with the usual Benediction, I thank'd the worthy Gentleman, and reproach'd him, in Mr. B.'s Name, for his Modesty, in declining our Table; and, thanking Mr. Longman, and Mrs. Worden, and Mrs. Lesley, received their kindWishes, and hasten'd, blushing, thro' their Praises, to my Chamber, where, being alone, I pursued the Subject for an Hour, till Breakfast was ready, when I attended the Ladies, and my best Beloved, who had told them of the Verses placed under my Cushion at Church.

We set out, my Lord and Lady Davers, and myself and Mr. H. in our Coach; and Mr. B. and the
Countess, in the Chariot, both Ladies and the Gentlemen, splendidly dress'd; but I avoided a Glitter
as much as I could, that I might not seem to vie with
the two Peeresses.—Mr. B. said, Why are you not
sull dress'd, my Dear ?—I said, I hop'd he would not
be displeased: If he was, I would do as he commanded. He answer'd, As you like best, my Love. You

are a charming Creature in every Drefs.

The Chariot first drawing up to the Church-Door, Mr. B. led the Countess into the Church: My Lord Davers did me that Honour; and Mr. H. handed his Aunt, thro' a Croud of Gazers, many of whom, as usual, were Strangers. The Neighbouring Gentlemen and their Ladies paid us their filent Respects; but the Thoughts of the wicked Verses, or rather, as Lady Davers will have me say, wicked Action of the Transcriber of them, made me keep behind in the Pew: But, my Lady, with great Goodness, sat down by me, and whisperingly talked a good deal, between whiles, to me, with great Tenderness and Freedom in her Aspect; which I could not but take kindly, because I know she intended by it, to shew every one that she was pleased with me.

Among other things she said softly, Who would wish to be a King or Queen, Pamela: if it is so easy for Virtue and Beauty (so she was pleas'd to say) to attract

fo many fincere Admirers, without any of their Grandeur t—Look round, my dear Girl, and fee what a folemn Respect, and mingled Delight, appears in

every Countenance.

And pressing my Hand, Thou art a charming Creature; such a noble Modesty, and yet such a becoming Dignity in thy whole Appearance! No wonder that every one's Eyes are upon thee, and that thou bringest so many booted Gentlemen as well as Neighbours, to

croud the Church, to behold thee!

Afterwards the was pleased to add, taking my Hand, (and my dear Gentleman and the Countess heard her; for she raised her Voice to a more audible Whisper) I am proud to be in thy Company; and in this solemn Place, I take thy Hand, and acknowledge, with Pride, my Sifter. Ilooked down; for here, at Church, I can hardly at any time look up; for who can bear to be gaz'd at so?—And softly said, Oh! my good Lady! how much you honour me, the Place, and these surrounding Eyes, can only hinder me from acknowledging as I ought.

My best Friend, with Pleasure in his Eyes, said, pressing his Hand upon both ours, as my Lady had mine in hers, you are two beloved Creatures! Both excellent in your way. God bless you both. And you, too, my dear Brother, said my Lady. The Countess whisper'd, You should spare a body alittle! You give one, Ladies, and Mr. B. too much Pleasure all at once. Such Company, and such Behaviour, adds still more Charms to Devotion; and were I to be here a Twelvemonth, I would never miss once ac-

companying you to this good Place.

Mr. H, thought he must say something, and addressing himself to his noble Uncle, who could not keep his good-natur'd Eyes off me, I'll be hang'd, my Lord, if I know how to behave myself!———Why this outdoes the Chapel!—I am glad I put on my new Suit! And then he look'd upon himself, as if he would support, as well as he could, his Part of the general Admiration.

But think you not, my dear Mils, and my dearest

my

my Happiness in this Life, thus favour'd by Lady

The Dean preached an excellent Sermon; but I need not to have faid that. Only to have mention'd,

that he preached, was faying enough.

My Lord led me out, when Divine Service was over, (and being a little tender in his Feet, from a Gouty Notice, walked very flowly) Mr. B. led the Countefs, and Mr. H. his Aunt. Lady Towers and Mrs. Brooks joined us in the Porch; and made us their Compliments; as did Mr. Martin. Will you favour us with your Company home, my old Acquaintance, faid Mr. B. to that Gentleman? I can't, having a Gentleman my Relation to dine with me; but if it will be agreeable in the Evening, I will bring him with me to tafte of your Burgundy; for we have not any such in the Country: I shall be glad to see you and any Friend of yours, reply'd Mr. B.

Mr. Martin whisper'd, It is more, however, to admire your Lady, I can tell you that, than your Wine,
—Get into your Coaches, Ladies, said he, with his usual Freedom; our Maiden and Widow Ladies have a fine Time of it wherever you come: By my Faith, they must every one of them quit this Neighbourhood, if you were to stay in it; but all the Hopes they have, are, that while you're in London, they'll have

the Game in their own Hands.

Sister, said Lady Davers, most kindly to me, in Presence of many, who (in a respectful manner) gather'd near us, Mr. Martin is the same Gentleman he us'd to be, I see.

Mr. Martin, Madam, faid I, smiling, has but one Fault: He is too apt to praise whom he favours, at

the Expence of his absent Friends!

I am always proud of your Reproofs, Mrs. B. re-

ply'd he.

f

Ay, faid Lady Towers, that I believe. And therefore I wish, for all our sakes, you'd take him oftner to Tak, Mrs. B.

Lady Towers, Lady Arthur, Mrs. Brooks, and Mr. Martin, all claim'd Visits from us, and Mr. B. making Excuses.

Excuses, that he must husband his Time, because of being oblig'd to go to Town soon, proposed to breakfast with Lady Towers the next Morning, dine with Mr. Arthur, and sup with Mrs. Brooks; and as there cannot be a more social and agreeable Neighbourhood anywhere, his Proposal, after some Difficulty, was accepted; and our usual visiting Neighbours were all to have Notice accordingly, at each of the Places.

I faw Sir Thomas Atkyns coming towards us, and fearing to be stifled with Compliments, I said, Your Servant, Ladies, and Gentlemen; and, giving my Hand to Lord Davers, stept into the Chariot, instead of the Coach; for People that would avoid Bustle, sometimes make it. Finding my Mistake, I would have come out; but my Lord said, Indeed you shan't: And I'll step in, because I'll have you all to myself.

Lady Davers smil'd, Now, said she, (while the Coach drew up) is my Lord Davers pleas'd; but I see, Sister, you were tir'd with Part of your Company in

the Coach.

'Tis well contriv'd, my dear, said Mr. B. as long as you have not depriv'd me of this Honour; taking the Countess's Hand, and leading her into the Coach.

Will you excuse all this Impertinence, my dear Miss.—I know my dear Father and Mother will be pleas'd with it; and you will have the Goodness to bear with me on that Account; for their kind Hearts will be delighted to hear every minute thing in relation to Lady Davers and myself.

When Mr. Martin came in the Evening, with his Friend, (who is Sir William G. a polite young Gentleman of Lincolnsbire) he told us a deal of the Praises lavish'd away upon me by several genteel Strangers; one saying, to his Friend, he had travell'd twenty

Miles to fee me.

My Lady Davers was praised too for her Goodness to me, and the Gracefulness of her Person; the Counters for the noble Serenity of her Aspect, and that charming Ease and Freedom which distinguish her Birth and Quality: My dear Mr. B. he said, was greatly admir'd too; but he would not make him proud?

for he had Superiorities enough already, that was his Word, over his Gentlemen and Neighbours: But I. can tell you, faid he, that for most of your Praises, you are oblig'd to your Lady, for having rewarded her Excellence as you have done: For one Gentleman, added he, faid, He knew no one but you could' deserve her; and he believed you did, from that Tenderness in your Behaviour to her, and from that Grandeur of Air, and Majesty of Person, that seem'd to shew you form'd for her Protector as well as Rewarder. -Get you gone to London, both of you, faid he. I did not intend to tell you, Mr. B. what was faid of you. - And indeed I fee no fuch extraordinary. Excellence; do you, Sir, to his Friend, in that Gentleman ;--- Sir William faid, Mr. B. was all that was polite and noble, and it was no wonder that every body pronounced us both the charmingest Couple they had ever feen.

The Women of the two Ladies had acquainted their Ladyships with the Order I had observed for the Day, and the devout Behaviour of the Servants, &c. And about Seven I withdrawing as filently and as unobserv'd as I could, was surprised, as I was going thro' the great Hall, to be joined by both.

I shall come at all your Secrets, Pamela, said my Lady, and be able, in time, to cut you out in your own way. I know whither you are going.

My good Ladies, faid I, forgive me leaving you.

I will attend you in half an Hour.

No, my dear, faid Lady Davers, the Countess and I have resolved to attend you for that Half-hour, and we will return to Company together.

Is it not descending too much, my Ladies, as to the

Company?

3

y

13

n-

at er

it-

di

for

If it be for us, it is for you, faid the Countess; so we will either act up to you, or make you come down to us; and we will judge of all your Proceedings.

Nay, my dear Ladies! faid I; and fat down on the first Chair.

Nay, my dear Pamela! returned my Lady, shew us the Way.

If I must I must - But I was much abashed.

Every one, but Abraham, who attended the Gentlemen, and all their Ladyships Servants, and their two Women, and Mr. Longman and Mrs. Jerwis, were there; which pleas'd me, however, because it shew'd me, that even the Strangers, by this their second voluntary Attendance, had no ill Opinion of the Service. But they were all startled, ours and theirs, to see my Ladies accompanying me.

I stept up to Mr. Adams. — I was in hopes, Sir, faid I, we should have been favour'd with your

Company at our Table.

Your Ladyship, said he, will excuse me: I did not think myself Company for such noble Guests as were there.

A Gentleman and a Scholar is Company, faid the

Countels, for the first Quality.

Well, Sir, said I, you see the Nobleness of these Ladies. They come now to be obliged to you, for your good Offices; and you'll have no better way of letting them return their Obligation, than to sup, tho' you would not dine, with them.

My Lady tapp'd me on the Neck—Genteelly faid! This was like my Sister, her own Self. Mr. Longman, faid she, how do you? — We are come to be Witnesses of my Sister's Goodness, and the Family Decorum.

We have a bleffed Lady, Madam, faid he: And

your Ladyship's Presence augments our Joys.

Let us follow you, Pamela, said she: We must

learn of you what we are to do.

I led to the little Closet, with as much Presence of Mind as I could, and my two Ladies followed me; and Mrs. Jerwis, and Mrs. Worden, and Mrs. Lesley, stood just without, the Door being half shut, for their Ladies sakes.

I should have said, we were not at Church in the Asternoon.—And when I do not go, we have the Evening Service read to us, as it is at Church; which Mr. Adams performed now with his usual Distinctness and Fervour; and the Ladies seem'd not at all uneasy, altho' we had a Meditation besides.

When

When all was concluded, I faid, Now, my deareft Ladies, excuse me for the fake of the Delight I take in seeing all my good Folks about me in this decent and obliging manner—Indeed I have no Oftentation in it, if I know my own Heart—Indeed I have not!

The Countess and my Lady Davers, delighted to see such good Behaviour in every one, sat a Moment or two looking upon one another in Silence; and then my Lady Davers caught me in her Arms: Beloved, deservedly beloved of the kindest of Husbands, what a Blessing art thou to this Family!

And to every Family, faid the Countess, who have the Happiness to know, and the Grace to follow, her Example! and faluted me too. But where, said my Lady, collecteds thou all this good Sense, and

fine Spirit, in thy Devotions?

The Bible, my dear Ladies, said I, is the Foundation of all: But this, and their Common Prayer Book, and the Duty of Man, our good Folks have every one of them, and are so good as to imploy themselves in them at all Leisure Opportunities on other Days. For which Reason, that I may diversify their Devotions, I have, with the Assistance of Mr. Adams, and Advice of the Dean, made Extracts from several good Pieces, which we read on these Days. Mr. Adams, said my Lady Davers, will you oblige me with a Copy of my Sister's Book, at your Leisure: He readily ingaged to do this; and the Countess desir'd another Copy, which he also promised.

Lady Davers then turning herself to Mrs. Jervis, How do you, good Woman? said she.—Why you are now made ample Amends for the Love you bore

to this dear Creature formerly!

You have an Angel, and not a Woman, for your

Lady, my good Mrs. Jervis, faid the Countels.

Mrs. Jervis, folding her uplifted Hands together, O my Lady! you know not our Happiness; no, not one Half of it. We were before bless'd with Plenty, and a bountiful Indulgence, by our good Master:

but

but our Plenty brought on Wantonness and Pride: But now, we have Peace as well as Plenty; and Peace of Mind, my dear Lady, in doing all in our respective Powers, to shew us thankful Creatures to God, and to the best of Masters and Mistresses.

Good Soul! faid I, and was forced to put my Hankerchief to my Eye: Your Heart is always overflowing thus with Gratitude and Praises, for what you

fo well merit from us.

Mr. Longman, said my Lady, assuming a sprightly Air, altho' her Eye twinkled, to keep within its Lids the precious Water, that sprang from a noble and well-affected Heart, I am glad to see you here, attending your pious young Lady.—Well might you love her honest Man! well might you!—I did not know there was so excellent a Creature in any Rank.

Madam, faid the other worthy Heart, unable to speak but in broken Sentences, -You don't know -indeed you don't, what a --what a --haphappy - Family we are! - Truly, we are like unto Alexander's Soldiers, every one fit to be a General; So well do we all know our Duties, and practise them too, let me fay .- Nay, and please your Ladyship, we all of us long, till Morning comes, thus to attend my Lady; and after that is past, we long for Evening, for the same Purpose: For she is so good to us, -You cannot think how good fhe is! But permit your honoured Father's old Servant to fay one Word more, that tho' we are always pleased and joyful on these Occasions; yet we are in Transports to see our Master's noble Sister, thus favouring us, with your Ladyship too, (to the Countess) and approving our young Lady's Conduct and Piety.

Bleffing on you all! faid my Lady.—Let us go, my Lady,—let us go, Sister; —for I can stay no

longer !

As I slid by, following their Ladyships, How do you, Mr. Colbrand? faid I, softly: —I fear'd you

was

W

a

ha

fuc

mo

len

afte

Bec

and

the

was not well in the Morning. — He bow'd, Par-don me, Ma-dame ——I vas leetell indispose, da ish

Now, my dear Miss, will you forgive me all this Self-praise, as it may seem.—Yet when you know I gave it you, and my dear Parents, as so many Instances of my Lady Davers's Reconciliation and Goodness to me, and as it will shew what a noble Heart that good Lady has at Bottom, when her Pride of Quality and her Passion have subsided, and her native good Sense and Excellence take place, I flatter myself, I may be the rather excused; and especially as I hope to have my dear Miss Darnford's Company and Countenance one Day, in this my delightful Sunday Imployment.

I should have added, for I think a good Clergy-man cannot be too much respected, that I repeated my Request to Mr. Adams, to oblige us with his Company at Supper; but he so very earnestly begg'd to be excused, and with so much Concern of Countenance, that I thought it would be wrong to insist upon it; tho' I was forry for it, because I am sure, as of any thing, that Modesty is always a Sign

of Merit.

We returned to the Gentlemen as foon as Supper was ready, and as chearful and easy, as Lady Davers observ'd, as if we had not been present at so solemn a Service; and this, faid she, after the Gentlemen were gone, makes Religion so pleasant and delightful a thing, that I profess, I shall have a much higher Opinion of those who make it a regular and constant Part of their Imployment, than ever I had. But I have seen, added her Ladyship, yery humorously, fuch wry Faces, and fuch gloomy Countenances, among some of your pious Folks, in and after a solemn Office, that quite disheartned me; for I thought, after fuch an Exercise, that it would be a Sin to go to Bed with a Smile upon one's Face, or without fighing and groaning at such a Rate, as must rob one of all the Comforts of Life.

Then, faid, she, I was once, I remember, when a Girl, at the House of a very devout Man, for a Week, with his Grand-daughter, my School fellow; and there were such Preachments against Vanities and for Self-denials, that were we to have followed the good Man's Precepts, (tho' indeed not his Practice, for well did he love his Belly) half God Almighty's Creatures and Works would have been useless, and Industry would have been banish'd the Earth.

There, added her Ladyship, (for she was in a pleafant Vein) have I heard the good Man confess himfelf guilty of such Sins, that, if true, (and by his hiding his Face with his broad brim'd Hat, it look'd a little had against him) he ought to have been

hang'd on a Gallows fifty Foothigh.

I faid, that this Over-gloomines was not Religion, I was persuaded, but Constitution and Mistake; and I was forry always when I met with it; for tho' it might betoken a pious Mind, it certainly shew'd a narrow one, and I fear'd did more Harm than Good.

These Reflections, as I said, fell from my Lady, after the Gentlemen were gone, when she recounted to her dear Brother, the Entertainment, as she was pleas'd to call it, I had given her: On which she made high Encomiums, as did the Counters, and they praised also the natural Dignity which they imputed to me, faying, I had taught them a way they never could have found out, to descend to the Company of Servants, and augment their Respect and Veneration for one at the fame time. And, Pamela, faid my Lady, you are certainly very right, to pay so much Regard to the young Clergyman; for that makes all he reads, and all he fays, of greater Efficacy with the Auditors, facilitates the Work you have in View to bring about, and in your Absence (for your Monarch may not always dispense with you perhaps) Arengthens his Influences and encourages the young Gentleman besides.

Sp

yo

let

Lac

Wit

you

Mi

Sift

heri Pow

MONDAY.

I AM to thank you, my dear Mis, for your kind Letter, approving of my Scribble. When you come to my Saturday's and Sunday's Accounts, I shall try your Patience. But no more of that; for as you can read them, or let them alone, I am the less concern'd, especially as they will be more indulgently receiv'd some where else, than they may merit; so that my Labour will not be wholly lost.

I congratulate you with all my Heart, on your dismissing Mr. Murray; for, besides that some of his Qualities are not to be approved by a Lady of your Taste and Judgment, I will never give my Consent, that any Gentleman shall have the Honour of calling my Miss Darnford his, who can so easily resign his

Pretenfions to her, and address her Sifter.

You are extremely diverting, my dear Miss, with your Greater and Lesser Bear Stars, and I could not help shewing it to Mr. B. And what do you think the free Gentleman said upon it? I am half asraid to tell you: But do, now you are so happily disengag'd, get Leave to come, and let us two contrive to be even with him for it. You are the only Lady in the World, that I would join with against him.

He faid, that your Characters of Mr. Murray and Miss Nancy, which he called severe (but I won't call them so, without your Leave) look'd a little like pretty Spite, and as if you were forry the Gentleman took you at your Word.—That was what he said—Pray let us punish him for it. Yet he called you charming Lady, and said a great deal in your Praise, and join'd with me, that Mr. Murray could not possibly deserve you, who was so easy to part with you.

But, Pamela, faid he, I know the Sex well enough. Miss Polly may not love Mr. Murray; yet to see her Sister address'd and complimented, and prefer'd to herself, by one whom she thought so late in her own Power to chuse or to refuse, is a mortifying Thing.

ľ

1

Y

^{*} See Letter XXVIII. of this Volume. Vol. III.

And young Ladies cannot bear to fit by neglected, while two Lovers are playing Pugs Tricks with one another.

Then, said he, all the Preparations to Matrimony, the Cloaths to be bought, the Visits to be paid and received, the Compliments of Friends, the busy Novelty of the Things, and the Day to be fixed, and all the little foolish Humours and Nonsense attending a concluded Courtship, when one Sister is to engross all the Attention and Regard, the new Equipages, and so forth; these are all Subjects of Mortification to the other, though she had no great Value for the Man perhaps.

Well, but Sir, said I, a Lady of Miss Darnford's good Sense and good Taste, is not to be affected by these Parades, and has well consider'd the Matter, no doubt; and I dare say, rejoices rather than repines at missing

the Gentleman.

Thus, my dear Miss, had we a Dispute about you. But I hope you will leave the happy Pair, for they are so, if they think themselves so, together, and Sir Simon to rejoice in his accomplished Son-in-Law elect, and give us your Company to London. For who could stay to be vex'd by that ill-natur'd Miss Nanny, as you own you was, at your last writing?

But I will proceed with my Journal, and the father, as I have something to tell you of a Converfation, the Result of which has done me great Honour, and given me inexpressible Delight: Of which

in its Place.

We pursued Mr. B's Proposal, returning several Visits in one Day; for we have so polite and agreeable a Neighbourhood, that all seem to concur in a Desire to make every thing easy to one another: And, as I mentioned before, hearing Mr. B's Intention to set out for Landon, as soon as our noble Guests should leave us, they dispensed with Formalities, being none of them studious to take things amis, and having a general good Opinion of one another's Intentions not to disoblige.

We came not home till Ten in the Evening, and then found a Letter directed from Sir Jacob Swyn-

ford, Uncle by the Half-Blood to Mr. B. acquainting him, that hearing his Niece, Lady Davers was with him, he would be here in a Day or two, being then upon his Journey to pay a Visit to his Nephew and Neice at the same time.

This Gentleman is very particularly odd and humoursome, and, his eldest Son being next Heir to the maternal Estate, if Mr. B. should have no Children, has been exceedingly distaissed with his debasing himself in marrying me; and would have been better pleas'd had he not married at all,

perhaps.

There never was any cordial Love between Mr. B's Father and him, nor between the Uncle and Nephew and Neice; for his Positiveness, Roughness, and Self interestedness too, though very rich, has made him but little agreeable to the generous Tempers of his Nephew and Neice; yet when they meet, which is not above once in four or five Years, they are always very civil and obliging to him.

Lady Davers wonder'd what could bring him hither now; for he lives in Herefordshire, and seldom stirs ten Miles from home. Mr. B. said, he was sure it was not to compliment him and me on our Nuptials. No, rather, said my Lady, to satisfy himself if you are in a way to cut out his own Cubs. Thank God, we are, said my dearest Friend. Whenever I was strongest set against Matrimony, the only Reason I had to weigh against my Dislike to the State was, that I was unwilling to leave so large a Part of my Estate* to that Family.

My Dear, saidhe to me, don't be uneasy; but you'll see a Relation of mine much more disagreeable than you can imagine: But no doubt you have

heard his Character.

Ah, Pamela, faid Lady Davers, we are a Family that value ourfelves upon our Ancestry; but upon my word, Sir Jacob and all his Line, have nothing

^{*} See Vol. II, p. 28.

else to boast of. And I have been ashamed of my Relation to them.

No Family, I believe, my Lady, has every bo-

stand but poorly with Sir Jacob.

He won't dare to affront you, my Dear, said Mr. B. although he'll say to you, and me, and my Sister too, blunt and rough things. But he'll not stay above a Day or two, and we shall not see him again for some Years to come; so we'll bear with him. I am now coming to the Conversation I hinted at.

TUESDAY.

N Tuesday, Mr. Williams came to pay his Refpects to his kind Patron. I had been to pay a Visit to the Widow Gentlewoman I mentioned before, and on my Return, went directly to my Closet, so knew not of his being there till I came down to Dinner; for Mr. B. and he, were near two Hours together in Discourse in the Library.

When I came down, Mr. B. presented him to me.

My Friend Mr. Williams, my Dear, faid he.

Mr. Williams, how do you do, faid I? I am glad

to fee you.

He rejoic'd, he said, to see me look so well; and had long'd for an Opportunity to pay his Respects to his worthy Patron and me before: But had been prevented twice when he was upon the Point of setting out.

Mr. B. said, I have prevail'd upon my old Acquaintance to take up his Residence with us, while he stays in those Parts. Do you, my Dear, see

that every thing is made agreeable to him,

To be fure, Sir, I will.

Mr. Adams being in the House, Mr. B. sent to defire he would dine with us; if it were but in respect to a Gentleman of the same Cloth, who

gave

J;

V

it,

as

gave us his Company. And with great Modesty he came. But neither of the Gentlemen knew how to speak at first, before Lady Davers, who is so majestick a Lady, and has so majestick a Character too, that every one has an Awe upon them in her Presence.

Mr. B. when Dinner was over, and the Servants were withdrawn, faid, My Dear, Mr. Williams's Business in Part, was to ask my Advice as to a Living that is offer'd him, by the Earl of—, who is greatly taken with his Preaching and Conversation.

And to quit yours, I presume, Sir, said Lord

Davers ?

No, the Earl's is not quite so good as mine, and his Lordship would procure him a Dispensation to hold both. What would you advise, my Dear?

It becomes not me, Sir, faid I, to meddle with

fuch Matters as thefe.

Yes, my Dear, it does, when I ask your Opinion.

I beg Pardon, Sir, faid I.—My Opinion then is, That Mr. Williams will not care to do any thing that requires a Dispensation, and which would be unlawful without it.

Your Ladyship, said Mr. Williams, speaks exceed-

ingly well.

0

I am glad, Mr. Williams, faid I, that you approve of my Sentiments. You fee they were required of me by one who has a Right to command me in every thing; otherwise this Matter is above my Sphere; and I have so much good Will to Mr. Williams, that I wish him every thing that will con-

tribute to make him happy.

Well, my Dear, said Mr. B. but what would you advise in this Case? The Earl proposes, that Mr. Williams's present Living be supply'd by a Curate; to whom, no doubt, Mr. Williams will be very genteel; and, as we are seldom or never the re, his Lordship thinks we shall not be displeas'd with it, and insists upon it, that he will propose it to me; as he has done.

Lord Davers said, I think this may do very well, Brother. But, what pray, Mr. Williams, do you propose to allow to your Curate? Excuse me, Sir; but I think the Clergy do so hardly by one another generally, that they are not to be surprized that

fome of the Laity treat them as they do.

Indeed, faid Mr. H. that's well observed; for I have heard it said twenty and twenty times. If you would know how to value a Clergyman, and what he deserves for spending his whole Life in the Duties of his Function you need but form your Opinion upon the Treatment they give to one another; and 40 or 50 l. a Year, would be thought too much, even for him who does all the Labour.

Who fays my Nephew speaks not well, fays my

Lord ?

Oh, faid my Lady, No Wonder! This is Jackey's Peculiar. He has always fomething to fay against the Clergy. For he never lov'd them, because his Tutors were Clergymen; and since, said her Ladyship (very severely) he never got any Good from them, why should they expect any from him?

Always hard upon my poor Nephew, faid Lord

Davers.

Thank you, Aunt, faid Mr. H.

Mr. Williams faid, Mr. H's Observation was but too true; that nothing gave greater Cause of Scandal than the Usage some even of the dignished Clergy gave their Brethren: That he had always lamented it, as one of the greatest Causes of the Contempt with which the Clergy are too generally treated.

He was proceeding; but Lady Davers faid, I am not at all furpriz'd at their Treatment of one another; for if a Gentleman of Education and Learning can so far forget what belongs to his Function, as to accept of Two Livings, when One would afford him a handsome Maintenance, it is no wonder that such a one would make the most of it; for does he not as good as declare, that he takes it for that very Purpose?

I must

I must not let this Argument proceed, said Mr. R. without clearing my worthy Friend. He is under no Difficulty about holding the Two. He proposes not to do it; and, like a good Man, as I always thought him, is of Opinion he ought not to do it. But here is his Difficulty, and all his Difficulty; He is very defirous to oblige his good Friend the Earl, who is very prefling to have him mear him; but apprehending that I may take it amis, if he relinquishes my Living, he came to aik my Advice; and after we had talked a good deal of the Matter, I told him we would refer it to Pamela, who was a kind of Casuist in such Matters of Equity and good Order as fell within the Compass of her Observation and Capacity: And fo, my Dear, faid he, give us your free Opinion; for this is a Subject you have spoken your Mind to me upon once before. 2 2

I am very glad, Sir, replied I, that Mr. Wilfiams's own Resolution was so conformable to what I wish'd it to be, and indeed expected from his Character; and I can more freely speak my Mind upon the Occasion, though I am but a poor Casist

neither.

You remember, my Dear, faid Mr. B. what you observed to me in favour of the Clergy and their Maintenance, when we fell occasionally upon that Subject a while ago. I found you had considered the Point, and thought you spoke well upon the Subject. Let us hear your Opinion now

upon it.

9

e

a

Indeed, reply'd I, I say now, as I then took the Liberty to say, that I have so general a Good-will for the Function, that if my Wishes could have Effect, there is not one of it, but should have a handsome Competency; at least such a one as to set him above Contempt. And this, I am persuaded would be a great Furtherance to the Good we expect from them, in teaching the lower Rank of People (as well as the higher) their Duties, and making

making them good Servants, and useful Members of the Commonwealth.

But, my Dear, you took Notice of some things, that would, if you can recollect them, be very

spropos to the Subject we are now upon.

I remember, Sir, faid I, we were talking of Impropriations. I took the Liberty to express myfelf a little earnestly against Impropriation; and I remember you stopped my Mouth at once upon that Head.

As how, Sifter, faid Lady Davers? - Ay, as

how, Mrs. B. faid the Countels?

Why, Madam, Mr. B. was pleased to say, that when the Clergy would come into a Regulation for the more equal and useful Disposition of the Revenues that at present were in the Church, he would be the first that would bring in a Bill for restoring to it all that it had lost by Impropriations and other Secularizations, and leave it upon the Publick to make Satisfaction to such of the Laity as would be Sufferers by the Restoration.

That was not, my Dear, what I meant, returned Mr. B. You was particularly against Dif-

penfations; which is the Point before us now.

I remember, Sir, I did say, that as there are so many Gentlemen of the Function, who have no Provision at all, I could not wish any one of it should hold Two Livings; especially, if they cannot perform the Duties of both, and where One would afford a tolerable Competence. Much less (I remember I took the Liberty to add) could I think it excusable, that a Gentleman should rate the Labours of his Brother, who does every thing, so low, as is too frequently the Case, and pay himself so well, for doing nothing at all.

This is what I mean, returned Mr. B. and I thought you observed very well, my Dear. For my own Part, I have always been of Opinion, that the Clergy who do thus, make the best Excuse that can be made for Impropriators and Lay-Patrons. For here is a Gentleman the Son of a Layman (I

fpeak

fpeak to general Cases) is sent to the University. and takes Orders. He has Interest perhaps to get two or more Livings, and hires a Person, who is as deserving as himself, but destitute of Friends, at a low Rate, to do the Duties of one of them. We will suppose in his Favour, that he has several Children to provide for out of these, and makes that his Pretence for oppressing the Person he employs to do his own Duty. Some of these Children are Males, some Females, and not one in five of the former is brought up to the Church; and all that he faves for them, and gives them, out of what he squeezes from his unhappy Brother, is it not secularizing, as it were, at least as far as he can do it, the Revenues appropriated to the Church? And can be, whatever others may, blame an Impropriator for applying that Portion of the Produce of Church-Lands to his Lay-Family, which the other intends for the Lay-Family he is endeavouring to build up? Some one or two of which Impropriator's Sons may possibly too, in order to possess the Living in their Father's Gift, be brought up to the Church? What is the Difference, I would fain know?

If the Clergy were always to have done thus, continued Mr. B. should we not have wanted many Endowments and charitable Foundations, which we now have? And I am very forry to have Reafon to fay, that we owe fuch Sort of Works more to the Piety of the Clergy of past Times than the prefent; for now, let us cast our Eye upon the Practices of some of our Prelates; for who is it that looks not up first for Examples to that venerable Order? And we shall find that too many among them, feem more intent upon making a Family, as it is called, and thereby fecularizing, as I observed, as much as they can, the Revenues of the Church, than to live up either to the ancient Hospitality, or with a View to those Acts of Munificence, which were the Reafon for endowing the Church with fuch ample Revenues, as it once had, and still has, were it not so unequally distributed, and in so few Hands.

L 5

But, dear Sir, said I, what a sad Hardship do the inferior Clergy labour under all this Time?—
To be oppressed and kept down by their Brethren and the Laity too? This is hard indeed—'Tis pity,

methinks, this, at least, could not be remedied.

It will hardly ever be done, my Dear. The Evil lies deep; 'tis in human Nature, and when that can be mended, it will be better; but I fee not how it can be expected, while those who have most Instuence to procure the Redress, are most interested to prevent it: And the Views of others, aspiring to the same Power and Interest, make too many wish to have things left as they are; although they have no present Benesit by it. And those would join in a Cry of the Church's Danger, were the Legislature to offer at a Redress.

Tis pity, Sir, faid I, the Convocation are not permitted to fit. They would, perhaps, undertake this Province, and several others for the Benefit of the whole Body of the Clergy; and I should think such

Regulations would come best from them.

So it is, my Dear, would they employ them-felves and their Deliberations in fuch good Works. But 'tis a fad Thing to consider, that there is little Good to be expected from Bodies of Men in general; for altho' an Individual cares not to pull down upon himself the Odium of a bad or unpopular Action, yet when there are many to share it among them, I see not that they stand upon it. But far be it from me to say this with a View to Convocations as Convocations. I speak what is but too generally the Case in all Bodies of Men whatever, whether Clergy or Laity. And let us look into the greater or lesser Corporations and Societies throughout the Kingdom, and you'll find, if you excuse a poor Witicism, that Bodies are really Bodies, and act too often as if they had no Souls among them.

I hope, Sir, faid the Countess, that when you judge thus hardly of Bodies, you include the two

supreme Bodies.

Thou shalt not, said Mr. B.— I know these Reverend Gentlemen (looking at Mr. Williams and Mr. Adams) will tell me, speak Evil of the Rulers of thy People. — But I wish I could always defend, what I am loth at any time to censure. But were you to read, or attend to the Debates in both Houses, which sometimes happen in Cases almost self evident, you would find it impossible not to regret, that you are now and then under a Necessity to join with the Minority; as well in your House, Lord Daviers, as in ours.

I wish Brother, reply'd his Lordship, I could differ from you with Reason: But this always was, and, I fear, always will be so, more or less in every

Seffion.

But, to return to our first Subject, said Mr. B. You know, my Dear, how much Pleasure I take to hear your Opinion in Cases of natural Equity: And you must tell us freely, what you would advise your Friend Mr. Williams to do.

And must I, Sir, speak my Mind before so many

better Judges?

Yes, Sifter, Taid her Ladyship, (a Name she is now pleased to give me freely before Strangers, after her dear Brother's Example, who is kindest, tho' always kind, at such Times) you must; if I may be allowed to say must.

Why then, faid I, I beg leave to ask Mr. Williams one Question; that is, Whether his present Parishioners do not respect and esteem him, in that particular Manner, which I think every Body must,

who knows his Worth?

I am very happy, Madam, in the Good-Will of all my Parishioners, and have great Acknowledgements to make for their Civilities to me.

I don't doubt, faid I, but it will be the same where ever you go; for, bad as the World is a prudent and good Clergyman will never fail of Respect. But, Sir, if you think your Ministry among them is attended with good Effects; if they esteem your Person with a Preserence, and listen to your Doctrines

trines with Attention; methinks, for their Sakes. tis pity to leave them, were the Living of less Value. as it is of more than the other. For how many People are there who can benefit by one Gentleman's Preaching, rather than another's; altho', poffibly, the one's Abilities may be no way inferior to the other's? There is a great deal in a Delivery, as it is called, in a Way, a Manner, a Deportment, to engage People's Attention and Esteem; and as you are already in Possession of their Esteem. you are fure to do much of the Good you aim and wish to do. For where the Flock loves the Shepherd, all his Work is easy, and more than half done; and without that, let him have the Tongue of an Angel, and let him live the Life of a Saint, he will be heard with Indifference, and, oftentimes, as his Subject may be, with Difgust.

I paufed here, but every one being filent. As to the Earl's Friendship, Sir, continued I, you are best Judge what Force that ought to have upon you; and what I have mention'd would be the only Difficulty with me, were I in Mr. Williams's Case. To be fure it will be an high Obligation upon his Lordship, and so he ought to think it, that you quit a better Living to oblige him, And he will be bound in Honour to make it up to you. For I am far from thinking, that a prudent Regard to worldly Interest misbecomes the Character of a good Clergyman; and I wish all such were set above the World. for their own Sakes, as well as for the Sakes of their Hearers, fince Independency gives a Man Respect, besides the Power of doing Good, which will inhance that Respect, strengthen his Influences, and, of consequence, give greater Esticacy to

his Doctrines.

The Counte's mentioned hereupon, the Saying of Dr. Fifter Bishop of Rockester, who was beheaded in the Reign of Henry VIII. because he would not own the King's Supremacy: This Prelate being offer'd a richer Bishoprick, he would not accept of it, saying, "He looked upon his Bishoprick as his Wife, " and

" and he should not think it excusable to part with " his Wife because she was poor." This brought fo many Reflections upon the frequent Translations. and the Earnestness with which richer Bishopricks were fought after, that I was very forry to hear, or think there was Occasion for them. And I did take the Liberty to fay, that, as Mr. B. had obferv'd, the Fault was in human Nature; and tho' it was an inexcusable one, perhaps we that cenfor'd them, might find it hard, in their Circum-

flances, to refift the Temptation.

Mr. B. faid, He wish'd, for the Sake of the Clergy in general, that there was a Law against Translations; and that all the Bishopricks in England, were made equal in Revenue: For, do we not see, faid he, that the Prelates, almost to a Man, vote with Power? And, by this means, contribute not a little to make themselves and the whole Body of a Clergy, fo numerous, and fo deferving too, as that of the Church of England, a By word to Freethinkers of all Denominations, who are ever ready to take Occasion to malign them and their venerable Order.

Would you not, asked Lord Davers, have the

two Primacies distinguished in Revenue?

No, faid Mr. B. the Distinction of Dignity and Precedence would be enough, if not too much; for where there is but one Pope, the whole College of Cardinals, Seventy in Number, are always looking up to, and gaping after the Chair: And I would have no Temptations laid in the Way of good Men to forfeit their Characters, and weaken their Influences, which are of fo much Confequence for Example-fake, to the Publick Weal.

I think, said Lord Davers, there was some Reaion for the Celibacy of the Clergy in the Roman Church at first; altho' the Inconveniencies arising from it, are too many, and too obvious, to wish the Restraint so general. For the Provision for Families and Children, furnishes so natural and so laudable a Pretence to a Clergyman to lay up all he

can for them, that their Characters fuffer not a

If we look round us, faid Mr. B. and fee how many good and worthy Families are forung from the Clergy; and look abroad, and fee what are too often the Effects of Celibacy in the Roman Church, and the Scandal, worse than what we complain of. ever thrown upon them, even by Bigots of their own Communion, we shall have sufficient Reason to condemn the Celibacy which that Church enjoins. Besides, a bad Mind, an oppressive or covetous Nature, will be the fame, whether marry'd or fingle: For have we not feen to what a fcandalous Heighth Nepotifm has been carried in that Church? And has not a Pope of a private and narrow Spirit, done as much for his Nephews and Nieces-(and perhaps nearer Relations under those Names) as he could have done for his Sons and Daughters? So still here too, we must refolve all into that common Sewer of Iniquity, Human Nature; and conclude, That a truly good Man will not do a bad Thing upon any the nearest and most affecting Considerations; and that a bad Man will never want a Pretence to display his evil Qualities, nor Flatterers neither (if he has Power) to defend him, for the worlt he can do.

I well remember the Argument, when I was at Rome, used to the Pope, on such an Occasion. His Holiness declar'd against Nepotism, saying, That he would never look upon the Revenues of the Church, as the Patrimony of his private Family; and forbad his numerous Relations, who, on his Promotion, swarm'd about him, with Faces as hungry, as if they were so many North Britons, travelling Southward for Preferment — (that was Mr. B's Word, spoken pleasantly) to think of him in any other Light, than that of the common Father of all his People; and as having no other Relation but Merit.

This was fetting out well, you'll fay; but what was the Event? — Why, two thirds of his Relations rushed

th

fe

rushed into Orders directly; and it was not long, before Parasites were found, to represent to the Holy Father, that it was a Sin, to deprive the Church of so many excellent Props and Buttresses; and that for the Good of the Publick, he ought to preser them to the first Dignities; so, that the good Man, overcome with their Reasons, and loth to continue in so great a Sin, grac'd the Cardinalate with one, the Episcopate with half a Dozen; and the richest Abbacies with a Score or two; and the Emperor having occasion to make Interest with his Holiness, found Merit enough in some of the Lay-Relations, to create them Princes and Counts of the Holy Roman Empire.

But, Sir, said I, (for I am always sorry to hear things said to the Discredit of the Clergy, because I think it is of publick Concern that we venerate the Function, tho' not the Failings of Particulars); have I not been a silent Witness, that you have made the same Observations on a Minister of State, who, tho' he shall be perhaps the first to blame this Disposition in a Clergyman, will be equally ready to practise it himself, to Relations and Children, full as worthless, to the Exclusion of the Worthy?

— So that, Sir, that is all Human Nature still; and should we not be tender in our Censures of the one,

when we are so ready to acquit the other?

There's this Difference, Mrs. B. faid the Countess: From the one we expect a better Example; from the other, no Example sit to be followed. And this is one Reason that makes a First Minister generally so hated a Thing, because he resolves all Considerations into Self, and is beloved by no Body, but those, to whom he gives the Overslowings of such Benefits as he has not Relations enough to heap them upon.

Well, Mr. Adams, faid I, if I may be allow'd to be so serious, does not this shew the Excellency of the Prayer we are taught by the supreme Teacher, and that Part of it, Lead us not into Temptation? — For it seems too natural a Consequence, that no sooner

are we tempted, but we deliver up our felves to Evil.—Right, Sister, said Lord Davers; and this ends in Mr. B.'s buman Nature again.

What remains then, faid Lady Davers, but that we take the World as we find it? Give Praise to the Good, Dispraise to the Bad; and every one try

to mend one?

Yet I wish, said Mr. B. so over tender are many good Clergymen of the Failings they would not be guilty of, in their Brethren, that we should avoid displeasing them, if they were to know the Freedom of this Conversation, tho' we are all so well-disposed to reverence their Function.

I hope otherwise, said Mr. Williams; for it is but giving due Praise and Dispraise, as my Lady says; and were evil Actions to go uncensur'd, good ones would lose their Reward, and Vice by being put upon a Foot with Virtue in this Life, would meet

with too much Countenance.

But give me leave, said Lady Davers, to interpose a little in the Matter we have departed from, that of the Curate and Dispensation; and when I have deliver'd my Sentiments, I insist upon it, that Mrs. B. will as freely give us hers, as if I had been filent.

Dispensations are usual Things. Mr. Williams may pay a young Gentleman handsomely; and the Censure we have pass'd, is only upon such as do not. To a young Man at first setting out, a good Curacy will be very acceptable. If he has Merit, it will put him in a Way of shewing it, and he may raise himself by it. If he has not, he will not deserve more. And Mr. Williams may marry, perhaps, and have a Family to provide for. His Opportunities may not always be the fame: The Earl may die, and he should be excused to make the best Use of his Interest and Favour, for the very Reason Mrs. B. gave, that, as he is a good Man, it will strengthen his Influences: And, come, Brother, you know I am always for prescribing! Here is a worthy young Gentleman in our Eye, that won't take it am is

amis to begin with a Curacy: And you shall give your Dispensation, previous to the legal one, on Condition, that Mr. Williams will permit you to present his Curate; and thus all will be solv'd.

Both the Gentlemen bow'd—and Mr. Williams was going to speak: But Mr. B. said, Take my Sister at her Word, Pamela, and if you have any thing to say to this Scheme, speak it freely, as if her Ladyship had been silent; for, I perceive, by your downcast Eye, and Silence, you could say something, if you would.

Ay, pray do, faid my Lady. I love to hear you speak. You always make me think of something I had not consider'd before.

I am very loth to fay any thing on so nice a Subject. Indeed it would not become me. There is so much Generosity and Benevolence in my good Lady's Scheme, that I ought not.

Ought not! said my dearest Friend, interrupting me, None of your ought nots: I know you are always forming in your Mind Notions of Right and Wrong, in the common Cases of Life. Let us therefore have your Opinion in this Matter more fully than you have hitherto given it, and deliver it too without Hesitation, and with that Ease and Freedom, that are born with you; for I can tell you, that when, thro' the Corruption of Human Nature, we lose the Distinction of Right and Wrong, I know not where we can better apply ourselves, than to such as you, to recover them.

I bow'd, and faid, If you will have it so, Sir, it must be so; and I will then bespeak all your kind Allowance, casting my Eye around me, to each, and tell you all I think upon this Matter; and when I have done, submit my poor Sentiments, as becomes me, to your superior Judgments.

Thus then I would fay—Pardon me, my Lady, for taking your Ladyship's Words for my Theme, as I remember them; and hardly any thing falls from your Ladyship that I do not remember.—

That Dispensations are usual Things.—I am sure, I

am going to display my Ignorance, because, knowing nothing of their Original or Design, I must prefume them to be very ancient in this Kingdom, and introduced only when there were fewer Clergymen than Benefices. Was there ever such a Time?

They fmil'd — Nay, now, you would command me, Sir, to speak, when I needed to do nothing else to expose myself. There was a Time, as I have read that there were so few Scholars, that the Benefit of Clergy was allow'd to some fort of Criminals who could do no more than read, because the Commonwealth could so ill spare learned Men.—And might there not be a Time then, when Dispensations were allowed to worthy Men, because it was difficult to find enow of such as deserved that Character, or fill the Church Preferments?

Tell us, Pamela, faid Mr. B. whether you do not intend this as a Satire upon the Practice, or is it really your pretty Ignorance, that has made you pronounce one of the severest Censures upon it, that could be

thought of ?

I smiled, and said, Indeed, Sir, I think only some such Reason, or a worse, must be the Original of Dispensations; for is it right that one Gentleman shall have two or three Livings, the Duties of no more than one of which he can personally attend, while so many are destitute of Bread, almost, and exposed to Contempt, the two frequent Companion of Poverty? And what though Custom may have sanctify'd it, to be sure that is all that can; and a good Man will not do all he may do, without incurring a Penalty, because there is in every Thing a Right and a Wrong; and because, be the Custom what it will, a Man should regulate his Actions by his Conscience and the Golden Rule.

My good Lady fays, Mr. Williams may pay a Gentleman handsomely: I don't doubt but Mr. Williams would; and this, I am forry to fay it, would be doing what is not so often done as one would wish. But may I be permitted to ask, For

auhat

subat would he pay the Gentleman handfomely?-Why for doing that Duty for him, which in Confeience and Honour he ought to do himself, and which, when he takes Institution and Induction, he engages folemnly to do? And pray, excuse me, my Dear Every - body - - that was my foolish Word, which made them smile. - To what end is all this? - Only that the Gentleman who does all the Labour in the Vineyard, shall live upon 30, 40, or 50 l. per Annum, more or less, while the Gentleman who has best, nothing but best Interest, (another of my foolish Phrases) shall receive twice, and perhaps three times the Sum for doing nothing at all. Can any Difpensation, my dear Friends, make this a just or equitable thing? Indeed if the Living be fo poor, as too many of them are, that a Man cannot comfortably and creditably fubfift without putting Two poor ones together to make One tolerable one, that is another Thing. But pray now, my good Mr. Williams, excuse me, if Mr. Adams can live on a Curacy of 40 or 50 l. a Year, cannot another Gentleman live, unless his Rectory or Vicarage bring him 2 or 300? Mr. Adams may marry as well as Mr. Williams; and both, I believe, will find God's Providence a better Reliance, than the richest Benefices in England.

A good Curacy, no doubt, continued I, may be a comfortable thing at fetting out to a young Gentleman: But if here be a Rectory or Vicarage, of 200 L a Year for Example, (for if it be of no more Value than a good Curacy, he must be content) is not that 200 L a Year the Reward for doing such and such Labour? And if this be the stated Hire for this Labour, to speak in the Scripture Phrase, is not the Labourer worthy of his Hire? Or is he that does not labour to go away with the greatest Part of it?

If the Gentleman, my Lady is pleased to say, has Merit, this Curacy may put him in the way of shewing

it. But does the Manifestation of Merit, and the Re-

My Lady is fo good as to observe :- But may I,

Madam, be excus'd?-

Proceed, proceed, Child!—I shall only have a Care of what I say before you for the future, that's all.

And I too, faid Mr. H. - which made them fmile.

Nay, now, my Lady .-

Proceed, I tell you— I only wonder, as my Brother has faid, on another Occasion, where thou got-

test all these equitable Notions.

My Lady is so good as to observe, proceeded I, (for they were pleased to be attentive) that Mr. Williams should make use of his Opportunities. I know her Ladyship speaks this rather in generous Indulgence to the usual Practice, than what always ought to be the chief Consideration; for if the Earl should die, may not some other Friend arise to a Gentleman of Mr. Williams's Merit?

As to strengthning of a good Man's Instuence, which is a Point always to be wish'd, I would not say so much as I have done, if I had not heard Mr. Langman say, and I am sure I heard it with great Pleasure, that the Benesice Mr. Williams so worthily enjoys, is a

clear 250 /: a Year.

But after all, does Happiness to a Gentleman, a Scholar, a Philosopher, rest in a greater or lesser Income? - Does it not rather rest in a happy Competency, or Mediocrity? Suppose my dear Mr. B. had 5000 l. a Year added to his present large Income, would that increase his Happiness! That it would add to his Cares, is no Question; but could that Addition give him one fingle Comfort which he has not already? And if the dear Gentleman had 2 or 3000 less, might he be less happy on that Account? No, furely, for it would render a greater Prudence on my humble Part necessary, and a nearer Inspection and greater Frugality on his own; and he must be contented (if he did not, as now, perhaps, lay up every Year) fo long as he lived within his Income -And And who will fay, that the Obligation to greater Pru-

dence, and Oeconomy, is a Misfortune?

The Competency, therefore, the Golden Mean, is the Thing; and I have often confidered the Matter. and endeavoured to square my Actions by that Confideration. For a Person (I have this Notion, dear Sir, from that Manuscript Poem you was pleased to fhew me, of not preferring People above their native Condition, and which has been an excellent Leffon to me: For a Person, I was going to say) who being not born to an Estate, is not fatisfy'd with a Competency, will know no Limits to his Defires. Such a one that an Acquisition of 100 or 200 /. a Year will not fatisfy, will not fit down contented with any Sum. Although he may propose to himself at a Distance, that such and such an Acquisition will be the Height of his Ambition; yet he will, as he approaches to that, advance upon himself farther and farther—and know no Bounds, till the natural one is forced upon him, and his Life and his Views end together.

Now let me humbly beg Pardon of you all, Ladies and Gentlemen, faid I, turning my Eye to each; but most of you, my good Lady, whose Observations I have made so free with. If you can forgive me, it will be an Instance of your Goodness, that I may hope for, but hardly can expect. Will you, my dear Lady, said I, and laid my Hand upon her Ladyship's, in a supplicatory Manner; for she sat next

me ?

I think not, faid her Ladyship. I think I ought not.—Should I, Brother? Can I, my Lord?—Ought I, my Lady Countes?—Brother, Brother, if you have been in any Degree contributing to the Excellency of this—what shall I call her? How cunningly do you act, to make her imbibe your Notions, and then utter them with such Advantage, that you have the secret Pleasure to find your own Sentiments praised from her Mouth? But I will forgive you both, be it as it will; for I am sure, out-

done as I am, in Thought, Word, and Deed, and by fo young a Gypsey—that was her Word; it is by one that would outdo every body else as well as me; only I would except your Ladyship—None of your Exceptions, Lady Davers, reply'd the Countess—I know not, in so young a Lady, whether I should most envy or admire her Excellence.

Well, but fince I have the Pleasure, said I, to find myself forgiven, may I be indulged a few Moments Prattle more? only just to observe, that the State of the Case I have given, is but one Side of the Question; that which a good Clergyman, in my humble Opinion, would chuse to act. But when we come to the other Side, what it would be kind we of the Laity should think and act by them, that is another thing. For when we think of the Hardships the Clergy lie under, more than almost any other Body of Men, we shall see they are intitled to better Usage

than they often meet with.

Here, in the first Place, a Youth is fent to the University, after a painful Course to qualify him for it. He endangers his Health, and impairs his Constitution by hard Study, and a sedentary Life; and after he has passed such a Number of Years, he is admitted into Orders, perhaps gets a small Fellowship, turns Tutor, a painful Imployment, and his Education having been defigned for all his Portion, and that expended in it, he at last, by Interest or Favour, gets a Curacy or little Living of 40, 50, or 60 l. a Year; if less, so much the worse; and is obliged to maintain himself in a genteel Appearance out of that, and be subject not seldom to the Jests of Buffoons and Rakes at a great Man's Table, where the Parson is too often the Butt to receive the supposed witty Shafts of such as can allow themselves to fay any thing. If he marries, which possibly too he is kept from, contrary to his Wishes, of all Men he is the least to follow his own Liking; fince Prudence too often obliges him to take the Person his Inclination would not. If deac

th

on

QU

the

of

and

dli

If Children follow, what melancholy Views has he of providing for them, did not his strong Reliance on Providence exercise his Faith against world-

ly Appearance?

S

1,

1.

or

is

ce

of

ere

p-

to

he

he

nce

ina-

If

Then has he too often to contend for his Dues, the Produce of his poor Income, with churlish and ignorant Spirits, whom his Function would make him wish to smooth and instruct; who, though they farm and pay to the Landlord for no more than nine Tenths of the Lands they occupy, hardly think it a Sin to cheat the Parson of his Tythe; who, however, has the same Right to it by the Laws of the Land, as the Gentleman has to the Estate, or the Tenant to the Produce of his Farm.

This obliges the poor Gentleman to live in a State of War among a People with whom both his Duty and Inclination would make him defirous to cultivate a good Understanding. And what Benefits can refult from his Ministry in such a Situation; when the People to be instructed look upon him as an Invader of their Substance, at the very Time that they are

robbing him of what is legally his?

In the next Place, I presume to think, that the Clergy are too much look'd upon by some as a detached Body, as I may say, from the rest of the People, and as Persons acting upon a separate Interest quite opposite to that of the Laity: When, possibly, that very Churl, who resuses them their Right, or would cheat them of it, has a View to bring up one of his Family to the Church, and hopes to get him provided for out of its Revenues. And are not the Clergy, moreover, the Fathers, the Sons, the Uncles, the Brothers of the Laity, who shall set themselves against their Maintenance? And must their Education debar them of those Comforts, which it better qualifies them to enjoy, and which it incapacitates them any other way to procure?

What Opportunity have not the Laity in general, of all Degrees and Ranks, to make their Lives easy and happy, to what the Clergy have? Here is a middling Family, with three or four Sons: Suppose the

Father's

Father's Circumstances will allow him to bring up one to the Law: What Opportunities has be, unenvied, to make a Fortune? Another is brought up to Trade: If he has but tolerable Success in the World, in what Ease and Affluence does he support himself, and provide for his Family? The Physick Line, what Fortunes are raised in that? And no body envies any of these. But the Son, whose Inclination shall lead him perhaps best to deserve, and most to require, an easy and comfortable Subsistence, and who ought wholly to appropriate himself to the Duties of his Function, is grudged, envied, and treated as if he were not a Son of the same Family, and had not a natural Right and Stake in the same Commonwealth.

There are, 'tis true, Preferments, and some great ones, and Honours too, in the Church; but how few, compared to the Numbers of the Clergy, or to those Livings which are so poor as can hardly set a Man above Penury and Contempt?—And how are those sew ingross'd by the Descendants or Dependants of the Rich and Powerful? And, what by Commendams, Dispensations, and such-like Contrivances, how does one Man of Interest and Address swallow up the Provision which was designed for several, as deserving, perhaps, at least, as himself?—For, my good Lady, (you have forgiven me, and must not be displeased) a Gentleman's Friends may die off, and he must, you know, make the best Use of bis Opportunities.

O you dear Sauce-box, as my Brother calls you!— How dare you, by that arch pretty Look, triumph over me thus?—Let me, Brother, give her a Slap for

this !- I'm fure fhe deferves it.

I think she is a little insolent indeed, Lady Davers.—But to the Case in Hand. There is so much Truth in what Pamela says, of the Hardships to which the Clergy, the inserior Clergy particularly, are subjected, that I wonder any Gentleman who can chuse for himself, and has no probable Prospects, should enter into Orders, under such Discouragements.

I humbly conceive, Sir, faid I, that there can be but one good Inducement, and that is what the

Apostle

fay

rer

Apostle hints at in the Words-If in this Life only we bave Hope, we are of all Men most miserable.

Well, faid Mr. B. so much as this is their Motive, so much are they intitled to that better Hope; and

may that better Hope never deceive them !

But I have the Pleasure to acquaint this Company, that I had a mind only to hear what Pamela, who, as I hinted, talked to me learnedly on this very Subject a few Days ago, would say, when she came Face to Face, to her two worthy Friends, Mr. Williams and Mr. Adams (and so I defired Mr. Williams would let her run on, if I could set her into the Subject)—else my old Acquaintance was resolved not to hold both Livings, since either, he was so good as to say, would afford him as handsome a Provision, as he wished for; his own Difficulty being about obliging the Earl, or whether he should not disoblige me, if he complied with that Nobleman's Request.

Indeed, Madam, faid Mr. Williams, this is the very Case; and after what I have heard from your Ladyship, (so he call'd me) I would not, for the World, have been of another Mind, nor have put it upon any

other Foot than I did.

bu

ph

for

ers.

uth

the

ted.

im-

into

can

the

oftle

You are a good Gentleman, said I; and I have such an Opinion of your Worthiness, and the Credit you do your Character, that I would sooner suspect my own Judgment, and so I ought, than yours. But pray, Sir, what, may I ask? have you determined to do?

Why, Madam, reply'd he, I am stagger'd in that too, by the Observation your Ladyship made, that where a Man has the Love of his Parishoners, he ought not to think of leaving them.

Elfe, Sir, I find, you had rather inclined to oblige the Earl, though the Living be of less Value!

This is very noble, Sir; it is more than generous.

My Dear, faid Mr. B. I'll tell you (for Mr. Williams's Modesty will not let him speak it before all the Company) what is his Motive, and a worthy one you'll say it is. Excuse me, Mr. Williams—(for the reverend Gentleman blush'd).

Vol. III. M

The

The Earl has of late Years we all know his Character-given himself up to Carousing, and he will faffer no Man to go from his Table fober. Mr. Williams has taken the Liberty to expostulate, as became his Function, with his Lordship on this Subject, and upon some other Irregularities, in so agreeable a manner, that the Earl has taken a great Liking to him, and promises, that he will suffer his Reasonings to have an Effect upon him, and that he shall reform his whole Houshold, if he will come and live near him, and regulate his Table by his own Example: | et ton bevlo et ent

The Countess is a very good Lady, and privately presses Mr. Williams to oblige the Earl: And this is our worthy Friend's main Inducement; with the Hope, which I should not forget to mention, that he has, of preferving untainted the Morals of the two young Gentlemen, the Earl's Sons, who, he fears, will be carried away by the Force of fuch an Example: And he thinks, as the Earl's Living has fallen, mine, probably, will be better supplied than the Earl's, if he, as he kindly offers, gives it me back again; otherwise the Earl, as he apprehends, will find out for his, fome Gentleman, if such an one can be found, as will rather further, than obstruct his, own Irregularities; as was the unhappy Case of the last

Well, faid Lady Davers, and fo faid the Countels, we shall always have the highest Respect for Mr. Williams, for a Conduct fo genteel and fo prudent. But Brother, will you, and will you, Mr. Wil liams, put this whole Affair, in all its Parts, into Mrs. B's Hands, fince you have fuch Testimonies, both of you, of her Rectitude of Thinking and Acting?

With all my Heart, Madam, replied Mr. Williams;

and I shall be proud of such a Direction

What fay you, Brother? You are to suppose the Living in your own Hands again; will you leave the whole Matter to my Sifter here?

Come, my Dear, fays Mr. B. let us hear how you'd wish it to be order'd. I know you have not

need

ei

bo

of

tru

cor

Gi

be i

rece

ter i

: C

fatist

her (

çien

Mr.

ceive

To

ind o

need of one Moment's Confideration, when once you are Mistress of a Point.

Nay, faid Lady Davers, that is not the Thing. I repeat my Demand: Shall it be as Mrs. B. lays

it out, or not?

This is a weighty Matter, my good Sifter; and bad as I have been, I think Patrons are accountable in a great measure, for the Characters of the Persons they present; and I do assure you, that had I twenty Livings in my Gift, I should think I ought not to prefery my, Brother to any one of them, if his Morals and Character were not likely to do Honour to the Church, as well as to my Presentation. I expected to hear from Pamela, when she was enumerating the Hardships of the Clergy, of that scandalous Practice of some Patrons, who rob the regularly-bred Clergymen, by pulhing into Orders fome Kiniman, or Friend, or Friend's Kiniman or Friend, when a Living falls in, let his Character or Qualifications be ever fo faulty and defective. could name you feveral fuch Instances, that ought to make the Ordainers, as well as the Ordained, blufb; as (were I to borrow one of Pamela's ferious Inferences, I would fay) it will one Day make them both tremble, when they come to give an Account of the Trufts, committed to them.

Well, fays my Lady, I have a noble Brother, that's true. What Pity you ever were wicked at all! But, come, and laid her Hand upon mine, this same good Girl will be a Blessing to you: Nay, why say I, will be? she is; and the greatest that mortal Man can receive.—But still I must have you put this Mat-

ter into Mrs. B.'s Hands.

,

0 .

S,

51

he.

he

not

eed

Conditionally I will—Provided I cannot give fatisfactory Reasons, why I ought not to conform to her Opinion; for this, as I said, is a Point of Confeience with me; and I made it so, when I presented Mr. Williams to the Living; and have not been deteived in that Presentation.

To be sure, said I, that is very reasonable, Sir; and on that, Condition, I shall the less helitate to M 2

speak my Mind, because I shall be in no Danger to

commit an irreparable Error.

I know well, Lady Davers, added Mr. B. the Power your Sex have over ours, and their fubtle Tricks; and so will never be drawn in, in my weakest Moments, to make a blindfold Promise. There have been several Instances, both in sacred and profane Story, of Mischiess done by such Surprizes: So you must allow me to suspect myself, when I know the dear Slut's Power over me, and have been taught by the inviolable Regard she pays to her own Word, to value mine. — And now, Pamela, speak all that's in your Heart to say.

Well, Sir, faid I, with your requisite Condition in my Eye, I will. But let me fee, that I ftate the Matter right. And preparative to it, pray, Mr. Williams, tho' you have not been long in Possession of this Living, yet may be you can compute what it is likely, by what you know of it, to bring in, clear?

Madam, faid he, by the best Calculation I can make, (I thank you for it, good Sir) it may, one Year with another, be reckoned at 3001. per Annum: It is the best Living within twenty Miles of it, having been improved within these two last Years.

If it was 500 l. and would make you happier,—
(for that, Sir, is the thing) I should wish it you,
said I, and think it short of your Merits. But pray,

Sir, what is the Earl's Living valued at?

At about 220 l. Madam.

Well then, reply'd I, very pertly, I believe now I have it.

Mr. Williams, for Motives most excellently worthy of his Function, inclines to surrender up to Mr. B. his Living of 300 l. per Annum, and to accept of the Earl's Living of 220 l. per Annum. Dear Sir, I am going to be very bold; but under your Condition nevertheless:—Let the Gentleman to whom you shall present the Living of F. allow 80 l. per Annum out of it to Mr. Williams, 'till the Earl's Favour shall make up the Difference to him, and no longer.—And—but I dare not name the Gentle-

man:-

no

he wi

of.

a t

tis

IL.

man: - For how, dear Sir, were I to be fo bold,

shall I part with my Chaplain?

Admirable! most admirable! said Lord and Lady Davers, in the same Words. The Countess praised the Decision too; and Mr. H. with his Let me be hang'd, and his 'Fore Gads, — and such Exclamations natural to him, made his Plaudits.

Mr. Williams said, He could wish with all his Heart it might be so: and Mr. Adams was so abash'd and surpris'd, he could not hold up his Head; — but Joy danced in his silent Countenance for all that.

Mr. B. having hefitated a few Minutes, Lady Davers called out for his Objection, or Confent, according to Condition; and he faid, I cannot fo foon determine as that prompt Slut did. I'll withdraw one Minute.

He did so, as I found afterwards, to advise, like the considerate and genteel Spirit he possesses, with Mr. Williams, whom he beckon'd out, and to examine whether he was in Earnest willing to give it up, or had any body he was very desirous should succeed him; telling him, that, if he had, he thought himfelf oblig'd, in Return for his worthy Behaviour to him, to pay a particular Regard to his Recommendation. And so, being answer'd as he desired, in they came together again:

But I should say, that his withdrawing with a very ferious Aspect, made me afraid I had gone too far: And I said, before they came in, What shall I do, if I have incurred Mr. B.'s Anger by my Over-forwardness!—Did he not look displeas'd? Dear my Ladies, if he be so, plead for me, and I will withdraw, when he comes in; for I cannot stand his Anger: I have

not been used to it.

t

u,

y,

WO

-10

Mr.

ept

lear

your

to

30 l.

arl's

d no

ntle-

1:-

Never fear, you charming Pamela, faid my Lady, he can't be angry at any thing you fay or do. But I wish, for the sake of what I have been Witness to of Mr. Adams's Behaviour and Modesty, that such a thing could be done for him.

Mr. Adams bow'd, and said, Oh my good Ladies! 'tis too, too considerable a thing: — I cannot expect it — Ido not — It would be Presumption if I did.

M 3

Jun

Just then re-enter'd Mr. B. and Mr. Williams, the first with a stately. Air, the other with a more Peace-

portending Smile on his Countenance. oldering A

But Mr. B. fitting down, Well, Pamela, faid he, very gravely, I fee, that Power is a dangerous thing in any Hand .- Sir, Sirt faid I. - My dear Lady, whispering to Lady Davers, I will withdraw, as I faid I would! - And I was getting away as fast as I could: But he arole, and coming up to me, took my Hand, Why is my Charmer to foon frighten'd r faid he, most kindly; and still more kindly, with a noble Air, pressed it to his Lips. — I must not carry my fest too far upon a Mind so apprehensive, as I otherwise might be inclined to do. And leading me to Mr. Adams and Mr. Williams, he faid, taking Mr. Williams's Hand with his Left, as he field mine in his Right, Your worthy Brother Clergyman, Mr. Adams, gives me Leave to confirm the Decision of my dear Spoule, and you are to thank her for the Living of F. upon the * Condition the proposed; and may you give but as much Satisfaction there, as you have done in this Family, and as Mr. Williams has given to his Flock; and they will then, after a while, be pleas'd as much with your Ministry, as they have hitherto been with his.

Mr. Adams trembled with Joy, and begg'd Leave to withdraw. — I cannot, — I cannot, faid he, — bear — bear — this Excels of Goodness. And he retir'd, with an Air of Gratitude and Transport in his Countenance, which Words cannot equally express.

This affected me a good deal, as it did all the Company; but I was still more so, when Mr. B. said, Here, my Dear, thank good Mr. Williams for inabling you to give such a shining Proof of your Excellence: And remember, that whenever I put any Power into your Hands for the suture, you keep this happy Instance in Mind, and in every thing that offers, I shall then have no Will nor Choice but yours.

^{*} This Condition Mr. Williams generously renounced, les it should have a Simoniacal Appearance. See Vol. IV.

Could I avoid, my dear Miss, being thus nobly, more than generously—what shall I do for a Word to express my Sense of his Graciousness to me?——Could I avoid, I say, doing a weak thing, without regarding the Presence I was in? I fell on my Knees to him, and kissed his dear Hand, How shall I—how shall I, said I,—oppressed with your hourly Goodness,—find Words?—But, Oh forgive me! Meanings croud so thick upon me, that my Words, patting my Bosom with my other Hand, stick here, just here—and I cannot—

And indeed I could say no more; and he, in the Delicacy of his Apprehensiveness for me, clasped his kind Arms about me, and withdrew with me into the next Parlour, and placed himself by me on the Settee, putting my Face on his generous Breast, and said, Take care, take care, my best Beloved it hat the Joy which overflows your dear Heart, for having done a beneficent and a noble Action, to a deferving Gentleman, does not affect you too much. You have no Body just now, my dear Life! added he; your Spirit has absorbed it all: But you must descend, or what will become of me? And take care you don't do it too precipitately, for a Circomstance so delicate, and so delightful to me!

0

is

3,

ar

òf

ou

ne

115

b's

to

re-

his

the

iid,

ibl-

cel-

any

this

ers,

ould

My Lady Davers followed us. Where is my Angel Sister? where is my noble Brother? said she: Rest her dear Head on my Bosom; for I have a Share in her next to yourself; and return to a Company where you'll not find a dry Eye, nor an opening Lip, but looking upon one another in speechles Rapture at the exalted Scene you have exhibited between you.

My dear Mr. B. delighted with every Occasion that makes for my Honour, and to endear me to his beloved Sister, said, Take care then of my Jewel, and let her dear Face adorn the Bosom of a Lady I love next to herself. And rising, went into the great Parlour.

I would have stood up; but, quite abashed at my recollected Behaviour before so many Witnesses, and confounded with the Goodness of such a Brother and

M 4

And my dear Lady Davers (O Miss, what a happy Panela is your Friend! what a happy Daughter, my dear Father and Mother;) — clasped me in her Arms, and to her Bosom, and kissed me sive or six times, running over with Expressions of Favour and Goodness, in a Style and Words I cannot repeat: For she is Mistress of a flowery Rhetorick, and has such a charming Gift of Utterance, that could I but half equal her, when she thus lostily soars, I should deferve the Compliments she made me.

Coffee being ready, Lady Davers led me to the great withdrawing Room, and we were join'd by all the Company, and Mr. Adams too; and my Lord Davers was pleased to make me several fine Compliments, and so did Mr. H. after his Manner. But

the Countess exceeded berself in Goodness.

Mr. Williams feemed so pleased, and so elated with the deserved Acception his worthy Conduct had met with, that it flew'd he was far from repenting at the generous Turn the Matter had taken in favour of Mr. Adams: On the contrary, he congratulated. him upon it, telling him, he would introduce him, when his generous Patron thought proper, to his new Parishioners, and would read Prayers for him at his first Preaching. And I think, Mr. Adams, said he, fince this happy Affair has been brought about from the Conversation upon Dispensations, you and I, both by our Examples and our Arguments, must, on all Occasions, discredit that Practice; since, as my Lady has observed, God's Providence is a better Reliance than the richest Benefice in England; and fince, as her Ladyship has also observed, we ought not to look beyond a happy Competency, as if in this Life only we bad Hope.

My Lady, faid Mr. Adams, has given me many Lessons, relating to different Parts of my Duty, both as a Christian and a Clergyman, that will not only furnish me with Rules for my future Conduct, but with Subjects for the best Sermons I shall ever be able

to compose.

Mr. B. was pleased to fay, It is a Rule with me, not to leave till To-morrow what can be done Today : And when, my Dear, do you propose to dispense with Mr. Adams's good Offices in your Family? Or did you intend to induce him to go to Town with us?

I had not proposed any thing, Sir, as to that; for I had not asked your kind Direction: But the good Dean will supply us, I doubt not; and when we set out for London, Mr. Adams will be at full Liberty, with his worthy Friend Mr. Williams, to pursue the happy Scheme, which your Goodness has permitted to take Effect.

Mr. Adams, my Dear, who came last from the University, can perhaps recommend such another young Gentleman as himfelf, for your Domestick. Duties.

I looked, it feems, a little grave, and Mr. B. faid, What have you to offer, Pamela? What have I faid amifs ?

Amis! dear Sir!

1

t

d.

١,

N

S

n

h

11

ly.

ce

28

k

ly:

y

th.

ly.

ut

le

lr.

Ay, and dear Madam, too! I fee by your bashful! Seriousness, in place of that smiling Approbation which you always shew when I utter any thing you intirely approve, that I have faid fomething which would rather meet with your Acquiescence; than Choice. So, as I have often told you, none of your Referves! And never belitate to me your Confent in any thing, while you are fure, I will conform to your Wishes, or pursue my own Liking, as either shall appear reasonable to me, when I have heard your Reasons.

Why then, dear Sir, what I had prefumed to think, but I fubmit it to your better Judgment, was, Whether, as the Gentleman who is fo kind as to direct our Family Duties, in fome measure acts in the Province of the worthy Dean, it were not right, that our own Parish Minister, whether here or at London, should name, or at least approve our naming, the

Gentleman?

18483

Why could not I have thought of that, as well as you, Sauce-Box? Lady Davers, I'm intirely on your Side. I think she deserves a Slap now for us both.

I'll forgive her, said my Lady, since I find her Sentiments and Actions as much a Reproach to others

as to me.

Mr. Williams, did you eyer think, said Mr. B. it would have come to this? Did you ever know such a saucy Girl in your Life? — Already to give herself these reproaching Airs?

No, never, if your Honour is pleased to call the most excellent Lady in the World by such a Name,

nor any body elfe!

Pamela, I charge you, said the dear Gentleman, if you sudy for it, be sometimes in the Wrong, that one may not always be taking Lessons from such an Assurance; but, in our Turns, have something to teach you.

Then, dear Sir, faid I, must I not be a strange Creature? For how, when you, and my good Ladies, are continually giving me such charming Examples,

can I do a wrong thing?

Mr. H. said, Let him be bang'd, if he would not marry, as soon as ever he could get any body to have him.

Foolish Fellow! faid Lady Davers, do'ft think that thou'lt meet with such a Wife as that, when

thou marryeft?

Why not, Madam? — For if I am not fo good as Mr. B. now is, I have not been so bad neither as he was formerly; Excuse me, Sir: And so I may stand a Chance.

A Chancel said my Lady - that's like thee. -

Didft ever hear of fuch an one as she?

I never, faid he, and fell a Laughing, faw fuch an one, I own. And take that, my good Lady, for

calling me Foolis Fellow.

There's not the Reproach in thy Answer that thou intendest, except to thy own grinning Insolence, said her Ladyship, (severe enough, but smiling) that makes thee think that a Resection, that is none in this Case.

Egad,

Egad, Madam, you're always hard upon me! I can fay nothing to please you. While every body else gives and receives Compliments, I can come in for nothing but Foolish Fellow with your Ladyship.

Nephew, faid my Lord, laughing, I think you come in for a large Part, and a facetious one too: For when you're present, and Conversation takes a ferious Turn, you make an excellent Character to

fet us all a laughing.

He got up, and bow'd very low: I thank your Lordship, You might as well have called me a Jack-pudden in plain Words; - but then I would have looked upon you all as fo many Mountobanks! - There I have you! faid he, and fell a laughing.

The Counters, shuddering, said, Dear, dear Mr. H. be filent, I beseech you, whenever we are serious. For you tear one from the Feast of Souls to the Froth of Bodies. - Was not that a fine Rebuke,

Miss? Is not this a charming Lady?

I hope, Miss, you will forgive me for being so tedious on the aforegoing Subject, and its most agreeable Conclusion. It is an important one, because feveral Persons, as Conferrers or Receivers, have found their Pleasure and Account in it; and it would be well, if Conversation were often attended with like happy Consequences. I have one Merit to plead in behalf even of my Prolixity; That in reciting the delightful Conferences I have the Pleasure of holding with our noble Gueffs, and Mr. B. I am careful not to write twice upon one Topick; altho' feveral, which I omit, may be more worthy of your Notice than those I give; fo that you have as much Variety from me, as the Nature of the Facts and Cafes will admit of.

But here I will conclude, having a very different Subject, as a Proof of what I have advanc'd, to touch in my next. Till when, I am

Your most affectionate and faithful

LETTER XXXIII.

My dear Miss,

I Now proceed with my Journal, which I brought down to Tuesday Evening; and of course I begin with

WEDNESDAY

or Herseback, attended by two Servants in Liveries. I was abroad; for I had got Leave for a whole Afternoon, attended by my Polly, which Time I passed in visiting no less than four several poor sick Families, whose Hearts I made glad. But I should be too tedious, were I to give you the Particulars; and besides, I have a brief List of Cases, which, when you'll favour me with your Company, I may shew you; for I have obliged myself, tho' not desired, to keep an Account of what I do with no less than 200 & a Year, that my dear Mr. B. allows me to expend in Acts of Charity and Benevolence.

Lady Dawers told me afterwards, that Sir Jacobicarried it mighty stiff and formal, when he alighted. He strutted about the Court-yard in his Boots, with his Whip in his Hand; and tho' her Ladyship went to the great Door, in order to welcome him, he turn'd short, and, whistling, followed the Groom into the Stable, as if he had been at an Inn, only, instead of taking off his Hat, pulling its broad Brim over his Eyes, for a Compliment. In she went in a Pet, as she says, saying to the Countes, A surly Brute he always was! My Uncle! He's more of an Hostlerthan a Gentleman: I'm resolv'd I'll not stir to meet him again. And yet the Wretch loves Respect from others, tho' he never practises common Civility himself.

The Countess said; She was glad he was come; for she lov'd to divert himself with such odd Characters now-and then.

* Ses Vol. II p. 278.

And now let me give you a short Description of him as I found him, when I came in, that you may the better conceive what fort of a Gentleman he is.

He is about Sixty-five Years of Age, a coarfe, firong, big bon'd Gentleman, with large irregular Features; he has a haughty supercilious Look, a fwaggering Gait, and a Person not at all bespeaking one's Payour in behalf of his Mind; and his Mind. as you shall hear by-and-by, not clearing up those Prepoffessions in his Disfavour, with which his Person and Features at first impress one. His Voice is big and furly; his Eyes little and fiery; his Mouth large, with what Teeth he has left; ground down, as it feem'd, even with his many-colour'd Gums, as if by conflant Use. But with all these Imperfections, he: has an Air that fets him fomewhat above the mere Vulgar, and fuch as makes one think, that half his Disadvantages are rather owing to his own haughty Humour, than to Nature: For he feems to be a perfect Tyrant at first Sight, a Man used to prescribe. and not to be prescribed too; and has the Advantage of a shrewd penetrating Look, which yet, methinks, feems rather acquired than natural.

After he had feen his Horses well serv'd, and puton an old fashion'd Gold button'd Coat, which by its Freshness shew'd he had been very chary of it, a better. Wig, but in stiff Buckle, and a long Sword, sluck stiffly, as if thro' his Coat Lappets; in he came and with an imperious Air entering the Parlour, What, nobody come to meet me! said he; and saluting her Ladyship, How do you do, Niece? and look'd about haughtily, she says, as if he expected to

fee me.

My Eady, presenting the Countess, said, The Countess of C. Sir Jacob! — O, cry Mercy! said he — Your most obedient humble Servant, Madam; I hope his Lordship is well.

At your Service, Sir Jacob.

I wish he was, said he, bluntly; he should not have voted as he did last Sessions, I can tell you that.

Why, Sir Jacob, faid she, Servants don't always, in this free Kingdom, do as their Masters would have 'em.

Mine do, I can tell you that, Madam.

Right or Wrong, Sir Jacob?

It can't be wrong, if I command them.

Why, truly, Sir Jacob, there's many a private Gentleman carries it higher to a Servant, than he cares his Prince should do to him: But I thought, till now, 'twas the King only could do no wrong.

But, Madam, I always take care to be right.

A good Reason because, I dare say, you never

think you can be in the wrong.

Your Ladyship should spare me: I'm but just come off a Journey. Let me turn myself about, and I'll be up with you, never fear, Madam. But where's my Nephew, Lady Davers? And where's your Lord? I was told you were all here, and young H. too, upon a very extraordinary Occasion; so I was willing to see how Causes went among you, and what you were about. It will be long enough before you come to see me.

My Brother, and Lord Davers, and Mr. H. are all

rid out together.

Well, Niece, firutting with his Hands behind him, and his Head held up, —Ha!— He has made a fine Kettle on't, — han't he! —— 'Sblood, (that was his profligate Word) that ever such a Rake should be so caught! — They tell me, she's plaguy cunning, and quite smart and handsome.—But I wish his Father were but living,—Yet what could he have done? He was always unmanageable: But I wish he'd been my Son; — by my Faith I do! — What! I hope, Niece, he locks up his Baby, while you're here! You don't keep her Company, do you?

Yes, Sir Jacob, reply'd my Lady, I do; and you'll

not scruple to do so too, when you see her.

Why, thou countenances him in his Folly, Child; I'd a better Opinion of thy Spirit! Thou married to a Lord, and thy Brother to a — Canst tell me what, Barbara? If thou canst, prythee do.

To

tl

To an Angel; and so you'll say, when you see her. What, dost think I shall look thro' bis soolish Eyes?

What a Disgrace to a Family ancienter than the Conquest! — O Tempora! O Mores! What will this World come to!

The Countess was diverted with this odd Gentleman, but run on in my Praise, for sear he should say some sude things to me when I came in, and Lady Davers seconded her. But all, it seems, signify'd nothing. He would tell us both his Mind, let the young Whelp, that was his Word, take it as he would. And pray, said he, can't I see this sine Body before he comestin it Let me but turn her round two or three times, and ask her a Question or two; and by her Answers I shall know what to think of her in a Twinkling.

She is gone to take a little Airing, Sir Jacob, and

won't be back till Supper time.

Supper time! Why, the is not to fit down at Table, is the? If the does, I won't; that's positive:

But now you talk of Supper, what have you?—

I must have a boil'd Chicken, and shall eat it all myfelf.—— Who's House-keeper now? I suppose all's
turn'd upside down.

No, there is not one new Servant, except a Girl that waits upon her own Person; All the old Servants

are continued.

That's much! these Creatures generally take as great State upon 'em as a born Lady: And they're in the right. If they can make the Man stoop to the great Point, they'll hold his Nose to the Grindstone, never fear; and all the little ones come about in course.

Well, Sir Jacob, when you fee, her, you'll alter

your Mindai very sal F I not a read you now

Neven never sathat's politive it a cong the said

Ay, Siri Jacob, I was as positive as you once; but I love her now as well as if she was my own Sister.

O hideous, hideous! — Tell it not in Gath; for thou'lt make the Daughters of Philistia triumph! All the Hools that he has made where ever he has travelled, will clap their Hands at him, and at you too, if you

you talk at this Rate.—But let me speak to Mrs. Jerwis, if she be here: Fill order my own Supper.

So he went out, faying, He knew the House, tho'

in a better Mistres's Days.

The Countels faid, If Mr. B. kept his Temper, as the hop'd he would, there would be good Divertion with the old Gentleman.

O yes, faid my Lady, my Brother will, I dare fay. He despites this surly Brute too much to be angry at

him, let him fay what he will be will

Mrs. Jervis. You may guess, Miss, that the launched out in my Praise; and he was offended at her, and faid, Woman! Woman! forbear these ill-tim'd Praises: Her Birth's a Disgrace to our Family. What! my Sister's Waiting-maid, taken upon Charity! I cannot bear it.

I mention all these things, as these Ladies afterwards told them to me, because it shall prepare you to judge

what a fine Time I was likely to have of it.

When Mr. B. and my Lord Davers, and Mr. H. came home, which they did about half an Hour after Six, they were told who were there, just as they entered the Parlour; and Mr. B. smiled at Lord Davers, and entering,—Sir Jacob, said he, Welcome to Bedfordshire! And thrice welcome to this House! I re-

joice to fee you.

My Lady fays, Never was so odd a Figure, as the old Baronet made, when thus accosted. He stood up indeed; but as Mr. B. offered to take his Hand, he put 'em both behind him. — Not that you know of, Sir! — And then looking up at his Face, and down at his Feet, three or four times successively. — Are you my Brother's Son? That very individual Son, that your good Father used to boast of, and say, that for handsome Person, true Courage, noble Mind, was not to be matched in any three Counties in England:

The very fame, dear Sir, that my honoured Father's Partiality used to think he never praised enough. And what is all of it come to at last!—He paid well, did he not, to teach you to know the World!—Ad's Life, Nephew! hadst thou been a born Fool, or a raw Greenhead, or a doating Greyhead.—

What then, Sir Jacob?

What then ?- Why, then, thou would have done

just as thou hast done ?

Come, come, Sir Jacob, you know not my Inducements. You know not what an Angel I have in Person and Mind. Your Eyes shall by-and-by be blest with the Sight of her: Your Ears with hearing her speak: — And then you'll call all you have said, Profanation.

What is it I hear! What is it I hear!— You talk in the Language of Romance; and from the House-keeper to the Head of the House, you're all stark-staring mad. By my Soul, Nephew, I wish, for thy own Credit, thou wert.— But what fignishes Wishing!—I hope you'll not bring your Syren into my Company.

Yes, I will, Sir, because I love to give you Pleafure. And say not a Word more, for your own sake, till you see her — You'll have the less to unsay, Sir

Faceb, and the less to repent of.

The Devil I - I'm in an inchanted Castle, that's certain. What a Plague has this little Witch done to

you all !- And how did she bring it about ?

The Ladies and Lord Davers laugh'd, it seems, and Mr. B. begging him to sit down, and answer him some Family Questions, he said, (for it seems he is very captious at times) What, a Devil! am I to be laugh'd at! Lord Davers, I hope you're not bewitch'd too, are you?

Indeed, Sir Jacob, I am. My Sister B. is my Doat-

ing-piece.

Whew! whiftled he, with a wild Stare: And how

is it with you, Youngster?

With me, Sir Jacob? said Mr. H. I'd give all I'm worth in the World, and ever shall be worth, for such another Wife.

He ran to the Window, and throwing up the Sash, looking into the Court yard, and said, Hollo—Sn-ho-Groom— Jack— Jonas—Get me my Horse!——I'll keep no such Company!—I'll be gone!—Why, Jonas! calling again.

You're not in earnest, Sir Facob? faid Mr. B.

Night! Why, you're all upon the High Game! —
Pil — But who comes here? — For just at that Instant
the Chariot brought me into the Court yard. — Who's
this? Who is she ? — I have have a she who is the court yard.

youngest Daughter Jenny! She's the Pride of my Family, Sir Jacob.

By my Soul, faid he, I was running; for I thought

-it was the grand Enchantrefs. If to agranged of

The, humour all that's faid to you. Here's Sir Jacob come. You're the Counters of Cos youngest Daughter Jesse That's your Cue:

Ah! but, Madam, said I, Lady Jenny is not martry'd looking (before I thought) on a Circumstance that I think too much of sometimes, tho' I carry it

off as welkas I can bound If as a rad sel soy his

She laugh'd at my Exception: Come, Lady Jenny, 'faid she, (for I just then enter'd the great Door) I hope

ovou've had a fine Airing?

A very pretty one, Madam, said I, as I enter'd the Parlour. This is a pleasant Country, Lady Davers— (Wink when I'm wrong, whisper'd I—) Where's Mrs. B.?—Then, as seeing a strange Gentleman, I started half back, into a more reserv'd Air; and made him a low Court's.

Sir Jacob look'd as if he did not know what to think of it, now at me, now at Mr. B.—But the dear Gentleman put him quite out of doubt, by taking my Hand: Well, Lady Jenny, did you meet my Fugi-

tive in your Tour?

No, Mr. B. faid I. Did she go my Way? I told you I would keep the great Road.

Lady Jenny C., faid Mr. B. prefenting me to his Uncle. A charming Creature! added the dear Gentleman: Have you never a Son worthy of such

an Alliance?

Ay, marry, Nephew, this is a Lady indeed! Why, the Plague, whifper'd he, could you not have pitch'd your Tent here? Mis, by your Leave: And faluting me, turn'd to the Countels: By my Soul, Madam, you've a charming Daughter! Had my rash Nephew seen this lovely Creature, and you'd have condescended, he'd never have sloop'd to the Cottage, as he has done.

You're right, Sir Jacob, return'd Mr. B; but I always ran too fast for my Fortune: Yet, these Ladies of Family never bring out their Jewels into Batchelors Company; and when, too late, we see what we've miss'd, we are vex'd at our Precipitation.

well faid, however, Boy. By my Soul, I wish thee Rependance, tho tis out of thy Power to amend. Be that one of thy Curies, when thou feel this Lady;

as I make no doubt it is.

Again taking my Hand, and surveying me from Head to Foot, and turning me round, which, it seems, is a mighty Practice with him to a Stranger-Lady, [and a modest one too, you'll say, Miss) — Why, truly, you're a charming Creature, Miss— Lady Jenny, I would say.— By your Leave, once more!— Upon my Soul, my Lady Countess, she is a Charmer— But— But— staring at me, Are you marry'd, Madam?

I look'd a little filly; and my new Mamma came up to me, and took my Hand: Why, Jenny, you are dress'd oddly to Day!—What a Hoop you wear! It

makes you look I can't tell how !

Upon my Soul, Madam, I thought fo; what fignifies Lying?—But 'tis only the Hoop, I fee.—Really and truly, Lady Jenny, your Hoop is enough to make half an hundred of our Sex despair, for fear you should be marry'd. I thought it was something! Few Ladies escape my Notice. I always kept a good Look out; for I have two Daughters of my own: But

'tis the Hoop, I fee plainly enough. You are so siender every where but bere; putting his Hand upon my Hip, which quite dash'd me; and I retir'd behind my Lady Counters's Chair.

Fie; Sir Jacob! faid Mr. B; before us young Gentlemen, to take such Liberties with a Maiden Lady!

---You give a bad Example.

Hang him that sets you a bad Example, Nephew. But I see you're right: I see Lady Jenny's a Maiden Lady, or she would not have been so shamefac'd. I'll swear for her, on Occasion. Ha, ha, ha— I'm sure, repeated he, she's a Maiden.—— For our Sex give the married Ladies a freer Air in a Trice.

How, Sir Jacob! faid Lady Davers.

O fie, faid the Counters — Can't you praise the Maiden Ladies, but at the Expence of the marry'd ones i What do you see of Freedom in me?

Or in me ? faid Lady Davers:

Nay, for that Matter, you are very well, Ladies, I must needs say.— But will you pretend to blush with that Virgin Rose?—Will ye? Od's my Life, Miss,—Lady Jenny, I would say, taking my Hand, come from behind your Mamma's Chair, and you two Ladies, stand up now together.—There, so you do,—Why now, Blush for Blush, and Lady Jenny shall be three to one, and a deeper Crimson by half. Look you there, look you there else! An hundred Guineas to one against the Field —Then stamping with one Foot, and lifting up his Hands and Eyes—O Christ! Lady Jenny has it all to nothing—By my Soul, she has—Ha, ha, ha—You may well sit down both of you; but you're a Blush too late, I can tell you that—Well hast thou done, Lady Jenny,

I was hastening away, and he said, But let's see you again, Miss; for now I will stay, if they bring nobody else.—And away I went, for I never was more out of Countenance.—What a strange Creature, thought

I, is this ?

Supper being near ready, he continued calling out for Lady Jenny; for, he faid, the Sight of her did him

him good. But he was refolv'd he would not fit down

at Table with somebody elfe.

The Countels faid, She would fetch her Daughter; and stepping out, return'd, saying, Mrs. B. understands, that Sir Jacob is here, and that he does not chuse to see her; so she begs to be excus'd; and my Jenny and she defire to sup together.

The very worst Tidings I have heard this Twelvemonth. Why, Nephew, let your Girl sup with any body, so we may have Lady Jenny back with us.—

I know, said the Countes, (who was desirous to see how far he would carry it) Jenny won't leave Mrs.

B. fo if you fee one, you must fee t'other.

Nay, then, if it must be so, I must sit down contented.—But yet, I should be glad to see Lady Jenny, that I should. But I will not sit down at Table with

Mr. B.'s Girl-that's positive.

Well, well, let 'em sup together, and there's an End of it, said Mr. B.— I see my Uncle has as good a Judgment as any body of fine Ladies (That I have, Nephew):—But he can't forego his Humour, in Compliment to the finest Lady in England.

Confider, Nephew, confider—Tis not thy doing a foolish Thing, and calling a Girl Wife, shall cram a Niece down my Throat, that's positive. The Moment thy Girl comes down to take place of these La-

dies, I am gone, that's most certain.

Well then, shall I go up, and oblige Pamela to sup by herself, and persuade Lady Jenny to come down

to us?

With all my Soul, Nephew—A good Motion.—
But, Pamela—did you say?—A queer fort of Name!
I've heard of it somewhere!—Is it a Christian or a
Pagan Name?—Linfey-wolsey—halfone, half t'other
like thy Girl—Ha, ha, ha.

Let me be bang'd, whisper'd Mr. H. to his Aunt, if Sir Jacob has not a Power of Wit; tho' he's so

whimfical with it. I like him much.

But hark ye, Nephew, faid Sir Jacob, as Mr. B. was going out of the Parlour—one Word with you. Den't fob upon us your Girl with the Pagan Name

for Lady Jenny. I have fet a Mark upon her, and should know her from a Thousand, although had chang'd her Hoop.—Then he laugh'd again, and faid, He hoped Lady Jenny would come And come without any body with her—But I smell a Plot, faid he—By my Soul I won't stay, if they both come together. I won't be put upon—But here comes one or both—Where's my Whip?—I'll go.

Indeed Mr. B. I had rather have flaid with Mrs. B.

-faid Leas I enter'd -as he had bid mean sw of ybor

No; the han't Why now Nephew you're right I was afraid you'd have put a Trick upon me You'd rather, repeated he, have flay'd with Mrs. B. 1—Yes, I warrant.—But you shall be plac'd in better Company, my dear Child.

Sister, said Mr. B. will you be pleased to take that I Chair; for Pamela does not chuse to give my Uncle

Disgust, who so feldom comes to fee us. hat at to but I

My Lady took the upper End of the Table, and I fat next below my new Mamma: So, Jenty, faid the, How have you left Mis. B. ?

A little concern'd, faid I - But the was the easier,

as Mr. B. himself defir'd I'd come down.

My Lord Daviers fat hext to me, and Sir Jacob faid, I Shall I beg a Favour of you, my Lord; to let me fit next to Lady Jenny?

Mr. B. Vaid, Won't it be better to fit over-against

berfelf, and partunde Lady Firey to ct sland y

Ay, that's right. I'faith, Nephew, thou know'ft what's right. Well, for I will.—He accordingly removed his Seat, and I was very glad of its for the' I was fure to be star'd at sufficiently by him, yet I was afraid, if he sat next me, he would not keep his I Hands off my Hoop.

He fun on a deal in my Praises, after his manner,

but fo rough at times other he gave me Pain and 12

After Supper, the Gentlemen list down to their Bottle, and the Badies and I withdrew, and about Twelve they broke up. Sir Jacob talking of nothing but Lady June, and wishing Mr. B. had marry'd

for

fo happily as with fuch a charming Creature; One, he fald, that carried Tokens of her high Birth in her Face, and whose every Feature, and Look, shew'd her

nobly descended.

They let him go to Bed with his Mistake: But the Countess said next Morning, She thought she never saw a greater Instance of stupid Pride, and Churlishness, and she should be sick of the Advantage of Birth or Ancestry, if this was the natural Fruit of it. For a Man, said her Ladyship, to come to his Nephew's House, and to suffer the Mistress of it (as he thinks) to be closetted up, and not permitted to appear, in order to humour his absurd and brutal Insolence, and to behave as he has done; is such a Ridicule upon the Pride of Descent, that I shall think of it as long as I live. O Mrs. B. said she, what Advantages have you over every one that sees you; but most over those who pretend to treat you unworthily!

I expect to be called to Breakfast every Minute, and shall then, perhaps, see how this Matter will end. I wish when it is revealed, he is not in a Fury, and think himself imposed on. I fear it won't end so well as I wish; for every body seems to be grave and angry

at Sir Jacob.

THURSDAY.

Now proceed with my Tale. At Breakfast-time, when every one was sat, and a Chair lest for me, Sir Jacob began to call out for Lady Jenny. But, said he, I'll have none of your Girl, Nephew, altho' the Chair at the Tea-Table is lest for somebody. No, said Mr. B. we'll get Lady Jenny to supply Mrs. B.'s Place, as you don't care to see her.

With all my Heart, reply'd he.

But, Uncle, faid Mr. B. Have you really no De-

No, none at all, by my Soul.

Just then I came in, and paying my Compliments

to the Company, and to Sir Jacob, Shall I. faid I, fupply Mrs. B.'s Place, in her Absence I And down I sat.

After Breakfast, and the Servants were withdrawn, Lady Jenny said to Lady Davers, you are a young Lady who have all the Advantages of Birth and Descent, and some of the best Blood in the Kingdom runs in your Veins; and here Sir Jacob Swynford is your great Admirer: Cannot you, from whom it will come with a double Grace, convince him, that he does an unkind Thing, at my Brother's House, to keep the Person my Brother has thought worthy of making the Mistress of it, out of Company? And let us know your Opinion, Whether my Brother himself does right, to comply with such an unreasonable Distaste?

Why how now, Lady Davers ! This from you! I

did not expect it!

anning miles

My Uncle, said Mr. B. is the only Person in the Kingdom that I would have honoured thus: And I made no doubt, when he saw how willing I was to oblige him in so high a Point, he would have acted a more generous Part than he has yet done. But, Lady Tenny, what say you to my Sister's Questions?

If I must speak my Mind, reply'd I, I should take the Liberty to be very serious with Sir Jacob, and to say, That when a Thing is done, and cannot be help'd, he should take care how he sows the Seeds of Indisserence and Animosity between Man and Wife: And how he makes a Gentleman dissatisfied with his Choice,

and perhaps unhappy as long as he lives.

Nay, Miss, said he, if all are against me, and you, whose good Opinion I value more than all, you may e'en let the Girl come, and sit down, if you will.—
If she is but half as pretty, and half as wise, and modest, as you, I shall, as it cannot be help'd, as you say, be ready to think better of the Matter. For 'tis a little hard, I must needs say, if she has hitherto appear'd before all the good Company, to have her kept out of the way on my Account.

Really,

Really, Sir Jacob, faid the Countefs, I have blufh'd for you more than once on this Occasion. But the Miffress of this House is more than half as wife, and modest, and lovely: And in hopes you will return me back some of the Blushes I have lent you, see there, in my Daughter Jenny, whom you have been fo juftly admiring, the Miftress of the House, and the Lady with the Pagan Name!

Sir Jacob sat aghaft, looking at one, and at another, and at me, each in Turn, and then cast his Eves on the Floor. — At last, up he got, and swore a fad Oath, And am I thus trick'd and bamboozled, that was his Word; am I? -- There's no bearing this House, nor her Presence now, that's certain; and I'll

be gone.

Mr. B. looking at me, and nodding his Head towards Sir Jacob, as he was in a Flutter to be gone, I arose from my Chair, and went to him, and took his Hand. I hope, Sir Jacob, you will be able to bear both, when you shall see that there is no other Difference but that of Descent, between the supposed Lady Jenny, whom you so kindly praised, and the Girl your dear Nephew has fo much exalted.

Let me go, said he, I'm most confoundedly bit .-I cannot look you in the Face !- By my Soul I cannot !- For 'tis impossible you should forgive me.

Indeed it is not, Sir; you have done nothing but what I can forgive you for, if your dear Nephew can; for to him was the Wrong, if any, and I'm fure he can overlook it, - And for his fake, to the Uncle of fo honour'd a Gentleman, to the Brother of my late good Lady, I can, with a bent Kree, thus, ask your Bleffing, and defire your Excuse for joining to keep you in this Suspense.

Bless you !- O Christ! said he, and stamp'd -Who can chuse but bless you? And he kneeled down, and wrapp'd his Arms about me. - But, curse me, that was his strange Word, if ever I was so touched

before!

l,

d

ė,

u,

ay

10-

ou

ior

rto

her

lly,

Vol. III. in om sham N i i

My

My dear Mr. B. for fear my Spirits should be too much affected, (for the rough Baronet, in his Transport, had bent me down lower than I kneeled) came to me, and held me by my Arm; but let Sir Jacob raise me, only saying, How does my Angel? Now she has made this Conquest, she has completed all her Tri-

umphs.

Angel did you call her! — By my Soul, I'm confounded with her Goodness, and her sweet Carriage! — Rise, and let me see if I can stand, mysels! — And, believe me, I am forry I have acted so much like a Bear as I have done; and the more I think of it, the more I shall be ashamed of mysels.—And the Tears, as he spoke, ran down his rough Cheeks, which moved me a good deal; for to see a Man with so rough and so hard a Countenance weep, was a touching Sight.

Mr. H. putting his Handkerchief to his Eyes, his Aunt said, What's the Matter, Jackey? — The Matter! answered he; I don't know how the D—'tis—But here's strange Doings, as ever I knew—For here, Day after Day, one's ready to cry, without knowing whether it be for Joy or Sorrow! — What a Plague's the Matter with me, I wonder! — And out he went, the two Ladies, whose charming Eyes, too, glisten'd with Pleasure, smiling at the Effect the Scene had upon Mr. H. and at what he said.

Well, Madam, said Sir Jacob, approaching me; for I'had sat down, but then stood up — You will forgive me; and from my Heart I wish you Joy. By my Soul I do — and saluted me — I could not have believed there had been such a Person breathing. I don't wonder at my Nephew's loving you! — And you call her Sister, Lady Davers, don't you? — If you do, I'll

own her for my Niece.

Don't I! — Yes, I do, faid her Ladyship, coming to me, and am proud so to call her. And this I tell you, for your Comfort, tho' to my own Shame, that I nsed her worse than you have done, before I knew her Excellence, and have repented of it ever since.

I bow'd to her Ladyship—and kissing her Hand—My dearest Lady, said I, you have made me rich Amends

fince.

it

fince. I am fure I may fay, That it was good for me

that I was afflicted!

Why, Nephew, the has the Fear of God, I perceive. before her Eyes too! I'm fure I've heard those Words. They are somewhere in the Scripture, I believe! -Why, who knows, but the may be a Means to fave your Soul ?-Hay, you know !

Ay, Sir Jacob, faid Mr. B. she'll be a Means to fave an hundred Souls, and might go a great way to fave yours, if you were to live with her but one

Month.

Well, but, Nephew, I hope you forgive me, too; for, now I think of it, I never knew you take any

Matter fo patiently in my Life.

I knew, faid the dear Gentleman, that every Extravagance you infilted upon, was heightening my Charmer's Triumph, and increasing your own Contrition; and as I was not indeed deprived of her Company, I could bear with every thing you faid or did-Yet, don't you remember, that I caution'd you, that the less you faid against her, the less you'd have to unsay, and the less to repent of?

I do; and let me ride out, and call myfelf to an Account for all I faid against her, in her own Hearing; and when I can think but of one half, and how she has taken it, by my Soul, I believe 'twill make me more one more Son

than half mad.

At Dinner (when we had Mr. William's Company) the Baronet told me, he admir'd me now, as much as he did when he thought me Lady Jenny; but complain'd of the Trick put upon him by us all, and feem'd now-

and then a little ferious upon it.

He took great Notice of the Dexterity which he imputed to me, in performing the Honours of the Table. And every now and then, he lifted up his Eyes, God take me! Very clever, by my Soul! - Why, Madam, you feem to me to be born to these Things ! - I will be help'd by nobody but you-And you'll have a Task of it, I can tell you; for I have a whipping Stomach, and were there fifty Dishes, I always taste of every one. And indeed John was in a manner wholly employ'd in going to and fro between the Baronet and me, for half an

Hour together.

He went from us afterwards to Mrs. Jervis, and made her answer him abundance of Questions about me, and how all these Matters had come about, as he phrased it; and returning, when we drank Coffee, said, I have been consabbing, that was his Word, with Mrs. Jervis, about you, Niece. By my Soul, I never heard the like! She tells me, you can play on the Spinnet, and sing too: Will you let a body have a Tune or so? My Mab can play pretty well, and so can Dolly: — I'm a Judge of Musick, and would fain hear you. I said, If he was a Judge, I should be afraid to play before him; but I would not be ask'd twice, when we had taken our Coffee.

Accordingly, he repeating his Request, I gave him a Tune, and fung to it; Od's my Life, faid he, you do it purely! - But I fee where it is-My Girls have got my Fingers! And then he held both his Hands out, and a fine Pair of Paws shew'd he! - Plague on't, they touch two Keys at once; but those slender and nimb'e Fingers, how they sweep along! My Eye can't follow 'em-Whew-whistled he - They are here and there, and every-where at once !- Why, Nephew, I believe you've put another Trick upon me. My Niece is certainly of Quality! And Report has not done her Juflice. - One more Tune, one more Song - By my Faith, your Voice goes fweetly to your Fingers. 'Slife-I'll thresh my lades — that was his polite Phrase, when I come home. - Lady Davers, you know not the Money they have cost me to qualify them; and here is a mere Baby to them, outdoes 'em by a Bar's Length, without any Expence at all bestow'd upon her. Go over that again-Confound me for a Puppy ! I loft it, by my Prating .- Ay, there you have left it ! - That's it, by my Soul, it is! Oh! that I could but dance as well as thou fing'ft! I'd give you a Saraband, as old as I am.

After Supper, we fell into a Conversation, of which I must give you some Account, because it was upon a Topick that Mr. B. has been blam'd for in his marry-

ing me, and which has fluck by some of his Friends. even after they have, in Kindness to me, acquitted him in every other respect; and that is, the Example that he has fet to young Gentlemen of Family and For-

tune to marry beneath them.

It was begun by Sir Jacob, who faid, I am in Love with my new Niece, that I am : But still one thing flicks with me in this Affair; and that is, What will become of Degree or Diffinction, if this Practice of Gentlemen marrying their Mothers Waiting maids, (Excuse me, Madam) should come into Vogue? Already, young Ladies and young Gentlemen are too apt to be drawn away in this manner, and to difgrace their Family. We have too many Instances of this. You'll forgive me, both of you.

That, said Lady Davers, is the only Thing! - I must needs say, Sir Jacob has hit upon the Point, that would make one wish this Example had not been set by a Gentleman of such an antient Family; till one comes to be acquainted with this dear Creature; and then every body thinks it ought not to be otherwise than it

Ay, Pamela, faid Mr. B. what can you fay to this ? Cannot you defend me from this Charge? This is a Point that has been often objected to me: Try for one of your pretty Arguments in my Behalf.

Indeed, Sir, reply'd I, looking down, it becomes not

me to fay any thing to this.

But indeed it does, if you can : And I beg you'll -

help me to some Excuse, if you have any at Hand.

Won't you, Sir, dispense with me, on this Occasion? Indeed, I know not what to fay. Indeed I should not if I may judge for myfelf, speak one Word to this Subject .- For it is my absolute Opinion, that Degrees in general should be kept up ; altho' I must always deem the present Case an happy Exception to the Rule.

Mr. B. looking as if he still expected I should say fomething, Won't you, Sir, dispense with me, repeated I? Indeed I should not speak to this Point, if I may be DESCRIPTION STREET, ST

my own Judge.

I always intend, my Dear, you shall judge for yourfelf; and you know, I feldom urge you farther, when you use these Words. But if you have any thing upon your Mind to fay, let's have it: For your Arguments

are always new and unborrow'd.

I would then, if I muft, Sir, ask, If there be not a Nation, or if there has not been a Law in some Nation, That whenever a young Gentleman, be bis Degree what it would, has feduced a poor Creature, be ber-Degree what it would, obliges the Gentleman to marry that unhappy Person?

I think there is fuch a Law in some Country, I can't

tell where, faid Sir Jacob.

And do you think, Sir, whether it be fo, or not, that

it is equitable it should be so ?

Yes, by my Troth - Tho', I must needs own, if it were fo in England, many Men, that I know, would not have had the Wives they now have.

You speak to your Knowledge, I doubt not, Sir Ja-

cob? faid Mr. B.

Why, indeed—Why, truly —I don't know but I

All then, faid I, that I would infer is, Whether another Law would not be a still more just and equitable one, that the Gentleman who is repuls'd, from a Principle of Virtue and Honour, should not be centured for marrying a Person he could not seduce? And whether it is not more for both their Honours, if he does; infomuch as it is nobler to reward a Virtue, than to repair a Shame, were that Shame to be repair'd by Matrimony; which I take the Liberty to doubt. But I beg Pardon; you commanded me, Sir - Elfe this Subject should not have found a Speaker to it, in

This is admirably faid By my Soul, it is, faid Sir

But yet this comes not up to the Objection, faid Mr. B. The fetting an Example to Waiting-maids to afpire, and to young Gentlemen to descend. And I will enter into the Subject myfelf; and the rather, because as I go along, I will give Sir Jacob a faint Sketch of the

the Merit and Character of my Pamela, of which he cannot be so well inform'd, as he has been of the Difgrace, which he imagin'd I had brought upon myself

by marrying her.

In order to this, give me Leave to fay, that I think it necessary, that as well those Persons who are afraid the Example should be taken, as those who are inclin'd to follow it, should take all the material Parts of it into their Consideration: Otherwise, I think the Precedent may be justly cleared; and the Fears of the one be judged groundless, and the Plea of the other but a Pretence, in order to cover a Folly, into which they would have fallen, whether they had this Example or not.

For Instance: In order to lay Claim to the Excuses which my Conduct, if I may suppose it of Force enough to do either Good or Hurt, will furnish, it is

necessary,

That the Object of their Wish should be a Girl of exquisite Beauty, (and that not only in their blinded and partial Judgments, but in the Opinion of every one who sees her, Friend or Foe) in order to justify the Force that the first Attractions have upon him.

That she be descended of honest and conscientious, tho' poor and obscure Parents; who having preserved their Integrity, thro' great Trials and Afflictions, have, by their Examples, as well as Precepts, laid deep in the Girl's Mind the Foundations of Piety and Virtue.

It is necessary, that to the Charms of this Person, this Waiting maid should have an humble, teachable Mind, sine natural Parts, a sprightly, yet inossensive Wit, a Temper so excellent, and a Judgment so solid, as should promise for her, by the Love and Esteem these Qualities should attract to herself from her Fellow servants, superior and inserior) that she would become an higher Station, and be respected in it.

It is necessary, that after so good a Foundation laid by her Parents, she should have all the Advantages of N 4 Female Education conferred upon her: The Example of an excellent Lady, improving and building upon so worthy a Foundation: A Capacity surprisingly ready to take in all that is taught her: An Attention, Assiduity and Diligence almost peculiar to herself, at her Time of Life; insomuch as, at Fisteen or Sixteen Years of Age, to be able to vie with any young Lady of Rank, as well in the natural Geneelness of her Person, as in her Acquirements: And that in nothing but her Humility she should manifest any Difference between herself and the High-born,

It will be necessary, moreover, that she should have a Mind above Temptation; that she should resist the Offers and Menaces of one upon whom all her worldly Happiness seemed to depend; the Son of a Lady to whom she owed the greatest Obligations; a Person whom she did not hate, but greatly feared, and whom her grateful Heart would have been glad to oblige; and who sought to prevail over her Virtue, by all the Inducements that could be thought of, to attract a young unexperienced Virgin, at one time, or to frighten her, at another, into his Purposes; who offer'd her high, very high Terms, her Circumstances consider'd, as well for herself, as for Parents she loved better than herself, whose Circumstances at the same Time were low and diffressul.

That the should shew, on requisite Occasions, that the preserved her Virtue to her Life: That if ever she should be cast wholly into the Power of one, who, the had too much Reason to think, would flick at nothing to gain his Ends, the should bear Persecution from his Agents, withfland repeated Offers from himfe!f, the' trying to influence her by Revenge, when he could not move her other Passions, (Revenge, the darling Passion of the Sex, so seldom failing to answer a Temper's Purpose, be he Man or Devil, that was his Expression) in pretending to put her Persecutor in her Power. - And when she faw no visible Way to escape, having been disappointed in an hundred pretty Machinations she had form'd, young and uneffilted as the was, and threa-SHEET ST ten'd.

ten'd, that if the yielded not to the high and alluring Terms he offered, he would execute all his Purpofes, and the should not have one Advantage that he then tender'd to her; - yet to be able to answer in such Words as these, which will always dwell upon my Memory: - " * I reject your Proposals with all my Soul." - " May God defert me, whenever I make " worldly Grandeur my chiefest Good !" - " I know " I am in your Power; I dread your Will to ruin me is as great as your Power." - Yet, will I dare to tell you, I will make no Free-will Offering of my Virtue. All that I can do, poor as it is, I will do, to " shew you, that my Will bore no Part in my Viola-"tion."-And when future Marriage was intimated to her, to induce her to yield, to be able to answer, "The "Moment I yield to your Proposals, there is an End " of all Merit, if now I have any. - And I should be " fo far from expeding such an Honour, that I will " pronounce, I should be most uneverthy of it."

e

11

e-

a-

n,

ve

he

p-

m he

teho

ce-

n.

at

ery

for elf.

and

rs.

t if

ne,

bluc pear

Of-

Re-

ons,

dom

Man

to

1 fhe

ifap-

had

orea-

en'd,

If, I fay, my dear Friends, fuch a Girl can be found, thus beautifully attractive in every one's Eye, and not partially so only in a young Gentleman's own; and after that, (what good Persons would infinitely prefer to Beauty) thus piously principled, thus genteelly educated and accomplished, thus brilliantly witty, thus prudent, modest, generous, undefigning; and having been thus tempted, thus try'd, by the Man she hated not, purfued, (not intriguingly pursuing) be thus inflexibly virtuous, and Proof against Temptation; Let her reform her Libertine, and let him marry her: And were he of princely Extraction, I dare answer for it, that .. no two Princes in one Age, take the World through, would be in Danger. For, altho' I am fenfible it is not to my Credit, I will fay, that I never met with a Repulse, nor a Conduct; like this; and yet I never funk very low for the Subjects of my Attempts, either at Home or Abroad. You one ounput vilate

hat hee you now, with we so Abroau; to Church,

See Vol. L. p. 222. & fequ. relicated, Local giot this

These are obvious Inferences, added the dear Gentleman, and not Refinements upon my Pamela's Story; and if the Gentleman were capable of Thought and Comparison, would rather make such an Example, as is apprehended, more than less, difficult than before.

But if indeed, added he, the young Fellow be fuch a Booby, that he cannot reflect and compare, and take the Case with all its Circumstances together, I think his good Papa and Mamma should get him a Wife to their own Liking, as soon as possible; and the poorest Girl in England, who is honest, would rather have Reason to bless herself, for escaping such a Husband, than to glory in the Catch she would have of him. For such a young Fellow as that, would hardly do Honour to his Family in any one Instance,

Indeed, said the Countess, it would be pity, after all, that such an one should marry any Lady of Prudence and Birth; for, tis enough in Conscience, that he is a Disgrace to one worthy Family it would be pity he should make recountappy.

Why, really, Nephew, faid Sir Jacob, I think you have faid a great deal to the Purpose. There is not fo much Danger from the Example, as I apprehended, from sensible and reflecting Minds. I did not consider

this Matter thoroughly, I must needs fay.

All the Business is, said Lady Davers—You'll excuse me, Sister. There will be more People will hear, that Mr. B. has marry'd his Mother's Waiting-maid, than will know his Inducements.

Not many, I believe, Sifter, For when 'tis known, I have some Character in the World, and am not quite an Idiot, (And my Faults in having not been one of the most virtuous of Men, will stand me in some Stead in this Case, tho' hardly in any other) they will naturally inquire into my Inducements.

But see you now, when we go Abroad, to Church, or elsewhere, what Numbers of People her Character draws to admire the dear Creature? Does not this shew, that her Virtue has made her more conspicuous, than

than my Fortune had made me? for I pass'd up and down quietly enough before, (handsome as my Equipage always was) and attracted not any body's Notice : And indeed I had as lieve these Honours were not so publickly paid ber; for even, were I fond of Shew and Parade, what are they, but a Reproach to me?-And can I have any Excellence but a secondary one, in having, after all my Perfecutions of her, done

but common Justice to her Merit?

21

9'5

of

ch

ult

be

re,

er,

a

nd ld ch

ld

it,

n-

er

u-

at

be

u

ot

d.

er

fe-

r,

d,

n,

ot

n

n

1,

r

S.

5, n

D ALDS

This answers your Objections, Lady Davers, and shews, that my Inducements and ber Story must be equally known. And, upon my Conscience, I think, (every thing I have said considered, and every thing that might still farther be urged, and the Conduct of that dear Creature in the Station she adorns, fo much exceeding all I hoped, or could flatter myfelf with, from the most promising Appearances) that she does me more Honour than I have done her; and if I am capable of putting myself in a third Person's Place, I think I should be of the same Opinion, were I to determine upon such another Pair, exactly circumftanc'd as we are.

You may believe, Miss, how much this generous Defence of the Step he had taken, attributing every thing to me, and depreciating his worthy Self, affected me. I play'd with a Cork now, with my Rings another time, turning them round my Fingers, looked down, and on one Side, and every Way I looked, but on the Company; for they gazed too much upon me all the time; fo that I could only glance. a tearful Eye now-and-then upon the dear Gentleman; and when it would overflow, catch in my Handkerchief the escaped Fugitives, that would start unbidden beyond their proper Limits, tho' I often endeavoured, by a twinkling Motion, to disperse the gathering Water, before it had formed itself into Drops too big to be restrained.

All the Company praised the dear generous Speaker, and he was pleased to say farther, Altho', my good Friends, I can truly fay, that with all the

Pride of Family, and the Infolence of Fortune,

which once made me doubt whether I should not fink too low, if I made my Pamela my Mistress, (for I should then have treated her not ungenerously, and should have suffered her perhaps to call herself by my Name) I have never once repented of what I have done: On the contrary, I have always rejoiced in it, and it has been, from the first Day of our Marriage, my Pride and my Boaft, (and shall be, let others fay what they will) that I can call such an Excellence, and fuch a Purity, which I so little deferve, mine; and I look down with Contempt upon the Rashness of all such as reflect upon me; for they can have no Notion of my Happiness, or her Merit.

O dear Sir! faid I, how do you over rate my poor Merit !- Some Persons are happy in a Life of Comforts, but mine's a Life of Joy !- One rapturous Instance follows another so fast, that I know not how to

bear them.

Whew'- whiftled Sir Jacob. - Whereabouts am I? - I hope, by-and-by, you'll come down to our Pitch, that one may put in a Word or two with you.

May you be long thus bleft, and thus happy together! faid Lady Davers. I know not which to admire most, the dear Girl, that never was bad, or the dear Gentleman, that, having been bad, is now fo good !

Said my Lord Davers, There is hardly any bearing these moving Scenes, so quick, as my Sister says,

following one another.

The Countess was pleased to say, That till now she had been at a Loss to form any Notion of the Happinefs of the first Pair before the Fall : But now, by fo fine an Instance as this, she comprehended it in all its Force—God continue you to one another, added her Ladyship, for a Credit to the State, and to Human Nature.

Mr. H. having his Flbows on the Table, folded his Hands, shaking them, and looking down upon the Table, Fgad, this is uncommon Life, that it is ! - Your two Souls, I can fee that, are like wellturn'd

him

tun'd Instruments: But they are too high-set for me a vast deal.

The best thing, said Lady Davers, always severe upon her poor Nephew, thou ever saidst. The Musick must be equal to that of Orpheus, which can make such a Savage as thee dance to it. I charge thee, say not another Word to Night.

n

t

n

n

15

10

77-

n-

to

its

to

u.

d-

he

fo

ar-

ys,

she

pi-

its

ded Iu-

ded

pon

is !

ell-

Why, indeed, Aunt, return'd he, laughing, I believe it was pretty well faid for your foolish Fellow; Tho' it was by Chance, I must confess: I did not think

That I believe, reply'd my Lady; ——if thou hadft, thou'dft not have spoken so well.

Sir Jacob and Mr. B. afterwards fell into a Family Discourse; and Sir Jacob gave us an Account of two or three Courtships by his three Sons, and to his two Daughters, and his Reasons for disallowing them: And I could observe, he is an absolute Tyrant in his Family, tho' they are all Men and Women grown, and he seem'd to please himself how much they stood in Awe of him.

One odd Piece of Conversation I must tell you, Miss, because of the Inference that followed it.

Sir Jacob asked Mr. B. If he did not remember John Wilkins, his Steward? He was an honest Fellow, faid he, as ever liv'd. ____ But he's dead. for him, poor Jack! - He physicked himself out of his Life. — He would be always taking Slops: Had I done fo. I should have gone to the Dogs long ago. — But whom do you think, Nephew, I've got in his Place? - Nay, you can't know him neither. Why, 'is Jerry Sherwood, a Boy I took upon Charity, and taught to read and write, or paid for't, and that's the same thing - Hay, you know ! - And now Jerry's a Gentleman's Fellow, and is much respected by all our Hunters; for he's a keen Sportsman, I'll affure you. I brought him up to that myself, and many a Jick has the Dog had from me, before I could make any thing of him. Many and many a good time have I whacked the Rascal's Jacket; and he owes all he is, and will be, to me: And I now fuffer

him to fit down at Table with me, when I have no Guests.

But is not this a bad Example, faid Mr. B. to promote fo low a Servant to the Command of the Family,

under you? What do Gentlemen fay to this?

Gentlemen say to it!—Why, what Gentlemen have any thing to do with my Family Management?—Surely, I may do as I will in my own House, and in my

own Family; or elfe it would be very hard.

True, Sir Jacob; but People will be meddling, where they have least Business. But are not all the Gentlemen uneasy, for fear their lowest Serwants, from the Example set by so leading a Man as you, a Chairman of the Sessions, a Colonel of Militia, a Deputy Lieutenant, and a Justice of the Quosum, should want to be made their Stewards?

Why, I can't say that any body has taken it into their Heads to question me upon this Subject. I should think 'em plaguy impertment, if they had, and bid

them mind their own Bufiness.

But you'll allow, Sir Jacob, that every one who knows you have rais'd your Foot-boy to be your Steward, will not know your *Inducements*; altho' I doubt not, they are very good ones.

Lady Davers shook her Head at her Brother, say-

ing, Very well, Sir: very well!

Sir Jacob cry'd out, O ho, Nephew! are you thereabouts with your Bears? Why, I can't fay, but you're in with me now. — Let's fee, what have I faid? — Ay, by my Soul, you have nabbed me cleverly. Faith and Troth, you have convinc'd me by an Example of my own, that I was impertinent to trouble my Head about the Management of your Family. — Tho' near Kindred makes fome Excuse for me too. — And, besides, a Steward and a Wife are two Things.

So I'd have 'em be, Sir Jacob: But a good Wife is but a Steward to her Husband, in many Cases; and

mine is the best that ever Gentleman had.

Pretty expensive ones, Nephew, for all that, as the World runs.---Most Gentlemen find, I believe, these these fort of Stewards run em out more than they save: But that's not your Case, I dare say.—I faith, tho, you have nicked me cleverly, that you have.

But, my witty Brother, faid my Lady, I believe you'd better, for all your Fling at me, as to Inducements, flick to your first Defence, as to the Example fake; for, who stands upon Birth or Degree in the Office of a Steward?

It will answer several Purposes, Sister, and come nearer the Point in what you object, than you are aware of, were we to dispute upon it. But I have gain'd my End in the Observation: Sir Jacob takes the Force of the Comparison, and is convinced, I dare say, there is some Justice in it.

Ay, ay, a great deal, faid Sir Jacob; for a Wife is, or ought to be her Husband's Steward. I'm fure, when mine was living, I made her so, and had no other; for she made Memorandums, and I digested them into Book; and yet she brought me a noble Fortune too, as you all know.

Here I conclude my tedious Narrations.—Be so good as to skim them over lightly, that you may not think the worse of me; and then return them to me, (with some of your charming Penmanship) that I may send them on to Kent. To be sure I would not have been so tediously tristing, but for the sake of my dear Parents: And there is so much Self-praise, as it may seem, from a Person repeating the sine Things said of herself, that I am half of Opinion I should send them to Kent only, and to think you should be obliged to me for saving you so much Trouble and Impertinence.

Do, dear Mis, be so free as to forbid me to send you any more long Journals, but common Letters only, of How do you? and Who and who's together, and of Respects to one, and to another, and so forth. Letters that one might dispatch, as Sir Jacob says, in a Twinkling, and perhaps be more to the Rurpose, than the tedious Scrawl, which kisses your Hands, from, Dear Mis,

0

(e

fe

nd

23

e,

esc

Yours most fincerely,

Do, dear good Sir Simon, let Miss Polly add to our Delights, by her charming Company. Mr. Murray, and the new Affair, will divert you, in her Absence. — So pray, as my good Lady Darnford has consented, and Miss is willing, and her Sister can spare her, don't be so cross to deny me.

LETTER XXXIV.

From Miss DARNFORD, to Mrs. B.

ing there is former unlike

My dear Mrs. B.

I MUST recapitulate the Pleasure you have given us in your charming Accounts of your Conversations with your London Guests, and the Verses put so boldly, and wickedly under your Seat; and your just Observations on the Lines, and the Occasion. But we all humbly request you'll be pleased to give us the Copy of the Manuscript Verses, from which you transcribe the pretty Lines, beginning—

But, Oh! forgive me, Heav'n, if oft my Fair.

I am quite shock'd, when I think of Lady Davers's passionate Intentions, at her first coming down to you to the Hall, but have let nobody into the worst of the Matter, in Compliance with your Desire. We are delighted with your Account of Family Management, and your Sunday's Service. What an excellent Lady are you! And how happy, and how good you make every one who knows you, is seen by the Ladies joining in your Evening Service, as well as their Servants.

We go on here swimmingly with our Courtship.

Never was there a fonder Couple than Mr. Murray
and Miss Nancy. The moody Girl is quite alive,
easy and pleas'd, except now and then with me.

We had a sad Falling out t'other Day. Thus it was:

She had the Affurance, on my faying, they were fo fond and fo free before-hand, that they would leave

leave nothing for Improvement afterwards; to tell me, she had for some time perceived, that my Envy was very disquieting to me. This she said before Mr. Murray, who had the good Manners to retire, seeing a Storm rising between us.

Poor, foolish Girl! cry'd I, when he was gone, provok'd to great Contempt by her Expression before him, Thou wilt make me despise thee, in spite of my Heart. — But pr'ythee, manage thy Matters

with common Decency, at leaft.

en

er-

put

our

on.

you

75'5

you

the

are

age-

ccel-

good

the

11 25

thip.

urray

live,

was:

were

leave

Good lack! Common Decency! I say, Common Decency! When my Sister Polly is able to shew me what it is, I shall hope to be better for her Example.

No, thou'lt never be better for any body's Example! Thy Ill-nature and Perveriness will keep thee

from that, as it has always hitherto done.

My Il-temper you have often told me is natural to me; so it must become me: But upon such a sweet-temper'd young Lady as Miss Polly, it sits but ill!

I must have had no bad Temper, and that every one says, to bear with thy sullen and perverse one, as I have done, all my Life.

But why can't you bear with it a little longer, Sister? — Does any thing provoke you now, with a sly Leer, and affected Drawl, that did not formerly?

Provoke me! — What should provoke me? — I gave thee but a Hint of thy fond Folly, which makes thee behave so before Company, that every one smiles at thee; and I'd be glad to save thee from Contempt for thy new good Humour, as I used to

try to do, for the old bad Nature.

Is that it? — What a kind Silter have I! — But perhaps I see it vexes you; and ill-natured Folks love to teize, you know.—But, dear Polly, don't let the Affection Mr. Murray expresses for me, put such a good-temper'd Body out of Humour, pray don't! — Who knows, (continued the Provoker, who never says a tolerable thing that is not ill-natur'd, that being her Talent) but the Gentleman may think himself happy, that he has sound a way with so much Ease

to dispense with the Difficulty that Eldership laid him under? - But as he did you the Favour to let the Repulse come from you, don't be angry, Sister, that he

took you at the first Word.

Indeed, indeed, faid I with a contemptuous Smile, thou'rt right, Nancy, to take the Gentleman at his first Word. Hold him fast, and play over all thy Monkey Airs with him, with all my Heart: Who knows but it may engage him more? For should he leave thee, I might be too much provok'd at thy Ingratitude to turn over another Gentleman to thee -And, let me tell you, without such an Introduction, thy Temper would keep any body from thee, that knows it.

Poor Mifs Polly! — Come, be as easy as you can! - Who knows but we may find out some Cousin or Friend of Mr. Murray's between us, that we may persuade to address you? Don't make us your Enemies: We'll try to make you easy, if we can -'Tis a little hard, that you flould be fo cruelly taken at your Word, that it is.

Doft think, faid I, poor, stupid, ill-judging Nancy, that I can have the same Regret for parting with a Man I could not like, that thou hadft, when thy vain Hopes met with the Repulse they deserved from

Mr. B.

Mr. B, come up again! I have not heard of Mr.

B. a great while !

No, but it was necessary, reply'd I, that one Nail should drive out another; for thou'dst been repining fill, had not Mr. Murray been turn'd over to thee.

Turn'd over ! you us'd that Word once before, Sister: Such great Wits as you, methinks, should not

use the same Word so often.

How doft thou know what Wits should, or should not do? Thou hast no Talent but Ill-nature, and 'tis enough for thee, that one View takes up thy whole Thought. Pursue that — But I would only caution thee, that thou dost not fatiate where thou would oblige, that's all: Or if thy Man can be so gross, as to that he has found a way with to much Eale

8

5

0

e

y

e

C-

e,

n!

in

ve

ur

en

cy,

n a hy

om

Mr.

lail

ing

ore,

not

old

and

pole

tion aldf

15 to

like

like thy Fondness, that thou leavest something for

I'll call him again, Sifter, and you shall acquaint us how you'd have it. Bell, for the Maid came in just then, tell Mr. Murray I desire him to walk in.

I'm glad to fee thee fo teachable all at once!——
I find out now what was the Cause of thy constant
Perversenes: For had the unavailing Lessons, my
Mamma was always inculcating upon thee, come
from a Man thou couldst have had Hopes of, they
had succeeded better.

In came Sir Simon, with his Crutch-Stick — But can you bear this Nonsense, Mrs. B.? — What! sparring, jangling again, you Sluts! — O what fiery Eyes on one side! and contemptuous Looks on t'other!

Why, Papa, my Sister Pally has turn'd over M Murray to me, and she wants him back again, and he won't come — That's all the Matter!

You know your Daughter Nancy, Papa — She could never bear Reproof, and yet would always deserve it! — I was only gently remarking for her Instruction, on her Fondness before Company, and she is as she used to be! — The poor Girl has not indeed been used to be courted, and so knows not how to behave herself.

So, Polly, because you have been able to run over a long List of humble Servants, you must insult your Sister, must you? — But are you really concern'd, Polly? — Hay!

Sir, this or any thing, is very well from you.—
But these Imputations of Envy, before Mr. Murray, must make the Man very considerable with himself. Poor Nancy don't consider that. — But indeed how should she? How should she be able to reslect, who knows not what Reslection is, except of the spite-ful Sort? But, Papa, should the poor Thing add to bis Vanity, which wants no Addition, at the Expence of her own?

I faw her affected, and was refolv'd to purfue my Advantage.

Pr'ythee,

Pr'ythee, Nancy, continu'd I, canst thou not have a little. Patience, Child? — My Papa will set the Day as soon as he shall think it proper. And don't let thy Man toil to keep Pace with thy Fondness; for I have pity'd him many a time, when I have seen him stretched on the Tenters to keep thee in Countenance.

This set the ill-natur'd Girl into Tears and Fretfulness; all her old Temper came upon her, as I
defign'd it should; for she had kept me at Bay
longer than usual; and I left her under the Dominion of it; and because I would not come into a
fresh Dispute, got my Mamma's Leave, and the
Chariot, and went and begg'd a Dinner at Lady
Jones's; and then came home as cool and as easy,
as I us'd to be, and found Nancy as sullen and silent
as was her Custom, before Mr. Murray tendered himself to her ready Acceptance. But I went to my Spinnet, and suffer'd her to swell on.

We have said nothing but No, and Yes ever since; And I wish I was with you for a Month, and all their Nonsense over without me. I am, my dear, obliging, and excellent Mrs. B.

Your faithful and affectionate

POLLY DARNFORD

The two following, anticipating the Order of Time for the Reasons mentioned before in this Vol. we insert here.

But hat you really con-

LETTER XXXV.

From Miss DARNFORD to Mrs. B.

PRAY give my Service to your Mr. B. and tell him, he is very unpolite, in his Reflection

99

et

nd

d-

I

ee

et-

I

Bay

nj-

2

the

dy

ify,

ent

im.

bin-

ce;

all

ear,

RD.

ime,

We

d tel

Ction

upor

Pr 201

11 100

21 102 22

oupon me, in relation to Mr. Murray, when he supposes I regret the Loss of him. You are much more favourable and just too, I will say, to your Polly Darnford. These Gentlemen, the very best of them, are such Indelicates! They think so highly of their saucy Selves, and consident Sex, as if a Lady cannot from ber Heart despise them. But if she turns them off, as they deserve, and happens to continue her Dislike, what should be interpreted in her Favour, as a just and regular Piece of Conduct, is turn'd against her, and it must proceed from Spite.

Mr. B. may think he knows a good deal of the Sex. But perhaps, were I as malicious as he is reflecting, (and yet, if I have any Malice, he has raised it) I could say, That his Acquaintance was not with the most unexceptionable, till he had the Happiness to know you: And he has not long enough been happy in you, I find, to do Justice to those who are

proud to emulate your Virtues.

But I can't bear, it feems, to fee my Sister adlres'd and complimented, and preferr'd by one whom had thought in my own Power! But he may be nistaken: With all his Sagacity, he bas been often. Nor is it so mortifying a thing to me, as he imaines, to sit and see two such Anticks playing their lugs Tricks, as he calls them, with one another.

But you hardly ever faw fuch Pug's Tricks play'd is they play, at so early a Time of Courtship. The Girl hangs upon his Arm, and receives his empty lead on her Shoulder, already, with a Freedom hat would be censurable in a Bride, before Folks. I stiff, sullen, proud, scornful Girl, as she used to e, she now puts on Airs that are not natural either o her Features or her Character; and judge then ow it must disgust one; especially when one sees her lan so proud and vain upon it, that, like a true Man, e treats her with the less Ceremony for her Con-

the Mar Tour Merit

^{*} See this Vol.

descensions, putting on Airs of Consequence, while her Easiness of Behaviour makes him secure of Acceptance, and a kind Reception, let him be as negligent or as

forward as he pleases.

I say, Mrs. B. there can be no living with these Men upon such Beginnings.— They ought to know their Distance, or be taught it; and not to think it in their Power to confer that as a Favour, which they

should think it an Honour to receive.

But neither can I bear, it feems, the Preparatives to Marimony, the fine Cloaths, the Compliments, the bufy Novelty, as he calls it, the new Equipages, and fo forth. That's his Mistake again, tell him: For one, who can look forwarder than the Nine Days of Wonder, can easily despite so stashy and so transfient a Glare. And were I fond of Compliments, it would not perhaps be the way to be pleased, if I

were to marry.

Compliments in the fingle State are a Lady's Due, whether courted or not; and she receives them, or ought always to receive them, as such: But in Courtship they are pour'd out upon one, like a hasty Shower, that one knows will soon be over!—A mighty comfortable Consideration this, to a Lady who loves to be complimented!— Instead of the refreshing April·like Showers, which beautify the Sunshine, she shall stand a Deluge of Complaisance, be wet to the Skin with it; and then—What then!—Why be in a Libyan Desart ever after—; experience a constant parching Drought, and all her sine Attributes will be swallow'd up in the Quicksands of Matrimony.

It may be otherwise with you; and it must be otherwise; because there is such an infinite Variety in your Excellence. Every rising Sun adorns you with some new Rays, and sets not, without leaving you brighter than he himself can hold it.—But does Mr.

B. think it must be so in every Matrimony?

'Tis true, he improves every Hour, as I fee in your kind Papers, in his fine Speeches to you. But it could not be Mr. B. if he did not: Your Merit

extorts

A

Po

tu

OVE

no and

repi ever

a ne

Seve

lock, me,

Bu

ind I

Satur

o eafy

o laud

nong

-W

extorts it from him: And what an ingrateful, as well as abfurd Churl, would he be, who should seek to obscure a meridian Lustre, that dazles the Eyes of every one else?

But, let me observe, moreover, that you had so few of these sine Speeches before band, that you have all the Reason in the World to expect them now: And this lessens his Merit a good deal, as the most he can say, is but common Justice, on full Proof; for, can the like Generosity be attributed to him, as might to a Gentleman who praises on Trust?

You promife, if I will come to you, you will join with me against Mr. B. on this Subject. 'Tis very kindly offer'd: But when Mr. B. is in the Question, I expect very little Assistance from you, be the

Argument what it will,

But 'tis not my Fault, I don't come. I am quite tir'd with the perverse Folly of this Nancy of ours. She every Day behaves more like a Fool to Mr. Murray, and less like a Sifter to me, and takes Delight to teize and vex me, by all the little ways in her Power. And then Surliness and Ill-temper are so natural to her, that I, who can but throw out a spiteful Word, by way of Flourish, as I may say, and 'tis over, and I am forry for it as foon as spoken, am no Match for her-For the perseveres so intolerably, and comes back to the Attack, tho' never to often repuls'd, rifing like Antaus, with fresh Vigour for every Fall, or like the Lernean Hydra, which had a new Head sprouting up, as fall as any one of the Seven was lopt off, that there is no bearing her. Wedlock, in fine, must be her Hercules, and will furnish me, I doubt with a Revenge I wish not for.

But let me thank you for your delightful Narratives, and beg you to continue them. I told you how your Saturday's Conversation with Lady Davers, and your Sunday Imployments, charm us all: So regular, and o easy to be perform'd!— That's the delightful thing What every body may do!— And yet so beautiful, o laudable, so uncommon in the Practice, especially a-

nong People in genteel Life!

n

h

u

r.

in

it

rit

rts

Your Conversation and Decision in relation to the two Parsons (more than charm) transport us. Mr. B. let me tell you, judges right, and acts a charming Part, to throw such a fine Game into your Hands. And so excellently do you play it, that never surely was so happy a Couple!

He has a prodigious Merit with me, I can tell him, tho' he thinks not so well of me as I would have him. To fee, to praise, and to reward a Virtue, is next to have it ones's felf: And, in time, he will make as good a Man (these fine Appearances en-

courage one to hope fo) as he is a Husband.

Your Notions of Dispensations, and double Livings, are admirably just. Mr. Williams is more my Favourite than ever !—And the amply-rewarded Mr.

Adams, how did that Scene affect us!

Again, and again, I say, (for what can I say else, or more—fince I can't find Words to speak all I think?) you're a charming Lady!—Yet, methinks, poor Mr. H. makes but a forry Figure among you.

We are delighted with Lady Davers; but still more if possible, with the Countess: She is a fine Lady, as you have drawn her; but your Characters, tho' Truth and Nature, are the most shocking, or the most amia-

ble, that ever I read.

TODY

We are all full of Impatience to hear of the Arrival of Sir Jacob Swynford. We know his Character pretty well: But when he has fat for it to your Pencil, it

oi I B

a la

an Di

rec

ill

100

vil

vh For nd

ha

must be an original indeed.

I will have another Trial with my Papa, to move him to let me attend you. I am rallying my Forces for that Purpose: I have got my Mamma on my Side again; who is concerned to see her Girl vexed and insulted by her younger Sister; and who yet minds no more what she says to her, than what I say; and Sir Simon loves at his Heart to make Mischief between us, instead of interposing to silence either: And truly, I am afraid, the Delight of this kind, which he takes, will make him deny his Polly what she so ardently wishes for.

311LL - 3103 SVIII BIRDS

I had a good Mind to be fick, to be with you. I could fast two or three Days, to give it the better Appearance; but then my Mamma, who loves not Deceit; would blame me, if she knew my Stratagem; and be grieved, if she thought I was really ill.—I know, Fasting, when one has a Stomach to eat, gives one a very gloomy and mortify'd Air.

What would not one do, in short, to procure to one's self the inexpressible Pleasure that I should have in your Company and Conversation? But continue to write to me till then, however, and that will be

next Beft. I am

I

8,

re

as

12-

val ret-

1, it

ove

orces

Side

ninds

fay i

And

which

fo are

Your most obliged and obedient

POLLY DARNFORD

LETTER XXXVI.

From the lame.

My dearest Mrs. B.

Am all ever Joy and Rap'ure. My good Papa has given me Leave to tell you, that he will put his Polly under your Protection, when you go to London. If you have but a Tenth Part of the Pleasure I have on this Occasion, I am sure I shall be as welcome as I wish. But he will insist upon it, he says, that Mr. B. signs some Acknowledgment, which I am to carry along with me, that I am entrusted to his Honour and yours, and to be returned to him Heart-whole, and Dutiful, and with a Reputation as unfully'd as he receives me.

But do, dearest Mrs. B. continue your Journals ill then; for I have promis'd to take them up where you leave off to divert our Friends in these Parts. There wil be Presumption! But yet I will write nothing but what I will shew you, and have your Consent to send: for I was taught early not to tell Tales out of School; and a School, the best I ever went to, will be your harming Conversation.

We have been greatly diverted with the Trickent upon that Barbarian Sir Jacob. His Obstinacy, Vol. III.

Repentance, and Amendment, follow'd so irresistibly in one Half hour, from the happy Thought of the excellent Lady Counters, that I think no Plot was ever more fortunate. It was like springing a lucky Mine in a Siege, that blew up twenty times more than was expected from it, and answer'd all the Besieger's Ends at once.

Mr. B's Defence of his own Conduct towards you, is quite noble; and he judges with his usual Generofity and good Sense, when, by adding to your Honour, he knows he inhances his own. Mr. Pitt's fine Diamond met with a world of Admirers; but all turn'd upon this Reflection, What a happy Man is Mr. Pitt, who can call such a Jewel his own!—How greatly do you excel this Diamond; and how much does Mr. B. outdo Mr. Pitt!—Who has contributed to give so rich a Jewel a Polish so admirable; and then has set in so noble a Light, as makes its Beauty conspicuous to ever

ry Eye!

You bid me skim over your Writings lightly; but its impossible. I will not flatter you, my dear Mrs. B. nor will I be suspected to do so; and yet I cannot sind Words to praise, so much as I think you deserve: So I will only say, that your good Parents, for whose Pleasure you write as well as for mine, cannot receive or read them with more Delight than I do—Even my Sister Nancy, judge of their Effect by this! will a any time leave Murray, and forget to frown or be illustrated, while she can hear read what you write—And, angry as she makes me sometimes, I cannot de my her this Pleasure, because possibly, among the innumerable improving Resections they abound with some one may possibly dart in upon her, and illuminate her, as your Conversation and Behaviour did St. Jacob.

But your Application in P. S. to my Pap pleased him, and confirmed his Resolution to me go—He snatched the Sheet that contained this That's to me! said he:—I must read this myself He did — and said — i faith, she's a sweet one!—Do, dear good Sir Simon, repeated he aloud,

Miss Polly add to our Delights! — So she shall then;
—If that will do it! — And yet this same Mrs. B.
has so many Delights already, that I should think she might be contented —But, Dame Darnford, I think I'll let her go. These Sisters then, you'll see, how they'll love at a Distance, tho' always quarrelling when together. He read on—The new Affair will divert you — Lady Darnford has consented—Miss is willing; and her Sister can spare her — Very prettily put, faith—And don't you be so cross — Very sweet! — to deny me!

Why, dear Mrs. B. I won't be so cross, then; indeed I won't! — And so, Polly, let 'em send Word when they set out for London, and you shall join 'em there, with all my Heart: But I'll have a Letter every

Post, remember that, Girl.

ly

X.

rer

ine

vas

nds

ou.

ofi-

our,

Dia-

rn'd Pitt,

y do

r. B.

rich in fo

eve-

: but

rs. B.

t find

whole

eceive

en my

will at be ill-

rite-

the in

with

fillumidid Sir

Pap to le

d this

one!

0 %

Any thing, any thing, dear Papa, said I; so I can but go! He called for a Kiss, for his Compliance.

I gave it most willingly, you may believe.

Nancy looked envious, altho' Mr. Marray came in just then—She look'd almost like a great Glutton, whom I remember, one Sir Jonathan Smith, who killed himself by eating: He us'd, while he was heaping up his Plate from one Dish, to watch he others, and follow the Knife of every Body else, with such a greedy Eye, as if he could swear a Roberty against any one who presumed to eat as well as e. This is a gross Simile; but all greedy and enjous Folks look alike about the Eyes; and, thinking so Nancy on this Occasion, (who envied a Happiness e knew I preferred to that she has in Prospect) I ould not but call to mind Sir Jonathan at the same me.

Well, let's know when you set out, and you shan't we been a Week in London, if I can help it, but you all be told by my Tongue, as now by my Pen, how uch I am

Your obliged Admirer and Friend,

POLLY DARNFORD.

P. S. Remember the Verses I wrote about, if proper —— You hint too at some other Verses 5. Don't let us lose any thing.

LETTER XXXVII.

My dear Miss,

NOW proceed with my Journal, which I had brought down to Thursday Night.

FRIDAY.

The two Ladies refolving, as they said, to inspect all my Proceedings, insisted upon it, that I would take them with me in my benevolent Round, as they, after we return'd, would call it, which I generally take once a Week, among my poor and sick Neighbours; and finding I could not get off, I set out with them, my Lady Countess proposing Mrs. Worden to fill up the fourth Place in the Coach.

We talked all the Way of Charity, and the Excellency of that Duty; and my Lady Davers took Notice of the Text, that it would hide a Multitude of Fault. And if, as she was pleased to say, there was to be any Truth in the Popish Doctrine of Supererogation, what abundance of such Merits would arise from the Life and Actions of our dear Friend here! kindly looking

at me.

I said, That when we had the Pleasure to rested that we served a Master, who exacted no had Terms from us, but in every Case almost that could be thought of, only required of us to do Justice, and shew Mercy, to one another, and gave us Reason to think he would judge us by those Rules it must be a mighty Inducement to Acts of Charity and Benevolence. But indeed, added I, were there not that Inducement, the Pleasure that attends such Acts, is an high Reward; and I am sure the Ladies

th

go

to incole cir have the Honour to speak to, must have found it in an hundred Instances.

The Countess said, She had once a much better Opinion of herself, than she found she had Reason for, within these few Days past: And indeed Mrs. B. said she, when I get home, I shall make a good many People the better for your Example. And so said Lady Davers; which gave me no small inward Pleasure; and I acknowleg'd, in suitable Terms, the Honour

they both did me.

ad

eet

ake

fter

ake

ITS;

my

the

ccel-

otice

ults.

any

what

Life

king

efled

hard

could

affice

Rea-

Rules

harity

there

fuch

adies

have

The Coach fet us down by the Side of a large Common, about five Miles distant from our House; and we alighted, and walked a little Way, chusing not to have the Coach come nearer, that we might be taken as little Notice of as possible; and they entered with me into two mean Cots with great Condescension and Goodness; one belonging to a poor Widow, and sive Children, who had been all down in Agues and Fevers; the other, to a Man and his Wise, Bed rid with Age and Infirmities, and two honest Daughters, one a Widow with two Children, the other married to an Husbandman, who had also been ill, but now, by comfortable Cordials, and good Physick, were pretty well, to what they had been.

The two Ladies were well pleased with my Demeanour to the good Folks: To whom I said, that as I should go soon to London, I was willing to see them before I went, to wish them better and better, and to tell them, that I should leave Orders with Mrs. Fervis concerning them, to whom they must make known their Wants; and that Mr. Barrow would take care of 'em, I was sure; and do all that was in the Power of Physick for the Restoration of

their Healths.

Now you must know, Miss, that I am not so good as the old Ladies of former Days, who used to distil Cordial Waters, and prepare Medicines, and dispense them themselves. I knew, if I was so inclined, my dear Mr. B. would not have been pleased with it, because, in the Approbation he has kindly given to my present Method, he has twice

0 3

or thrice praised me, that I don't carry my Charity to Extremes, and make his House a Dispensatory. I would not, therefore, by aiming at doing too much, lose the Opportunity of doing any Good at all in these respects; and besides, as the vulgar Saying is, One must creep before one goes! But this is my Method:

I am upon an Agreement with this Mr. Barrow, who is deemed a very skilful and honest Apothecary, and one Mr. Simmonds, a Surgeon of like Character, to attend all such Cases and Persons as I shall recommend; Mr. Barrow to administer Physick and Cordials, as he shall judge proper, and even, in necessary Cases, to call in a Physician. And now-and-then ealling one's felf, or sending a Servant to ask Questions,

all is kept right.

Besides, one can take this Method without the Oftentation, as fome would deem it, which would attend the other; and having one's dear Friend's Gate always crouded with unhappy Objects, and some that deserve no Countenance, perhaps, and would possibly be the most clamorous: And then one does not subject the Poor neither to the Infolence of Servants, who fometimes, in a Body's Absence, might, were they some Servants, shew, that they were far from being influenced by the fame Motives as their Principals: Besides the Advantage the Poor have from the Skill and Experience which Education, and constant Practice, give to the Gentlemen I employ; and with whom I agree but by the Quarter, because if there were a just Foundation of Complaint, for Negligence, or Hardness of Heart, I would not be ty'd down from changing; for, in such Cases, in a Crisis, the poor People depending on the Affistance of those Gentlemen, might look no farther, and fo my good Intentions might not only be frustrated, but do Harm.

My Lady Davers observed a Bible, a Common Prayer Book, and a Whole Duty of Man, in each Cou in Leathern outside Cases, to keep them clean, and Church Catechism or two for the Children; and

Th

was pleased to say, It was right: And her Ladyship asked one of the Children, a pretty Girl, Who learnt her her Catechism? And she court'sy'd, and look'd at me; for I do ask the Children Questions, when I come, to know how they improve: 'Tis as I thought, said my Lady; my Sister provides for both Parts. God bless you, my Dear! said she, and tapp'd my Neck,

n

0,

1,

r,

1-

ry.

en

18,

he

ıld

d's

nd

nd

en

In-

y's

ew,

the

Ad-

pe.

SVI

ree

just

ard-

ing

ople

ight

not

mon

Cog

nd I

and

Was

My Ladies left Tokens of their Bounty behind them to both Families, and all the good Folks bleffed and pray'd for us at Parting: And as we went out, my Lady Davers, with a ferious Air, was pleafed to fay to me, Take care of your Health, my dear Sifter, and God give you, when it comes, a happy Hour; for how many real Mourners would you have, if you were to be called early to reap the Fruits of your Piety!

God's Will must be done, my Lady, said I. The same Providence that has so wonderfully put it in my Power to do a little Good, will raise up new Friends to the honest Hearts that rely upon Him.

This I faid, because some of the good People heard my Eady, and seem'd troubled, and began to redouble their Prayers for my Sasety and Preservation.

We walked thence to our Coach, and firetched a little farther, to visit two Farmers Families, about a Mile distant from each other. One had the Mother of the Family, with two Sens, just recovering, the former from a Fever, the latter from Tertian Agues; and I asked when they saw Mr. Barrow? They told me, with great Commendations of him, that he had but just left them. So having congratulated their hopeful Way, and wished them to take care of themselves, and not go too early to Bufiness, laid, I should defire Mr. Barrow to watch over them, for fear of Relapte, and should hardly fee'em again for some time; and so, under the Notion of my Foy, I dropt a Couple of Guineas in the good Woman's Hand: For I had had an Hint given me by Mrs. Jervis, that their Illness had made it low with them.

We proceeded then to the other Farm, where the Cafe was a marry'd Daughter, who had had a very dangerous Lying-in, and a wicked Husband. who had abus'd her, and run away from her: But she was mending apace, by good comfortable Things. which from time to time I had caused to be fent her. Her old Father had been a little unkind to her, before I took Notice of her; for the marry'd against his Confent; and indeed the World went hard with the poor Man, and he could not do much; and, besides, he had a younger Daughter, who had loft all her Limbs, and was forc'd to be ty'd in a Wicker Chair, to keep her up in it; which (having expended much to relieve her) was a great Pull-back, as the good old Woman called it. And having been a Year in Arrear to a cruel Landlord, who finding a good Stock upon the Ground, wanted to diffress the poor Family, and turn them out of all, I advanced the Money upon the Stock; and the poor Man has already paid me half of it, (for I must keep within Compass too, Miss) which was 50 /. at first, and is in a fair Way to pay me the other Half, and make as much more for himself.

Here I found Mr. Barrow, and he gave me an Account of the Success of two other Cases I had recommended to him; and told me, that John Smith, a poor Man, who, in thatching a Barn, had tumbled down, and broken his Leg, and bruised himself all

over, was in a fair way of Recovery.

This poor Creature had like to have perished by the Cruelty of the Parish Officers, who would have pass'd him away to Esex, where his Settlement was, tho' in a burning Fever, occasioned by his Missortune. But hearing of the Case, I directed Mr. Simmonds to attend him, and provide for him, at my Expence, and gave my Word, if he dy'd, to bury him.

I was glad to hear he was in so good a way, and told Mr. Barrow, I hoped to see him and Mr. Simmonds together at Mr. B.'s, before I set out for London, that we might advise about the Cases under

re

id,

he.

gs,

er.

ore.

n-

or

ad

nd

re-

old

Ar-

ck

ily,

ney

aid

oo,

ore

an,

re-

oled.

all

by

was,

for-

Sim.

Ex-

and

Mr.

out

nder

under their Direction, and that I might acquit myself of some of my Obligations to them.

You are a good Man, Mr. Barrow, added I: God will bless you for your Care and Kindness to these poor destitute Creatures. They all praise you, and do nothing but talk of your Humanity to them.

O my good Lady, said he, who can forbear following such an Example as you set? Mr. Simmonds can testify, as well as I, (for now-and-then a Case requires us to visit together) that we can hardly hear any Complaints from our poor Patients, let 'em be ever so ill, for the Praises and Blessings they bestow upon you.

It is good Mr. B. that enables and encourages me to do what I do. Tell them, they must bless God, and bless him, and pray for me, and thank you and Mr. Simmonds: We all join together, you know, for their Good.

The Countess and Lady Davers asked the poor lying in Woman many Questions, and left with her, and for her poor Sister, a miserable Object indeed in (God be praised, that I am not such an one!) Marks of their Bounty in Gold, but I saw not how much; and looking upon one another, and them upon me, and lifting up their Hands, could not say a Word, till they were in the Coach: And so we were carry'd home, after we had just look'd in upon a Country Shool, where I pay for the Learning of Eight Children.

And here, Miss, (— I hope I recite not this with Pride, tho' I do with Pleasure) is a cursory Account of my Benevolent Weekly Round, as my Ladies will call it:

I know you will not be displeased with it; but it will highly delight my worthy Parents, who, in their way, do a great deal of discreet Good in their Neighbourhood: For, indeed, Miss, a little Matter, prudently bestowed, and to true Objects of Compassion, (whose Cases are soon at a Crisis, as are those of most labouring People) will go a great way, and especially if laid out properly for em, according to the

the Exigencies of their respective Cases. — For such poor People, who live generally low, want very seldom any thing but reviving Cordials at first, and good wholsome Kitchen Physick afterwards; and then the Wheels of Nature being uncloge'd, newoil'd, as it were, and set right, they will go round again with Pleasantness and Ease, for a good while together, by virtue of that Exercise which their Labour gives them; while the Rich and Voluptuous are forced to undergo great Fatigues to keep theirs clean and in Order.

Thus is it well remarked in a Manuscript Poem, in my dear Mr. B,'s Possession, written in Answer to a Friend, who recommended a poor Man of Genius to the Favour of the Author, in order to induce the benevolent Gentleman to lift him into a higher Life.

than that to which he was born:

Wou'dst thou, by Change of Life, I should intail.

Cours, Fewers, Surfeits, ew'ry tort'ring Ail,

That our rich Blood infects, on this poor Swain?

And turn his fauly'd Woes to real Pain?

If he want Food or Raiment, these will I,
Fit for his Station, chearfully supply.
But is his slawish Life much more fatiguing.
Than our bad Hours, hard Huntings, leved Intriguing?
For needful Exercise, don't all who've Wealth.
At times, but to preserve themselves in Health,
Our Bodies less prepar'd, our Nerves less strong.
Do more than any of the labring Throng?

I mention'd before *, that this Poem had given me fome proper Hints, in relation to the Good one mould dispense, in which one ought to consult a Person's usual way of Life, and not to be so lavish to some one Object or two, as should limit one's Power to relieve others, and, at the same time, by lifting the poor Polks into a State they had not been

used to, make them possibly more unhappy than ever. I will transcribe a few more Lines from this Piece, for your Entertainment:

—But yet, my Friend, I cannot join with thee, To think so hard of native Poverty.

Tis not to live at Ease, makes Happiness, Eat and drink well, lie soft. Tis nothing less Than sweet Content, whatever be the State, Can make us truly happy, wife or great. If this he want not, whate'er else he be, He's happier far, I judge, than You or Me: And if he want it, much I fear, my Friend, He'll find no State will his Condition mend, For human Minds, still on aspiring bent, Not check'd at first, are seldom e'er content.

And again:

e

e

n

n,

to

us

he

fe-

ig ?

iven

one

lt a

avish

one's

, by

been

med

The Man who in one Way was always bred
Till thrice Twelve Winters have pass'd o'er his Head,
Is, or should be, contented with his Fate,
Nor covet totally to change his State.
For Discontent once cherist d in his Breast,
Desire of Change will never let him rest,
Unsix'd, unsettled, he, all Comfort past,
Knows his first Wish; but ne'er will know his last.

I must go on a little further. It seems that the recommending Friend had praised the poor Man for a Genius above the Sphere he was placed in. To this the judicious Benefactor replies, stating the Plea in the first Line:

But he has Parts and Wit above his Sphere;
The neighbring Throng will then his Wit revere,
If hy found Judgment temper d. And who knows thow useful he may be, but to compose
Small Strifes, that even homely Cots invade
From rugged Minds by partial Passions sway d?
Shall nought but Thistles in one Climate grow?
And, intermingling, no sweet Roses blow?

Remote :

Remote from Towns, among the rural Swains, He'll be the Priest and Justice of the Plains : And nothing fure, on Earth, yields more Delight. Than diff'ring Minds in focial Bands t'unite.

I believe you'll excuse me, if I transcribe more:

We the Discomforts know of what we are. But little think what States Superior share :. How aukwardly our Parts we should sustain In a new Scene. And, Oh! what mighty Pain (For this is not the least) t' a gen'rous Mind, With Obligations press'd, or to Dependence join'd! Or fit they light from me, as e'er they will, Tis Obligation and Dependence fill To thoughtful Minds-

And grant be might be happy while I live, How may be fare with those who me survive? My Fortune may, perhaps, to those descend, Who knew not Joseph, nor lov'd Joseph's Friend; Who, like too many Heirs, reverse whate'er Was wont t' engage their Predecessors Care. In such a Case, what Cause be'd have to mourn, Forc'd to the Life be now beholds with Scorn (By long Difuse, made still more grievous) to return? Shall the flow Cart-horse with the Courser run? Wold dev'ry twinkling Star become a Sun? Yet in their Order, this adorns the Sky, And that belps on the gen'ral Harmony.

Then follow some Lines, that I often think of with Pleasure, and which used to please my dear Lady; who made me write them down in my Common-place You, my honoured Father and Mother, have feen them*: But as you, my dear Mis, have not, I will transcribe them :

For thou want'st not to know, wife Providence Does various Parts, for various Minds dispense;

* See Vol. II. p. 55.

The

Ti

H

thi fore

the

Caf

Diff cafu Begy

ofter

Were

The meanest Slaves, or those who hedge and ditch, Are useful, by their Sweat, to feed the Rich. The Rich, in due Return, impart their Store; Which comfortably feeds the labring Poor. Nor let the Rich the lowest Slave dislain, He's equally a Link of Nature's Chain; Labours to the same End, joins in one View; And both alike the Will divine pursue: And, at the last, are levell'd, King and Slave, Without Distinction, in the silent Grave.

But now you'll be curious to know, fince this Gentleman declin'd raifing the poor Man, what Good he really thought proper to do for him. This them will fatisfy you:

That strongly recommends his Case to me.

That strongly recommends his Case to me.

Ill take a Boy or two; and if I find.

The Youngsters honest, faithful, well inclin'd:

If able to sustain those Parts, which we

Call vainly better, I'll their Patron be.

First, To the menial Service I'll inure 'em;

And, as they merit, better will procure 'em:

In fort, the Savain, for what he is, I'll prize
Confistent with's Degree, augment his Joys:
And tell him this from me; That wou'd he know
True Happiness, unmix'd with certain Woe,
Here will he rest his Hopes; nor farther wish to go.

I don't remember ever to have read any thing of this Subject placed in these natural, easy, and, I therefore think uncommon Lights, and believe you'll allow them to be right Lights: For there are certainly no Cases in the World that require more Judgment and Distinction, than charitable ones. And except a casual Distress among those who make a Trade of Begging, such Persons (especially if I see them often, and so much in the same Place, as if they were as tenacious of their Stand, as others of their Freehold)

Freehold) move not my Compaffion or Notice. They cannot be lower in Spirit, (nor being frequently brought. up to it) do they often wish to be higher in Calling, or to change their idle State for a laborious one: But the poor industrious Souls, reduced by Sickness, or Misfortune, or even Mistake not wilful or perfished in, who figh in Secret, and cannot make known what they fuffer; fuch unhappy Objects are worthy of one's Pains to find out, and relieve.

SATURDAY Morning.

T is hardly right to trouble either of you, my ho noured Correspondents, with an Affair, that has vex'd me a good deal, and indeed should affect me more than any other Miltress of a Family, for Reasons which will be obvious to you, when I tell you the Case. And this (it is so present with me) I cannot forbear.

A pretty genteel young Body, my Pelly Barlow, as I call her, having been well recommended, and indeed behaved with great Prudence till this time, is the

Occasion. And this it is:

My dear Mr. B. and the Two Ladies agreed with me to take a little Airing in the Coach, and to fall in upon Mr. Martin, who had a Prefent made him for his Menagerie, in which he takes great Delight, of a rare and uncommon Creature, a Native of the East-Indies. But just as Sir Jacob was on Horseback to accompany them, and the Ladies were ready to go, I was taken with a sudden Disorder and Faintness, so that Lady Daviers, who is very tender of me, and watches every Turn of my Countenance, would not let me go with them, tho my Diforder was going of, and my Dear Mr. B. was pleased to excuse me; and just meeting with Mr. Williams as they went to the Coach, they took him with them to fill up the vacant Place. So I retir'd to my Closet, and thut my felf in. LINCIE SIMILON IN

They

t.

it

10

n,

at.

ho

has

me

ons:

the

not

, as

in-

the

with

all in

n for

light,

f the

eback

to go,

fs, 10

, and

ld not

ng off,

me;

rent to

up the

iut my

The

They had asked Mr. H. to go with them, as Company to Sir Jacob; but he (as I believe, by what followed, on purpose) could not be found, when they set out: So they supposed he was upon some Ramble with Mr. Colbrana, his great Favourite.

I was writing to you, being pretty well recovered, when I heard Polly, as I supposed, and as it proved, come into my Apartment; and down she sat, and sung a little Catch, and cry'd Hem! twice; and presently I heard two Voices. But suspecting nothing, I wrote on, till I heard a kind of Rustling and Struggling, and Polly's Voice crying, Fie!— How can you do so!—Pray, Sir!

This alarm'd me much, because we have such orderly Folks about us; and Flooked thro' the Keyhole, and, to my Surprize and Concern, saw Mr. H. ——foolish Gentleman!—taking Liberties with Polly, that neither became him to offer, nor, more foolish Girl! her to suffer.

I did not know what to do: But having Reason to think, that this was not their first Interview and Freedom—and the Girl sometimes encouragingly laughing, as at other times, inconsistently, struggling and complaining, in an Accent that was too tender for the Occasion, I forced a faint Cough. This frighted them both: Mr. H. swore, and said, Who can that be? — Your Lady's gone with them; i'n't she?

I believe so! I hope so! said the filly Girl.—Yet that was like her Voice!— Me'm, are you in your Closet, Me'm? said she, coming up to the Door, Mr. H. standing, like a poor Thief, half behind the Window curtains, till he knew if it was I.

I open'd the Door; away fneak'd Mr. H. and fhe leap'd with Surprize, not hoping to find me there, tho' fine asked the Question.

I thought -Indeed -- Me'm --- I thought you were gone out.

It is plain you did, Polly!—Go and thut the Chamber-door, and come to me again,

She did, but trembled, and was fo full of Confusion, that I pity'd the poor Creature, and hardly knew how

to speak to her, or what to say.—For my Compassion got the upper Hand of my Resentment; and as she stood quaking and trembling, and looking on the Ground, with a Countenance I cannot describe, I now-and-then cast my Eye upon her, and was as often forced to put my Handkerchief to it.

At last I faid, How long have these Freedoms past.

Polly, between you and Mr. H.?

She faid never a Word.

I am loth to be censorious, Polly: But 'tis too plain, that Mr. H. would not have followed you into my Chamber, if he had not met you at other Places before.

Still the poor Girl faid never a Word.

Little did I expect, Polly, that you would have shewn so much Imprudence. You have had Instances of the vile Arts of Men against poor Maidens: Have you any Notion that Mr. H. intends to do honourably by you?

Me'm-Me'm-I believe-Ihope-I dare fay, Mr.

H. would not do otherwife.

So much the worse, that you believe so, if you have not very good Reason for your Belief. — Does he pretend he will marry you, Polly?

She was filent.

Tell me, Polly, if he does ?.

He fays he will do honourably by me.

But you know there is but one Word necessary to explain that other precarious Word Honour, in this Case. It is Matrimony. That Word's as soon spoken as any other, and if he means it, he will not be shy to speak it.

She was filent.

Tell me, Polly, (for I am really greatly concerned for you) what you think yourself: Do you bope he will marry you?

She was filent.

Do, good Polly, I hope I may call you good yet! -

Pray, Madam! and she wept and turn'd from me, to the Wainscot-Pray, Madam, excuse me.

But,

th

bu

yo

G

thi

An

thi

boo

But, indeed, Pally, I cannot excuse you. You are under my Protection. I was once in as dangerous a Situation as you can be. And I did not escape it, Child, by the Language and Conduct I heard from you.

Language and Conduct, Me'm !

Yes, Pally, Language and Conduct. For you have heard my Story, no doubt: All the World has: And do you think, if I had fat me down in my Lady's Bedchamber, and fung a Song, and hem'd twice, and Mr. B. had come to me, upon that Signal, (for fuch I doubt it was) and I had kept my Place, and suffer myself to be rumpled, and only, in a soft Voice, and with an encouraging Laugh, cry'd, How can you do so't that I should have been what I am?

Me'm, I dare say, my Lord (so all the Servants call him, and his Aunt often, when she puts Jackey to it)

means me no Hurt.

No Hurt, Polly ! What, and make you cry Fie!— Or do you intend to trust your Honour to his Mercy, rather than to your own Discretion ?

I hope not, Me'm!

I hope not too, Polly?— But you know he was free enough with you, to make you say Fie!— And what might have been the Case, who knows? had I not coughed on Purpose; unwilling for your sake, Polly, to find Matters so bad as I feared, and that you would have been led beyond what was reputable?

Reputable, Me'm!

is.

to

ble

he.

me,

But,

Yes, Polly, Reputable: I am forry you oblige me to fpeak fo plain. But your Good requires it. Inflead of flying from him, you not only laugh'd all the time you cry'd out Fie! and How can you do so 2 but had no other Care than to see if any body heard you; and you observe how he slid away, like a guilty Gentleman, as soon as I open'd my Door---Do these things look well, Polly? Do you think they do?—And if you hope to emulate my good Fortune, do you think this is the Way?

I wish, Me'm, I had never seen Mr. H. For no-

body will look upon me, if I lose your Favour!

It will still, Polly, (and I took her Hand, with a kind Look) be in your own Power to keep it; and I will not mention this Matter, if you make me your Friend, and tell me all that has pass'd.

Again she wept, and was filent.

This made me more uneasy. Don't think, Polly, faid I, that I would envy any other Person's Preferment, when I have been so much exalted myself. If Mr. H. has talked to you of Marriage, tell me.

No, Me'm, I cann't fay, he has yet.

Yet, Polly! Then he never will. For when Men do talk of it, they don't always mean it: But whenever they mean it, how can they confirm a doubting Maiden, without mentioning it? But alas, alas, for you, poor Polly! - The Preedoms you have permitted to him, no doubt, previous to those I heard, and which would have been greater possibly, had I not furpris'd you with my Cough; shew too well, that he need not make any Promiles to you.

Indeed, Me'm-Indeed, faid she, sobbing, I might be too little upon my Guard; but I would not have

done any Ill for the World.

I hope you would not, Polly; but if you fuffer these Freedoms, you can't tell what you'd have permitted. -Tell me, do youlove Mr. H.?

He is a very good-humour'd Gentleman, Madam,

and is not proud.

No, 'tis not his Bufiness to be proud, when he hopes to humble you. - Humble you indeed! Beneath the lowest Person of the Sex, that is honest,

I hope-

You bope, interrupted I, - You bope too much ; and I fear a great deal for you, because you fear for little for yourself - But tell me, How often have you been in private together?

In private, Me'm !- I don't know what your Lady?

thips calls private!

Why, that is private, Polly, when, as just now, you neither hoped nor intended any body should see you. the will leak apon me, if their your Law our

She was filent; and I see, Miss, by this poor Girl, that Lovers are true to their Secret, tho' perhaps, their Ruin depends upon it. But it behov'd me, on more Accounts than it would any body else, as I hinted before, to examine this Matter narrowly; because, if Mr. H.. should marry her, it would have been laid upon Mr. B.'s Example— And if my Polly should be ruin'd, it would be a sad thing; and Peoble would have said, Ay, she could take care enough of herself, but none at all of her Servant: Her Waiting maid had a much more remiss Mistress, than Pamela found, or the Matter would not have been thus.

Well, Polly, I see, continued I, that you will not speak out to me. You may have several Reasons for it, possibly, the not one good one. But as soon as Lady Davers comes in, who has a great Concern in this Matter, as well as Lord Davers, and are answerable to Lord H. in a Matter of so much Importance as this, I will leave it to her Ladyship's Consideration, and shall no more concern myself to ask you Questions about it.— For then I must take her Ladyship's Directions, and part with you to be sure.

The poor Girl, frighted at this, (for every body fears Lady Davers) wrung her Hands, and begg'd, for God's Sake, I would not acquaint Lady Davers with it.

25

e

6

bu

y

W,

(ee

She

But how can I help it? faid I—Must I not connive at your Proceedings, if I do not? You are no Fool Polly, in other Cases. Tell me, How is it possible for me, in my Situation, to avoid it?

I will tell your Ladyship the whole Truth; indeed I will—if you will not tell Lady Davers. I am ready to sink at the Thoughts of Lady Davers's knowing any thing of this.

This looked fadly. I pity'd her, but yet was angry in my Mind; for I faw too plainly, that her Conduct could not bear a Scrutiny, not even in her own Opinion, poor Creature.

I faid, Make me acquainted with the Whole.

Will your Ladyship promise -

I'll promise nothing, Polly —When I have heard all you think fit to say, I will do what besits me to do; but with as much Tenderness as I can for you — and

that's all you ought to expect me to promife.

Why then, Madam — But how can I speak it?—I can speak sooner to any body, but Lady Davers and you, Madam—For her Ladyship's Passion, and your Ladyship's Virtue — How shall I? —— And then she threw herself at my Feet, and hid her Face with her Apron.

I was in Agonies for her almost; I wept over her; I raised her up, and said, Tell me all — You cannot tell me worse than I apprehend, nor, I hope, so bad! O Polly, tell me soon — For you give me

great Pain -

And my Back, with Grief and Compassion for the poor Girl, was ready to open, as it seem'd to me — In my former Distresses, I have been overcome by Fainting next to Death, and was depriv'd of Sense for some Moments — But else I should have imagin'd, I must have had some such affecting Sensations, as the unhappy Girl's Case gave me.

Then, Madam, I own, faid fhe, I have been too

faulty.

As how! — As what! — In what Way! — How faulty? — asked I, as quick as Thought: You are not puin'd, are you! — Tell me, Polly?

No, Madam, but -

But, what? - Say, but what?

I had confented -

To what?

To his Proposals, Madam,

What Proposals?

Why, Madam, I was to live with Mr. H.

Funderstand you too well —— But it is too late to break so wretched a Bargain? — Have you already made a Sacrifice of your Honour?

No, Madam; but I have given it under my Hand.

Under your Hand! —— Ah! Polly, if you have
not given it under your Heart too, it were well.

Rut

f

But what Foolishness is this! What Consideration

has he made you?

He has given it under his Hand, that he will always love me, and when his Lordship's Father dies, he will own me.

What Foolishness is this, said I, on both sides !
But are you willing to be released from this vile

Bargain ?

W

et

e to

ady

and.

have

well:

But

Indeed I am, Madam, and I told him so Yesterday. But, he says, he will sue me, and ruin me, if I don't stand to it.

You are ruin'd if you do! — And I wish — But tell me, Polly, Are you not ruin'd as it is?

Indeed I am not, Madam.

I doubt then, said I, you were upon the Brink of it, had not this providential Indisposition kept me at home — You met, I suppose, to conclude your shocking Bargain. — O poor unhappy Girl! — But let me see what he has given under his Hand?

He has 'em both, Madam, to be drawn up fair, and in a strong Hand, that shall be like a Record.

Could I have thought, Miss, that a Girl of Nineteen could be so ignorant and foolish in a Point so important, when in every thing else she has shewn no Instances like this imprudent Folly?

Has he given you Money?

Yes, Madam, he gave me — he gave me — a Note. Here it is. He fays any body will give me Money for it.

And this was a Bank Note of 50 1. which she pulled out of her Bosom.

I instantly thought of those Lines of Cowley, which my dear Lady several times made me read to her; tho' these supposed an infinitely more excusable Case—Marriage for Money.

Take Heed, take Heed, thou lovely Maid!

Nor be by glitt'ring Ills betray'd!

Thyself for Money! O let no Man know

The Price of Beauty fall'n fo low!
What Dangers ought if thou not to dread,

When Love that's blind, is by blind Fortune led?

The

The Result was, He was to settle 100 l. a Year upon her and bers, poor poor Girl! — And he was to own ber, as she calls it (but as Wife or Mistress, she stipulated not) when his Father dy'd, and he came into the Title and Estate.

I told her, It was impossible for me to conceal the Matter from Lady Davers, if she would not, by her Promises to be govern'd intirely by me, and to abandon all Thoughts of Mr. H. give me room to conclude, that the wicked Bargain was at an End.

And to keep the poor Soul in some Spirits, and to enable her to look up, and to be more easy under my Direction, I blamed him more than I did her: Tho, considering what Virtue requires of a Woman, and Custom has made shameless in a Man, I think the poor Girl inexcusable, and shall not be easy while she is about me. For she is more to blame, because, of the two, she has more Wit than the Man.

But what can I do, Miss, if I put her away? Twill be to throw her directly into his Hands. He won't stay long; and she may see her Folly. But here her Eyes were open; She knew what she had to trust to — And by their wicked Reginning, and her encouraging Repulses, I doubt she would have been utterly ruin'd that very Day.

I knew the Rage Lady Davers would be in with both. So this was another Embarais. And yet, should my good Intentions be frustrated, and they should conclude their vile Bargain, and it appear'd that I knew of it, but would not acquaint her, then should I have been blam'd more than any Mistress of a Fa-

mily, being circumstanc'd as I am.

Upon the Whole, As to the Girl, I resolved to comfort her as well as I could, till I had gain'd her Confidence, that my Advice might have the more Weight with her, and by Dagrees be the more likely to reclaim her: For, poor soul! there would be an End of her Reputation, the most precious of all Jewels, the Moment the Matter was known; and that would be a fad thing.

And

gue

Day

atte

little

the g

upon

TH

had 1

for y

And as to the Man, I thought it best to take Courage (and you that know me, will say, I must have a good deal more than usual) to talk to Mr. H. on

this Subject.

And the poor Body consenting I should, and, with great Protestations, declaring her Sorrow and Repentance, begging me to get her Note of Hand again, on which she laid a foolish Stress, and desiring me to give him back his Note of 50 l. I went down to find him.

He shunn'd me, as a Thief would a Constable at the Head of a Hue and Cry. As I entered one Blace or Room, he went into another, looking with conscious Guilt, but yet considently humming a Tune. At last I fixed him speaking to Rachel, bidding her tell Polly, he wanted to send a Message by her to her Lady. By which I doubted not, he was desirous to know what she had owned, in order to govern himself accordingly.

His Back was roward me; and I faid, Mr. H. here

I am myfelf, to take your Commands.

He gave a Caper half a Yard high — Madam, I wanted—I wanted to speak to—I would have spoken with—

You wanted to fend Polly to me, perhaps, Mr. H. to ask if I would take a little Walk with you to the Garden?

Very true, Madam!—Very true indeed!—You have guefo'd the Matter—I thought it was pity, this fine Day, as every body was taking an Airing—

Well then, Sir, please to lead the Way, and I'll

attend you.

Ô

T.

e

y

e

ll

at

nd

Yet I fanfy, Madam, the Wind is a little too high for you — Won't you catch Cold?

the to skint within

No, never fear, Mr. H. 1 am not afraid of a little Air.

I will attend you presently, Madam: You'll be in the great Gravel Walk, or on the Terrace — I'll wait upon you in an Instant.

I had the Courage to take hold of his Arm, as if I had like to have flipt, For, thought I, thou shalt not

fee

fee the Girl, worthy Friend, till I have talk'd to thee a little, if thou dost then — Excuse me, Mr. H. — I hope I have not hurt my Foot!—I must lean upon you.

Will you be pleas'd, Madam, to have a Chair? I fear you have sprain'd your Foot—Shall I help you to

a Chair ?

No, no, Sir, I shall walk it off, if I hold by you.

So he had no Excuse to leave me, and we proceeded into the Garden. But never did any thing look so filly! —— So like a foolish Fellow, as his Aunt calls him. He looked, if possible, half a dozen Ways at once, hem'd, cough'd, wriggled about, turn'd his Head behind him every now-and-then, and started half a dozen filly Subjects, in hopes to hinder me from speaking.

I appear'd, I believe, under fome Concern how to begin with him; for he would have it, I was not very well, and begg'd he might step in one Minute,

b

wi

no

Bar

eno I m

give

take we

and t

Co

For,

eft;

h the

1 p

ope to

Vo.

A

to defire Mrs. Fervis to attend me.

So I resolved to begin with him, lest I should lose the Opportunity, seeing my Eel so very slippery. And placing myself at the Seat at the upper End of the Gravel Walk, I asked him to sit down. He declined it, and would wait upon me presently, he said, and seemed going. So I began — It is easy for me, Mr. H. to penetrate the Reason why you are so willing to leave me: But 'tis for your own Sake, that I desire you to hear me, that no Mischief may ensue among Friends and Relations, on an Occasion to which you are no Stranger.

Lord, Madam, What can you mean? —— Surely, Madam, you don't think amis of a little innocent

Liberty, or fo!

Mr. H. reply'd I, I want not any Evidence of your inhospitable Defigns upon a poor unwary young Creature, whom your Birth and Quality have found

it too easy a Task to influence,

Inhospitable Designs, Madam! — A harsh Word, by Gad! — You very nice Ladies cannot admit of the least Freedom in the World! — Why, Madam, I have kis'd a Lady's Woman before now, in a civil

way or fo, and never was call'd to an Account for

it, as a Breach of Hospitality.

'Tis not for me, Mr. H. faid I, to proceed to very nice Particulars with a Gentleman who can act as you have done, by a poor Girl, that could not have had the Affurance to look up to a Man of your Quality, had you not levell'd all Distinction between you, in order to level the weak Creature to the common Dirt of the Highway. I must tell you, that the poor Girl heartily repents of her Folly; and to shew you, that it signifies nothing to deny it, she begs you will give her back the Note of her Hand you have extorted from her Foolishness; and I hope you'll be so much of a Gentleman, as not to keep in your Power such a Testimony of the Weakness of any of the Sex.

Has she told you that, Madam? — Why may be — indeed—I can't but say — Truly it mayn't look so well to you, Madam: But young Folks will have Frolicks— It was nothing but a Frolick— Let me be

bang'd, if it was!

d

of

e-

he

for

are

ke,

nay

ca-

ely,

cent

e of

oung

ound

Vord,

nit of

adam,

a civil

Way

Be pleased then, Sir, to give up her Note to me to return to her—Reputation should not be frolick'd with, Sir; especially that of a poor Girl, who has

nothing elfe to depend upon a ton this proist A fred

I'll give it to her myself, and laugh at her into the Bargain, if you please, Madam. Why, 'tis comical enough, if the little Pug thought I was in Earnest. I must have a Laugh or two at her, Madam, when I give it her up.

Mr. H. faid I, fince 'tis but a Frolick, you won't take it amis, that, when we are set down to Supper, we call Polly in, and demand a Sight of her Note, and that will make every one merry, as well as you.

Cot-so, Madam, that mayn't be so well neither! --For, perhaps, they will be apt to think it is in Earest; when, as I hope to live, 'tis but a Jest: Nothing

the World else, upon Honour!

I put on then a still more serious Air --- As you ope to live, say you, Mr. H.! --- and upon your Hour! --- How fear you not an instant Punishment for Vol. III.

this Appeal! and what is the Honour you swear by?
--- Taste that, and answer me, Sir; Do Gentlemen give away Bank Notes for Frolicks, and for mere Jests! and nothing in the World else! --- I am forry to be obliged to deal thus with you. But I thought I was talking to a Gentleman, that would not forfeit this Veracity; and that in so solemn an Instance as this!

He looked like a Man Thunder-struck. His Face was distorted, and his Head seemed to turn about upon his Neck, like a Weathercock in a Hurricane, to all Points of the Compass. His Hands clenched as in a Passion, and yet Shame and Con-

fusion struggling in every Limb and Feature.

At last he said, I am confoundedly betrayed. But if I am exposed (for the Wretch thought of nobody but himself) to my Uncle and Aunt, I am undone, and shall never be able to look 'em in the Face. 'Tis true, I had a Design upon her; and since she has betray'd me, I think I may say, that she was as willing, almost, as I.

Ungenerous, contemptible Wretch, thought I! --But our Sex that can thus give up their Virtue, ought
to expect no better: For he that flicks not at one
bad Action, will not scruple another to vindicate
himself: And so, Devil like, become the Tempter,

2

be

ad

this

me,

Coa

burn

hear

pany

faid,

And

one;

Voma

behold To k

I Girl

and the Accuser too!

But if you will be so good, said he, as to take no Notice of this, to my Uncle, and especially to my Aunt and Mr. B. I swear to you, I never will think of her as long as I live.

And you'll bind this Promife, will you, Sir? by

your Honour, and as you hope to live.

Dear, good Madam, forgive me, I befeech you;

Don't be so severe upon me. By all that's ---

Don't swear, Mr. H. But as an Earnest that I may believe you, give me back the Girl's foolish Note, that, tho' 'tis of no Signification, she may not have that to witness to her Folly.

He took out his Pocket-Book: There it is, Madam! --- And I beg you'll forgive this Attempt. I fee

I ought not to have made it. I doubt it was a Breach of the Laws of Hospitality as you say. But to make it known, will only expole me, and it can do no Good; and Mr. B. will resent it, may be; and my Aunt will never let me hear the last of it, nor my Uncle neither—— And I shall be sent to travel again——And sadded the poor Creature) I was once in a Storm, and the crossing the Sea again, would be Death to me.

What a Wretch art thou thought I!— What could fuch an one as thou find to fay to a poor Creature, that, if put in the scale against Virtue and Honour, should make the latter kick the Beam?—— Poor, poor Polly Barlow? thou art sunk indeed! Too low for Excuse,

and almost beneath Pity!

28

ht

one

ate

ter,

ake

y to

will

by

you;

nat I

oolih

y not

Ma

I fee

I told him, if I could observe, that nothing pass'd between them, that should lay me under a Necessity of revealing the Matter, I should not be forward to expose him, nor the Maiden either. But that he must, in his own Judgment, excuse me, if I made every body acquainted with it, if I were to see the Correspondence between them likely to be renewed or carried on: For, added I, in that Case, I should owe it to myself, to Mr. B. to Lord and Lady Daviers, and to you, and the unhappy Body too, to do so.

He would needs drop down on one Knee to promile this; and, with a thousand Acknowledgements, left me, to find Mr. Colbrand, in order to ride to meet the

Coach on it's Return.

I went in, and gave the foolish Note to the filly Girl, which she receiv'd eagerly, and immediately burnt; and I told her, I would not suffer her to come near me but as little as possible, when I was in Company, while Mr. H. staid; but consigned her intirely to the Care of Mrs. Forvis, to whom only, I said, I would hint the Matter as tenderly as I could: And for this, I added, I had more Reasons than one; First, to give her the Benefit of a good Gentlewoman's Advice, to which I had myself formerly been beholden, and from whom I concealed nothing: Next, To keep her out of Mr. H's Way: and lastly, P 2

That I might have an Opportunity from Mrs. Jerwis's Opinion, to judge of the Sincerity of her Repentance: For, Polly, faid I, you must imagine, so regular and uniform as all our Family is, and so good as I thought all the People about me were, that I could not suspect, that she, the Duties of whose Place made her nearest to my Person, was the farthest from what I wished.

I have set this Matter so strongly before her, and Mrs. Jervis has so well seconded me, that I hope the best; for the Grief the poor Creature carries in her Looks, and expresses in her Words, cannot be described; frequently accusing herself with Tears, saying often to Mrs. Jervis, She is not worthy to stand in the Presence of a Mistress, whose Example she has made so bad an Use of, and whose Lessons she had so ill followed.

I am fadly troubled at this Matter however; but I take great Comfort in reflecting, that my sudden Indisposition look'd like a providential Thing, which may fave one poor Soul, and be a seasonable Warning to her,

as long as the lives.

Mean time I must observe, that at Supper last Night, Mr. H. look'd abject, and mean, and like a poor Thief, as I thought; and (conscious of his disappointed Folly, tho' I seldom glanc'd my Eye upon him) had less to say for himself than ever.

bui

as .

Del

ing,

and

at th

our

tenin

told

And once my Lady Davers laughing, faid, I think in my Heart, my Nephew looks more foolish every

time I fee him, than the last.

He stole a Look at me, and blush'd; and my Lord faid, Jackey has some Grace!— He blushes!— Hold up thy Head, Nephew!— Hast thou nothing at all w say for thy self?

Sir Jacob said, a Blush becomes a young Gentleman! I never saw one before the, in Mr. H.-

What's the Matter, Sir ?

Only, said Lady Davers, his Skin or his Conscience is mended, that's all.

Thank you, Madam, was all he faid, bowing to his

Aunt, and affecting a careless, yet-confused Air, as if

he whisper'd a Whistle.

Oh Wretch! thought I, see what it is to have a condemning Conscience; while every innocent Person looks round, unconscious, smiling, and erect!— But yet it was not the Shame of a bad Action, I doubt, but being discovered and disappointed, that gave him this Consus of Face.

What a fad thing it is for a Person to be guilty of such Actions, as shall put it into the Power of another, even by a Look to mortify him! And if poor Souls can be thus abjectly struck at such a Discovery as this, by a Fellow Creature, how must they appear before an unerring and omniscient Judge, with a Conscience standing in the Place of a thousand Witnesses?— The Words Weeping and Wailing, Howling and Gnashing of Teeth, exceedingly well express, what nothing but the Divine Book can equally express; which in another Place, points them out as calling upon the Mountains to fall upon them, and the Hills to cover them!— How serious this Subject makes one!

SATURDAY Evening.

TAM just retired from a kind of fatiguing Service; for who should come hither to dine with Mr. B. but that sad Rake Sir Charles Hargrave, and Mr. Walgrave, Mr. Sedley, and Mr. Floyd, three as bad as himself; inseparable Componions, whose whole Delight, and that avowedly, is Drinking, and Hunting, and Lewdness; but otherwise, Gentlemen of Wit, and large Estates? Three of them broke in upon us, at the Hall, on the happiest Day of my Life, to our great Regret; and they had been long threatening to make this Visit in order to see me, as they told Mr. B.

10

d

ad

ık

ry

ord

old

to

tle.

ence

o his

Never

See Vol. II. p. 125.

They whipt out two Bottles of Champaign instantly, for a Whet, as they called it, and went to view the Stud and the Kennel, and then took a Walk in the Garden till Dinner was ready; my Lord Davers, Mr. H. and Sir Jacob, as well as Mr. B. (for they are all acquainted) accompanying them.

Sir Charles, it feems, as Lord Davers told me afterwards, faid, He long'd to see Mrs. B. She was the Talk where ever he went, and he had conceiv'd an high O.

pinion of her before-hand.

Lord Davers faid, I defy you Gentlemen, to think so highly of her as the deferves, take Mind and Person as this, by a Fellow Creame, now in radiagot

Mr. Floyd faid, he never faw any Woman yet, that came up to what he expected, where Fame had been la-

wish in her Praise.

But how, Brother Baronet, faid Sir Charles to Sir Faceb, came you to be reconciled to her 1- I heard that

you would never own her. I'l remons ni dain a

Oons, Man, faid Sir Jacob, I was taken in- I was, by my Soul !- they contrived to clap her upon me, as Lady Jenny C. and pretended they'd keep t'other out of my Sight; and I was plaguily bit, and forced to get off as well as I could.

That was a Bite indeed, faid Mr. Walgrave; and fo you fell a praising Lady Jenny, I warrant to the

Skies !

Ye-as, - by my Soul, (drawling out the affirmative Monofyllable) I was used most scurvily; 'faith I was .-I bear 'em a Grudge for't still, I can tell 'em that ;for I have hardly been able to hold up my Head like a Man ever fince- but am forc'd to fneak about, and go, and come, and do as they bid me. By my Trota I never was so manageable in my Life.

Your Herefordfrire Neighbours, Sir Facob, Said Mr. Sedley, with an Oath will rejoice to hear this; for the

whole County there cannot manage you.

I'm quite cow'd now, by my Soul, as you will fet by-and-by : Nay, for that Matter, if you can let Mr. B. a talking, there's ne'er a Puppy of you all will can to open your Lips, except to fay as she fays.

Neve

k

ci

ter

15

Lo

yo

fafi

Ne

l C

Never fear, old Boy, faid Sir Charles, we'll bear our Parts in Conversation. I never saw the Woman yet, that could give me either Awe or Love for six Minutes together. What think you, Mr. B? Have you any Notion, that your Lady will have so much Power over us?

I think, Sir Charles, I have one of the finest Women in England; but I neither expect nor defire you

Rakes should see her with my Eyes.

You know, if I have a Mind to love her, and make Court to her too, Mr. B. I will. And I am half in Love with her already, altho' I have not feen her.

They came in when Dinner was near ready, and the Four Gentlemen took each a large Bumper of Old Hock

for another Whet.

ıt

aı

of

nd

he

ive

1

et

go,

Mr.

the

fee

Mrs.

CAR

level

The Countess, Lady Davers, and I, came down together. The Gentlemen knew our two noble Guests, and were known to them in Person, as well as by Character. Mr. B. in his usual kind and encouraging Manner, took my Hand, and presented the Four Gentlemen to me, each by his Name. Sir Charles said, pretty bluntly, That he hoped he was more welcome to me now, than the last time he was under the same Roof with me; for he had been told since, that that was our happy Day.

I faid, Mr. B's Friends were always welcome to me. 'Tis well, Madam, faid Mr. Sedley, we did not know how it was. We should have quarter'd ourselves upon Mr. B. for a Week together, and kept him up

Day and Night.

I thought this Speech deserved no Answer, especially as they were Gentlemen who wanted no Countenance, and address'd myself to Lord Davers, who is always kindly making Court to me: I hope, my good Lord, said I, you find yourself quite recover'd of your Head ach?— (of which he complained at Breakfast).

I thank you my dear Sifter, pretty well.

I was telling Sir Charles, and the other Gentlemen, Neice, faid Sir Jacob, how I was cheated here, when I came first, with a Lady Jenny.

P 4

It was a very lucky Cheat for me, Sir Jacob; for it gave you a Preposition in my Favour, under so advantageous a Character, that I could never have expected otherwise.

I wish, said the Countes, my Daughter, for whom Sir Jacob took you, had Mrs. B's Qualities to boast

of.

How am I obliged to your Ladyship's Goodness, return'd I, when you treat me with even greater Indulgence than you use to so beloved a Daughter!

Nay, now you talk of treating, faid Sir Charles, when, Ladies, will you treat our Sex with the Politeness

which you flew to one another?

When your Sex delerve it, Sir Charles, faid Lady Davers.

Who is to be Judge of that? faid Mr. Walgrave. Not the Gentlemen, I hope, reply'd my Lady.

Well then, Mis. B. fa.d Sir Charles, we bespeak

your good Opinion of us; for you have ours.

I am obliged to you Gentlemen; but I must be more cautious in declaring mine, less it should be thought I am influenced by your kind, and perhaps too hasty Opinions of me.

Sir Charles swore they had feen enough of me the Moment I entered the Parlour, and beard enough the Moment I opened my Lips, to answer for their Opinions

of me.

MS I

I faid, I made no doubt, when they had as good a Subject to expatiate upon, as I had, in the Pleasure before me, of seeing so many agreeable Friends of Mr. B's, they would maintain the Title they claim'd to every one's good Opinion.

This, faid Sir Jacob, is binding you over, Gentlemen, to your good Behaviour.— You must know, my

Niece never thoots flying, as you do.

The Gentlemen laugh'd: Is it shooting flying, Sir. Faceb, return'd Sir Charles, to praise that Lady?

Adsbud, I did not think of that.

O Sir Jacob, faid the Countess, you need not be at a Fault;— for a good Sportsman always hits his Mark,

\$ 178

Mark, flying or not : And the Gentlemen had so fair an one, that they could not well mis it.

You are fairly help'd over the Stile, Sir Jacob, faid

Mr. Floyd.

And indeed I wanted it; tho' I limp'd like a Pappy, before I was lame. One can't think of every thing, as one us'd to do at your Time of Life, Gentlemen.

This flippant Stuff was all that pass'd which I can recite; for the rest, at Table, and after Dinner, was too polite by half for me : Such as, The Quantity of Wine e ch Man could carry off, that was the Phrase; Dogs, Horses, Hunting, Racing, Cockfighting, and all accompanied with Swearing, and Curfing, and then in good Humour, and out of Wantonnels (the least excusable and most profligate Sort of Swearing, and Curfing of all;) loud Laughing, with a little touching now and then on the Borders of Sir Simon's beloved Subj &t, to try if they could make a Lady shew she understood their Hints by her Blushes ; a certain Indication, that those who seek a Blush in others, are past it themselves, and, by their turning it into Ridicule when they find it in their Friends, that they would not for the World have it imputed to them; taking three or four at once, and as loud as if they were in the Field pursuing their Game, at a Quarter of a Mile's Distance from one another.

Thele were the Subjects, and this the Entertainment, that held my Ladies and me for one Hour after a tedious Dinner; when we retired, and glad we were to do so: And so well did the Gentlemen like the Wine, that we had the felicity to drink Tes and Coffee by ourselves; only Mr. B (upon our inviting the Gentlemen to partake with usling fliding in for a few Minues, to tell us, they would flick by what they had, and taking a Dish of Coffee

with us.

Sugarant.

e

e

18

e-

r.

ry

e-

ay

Sir.

be his

rk.

I should not omit one Observation; That Sir Jacob, when they were gone, faid, They were pure

Sce Vol. H. p. 64. Pgieg IF SELABUR

Company: And Mr. H. That he never was fo delighted in his born Days. - While the two Ladies put up their Prayers, that they might never have fuch another Entertainment. And being encouraged by their Declaration, I prefumed to join in the fame Petition.

Yet, it feems these are Men of Wit! I believe they must be so - because I could neither like nor understand them. - Yet, if their Conversation had much Wit in it, I should think my Ladies would have found it out.

However, this they did find out, and agree in, that these Gentlemen were of the true modern Cast of Libertines and Foxhunters, and, indifferently as they liked them, could not be eafily out-done by any of the same Stamp in England.
God desend my dear Mils Darnford, and every

worthy fingle Lady, from such an Husband, as a

Gentleman of this Character would make!

I wonder really, how Mr. B. who chuses not this fort of Conversation, and always (whatever Faults he had besides) was a Jober Gentleman, can sit for Hours so easy and chearful in it; and yet he never fays much, when they are in their high Delight.

When all's done, Miss, there are very unpleasant Things, which Persons in genteel Life are forced to put up with, as well as those in lower; and were the one to be balanced against the other, the Difference, as to true Happiness, would not perhaps be so great, as People in the latter imagine, - if it did not turn in their Favour. Well fays the above quoted Manuscript,

We the Discomforts know of aubat ave are, But little think what States Superior Chare,-

The Gentlemen, permit me to add, went away very merry to ride ten Miles by Owl-light; for they would not accept of Beds here. They had two French Horns with them, and gave us a Blaft, or Flourish or two, at going off. Each had a Servant befides:

besides: But the Way they were in, would have given me more Concern than it did, had they been related to Mr. B. and less used to it. And indeed it is a Happiness, that such Gentlemen take no more Care, than they generally do, to interest any body, intimately, in their Healths, and Preservation; for these are all single Men. Nor is the Publick, any more than the Private, under any Necessity to be much concern'd about them; for let such Persons go when they will, if they continue single, their next Heir cannot well be a worse Commonwealth's-man; and there is a great Chance he may be a better.

You know I end my Saturdays seriously. And this, to what I have already said, makes me add, that I cannot express how much I am, my dear Miss,

Your faithful and affectionate

Logical State, il a would, nade note a celer che i's un to

LETTER XXXVIII.

many other But ca't let every co'v kraw

From Mrs. B. to Miss Darnford. In Answer to Letters XXXV. and XXXVI.

to her pass the Fay spend may face Judges, as Mir.

My dear Miss Darnford, Jan 1977

Ø

10

ot

5.

Odw

I skip over the little Transactions of several Days, to let you know how much you rejoice me, in telling me Sir Simon has been so kind as to comply with my Wishes. Both your charming Letters came to my Hand together, and I thank you an hundred times for them; and I thank your dear Mamma, and Sir Simon too, for the Pleasure they have given me in this obliging Permission. How happy shall we be together! But how long will you be permitted to stay, tho? — All the Winter, I hope: — And then, when that is over, let us set out together, if God shall spare us, directly for Lincolnsbire, and so pass most of the Summer too in each other's Company.

ed to the him have to have a been been bed

wickeder by half so confest, that ? To confest, and

sedWE angl, as I may say, to live weh a Man.

What a sweet Thought is this !--- Let me indulge it a little whie.

Mr. B. re d your Letters, and says, You are a charming young Lady, and surpass yourself in every Letter. I told him, that he was more interested in the Pleasure I took in this Favour of Sir Simon's, than he imagin'd As how, my Dear? said he. A plain Case, Sir, reply'd I: For endeavouring to improve myself by Miss Darnford's Conversation and Behaviour, I shall every Day be more worthy of your Favour. He kindly would have it, that noboby,

no, not Mis Darnford herself, excelled me.

The right, you know, Miss, he should think so—the I must know nothing at all, if I was not sensible how inferior I am to my dear Miss Darnford: And yet, when I look abroad now and then, I could be proud Slut, if I would, and not yield the Palm to many others. — But don't let every body know how vain I am. Yet they may too, if they take in, at the same time, that I have some Excuse, when I have won so happily the Favour of two such Judges, as Mr. B. and Miss Darnsord, and had the good Fortune, too, to rejuice in that of Lady Davers, and the Countess of C.

Wel', my dear Mis, January Comments

The sologe of S. U. N. D. A. Y was too see the sologe of t

N

th

M

1

an

her

Th

mil

Is past and gone, as happily as the last; the two Lidies, and, at their earnest Request, Sir Jacob, baring us Company, in the Evening Part. My Pally was there, Morning and Evening, with her Heart broken almost, poor Girl!—I put her in a Corner of my Closet, because her Concern should not be minded. Mrs. Jervin gives me great Hopes of her:—And she seems to abhor the Thought of Mr. H—But as there proves to be so little of real Love in her Heart, tho' even, if there had, she would have been without Excuse—is she not the wickeder by half for that, Miss? To consent, and take Earnest, as I may say, to live with a Man, who

who did not pretend to marry her! — How inexufable this! —What a Frailty! — Yet so modest in Appearance, so honestly descended, and an Example so much better—forgive me to say—before her—Dear, dear! how could it be!

Sir Jacob was much pleased with our Family Order, and faid, 'Twas no Wonder I kept fo good myfelf, that was his Word, and made others fo; and he was of Opinion, that the four Rakes (for he run on, how much they admir'd me) would be converted, if they faw how well I passed my Time. and how chearful and enfy every one, as well as myfelf, was under it. He faid, when he came home. he thought he must take such a Method himself in bis Family; for, he believed, it would make not only better Masters and Mistresses, but better Children, and better Servants too. But, poor Gentleman! he has, I doubt, a great deal to mend in himfelf, before he can begin such a Practice with Efficacy in his Family. Sto fist 1

MONDAY.

In the Afterboon, Sir Jacob took his Leave of us. high'y fatisfy'd with us both, and particularly— so he said — with me; and promised that my true Cousins, as he call'd his Daughters — and his Sister, an old Maiden Lady, if they went to Town this Winter shou'd visit me, and be improved by me—that was his Word. Mr. B, accompany's him some Miles on his Journey, attended by Mr. Colbrand and Abraham; and the two Ladies, and Lord Davers, and I, took an Airing in the Coach.

Mr. B. was so kind, as to tell me, when he came home, with a Whisper, that Mils Goodwin presented her Duty to me.—I have got a Multitude of fine Things for the dear little Creature, and Mr. B. promises to give me a Dairy-house Breakfast, when our

Guefts are gone.

d

0

I inclose

I inclose the History of this little Charmer *, by my Beloved's Consent since you are to do us the Honour, as he (as well as as I) pleases himself, to be one of our Family — But keep it to yourself, whatever you do. I am Guaranty, that you will; and have put it in a separate Paper, that you may burn it as soon as you have read it.— For I shall want your Advice, may-be, on this Subject, having a great Desire to get this Child into my Possession; and yet Lady Dawers has given me an Hint, that dwells a little with me. When I have the Pleasure I hope for, I will lay all before you, and be determined, and proceed, as far as I have Power, by you. You, my good Father and Mother, know the Story by my former Papers.

TUESDAY.

OU must know, I pass over the Days thus fwiftly, not that I could not fill them up with Writing, as ample as I have done the former: But having a Mind to give you a general Idea of our Way of Life and Conversation, and having gone thro' a whole Week and more, you may judge pretty well, how it is, one Day with another. Now andthen neighbourly Vifits received and paid. Needlework fometimes. Musick now-and-then. Cards fometimes, tho' I don't love them - One more benovelent Round - Improving Conversations with my dear Mr. B. and my two good Ladies.—A Lesson, when alone, either in French, or Latin; which my Master always learns me on his Knee -There's Encouragement! A new Pauper Cafe or two- A Visit from the good Dean - Mr. Williams's Departure, in order to put the new-projected Alteration in Force, which is to deprive me of my Chaplain -- By the way the Dean is highly pleased with

a 'not

her

Mr.

abou

Duty

whet

Sin, Miss

at th

See Vol. II. p 283 & feq.

this Affair, and the Motives for it, Mr. Adams being a Favourite of his, and a distant Relation of his Lady-Mr. H.'s and Polly's mutual Endeavour to avoid one another - My Lessons to the poor Girl, and Cautions, as if the was my Sifter-Thefe. my dear Miss, and my honoured Father and Mother, are the pleasant Imployments of our Time; fo far as we Females are concern'd-for the Gentlemen hunt, ride out, and divert themselves in their way, and bring us home the News and Occurrences they meet with abroad, and now-and-then a straggling Gentleman they pick up in their Diverfions. And fo I shall not inlarge upon these Articles, after the tedious Specimens I have given already. Yet the Particulars of one Conversation, possibly, I may give you another Time, when I have least to do, because Three young Ladies, Relations of Mrs. Towers and Mrs. Arthur, were brought to visit me, for the Benefit of my Instructions; for that was the kind Compliment of those Ladies to me.

WEDNESDAY.

COULD you ever have thought, Miss, that Huf-bands have a Dispensing Power over their Wives, which Kings are not allowed over the Laws? I have this Day had a smart Debate with Mr. B. and I fear it will not be the only one upon this Subject. Can you believe, that if a Wife thinks a Thing her Duty to do, and her Husband does not approve of her doing it, he can dispense with her performing it, and no Sin shall lie at her Door? Mr. B. maintains this Point. I have great Doubts about it; particularly one; that if a Matter be my Duty, and he dispenses with my Performance of it, whether, even altho' that were to clear me of the Sin, it will not fall upon bimfelf? And to be fure, Miss, a good Wife would be as much concern'd at this, as if it was to remain upon ber. Yet he feems fer upon it. What can one do? - Did you ever mean For the Secret of they whatter, les

y

n.

ch

of

15'8

ra-

ap-

ith

this

hear of fuch a Notion before, Miss? Of fuch a Prerogative in a Husband? Would you care to fubfcribe to it? This is one of Mr. B's Particularities. He has feveral of them, the Effects, as I take it. of his former too free Life, Polygamy, as I have mentioned heretofore, is another. That is a bad one indeed. Yet he is not fo determin'd on this as he feems to be on the other, in a certain Cafe. that is too nice for me, at present, to explain to you; and fo I might as well have taken no No. tice of it, as yet - Only the Argument was fo prefent to my Mind: Held within this Hour, and I write a Journal, you know, of what passes. But I will, some time hence, submit it, at least to your Judgments, my Father and Mother. You are well read in the Scriptures, and have gone thro' the Occasion often; and both Mr. B. and I found our Arguments on Scripture, tho' we are so different in our Opinions He fays, my Ladies are of his Opinion. I'm afraid they are, and fo will not ask them. But perhaps, I mayn't live, and other things may happen; and fo I'll fay no more of it at present *-

THURSDAY.

m

no

har

him

Kni

a Pa

tom

Fall

MY Lady urging me to procure her the Verses you also defire about the Love Quarrel, I this Day prevailed upon Mr. B. to favour me with a Sight of them; and he was so kind as to give us the following History of the Parties and the Quarrel.

A fine Gentleman, his Friend, blest with an ample Fortune, and extraordinary Qualities, but not free from Faults as great as his Perfections, principally with regard to Ladies, was approved of by the Parents of a Lady beautiful as a May Morning, tender and meek as a Lamb?—and prudent and witty; but so diffident, that she had hardly a Will of her own; which subjected her to Inconveniencies.

For the Sequel of this Matter, see Vol. IV.

The Gentleman made a Campaign, as a Voluntier, having a Fondness for the Military Life, and no Inclination to marry; but being slightly wounded, and coming over to be cured, and the Match being proposed, their Fortunes very great on both Sides, he so well approved the Proposal, and the Lady fell so much in Love with him, that it was

in a manner concluded upon.

The Lady's Uncle Sir G. K. a Man of a very waspish, positive, and fordid Temper, to whose large Estate, as well as her Father's, the young Lady was Heiress, opposes the Match; it is put off to please The Gentleman makes another Campaign. Her Father dies mean time, leaving Sir G. her Guardian; but with express Defire to see her marry'd to that Gentleman, and no other. Sir G endeavours to bring about another Match for the Lady, with a Man of Quality, notwithstanding his Brother's Defire; but the Lady, who had fixed her Affections on the Gentleman, rejects the Proposal: And her Lover coming over at the End of the Campaign, the Lady consents to perform her Father's Will; a Will so conformable to her own Inclinations; but would not fix the Day, till he had made up with her Uncle, and got his Confent; which the old spiteful Knight was resolved not to give, and, for a great while, the Gentleman not willing to ask, despising the Knight, and having a Spirit above suppling himself to an unworthy Mind for fordid Interest fake.

At last, however, she prevails: Her Lover, with no good Will, resolves to court Sir George, who, to have a Pretence to break the Matter off; treats him with great Indignity, setting his Servants to insult him. This the young Gentleman resenting, the Knight following him with Outrage to the Top of a Pair of Stairs, he twirled him from Top to Bottom almost; and sprain'd the Knight's Foot in the

Fall, and went away with Indignation.

I

1-

m-

ot

ci-

he

ng,

ty;

her

Che

This being reported to the Lady, who lived not at that Time with Sir George, but at her paternal Seat, and being greatly aggravated to her, the flies

to her Uncle, resolves to break with her Lover, and takes up her Residence with Sir George for a while; the old Knight keeping up her Resentment, and prevailing on her to resuse Access to the Man to whom she was betrothed, believing, poor Lady! that her Affections were more in her own Power than she afterwards found them, to her Spirow. For she carry'd the Point so far, renouncing him, thro' fresh Aggravations invented against him, tho', indeed, he had formerly given himself too great Liberties, that he went abroad again, giving her quite for lost, and enter'd into Engagements, which made them both unhappy to the End of their Lives.

This is the Introduction, as briefly as I can give it; now come to the Verses, in a Letter from the Lover, when abroad, to his Friend, who knew the whole

Transaction.

Fain would'st thou, O my Friend, thou say'st, in Verse, Have me my last short Interview rehearse
With my MARIA. Once I thought her so!
But can a Mind surcharg'd with so much Woe, Harmoniously, in easy Numbers slow?
But yet, to shew your Pow'r, and my Esteem, Hard tho' it be, your Choice shall fix my Theme.

By various Means, in vain, I'd oft effay'd
To fee and pacify the angry Maid:
With idle Tales still the malicious Knight
Keeps up her Wrath, and hides her from my Sight.
The more I beg, the humbler I appear,
The haughtier still's the too refenting Fair.
Proud of her Pow'r, she makes me meanly sue,
Nor doubts to bring me to her Uncle's View.

Thus barr'd Access, I by a common Friend My Innocence endeavour to defend.
Our Friend reports her Temper fix'd. I find A way by Letter to express my Mind.
The haughty Maid still with such Anger burns, The Seal unbroke, the suppliant Scroll returns.
What can I do? I hate mysef to find Such vile unwonted Meanness in my Mind.

For

T

 T_{c}

Hu

Ne.

To

Acc

Abo

For well thou know'ft, till so much Excellence Engag'd my Soul, I scorn'd dull Wedlock's Fence. And, but I thought the Charmer met my Flame, Had never wish'd to propagate my Name.

Is not this very infolent, Mis? Did he not deserve fom? Punishment? But it seems, he had a most noble Mind, great and good Qualities, tho' intermingled with bad ones; as it is observable, that those who have great Beauties of Mind, have often great Desects, and that Persons of Parts seldom commit small Faults. You'll find, however, that one Reason (tho' he puts it not ungenerously) for his Pride of Spirit, to the Lady, is, he thinks she loves him; and that to be sure she did, or else a Lady of her Virtue would not have been betrothed to him with her own Consent. Thus he proceeds; making her, however, more oblig'd to his Generosity, than Affection, as one would think.

Now fearful, that if I my former View, The favage military Life, purfue, The charming Maid, (my Innocence too late Approaching) should lament her new-born Hate, And her foft Mind, with Love's Extreme annoy'd, Unable to support her prefent Pride, Returning Love fhould feel, and the should grieve To find me gone, and loft beyond Retrieve: Charge to herfelf the Ills that might attend The vagrant Life of fo fincere a Friend; Lest this should be the Case, I write once more, And, humbly, her returning Love implore: Protest my Innocence; beg to be heard, And claim, but as I make it clear, Regard: Then fix a Time for th' angry Fair to prove The happy Impulse of rekindled Love: And vow, if after that, the hold her Hate. To quit my Suit, and feek a kinder Fate.

This, I resolve, myself, if Speech deny'd, Humbly to offer at her Chariot side, Next Morn, if she, as usual, shall repair To the delightful Downs, to take the Air. Accordingly, I mount my Steed next Morn, About the Time she us'd the Meads t'adorn.

The Fair-one comes!— Submissive I approach. But Oh! her watchful Dragon's in the Coach.

" Good Morrow, Polly!" - John, more gently drive-

How can you thus my honest Nature grieve?

"Too well you know your Pow'r! But, lovely'ft Maid,
"Sure, you've not learnt your Tyrant Sex's Trade!

O let me not your Scorn the rather meet,

" Because you see me prostrate at your Feet!
"You know my Temper: Long I cannot bear

" Hard Ulage, ey'n from You. Once taught Despair,

" I'm loft for ever !"-

Be you ever lost!

Who finds you next, will find you to their Cost,
Her Uncle interrupts. Mean time, I spy,
I think, Compassion in her down cast Eye;
But yet the charming Maid makes no Reply;
Her throbbing Breasts, thought I, her Mind confess:
She sighs; but would her struggling Sighs suppress.
This way, and that, she looks with wild Amaze,
And down her Cheeks a Pearl escaped strays.
But soon, alas! this hopeful Dawn's o'ercast:
The beamy Sunshine was too gay to last.

Where are you, Niece? Her fordid Uncle cries:

Can be, who'd murder me, delight your Eyes?

I saw her Temper hard'ning, as I thought,
And her full Mind with various Passions fraught;
Still more and more insulted by the Knight,
I sear'd to act some Rashness in her Sight:
So, fresh Offence t'avoid, I in her Lap,
With Air submissive, the fond Letter drop.

F

Se

T

A

W

An

To

Oft

Wit

As I

I fin

See!

This the Lady, as you'll hear, throws out of the Coach. To be fure, as Things had proceeded between them, in a Cause of Betrothment, and she had acknowledg'd her Love to him, it was enough to provoke such a high Spirit. — And see how her Conduct surprises him.

But can it be believ'd! — I faw't! — These Eyes, Beheld the Fair, with rage unwonted, rise, Self-mov'd! The Act her own! — Mine the Reproach!

Whirl it, with wild Disdain, from out the Coach!

03

My Servant takes it up.— Judge my Surprize!—
Indeed I hardly could believe my Eyes.
How art thou chang'd, O charming Maid! Canst thou
So soon forget what thou so late didst vow?
Can idle Tales so much reverse my Fate?
And so much Love so soon be turn'd to Hate?

But yet, I think, Extreme can never last,
The Maid's all Softness—When this Storm is past,
Her Error seen, Love will again return,
And then she'll with more gen'rous Ardor burn.
This Rub surmounted, sweet 'twill be to tell
The diff rent Passions that our Bosoms swell!
Sweet will it be to hear the Charmer own
Her faulty Wrath, and in my Bosom moan
The Pangs she gave me; promise suture Guard
Against my Foes, and all those Pangs reward!

Once more I'll try. But how, or when, or where, Can I have wish'd Access. The House of Pray'r, When next she visits; all serene her Mind; Hopeful (for the not Mercy wants?) to find The gracious God of Mercy, Peace, and Love, Propitious to her earnest Wishes prove: When the has offer'd up her Pray'rs to Heav'n, And hopes, as the forgives, to be forgiv'n. Here I'll present myself, and once more try, If my Fate's fix'd, and if I cannot fpy Some Rays relenting in her foften'd Eye. But if her usual Piety, the Place, The holy Service, alter not the Cafe, Well may I then conclude no Hope is left. And that her Heart of Love to me's bereft: Well may I then my former Schemes pursue, And bid for ever Love and Her Adieu.

the

een

ac-

oro-

luce

es,

ach

My

When the next happy Sabbath, fet apart
To mend the Mind, and purify the Heart,
Oft-wish'd, arrives, impatient I repair
With decent Equipage to th' House of Pray'r.
As up the Ayle, with Mind disturb'd, I walk,
I find our Diff'rence made the Gentry's Talk.
See there!—for so they said—the handsome 'Squire!
See! see! his lovely Mistress all on Fire!

See!

See! whisper they, she cannot stand his Sight!
O born to plague each other, and delight!

I take my Seat. Sh' averts her Face. Thought I, This sweet Emotion, sure, should give me Joy: She can't indiff'rent be; much less can hate The Man who can this soft Distress create. Well, I forgive thee, Charmer; and I know Too much of Love, to make thee stoop too low. I see thou lov'st me still. All, all, I fear, I sthat vile Demon Uncle at thy Ear,

He then gives a pretty Description of the Country Lads and Lasses at Church; and ends it with a Reflection, that shews, had the Lady been less diffident of herself, more dissident of those who hated her Lover, and had placed a greater Considence in the Man she lov'd, they might have been very happy together; for he could not surely have a bad Heart who could write thus. It seems, he was Patron of the Church? Thus he says,

Thus he fays,

I then look round, and pleas'd, behold the Swains
And guileless Nymphs, whom no vile Action stains;

I made Polly read this Piece to me, to see I transcribed it right; and when she came to this Line, she was cover'd, poor Girl!— with Blushes.— Read that again, Polly.

And guileles Nymphs, (read she, blushing, and weeping) whom no whom no wile vile Action

Rains !

With wholfome Cheeks, and neat from Top to Toe,
Trip to their Benches, a delightful Row,
And tho', as Patron, I've an upper Seat,
I join in Pray'r with them, and God intreat,
That at the last Account, in the Great Day,
When all Distinction's set aside, I may
Be found as worthy (and be bless'd) as they.

Then follow the Lines I gave you in a former Let-

ter; which will bear repeating.

But Oh! forgive me, Heav'n, if oft my Fair Robs thee of my Devoir, disturbs my Pray'r, Confounds my best Resolves, and makes me prove, That she's too much a Rival in thy Love!

But

I

B

Fo

rene

a F

Efta

Nin

But better Thoughts my happier Hopes suggest,
When once this stormy Doubt's expell'd my Breast;
When once this agitated Flame shall turn
To steadier Hate, and more intensely burn,
My dear Maria then, thought I, will join,
And we, one Heart, one Soul, shall all be thine.

The Service ended, oft, in vain, I watch A fide-long Look, or stolen Glance to catch: I'm glad, thought I, thyself thou dar's not trust, Nor glance this Way, for fear thou shouldst be just To both our Passions. But this open War Take care, my Fair, thou carry's not too far. Once could I think thy Sex in thee too strong, Fair as thou art, I could not bear it long.

I fee I must go first. The stubborn Maid

Moves not her trembling Feet, nor turns her Head.

Mean-foul'd Sir George! I fee thee as thou art:
Thy rage fwoln Face displays thy ranc'rous Heart,
Trembling with Malice, and a thousand Fears,
Thou'rt safe beneath the Refuge of thy Years.
The Charmer mine thou know'st; and must my Fate
In doubtful Balance hang for thy Estate?
And can the lovely Maid so fordid be
To bow herself, and hope to supple me.
To Views so mean?—Empire itself can't have
Attractions strong enough my Mind t'enslave.
If this must be the Case, my Fair, adieu!
I wo'not stoop thus low,—not ev'n for You!

n-

ne

at

But

I quit my Seat, and, ere I'm well aware,
Bow to the Pew, that holds th' averted Fair;
Walk flowly down. My Tenants in a Row,
With grateful Bleffings, hail me as I go:
For, well thou know'st, by no Rack-rents oppress,
They're honest to their Landlord and their Priest.

The Meaning of this Mr. B. explain'd, That it was the Gentleman's Custom, whenever he granted or renewed a Lease, which he always did without exacting a Fine of the Descendants of the old Tenants to the Estate, to remind the Tenant, that he let him but Nine Parts of his Farm, that he might think himself

See! whisper they, the cannot stand his Sight!

O born to plague each other, and delight!

I take my Seat. Sh' averts her Face. Thought I,
This sweet Emotion, sure, should give me Joy:
She can't indiff'rent be; much less can hate
The Man who can this soft Distress create.
Well, I forgive thee, Charmer; and I know
Too much of Love, to make thee stoop too low.
I see thou lov'st me still. All, all, I fear,
Is that vile Demon Uncle at thy Ear,

He then gives a pretty Description of the Country Lads and Lasses at Church; and ends it with a Ressection, that shews, had the Lady been less dissident of herself, more dissident of those who hated her Lover, and had placed a greater Considence in the Man she lov'd, they might have been very happy together; for he could not surely have a bad. Heart who could write thus. It seems, he was Patron of the Church? Thus he says,

I then look round, and pleas'd, behold the Swains And guileless Nymphs, whom no vile Action stains;

I made Polly read this Piece to me, to fee I tranfcribed it right; and when the came to this Line, the was cover'd, poor Girl! — with Blushes. — Read that again, Polly.

And guileles Nymphs, (read she, blushing, and weeping) whom no whom no vile vile Action

fains!

With wholsome Cheeks, and neat from Top to Toe, Trip to their Benches, a delightful Row, And tho', as Patron, I've an upper Seat, I join in Pray'r with them, and God intreat, That at the last Account, in the Great Day, When all Distinction's set aside, I may Be found as worthy (and be bless'd) as they.

Then follow the Lines I gave you in a former Let-

ter; which will bear repeating.

But Oh! forgive me, Heav'n, if oft my Fair Robs thee of my Devoir, disturbs my Pray'r, Confounds my best Resolves, and makes me prove, That she's too much a Rival in thy Love!

But

Bo

Fo

Th

was

rene

a F

Efta

Nine

But better Thoughts my happier Hopes suggest, When once this stormy Doubt's expell'd my Breast; When once this agitated Flame shall turn To steadier Hate, and more intensely burn, My dear Maria then, thought I, will join, And we, one Heart, one Soul, shall all be thine.

The Service ended, oft, in vain, I watch A fide-long Look, or stolen Glance to catch: I'm glad, thought I, thyself thou dar's not trust, Nor glance this Way, for fear thou shouldst be just To both our Passions. But this open War Take care, my Fair, thou carry's not too far. Once could I think thy Sex in thee too strong, Fair as thou art, I could not bear it long.

I see I must go first. The stubborn Maid

Moves not her trembling Feet, nor turns her Head.

Mean-foul'd Sir George! I fee thee as thou art:
Thy rage fwoln Face displays thy ranc'rous Heart,
Trembling with Malice, and a thousand Fears,
Thou'rt safe beneath the Resuge of thy Years.
The Charmer mine thou know'st; and must my Fate
In doubtful Balance hang for thy Estate?
And can the lovely Maid so fordid be
To bow herself, and hope to supple me.
To Views so mean?—Empire itself can't have
Attractions strong enough my Mind t'enslave.
If this must be the Case, my Fair, adieu!
I wo'not stoop thus low,—not ev'n for You!

I quit my Seat, and, ere I'm well aware,
Bow to the Pew, that holds th' averted Fair;
Walk flowly down. My Tenants in a Row,
With grateful Bleffings, hail me as I go:
For, well thou know'st, by no Rack-rents oppress,
They're honest to their Landlord and their Priest.

The Meaning of this Mr. B. explain'd, That it was the Gentleman's Custom, whenever he granted or renewed a Lease, which he always did without exacting a Fine of the Descendants of the old Tenants to the Estate, to remind the Tenant, that he let him but Nine Parts of his Farm, that he might think himself concerned

But

concern'd in Conscience to pay the Tenth where due A Method Mr. B. always takes on the like Occasions.

As thro, the Porch, to trifle Time, I pais,
Call by their Name each neighb'ring Lad and Lais,
Ask honest Roger, how my Godson thrives;
It ready for his second Coat?—The Wives
I see not, of their Health inquire.—I know
What keeps 'em hence!—Ha, William, i'n't it so?
Increasing Blessings!—Ah! your Honour's right!
When was she brought to Bed!—At Ten last Night.
What has God sent her?—Oh! a thumping Boy!
Welcome the little Stranger! Give her Joy
From ma: Tell her, I'll not forget her;
And ev'ry Day be sure you love her better!

It feems, Mife, that if he flood not himself, or procur'd not Goffips for the Christening of the Children of his poorer Tenants, he always sent them a large rich Cake, and good Store of Sugar, Sack, and October, on the Occasion. What pity such good Qualities had any

Intermixtures!

Now comes the haughty Maid, (led by the Knight) So late my Joy, my Rapture and Delight.

Her fullen Afpect, well I fee, reveals.

She cherishes Resentment, thro' false Tales,
And balances my Love in Passion's partial Scales.

The tim'rous Knight, conscious of his Deserts,
Quits the fair Prize, and to the Chariot starts.

Her half-unwilling Hand I seize, to lead.

Her to her Chariot; and thus, whisp'ring, plead:

"O hear me, Polly !- Shall the partial Knight,
"Thy half fool'd Uncle, banish me thy Sight?

" Conscious of native Honour, faithful, true,

" My Soul's high-set, and cannot meanly sue.
" 'Tis not my Happiness I wish alone,

" In feeking thee; but, Heav'ns my Judge, thy own.

GE.

H

W

Our Fortunes, Fam'lies, thy dear Parents Will,

"All give thee mine: And, pardon, if I've Skill,.
"Thy own kind Wifnes: Yea, thy plighted Vows

"Confirm the Choice: Thou canft no other 'spouse." Faults black enough, I own, my Life have curst:

" But Oh! long fince, dear Maid, thou'ft known the worst. " Against

- " Against myself I've always own'd the Truth,
- "And thou'ft forgiv'n the Laples of my Youth."
 With Scorn she turns her lovely Face—" No more
- " Urge thy vain Suit : But quit my Chariot-Door ;
- " If e'er I wish'd thee well, know, now, my Hate
- " Exceeds my former Love—I'm fix'd as Fate!"
 " One Vifit more permit. If I not prove
- " I'm greatly wrong'd, for e'er renounce my Love.
- " I'd clear the Matter up :- Indeed I'm loth
- " To take fuch Measures as may hurt us both.
- " When, paft Recall, thou find'ft my Innocence,
- " Go where thou wilt; fo I ne'er fee thee more;
- " Nor hear thy Name once mention'd in my Door,
- " I shall be happy."

" Happy may'ft thou be.

- " Whatever Fate betides unhappy me!
- " In Twelve diurnal Suns, if I not hear
- "Thou'st chang'd thy Mind, I surely disappear.
- " The Wand'rer then takes place, and thou in vain
- " Shalt wish th' unhappy Fugitive again."

With fix'd Difdain the to her Chariot flings,

Draws up the Glass, and leaves me, with a thousand Stings. Adieu, dear Maid!—May ne er returning Love

Give thee this Action rath to disapprove! Unhappy will thou be; nor blame me for't,

If thou the Heroine still canst not support.

I'll flay the promis'd Time. But faintly burns

That Love which not in Twelve Days Space returns.

Forgive, my Friend, this tedious Scrawl. 'Tis hard

To quit the Subjects of our first Regard.

Once Love takes place, no other Subject shares
Our Thoughts: For Love absorbs all other Cares.

I turn about; assume a sprightly Air,
Salute the Gentry round, to hide my Care;
Haste to my Chariot with the Rev'rend Priest;

With chearful Vifage, but with Heart opprest.

The Gentry censure, as they pass along,
Th' unusual Scene; nor less the reral Throng.
Some sad Offence, they cry, must sure be meant,
That so much Sweetness could so much resent.

Some

But most agree to blame the ranc'rous Knight.
But each young Lady does her Triumph show,
That Lady L. has brought his Pride so low.
"Our Sex is well reveng'd," the Fair-ones cry:
"Look to't, how ye offend" Their Lovers by,
The threat'ning Fan, and the arch Look revere,
And my unwonted Tameness justly jeer.

Now, my best Friend, I'm got to Foreign Shores, I charge thee tell me not, the Fair deplores
Her Rashness past: that Love once more returns
In her soft Breast: But that her Wrath still burns;
Still hardens her dear Heart: Believes m'Offence,

And banishes my Love for ever thence!

For, Oh! should she reient, one Torment know, Now 'tis too late, 'twould fill my Mind with Woe.

Preferve her, bounteous Heav'n! conferve her free
From ev'ry Thought of Love, and ev'ry Thought of me,
Till you shall raise for her some sinish'd Youth,
Worthy, if Man can be, her Charms, her Truth,
Her Piety. And may the Fair-one see
Those many happy Years, she hoped once with me!

I expect, Miss, you will thank me for this Piece, which is in no other Hand, and was not so much as transcribed before by any body. But Mr. B. was so obligingly kind to us both, as to say, He would deny nothing to me, that he thought would enable me to give Miss Darnford Pleasure.

FRIDAY.

· h

he it

· yo

fo

OV

ha

or

for

M. H and my Lord and Lady Davers, and the excellent Countess of C, having left us this Day, a good deal to my Regret, and, as it seemed to their own, the former put the following Letter into my Hands, with an Air of Respect, and even Reverence.

Dear good Madam,

Cannot content myfelf with common Thanks, on leaving yours and Mr. B's hospitable House,

because of that there Affair, which I need not mention; and truly am assumed to mention, as I have
been to look you in the Face, ever since it happen'd.
I don't know how it came about; but I thought
but at first of Joking a little or so; and seeing Polly
heard me with more Attentiveness than I expected, I
was encouraged to proceed; and so, now I recollect, it
came about.

But the is innocent for me; and I don't know how that came about neither; for we were out one Moon-light Night together, in the Garden, walking about; and afterwards took a Nap of two Hours, I believe, in the Summer-house in the little Garden, being over-powered with Sleep; for I would make her lay her Head upon my Breast, till, before we were aware, we fell asleep together. But before that, we had asserted on what you discover'd.

greed on what you discover'd. This is the whole Truth, and all the Intimacies we ever had, to speak of. But I believe we should have been better acquainted, had you not, luckily for me! prevented it, by being at home, when we thought you abroad. For I was to come to her when the hemm'd two or three times; for having " made a Contract, you know, Madam, it was natural enough to take the first Occasion to put it in Force. She could not keep her own Secret, and may have told you more, perhaps, than is true. So what "I write is to clear myfelf; and to tell you, how forry I am, in fuch a good House as yours, and where there is so much true Godliness, that I should ever be drawn away to have a thought to difhonour it. But I will take care of being overfamiliar for the future with Underlings; for fee, how a Man may be taken in! - If the had refented it at first, when I began to kis her, or so, (for, you know, we young Fellows, will take Liberties fometimes where they don't become us, to our own Disparagements chiefly, that's true) I should have had an Awe upon me; or if the had told you; or but faid the would; I thould have flown, as

foon as had any Thoughts further about the mat-

nks,

28

fo

ny

ve

the

this

med

into

nce.

Madam, when they find little Refistance, and that the would stand quietly, and tell no Tales, and make no great Struggle, and not keep out of one's Way neither, but to dilly-dally on, till one brought it to more

than one at first intended?

Poor Polly! I pity her too. Don't think the worse of her, dear Madam, so as to turn her away. because it may be her Ruin. I don't defire to se her. I might have been drawn in to do strange foolish things, and been ruin'd at the long Run; for who knows where this thing might have ended? My Uncle would have never feen me. My Father too (bis Lordship you know, Madam, is a e very cross Man, and never lov'd me much) might have cut off the Intail. My Aunt would have despis'd me, and scorn'd me. I should have been ther foolish Fellow in Earnest, not in Jest, as now. " You would have refented it, and Mr. B. who * knows I might have called me to Account, (for he sis bloody passionate, I saw that at the Hall, and has fought two or three Duels, as I have heard) for sabuling the Freedom of bis House, and breaking the Laws of Hospitality, as you told me; and so, it s is not unlikely, I might have dy'd like a Dog in a Ditch; and there would have been an End of a mobile Family, that have been Peers of the Realm Time out of Mind. What a fad thing would this have been! A publick as well as private Lofs: For you know, Madam, what my Lady Countels faid, and nobody fays better things, or knows more of the Matter, than her Ladyship, That every Peer of the Realm is a Jewel in the Crown. A fine Saying! God grant I may keep it in Mind, when my Time * comes, and my Father shall bappen to die !

Well, but, good Madam, can you forgive me?

You fee how happy I am in my Disappointment.

But I must take another Sheet of Paper.—I did

not think to write fo much : - for I don't love

it: But on this Occasion, know not how to leave off. — I hope you can read my Letter: I know!

write a clumly Hand, and spell most lamentably for I never had a Talent for these things. I was readier by half to admire the Orchard robbing Picture in Liby's Grammar than any other Part of the Book. Excuse my Nonsense, Madam: But many a time have I help'd to fill a Saichel; and always supposed that Picture was put there on purpose to tell Boys what Diversions are allowed them, and are proper for them. Several of my School sellows took it for granted, as well as I, and we could never reconcile it to our Reason, why we should be punished for practising a Lesson taught us by our Grammars.

But, hey, whither am I running! I never writ to you before, and never may again, unless you, or Mr. B. command it, for your Service. So pray ex-

cuse me, Madam.

U.

at

Ze:

i-

re-

he

y.

CS

ge

15:

36

a

2

ht

ve

en

W.

ho

he

123

for

he

it

1.0

2

lm

his

10

id,

he

he

g!

mt

e?

nt.

did

3VC

VE

7

1(6

span I

I know I need give no Advice to Polly, to take care of first Encouragements. Poor Girl! she might have suffer'd sadly, as well as I. — For if my Father, and my Uncle and Aunt, had requir'd me to turn her off, you know it would have been undutiful to have refus'd them, notwithstanding our Bargain. And Want of Duty to them would have been to have added Fault to Fault: As you once obferved, I remember, that one Fault never comes alone, but draws after it generally five or fix, to hide or vindicate it, and they every one perhaps as many more each.

I shall never forget several of your wise Sayings. I have been vex'd, may I be bang'd if I have not, many a time, that I could not make such Observations as you make; who am so much older too, and a Man besides, and a Peer's Son, and a Peer's Nepheno! But my Talents lie another way; and by that time my Father dies, I hope to improve myself, in order to cut such a Figure, as may make me be no Disgrace to my Name or Country; for I shall have one Benefit over many young Lords; that I shall be more fond of making Observations

Q 2 that

than Speeches, and so shall improve of course you

- will keep close to my Text; and that is, to thank you, dear Madan, for all the Favours I have re-
- ceived in your House; to thank you for disappointing me, and for convincing me, in so kind, yet so
- * Shaming a manner, how wrong I was in the Matter of that Polly; and for not exposing my Folly to any
- s body but myfelf (for I should have been ready to
- bang mylelf, if you had); and to beg your Pardon
- for it, and to affure you, that I will never offer the like as long as I breathe, I am, Madam, with the
- greatest Respect,

Your most obliged, most faithful, and most obedient humble Servant,

4 J. H.

* Pray excuse Blots and Blurs.

Well, Miss Darnford, what shall we say to this sine Letter? — You'll allow it to be an Original, I hope. Yet, may-be not. For how does one know, but it may be as well written and as sensible a Letter as this Class of People generally write?—But what then shall we be able to say for such poor Creatures of our Sex as are taken in, as Mr. H. calls it, by such pretty Fellows as this; who if they may happen to write better, hardly think better, or design to ast better, and are not so soon brought to Repentance, and Promises of Amendment?

Mr. H. dreffes well, is not a contemptible Figure of a Man, laughs, talks, where he can be heard, and his Aunt is not present; — and cuts, to use his own Word, a considerable Figure in a Country Town—But see — Yet I will not say what I might — He is Lord Davers's Nephew, and if he makes his Obserwations, and forbears his Speeches, I mean, can be silent, and only laugh when he sees somebody of more Sense laugh, and never approve or candemn but in Leading strings, he may, possibly, pass in a Croud of Gentlemen.—But poor, poor Pally Barlow! What can I say for Polly Barlow?

I have

Thave a Time in View, when, possibly, my P. may fall under the Inspection of a dear Gontleman, to whom, next to God, I am accountable for all my Actions and Correspondencies; lo I will either write an Account of the Matter, and feal it up, feparately, for Mr. B, or, at a proper Opportunity, will break it to him, and let him know (under Secrecy, if I can engage him to promife it) the Steps I took in it; for fear something should arise hereafter, when I cannot answer for myself, to render any thing dark or questionable in it. A Method I believe very proper to be taken by every marry'd Lady; and I presume the rather to say so, having had a good Example for it: For I have often thought of a litle feal'd-up Parcel of Papers, my Lady made me burn in her Presence about a Month before she dy'd. -They are, Pamela, faid she, such as I have no Reafon to be concern'd about, let who will fee them, could they know the Springs and Causes of them: But, for Want of a Clue, my Son might be at a Loss what to think of several of those Letters, were he to find them, in looking over my other Papers, when I am no more.

Let me add, that nothing could be more endearing than our Parting with our noble Guests. My Lady repeated her Commands for what she often engaged me to promise, that is to say, to renew the Correspondence begun between us, so much (as she was

pleased to say) to her Satisfaction.

I could not help shewing her Ladyship, who was always inquiring after my Writing Imployment, most of what pass'd between you and me, Miss; and she admires you much, and wish'd Mr. H. had more Wit, that was her Word: She should in that Case, she said, be very glad, to set on Foot a Treaty between you and him.

But that, I fanfy, can never be tolerable to you; and I only mention it en passant. — There's a French

Woman for you!

The Countess was full of her kind Wishes for my Happiness; and my Lady Davers told me, That if I

could give them timely Notice, she would be present on a certain Occasion.

But, my dear Miss, what could I say?—I know nothing of the Matter!—Only, that I am a sad Coward, and have a thousand Anxieties, which I cannot mention

to any body.

bimba

But, if I have such in the honourable Estate of Matrimony, what must those poor Souls have, who have been seduced, and have all Manner of Reason to apprehend, that the Crime shall be followed by a Punishment so natural to it? A Punishment in kind, as I may say; which if it only ends in Forseiture of Life, following the Forseiture of Fame, must be thought merciful and happy beyond Expectation; for how shall they lay claim to the Hope that is given to Persons in their Circumstance, that they shall be saved in Child bearing, since the Condition is, if they continue in Faith and Charity, and Holiness with Sobbietal?

Now, my honoured Mother, and my dear Mis, fince I am upon this affecting Subject, does not this Text feem to give a comfortable Hope to a virtuous Woman who shall die in this Circumstance, that she shall be happy in the Divine Mercies? For the Apostle, in the Context, Jays, That he fuffers not a Woman to teach, nor to usurp Authority over the Man, but to be in Science.—And what is the Reason he gives? Why, a Reason that is a natural Consequence of the Curse on the first Disobedience, that she shall be in Subjection to her Husband. For, fays he Adom was NOT deceived; but the Waman, being deceived, was in the Transgression. As much as to say, " Had " it not been for the Woman, Adam had kept his "Integrity, and therefore her Punishment shall be, " as it is faid, I will greatly multiply thy Sorrow in es thy Conception : In Sorrow shalt thou bring forth " Children - and thy Husband shall nule over thee. But nevertheless, if thou shalt not survive the Sharpness of thy Sorrow, thy Death shall be deemed to be such an Alleviation of thy Part of the intailed Transgression, that thou shalt be faved, if

es thou

" thou has CONTINUED in Faith, and Charity, and HOLINESS with SOBRIETY."

This, my honoured Parents, and my dear Friend, is my Paraphrase; and I reap no small Comfort from it,

when I meditate upon it.

But I shall make you as serious as myself; and, my dear Miss, perhaps, frighten you from entering into a State, in which our poor Sex fuffer so much, from the Bridal Morning, let it rife as gayly as it will upon a thoughtful Mind, to that affecting Circumstance, (throughout its whole Progression) for which nothing but a tender, a generous, and a worthy Husband can make them any Part of Amends. --- And when one is so bless'd, one has so many Fears added to one's Sorrows; and fo much Apprehension, thro' human Frailty, of being separated from so beloved a Partner. that a Body had need of all one's Fortitude to support one's felf. But may-be I am the weakest and most apprehensive of my Sex .- May-be I am! - And when one fees how common the Case is, and yet how few die in it; how uneasy many Ladies are not. to be in this Circumstance, (my good Lady Davers particularly, at times) and Rachel and Hannah in Holy Writ; and then how a childless Estate might lessen one in the Esteem of one's Husband, one ought to bring these Considerations in Balance, and to banish needless Fears. And so I will, if I can.

But a Word or two more, as to the parting with our honoured Guests. I was a little indispos'd, and my Ladies would excuse me, against my Will, from attending them in the Coach some Miles, which their dear Brother did. Both Ladies most tenderly saluted me, twice and thrice apiece, folding their kind Arms about me, and wishing my Safety and Health, and charging me to think little, and hope much; for they saw me thoughtful at times, the I endeavoured to hide

it from them.

esitianing .

My Lord Davers was pleased to say, with a Goodness of Temper that is his Peculiar, My dearest, dear Sister,—May God preserve you!—and multiply your Comforts! I shall pray for you more than ever I

myfelf, tho' I have to much more need of it! I must leave you - But I leave a Lady that I love and

honour next to Lady Davers, and ever shall.

Mr, H. looked conscientiously filly. - I can fay nothing, Madam - but aluting me) that I shall never forget your Goodness to me. - Adding, in his frothy Way, Now can I say, I have faluted an Angel, if ever

there was an Angel on Earth.

I had before, in Mrs. Fervis's Parlour, taken Leave of Mrs. Worden and Mrs. Lefley, my Lady's Women: They each, stole, as it were, at the same time, a Hand of mine, and kiffed it, begging Pardon, as they faid, for the Freedom. But I answer'd, taking each by her Hand, and kiffing her, I shall always think of you with Pleasure, my good Friends, for you have encouraged me constantly by your Presence in my private Duties. And may God bless you, and the worthy Families you so laudably serve, as well for your sakes, as their own !

They turned away with Tears, and Mrs. Worden would have faid fomething to me, but could not .-Only both taking Mrs. Ferwis by her Hand, Happy, happy, Mrs. Jervis! faid they, almost in a Breath .-And happy, happy I, too repeated I, in my Mrs. Jervis, and in fuch kind and worthy Well-wilhers as Mrs. Worden and Mrs. Lefley. Wear this, Mrs. Worden; wear this, Mrs. Leftey, for my fake; -And I gave each of them a Ring, with a Chrystal and Brilliants fet about it, which my dearest Mr. B. had bought a Week before for this very Purpole; for he has a great Opinion of both the good Folks, and often praised their Prudence, and their quiet and respectful Behaviour to every body, fo different from the Impertinence, that was his Word, of most Ladies Women, who are Favourites.

Mrs. Fervis faid, I have enjoyed many happy Hours in your Conversation, Mrs. Worden and Mrs. Lefley:

I shall miss you very much.

I must endeavour, faid I, taking her Hand, to make it up to you, my good Friend, as well as I san. And of late we had not had so many Opportunities

portunities together as I should have wished, and I not been so agreeably engaged as you know.——
So we must each try to comfort the other, when we have lost, I such noble, and you such worthy Guests.

Mrs. Jervis's honest Heart before touched by the Parting, shew'd itself at her Eyes — Wonder not, my good Friends, said I, to the two Gentlewomen, wiping with my Handkerchief her venerable Cheeks, that I always endeavour thus to dry up all my good Mrs. Jervis's Tears; and then I kissed her, thinking of you, my dear Mother; and I was forced to withdraw a little abruptly, lest I should be too much moved myself, because I was going up to our noble Guests, who, had they inquired into the Occasion, would perhaps have thought it derogatory (tho' I should not) to my present Station, and too much retrospecting to my former.

I could not, in Conversation between Mr. B. and myself, when I was gratefully expatiating upon the amiable Characters of our noble Guests, and of their Behaviour and Kindness to me, help observing, that I had little expected, from some * Hints which formerly dropt from Mr. B. to find my good Lord Davers

fo polite and so sensible a Nobleman.

He is a very good-natur'd Man, reply'd Mr. B. I believe I might once or twice drop some difrespectful Words of him. But it was the Effect of Passion, at the Time, and with a View or two or three Points of his Conduct in publick Life; for which I took the Liberty to find fault with him, and received very unsatisfactory Excuses. One of these, I remember particularly, was in a Conference between a Committee of each House of Parliament, in which he behaved in a way I could not wish from a Gentleman so nearly ally'd to me by Marriage; for all he could talk of, was the Dignity of their House, when the Reason of the Thing was strong with the other; and it fell to my Lot answer what he said; which I did with some

Afperity, which occasioned a Coolness between us

for fome Time.

But no Man makes a better Figure in private Life than Lord Davers; especially now, that my Sister's good Sense has got the better of her Passions, and she can behave with tolerable Decency towards him. For, formerly, Pamela, it was not so; the Violence of her Spirit making him appear in a Light too little advantageous either to his Quality or Merit. But now his Lordship improves upon me every time I see him.

You know not, my Dear, continued Mr. B. what a Difgrace a haughty and passionate Woman brings upon her Husband, and upon herself too, in the Eye of her own Sex, as well as ours. Nay, even those Ladies, who would be as glad of Dominion as she, if they might be permitted to exercise it, despite others who do, and the Man mast.

who fuffers it.

And let me tell you, my Pamela, faid the dear Gentleman, with an Air that shew'd he was fatisfy'd with his own Conduct in this Particular, that you cannot imagine how much a Lady owes to her Husband, as well with regard to her own Peace of Mind, as to both their Reputations, (however it may go against the Grain with her sometimes) if he be a Man, who has Discretion to keep her incroaching Passions under a genteel and reasonable Controul!

How do you like this Doctrine, Miss? — I'll warrant you believe, that I could do no less, than drop Mr. B. one of my best Court'sies, in Acknowledgement of my Obligation to him, for so considerately preserving to me my Peace of Mind, and my Repu-

tation, as well as his own, in this Cafe.

But after all, when one duly weighs the Matter, I can't tell but what he fays may be right in the main; for I have not been able to contradict him, partial as I am to my Sex, when he has pointed out to me Instances in the Behaviour of certain Ladies, who, like Children, the more they have been humour'd, the more humoursome they have grown; which

which must have occasion'd as great Uneasiness to themselves, as to their Husbands. Will you excuse me, Miss? — This is between ourselves; for I did not own as much to Mr. B. — For one should not give up one's Sex you know, if one can help it; for the Men will be as apt to impose, as the Ladies to increach, I doubt.

Well but here, my honoured Father and Mother, and my dear Miss Darnford, at last, I end my Journal-wise Letters, as I may call them; our noble Guests being gone, and our Time and Imployments rolling on in much the same manner, as in the past

Days, of which I have given an Account.

If any thing new or uncommon, or more particularly affecting to me than usual, occurs, I shall not fail to trouble you with it, as I have Opportunity. But I have now my Correspondence with Lady Davers to resume; and how shall I do about that? - Oh! I can easily tell; It is but trespassing a little on your indulgent Allowance for me, my ever-dear Parents - And you, my dear Miss will find it a Relief, instead of an Occasion for Regret. to be eased of a great many Impertinencies, which I write to you in my Heart's Confidence, and in the Familiarity of Friendship-Besides, I shall have the Happiness of changing our Paper-Correspondence into personal Conversation with you, when at London: - And what a fweet Change for me will that be ! - I will end with the joyful Thought; and with the Affurance, that I am,

My dearest Father and Mother, and best loved Miss, Your dutiful and affectionate

P. B.

LETTER XXXIX.

My dear Mifs DARNFORD,

Hear that Mrs. Jewkes is in no good State of Health. I am very forry for it. I pray for her

her Life, that she may be a Credit (if it please God) to the Penitence she has so lately assumed.— For if she die, it will look discouraging to some thoughtless Minds, who penetrate not the Methods Providence takes with its poor Creature, that as soon as she had changed her Manner of Living, and was in a reformed State, she was taken away: Tho' 'tis certain, that a Person is sittest to die, when worthiest to live. And what a Mercy will it be to her, if she should not live long, that she saw her Errors, and repented before 'twas too late?

Do, my dear good Miss, vouchsafe to the poor Soul the Honour of a Visit: She may be low-spirited—She may be too much sunk with the Recollection of past Things—— Comfort, with that Sweetness which is so natural to Miss Darnford, her drooping Heart, and let her know, that I have a true Concern for her, and give it her in Charge to take care of herself, and spare nothing that will administer either to her Health or Peace of Mind.

You'll pardon me, my dear Mis, that I put you upon such an Office; an Office indeed unsuitable from a Lady in your Station, to one in hers; but not to your Piety and Charity, where a Duty so eminent as that of visiting the Sick, and chearing the

doubting Mind, is in the Question.

I know your Condescension will give her great Comfort, and if she should be hastening to her Account, what a Pleasure will it give such a Lady as you, to have illuminated a benighted Mind, when it was tottering on the Verge of Life!

But I hope she will get the better of her Indispofition, and live many Years a thankful Monument of God's Mercies, and to do more Good by her Example in the latter Part of her Life, than she

may possibly have done Evil in the former.

I know she will want no spiritual Help from good Mr. Peters; but then the kind Notice of so generally esteem'd a young Lady, will raise her more than can be imagined; for there is a Tenderness, a Sympathy, in the good Persons of our Sex to one another,

another, that (while the best of the other seem but to act as in Office, saying to one, those Things, which, tho' edifying and convincing one is not certain, proceeds not rather from the Fortitude of their Minds, than the Tenderness of their Natures) mingles from Sex to Sex with one's very Spirits, thins the animal Mass, and runs thro' one's Heart, in the same lify Current (I can't cloathe my Thoughts suitably to express what I would express) giving Assurance as well as Pleasure in the most arduous Cases, and brightening our misty Prospects, till we see the Sun of Righteousness rising on the Hills of Comfort, and dispelling the heavy Fogs of Doubt and Diffidence.

This it is makes me wish and long as I do, for the Company of my dear Miss Darnford. O when shall I fee you? When shall I? — To speak to Circumstance, it is all I long for; and, pardon my Freedom of Expression, as well as Thought, when I let you know in this Instance, how early I experience the ardent Longings of one in the Way I am in.

But I ought not to fet my Heart upon any thing that is not in my own Power, and which may be subject to Accidents, and the Controul of others. But let whatever Interventions happen, so I have your Will to come, I must be rejoiced in your kind Intention, al-

tho' your Power should not prove answerable.

And now, my dearest honoured Mother, let me tell you, that I build no small Consolation in the Hope, that I shall, on a certain Occasion, have your Presence, and be strengthened by your Advice and Comfortings. For this was a Proposal of the best and most considerate of Gentlemen, who is every Day, if he sees but the least Thoughtfulness upon my Brow, studying to say or do something to dispel it. But I believe it is the grateful Sense I have of his Goodness to me, that makes me thus over anxious: For the Apprehensions of a Separation from such an excellent Husband, from Hopes so chearing, Prospects so delightful, must an times affect one, let one's Affiance and Desires be even such that the strength of the present of the present of the strength of the present of the present of the strength of the present o

one avoild live to do a little more Good, if one

I am a sad weak, apprehensive Body; to be fure I am! How much better sitted for the Contingencies of Life, are the gay, frolick Minds, that think not of any thing before it comes upon them, than

fuch thoughtful Futurity-Pokers as me!

But why should I trouble you, my honoured and dear Friends, with my idle Fears and Follies — just as is nobody was ever in my Circumstance before? — Yet weak and apprehensive Spirits will be gloomily-affected sometimes; and how can one help it? — And if I may not hope for the indulgent Soothings of the best of Parents, and of my Miss Darnford, in whose Bosom besides can one disburden one's Heart, when oppressed by too great a Weight of Thought?

You will come, and be in the House with me, my dear Mother, for some Time, when my best Friend sends to you: —Won't you? —And you will spare my dear Mother, my best of Fathers: Won't you? —Yes, yes, I am sure he will —And I am sure my Miss Darnford will be with me, if she can; and these are my Comforts. But how I run

on! - For I am fo much a Novice, that -

But I will fay no more, than that I am, my honoured Father and Mother, your ever-dutiful Daughter; and, my dear Miss Darnford,

Your affectionate and obliged

P. B.

The End of Vol. III.

one
ire I
genink
than
and
juft
re t
omings
ord,
ne's
of
me,
bett
will
on't
am
fhe
run

hogh-

B.

100